Linear models in R

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Researcher Development



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- executing "what if" scenarios
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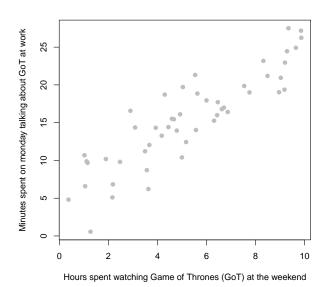
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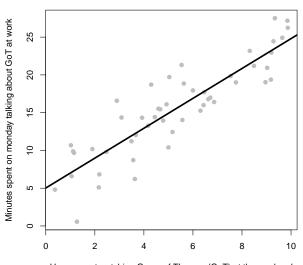
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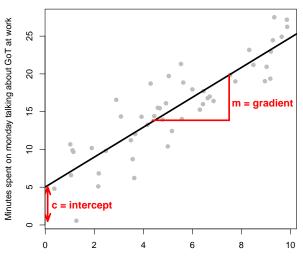
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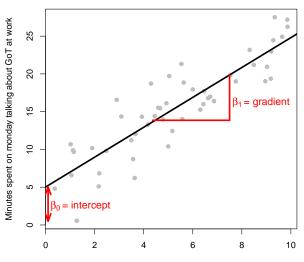




Hours spent watching Game of Thrones (GoT) at the weekend



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Formal definition

$$y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_i + \epsilon_i$$
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Observed data

- y (outcome/response): minutes spent talking about GoT
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Parameters to infer

- β_0 : intercept
- β_1 : gradient wrt minutes talking about GoT

Linear models in R

- Use the lm() function
- Requires a formula object outcome ~ explanatory variable

```
# talk: minutes spent talking about GoT (outcome/response variable)
# watch: hours spent watching GoT (explanatory variable)

fit <- lm(talk ~ watch)

# If data is in a data frame called "df"
fit <- lm(talk ~ watch, df)</pre>
```

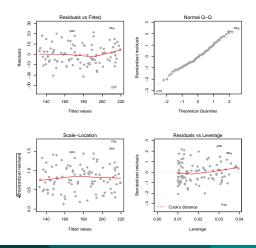
```
summary(fit)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = height ~ weight, data = df)
##
## Residuals:
##
     Min 1Q Median 3Q
                                 Max
## -31.089 -6.926 -0.689 6.057 24.967
##
## Coefficients:
##
             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 2.35229 7.11668 0.331 0.742
## weight
             ## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 10.31 on 98 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8622, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8608
## F-statistic: 613.1 on 1 and 98 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

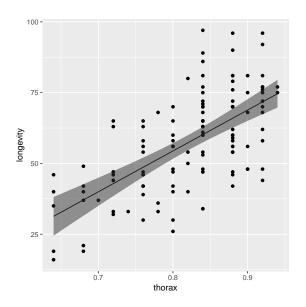
Model checking

In order to make robust inference, we must check the model fit

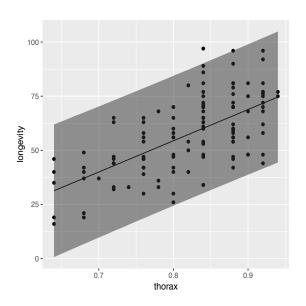
plot(fit)



Confidence vs prediction intervals



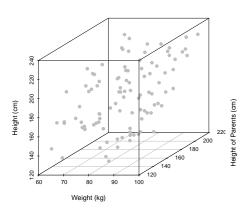
Confidence vs prediction intervals



Multiple linear regression

$$y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_{1i} + \ldots + \beta_p x_{pi} + \epsilon_i$$

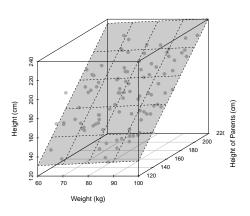
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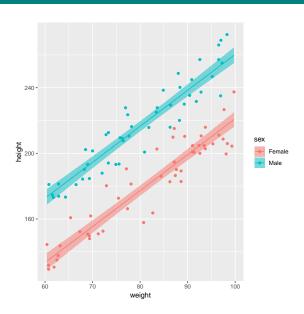


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We need **dummy** variables

$$S_i = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} 1 & \text{if } i \text{ is male,} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right.$$

Here, female is known as the **baseline/reference level** The regression is:

$$y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 S_i + \beta_2 x_i + \epsilon_i$$

Or in English:

$$height_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 sex_i + \beta_2 weight_i + \epsilon_i$$

The mean regression lines for male and female are:

• Female (sex=0)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{height}_i &= \beta_0 + (\beta_1 \times 0) + \beta_2 \text{weight}_i \\ \text{height}_i &= \beta_0 + \beta_2 \text{weight}_i \end{aligned}$$

Male (sex=1)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{height}_i &= \beta_0 + (\beta_1 \times 1) + \beta_2 \text{weight}_i \\ \text{height}_i &= (\beta_0 + \beta_1) + \beta_2 \text{weight}_i \end{aligned}$$