The garbage collector

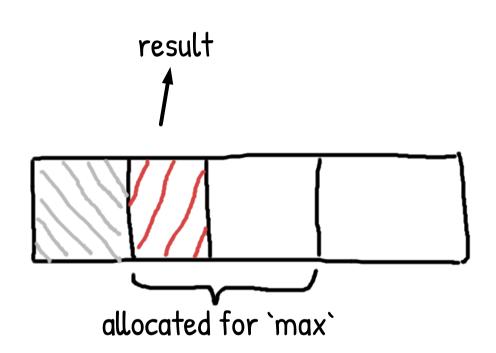


What to expect

- Some history: Memory allocation in C
- Go memory allocation
- GC in action
- · What's under the hood
- Conclusion

History: the stack

```
#include <stdio.h>
int max(int first, int second) {
 int result = first;
 if (second > first) {
    result = second:
  return result;
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
  printf("max of %d and %d is %d\n",
    2, 5, \max(2,5);
```



History: the stack

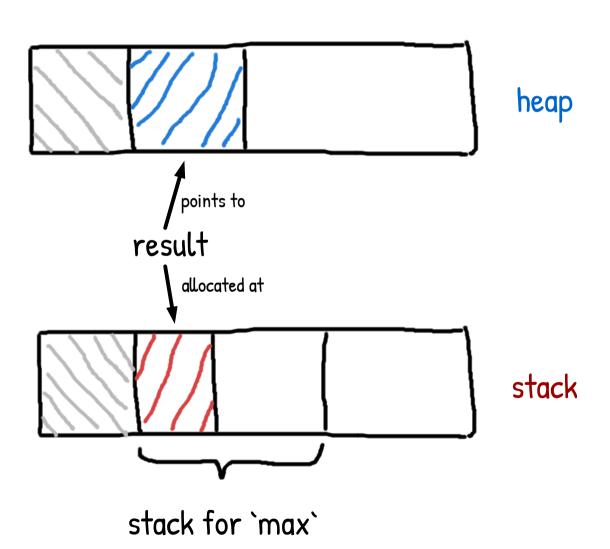
```
#include <stdio.h>
int max(int first, int second) {
 int result = first;
 if (second > first) {
    result = second:
  return result;
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
  printf("max of %d and %d is %d\n",
    2, 5, \max(2,5);
```



memory for 'max' deallocated

History: the heap

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int *max(int first, int second) {
  int *result = malloc(sizeof(int));
  *result = first;
 if (second > first) {
    *result = second:
 return result;
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
int *myMax = max(2,5);
printf("max of %d and %d is %d\n",
    2, 5, *myMax);
    free(myMax);
```

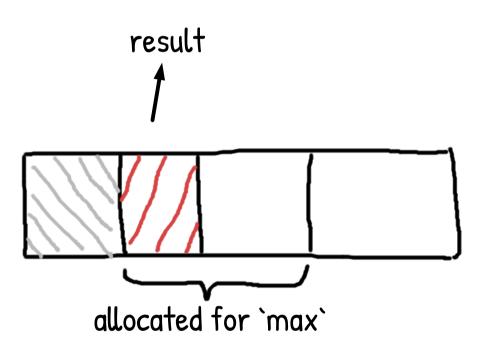


Memory allocation in Go

```
package main
import `fmt`
func max(first, second int) int {
 var result int = first
 if second > first {
   result = second
                                          Where is 'result' allocated?
 return result
func main() {
 fmt.Printf("max of %d and %d is %d\n", 2,
5, \max(2, 5)
```

Memory allocation in Go

```
package main
import `fmt`
func max(first, second int) int {
  var result int = first
  if second > first {
    result = second
  return result
func main() {
  fmt.Printf("max of %d and %d is %d\n", 2,
5, \max(2, 5)
```



Memory allocation in Go

```
package main
import `fmt`
type Gopher struct {
 Weight int
func breed(first, second *Gopher) *Gopher {
 return &Gopher{
      (first.Weight + second.Weight)/2
func main() {
 dad := Gopher{200}
 mom := Gopher{250}
 fmt.Printf("%v plus %v is %v\n",
    dad, mom, breed(&dad, &mom))
```

Where is does the kid Gopher live?

the Garbage Collector

- To clean up heap memory that nobody cares about
- Important!

GC in action

Why should you care?

- Go GC is a stop-the-world mark & sweep garbage collector
 - -> i.e: no code running when GC
 - -> i.e: slow response (or none) -> timing out
- Example: money transfer:

```
A -> [send money from user X to Y] -> B
```

```
A (waiting for ACK)..... -> B (GC. stopped)
```

A (resend before getting ACK) -> B

Tuning

- GOGC = X (default = 100)
- GOGC = off -> manual management?
- runtime/debug/#SetGCPercent.
- -gctrace, -gcdead

Questions?