1:27-45 Moduley Problem Setting. In this session we will introduce the setting of RCA and he high level idea. Ossume we have a dataset x in RD Constrago Nivectors! $\chi = \{\chi_1, \chi_N\} \quad \chi_i \in \mathbb{R}^D$ Our objective is to find me low Dem repossible.

of the data that is as similar to x as

possible Before we flest tets briefly review 3 First, every rector in RD Con 4e represented on a linear Combanation of the Sosis rectors Lots unte it dawn! " Xn Conse unten a re sum of i equal 1 to D, of B(Bek) in times bi , and we will assume that bi

"We Confinte as $\tilde{\chi}$ (tilda) is B times Bhanpose times $\tilde{\chi}$ " that means $\tilde{\chi}$ (tilda) is the arthogonal Projection of χ on the he substace, spanned by the M basis vectors x = BBTxand BBTX who coordinate of X withhe bois vectors collected in matrix B This (BBTx) is also Called the Coordinates

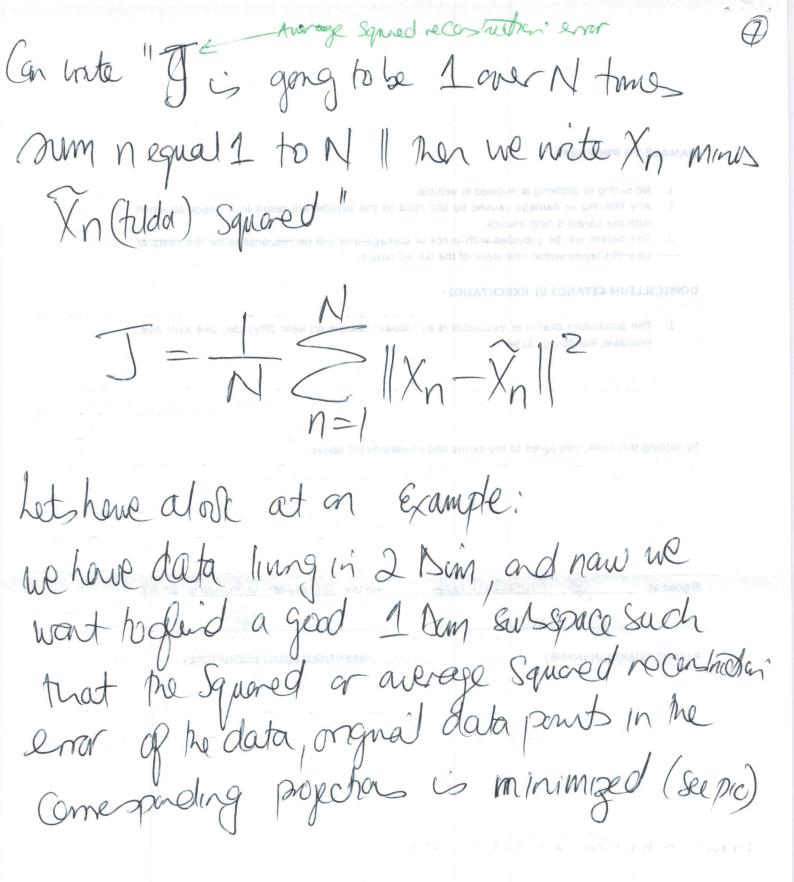
This (BBTX) is also Called the Coord
or GODE

Naw Lots have at PCA.

the legidea in PCA is to find a lawer dim representation In of Xn that con be exporessed drig fleer boss vectors. (See prc) Pho Due esseme predata & contred, hat meas he dataset has means O, @ and we also assume that 51 to 50 are on anhonomal basis [ONB] of RD generally we con unte ony In in the flollang ovay In Can be unter as a sam, i=1 tom, of Bela (B) in times bi plus am of c=M+1 to Dof Bin Amebi shulling in RD"

 $\widehat{X}_{n} = \underbrace{\underbrace{M}_{i=1}^{M} \mathcal{B}_{in} b_{i}}_{i=1}^{M} \underbrace{\underbrace{B}_{in} b_{i}}_{i=M+1}^{M} \underbrace{\underbrace{B}_{in} b_{i}}_{i=M+1}^{M} \underbrace{\underbrace{B}_{in} b_{i}}_{i=1}^{M}$ So we took our general way of unting and vector in RD which come from property O, and we sold he fam in property 10 into 2 Same. One is lung in on M Demensional Sulspace. Other one sliving in Drillamensian Subspace which is on orthogenal component to the part Cular Lulspace. In PCA we ignore the second tem. Dowe get nid of Sinbi The part and hen we call the subspace hat a Spanned by the Bass rectars bi tobm, he principal Schespace

Celthough Xn still a D Dunes and vector, it only on Coordinates to Boni to Bon, unes unnecessary in order to represent it. Do hoe one of and are he coordinate of the B (pages) The B (Betas)'s are see also called the Code or Coordinates of #Xn writ to basis vectors by...bm and me setting naw is a feollans! Ossumgue hour data X, --- XN, we unt to find porameter Bin and athonormal basis vectors bi such that the average Squaed reconstruction error Co Meningged And we can unte he average squeed re Construction error, as flotland!



The parent must provide such a roster well in advance, so the an ount can be added

Our approach, isto compute partial derivatives
of J tagif) with the parameters: The parameters are; -Bin We somether to geo (o), and solve for the optimal parameters. But one ages observation we con already make. and hat observation is that the prometers only enter this loss frehan (J) through Thesmeans in order to get our partial The parent will be grown will and at 17:30. Parents/Guardians ensure you shome on or before this Chan rule, son

Do we on unte " d Jover Leither Bingrarbi (1) Conte unter as I nor I'm times I'm over Leuther Bin or bi $dJ = dX_n$ Heinisis dun de Binsis and the fast part we on already compute, and J= is minus 2 corn, times Xn mins In transpool $\frac{\partial J}{\partial \hat{x}_n} = -\frac{2}{N} \left(x_n - \hat{x}_n \right)^T$

and offer derivators we compute in Next sessia.