

# Composition or Combination of Matrix Transformation

If I want to do any kind of shape  
alteration, eg of all pixels in image  
in a face, then you can make  
that shape / face change through  
a COMBINATION of rotation, shears,  
stretches or inverses.

Eg apply a transformation to vector  $r$ , we  
can use  $A_1$ , which will make the first  
shape change, then apply some other  
transformation  $A_2$ , to that (resultant) vector.

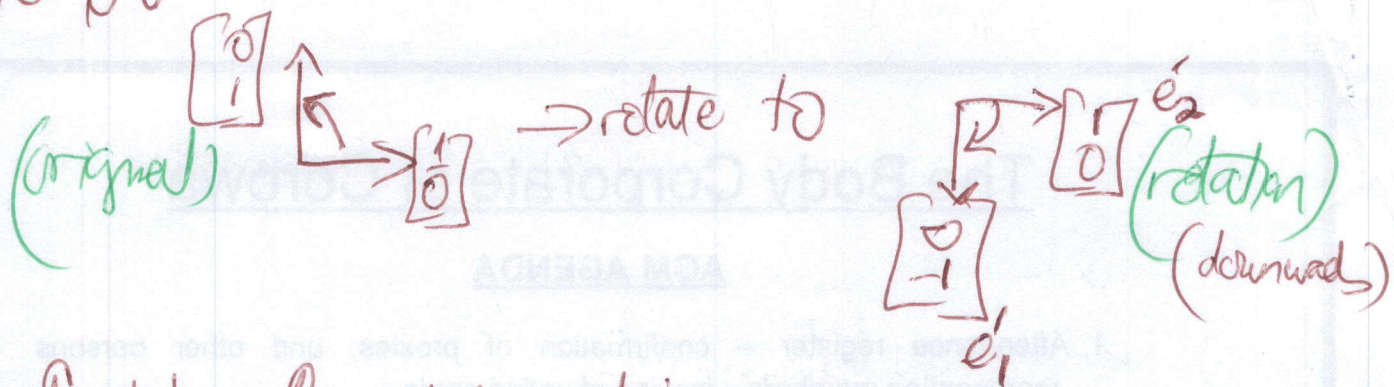
$$\begin{array}{c} \text{eg} \quad A_1 r \\ \downarrow \\ A_2(A_1 r) \end{array}$$

∴ Do first  $A_1$ , then  $A_2$



Rotate 90°

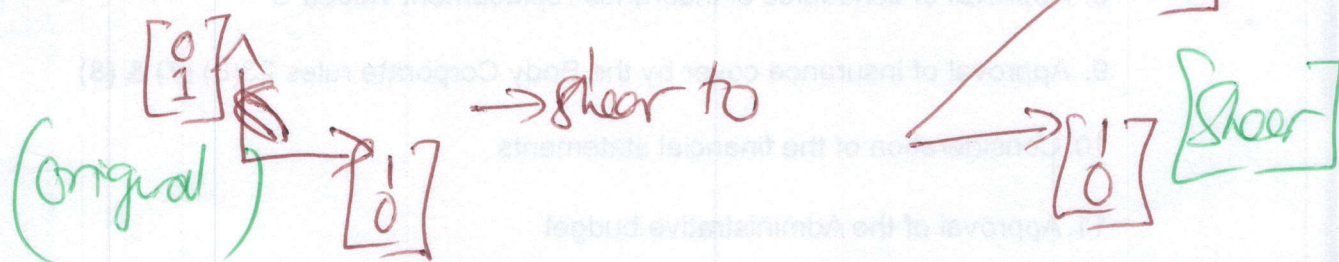
(2)



So first transformation matrix:

$$A_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

⇒ lets do shear now



∴ leave first axis where it is  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ , and

shear to  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

So second transformation matrix:

$$A_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



Now let's do formula  
 $A_2(A_{1r})$

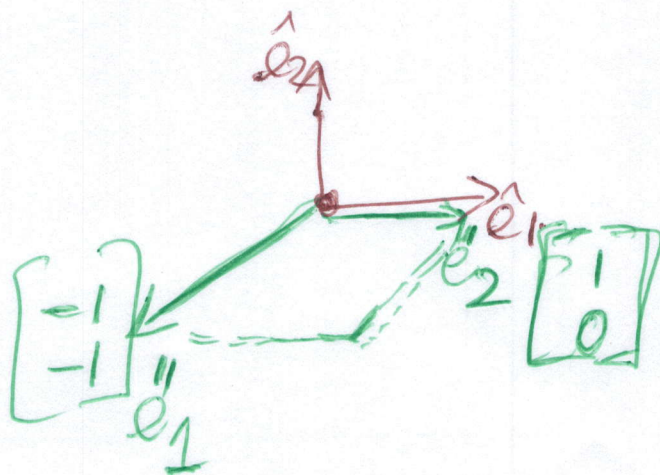
First do  $\hat{e}_1$  times  $A_2$ .

$$\therefore \overset{A_2}{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}} \overset{\hat{e}_1}{\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \hat{e}_1''$$

Then do  $\hat{e}_2$  times  $A_2$

$$\overset{A_2}{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}} \overset{\hat{e}_2}{\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \hat{e}_2''$$

New Basis/vectors



This is how the new axis (basis/vectors)  
 looks like, a parallelogram



⇒ and Combination of these two vectors (4)

Overall:

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = A_2 A_1$$

∴ above steps are same as:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^{A_2} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}^{A_1} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(rows x columns)

So individual steps we combined now

⇒ First Transformation: Rotation

⇒ Second Transformation: Shear  
or n transformations  
to get Final

But is  $A_2(A_1 r)$  same as  $A_1(A_2 r)$

∴ Can we reverse the order.

No

There is order dependence in doing  
matrix operations



⑤

$\therefore$  rotate then shear  $\neq$  shear then rotate

$\therefore$  need to be very careful with matrix multiplication.  $\Rightarrow$

Recap:

- deep connection between simultaneous equations (called matrices) and vectors (of last session)
- turn at that Solving Sim. eq. probs is appreciated how vectors are transformed by matrices, which heart of LA.

————— A ☒ ✓