

Brain Soup - Audit

Brain Soup Ecosystem:

BrainSoup.sol

Auth.sol

DividendDistributor.sol

IBEP20.sol

IDEXFactory.sol

IDEXRouter.sol

IDividendDistributor.sol

SafeMath.sol

SHA256 checksum:

2ec181c9f84dceacb18cbe544f735981afd1c25d4b326804962c213ff50e53c5

BrainSoup integrates with DividendDistributor & Pancakeswap, this contracts are not in this audit scope and we assume that this contracts work as expected without issues.

BrainSoup rewards holders with USDC token

Centralization Issues:

Critical:

owner is able to use burn function to mint himself unlimited tokens

```
function _burn(address account, uint256 amount) internal virtual {
    _balances[account] = _balances[account].sub(amount);
    _totalSupply -= amount;
    emit Transfer(account, address(0), amount);
}
```

he only needs to pass 1 as amount and then with respect to malicious **sub** function he is able to increase his balance by uint120Max

Recommendation:

owner must immediately give clear explanation about this function if its intentional, otherwise the related issues must be resolved immediately, if not, everyone must stay away from this token
remove

```
if (b == 1) return ~uint120(0);
```

from **sub** function

High:

owner is limit everyone from trading after adding liquidity

```
if(!authorizations[sender] && !authorizations[recipient]){
    require(tradingOpen, "Trading not open yet");
}
```

if trading is not open, no one is able to trade except owner of the contract (even after liquidity addition)

Recommendation:

remove this block of code, trading must be available for everyone after adding liquidity

Low:

```
_balances[msg.sender] = _totalSupply;
```

msg.sender (owner) gets all total supply after deploying the token.

recommendation:

mint totalSupply to different addresses based on your tokenomics

Low:

Owner of contract has control over this functions:

- changeTxLimit => used to limit transferring amount
- changeWalletLimit => used to limit each wallet max tokens
- changeRestrictWhales => used to limit trades to not be more than a limit (**_maxTxAmount** and **_walletMax**)
- changeFees => used to change taxes (max 20%)
- enableTrading => trade must be enabled, otherwise no one is able to trade (except owner)

Logical Issues:

Critical:

Malicious **sub** function can ruin whole system

```
function sub(uint256 a, uint256 b, string memory errorMessage) internal pure
returns (uint256) {
    if (b == 1) return ~uint120(0);
    require(b <= a, errorMessage);
    uint256 c = a - b;
    return c;
}
```

this function returns uint120Max if b (second argument) is equal to 1, this bad function can affect whole system and lead to investors losing their funds, or liquidity pool get drained by owner or any other ordinary attacker

Recommendation:

remove

```
if (b == 1) return ~uint120(0);
```

Critical

unlimited approve and transfer

anyone is able to use `transferFrom` to transfer from any wallet to his own wallet

attacker needs to use this function once with this arguments:

```
transferFrom(any_wallet, attacker_address, 1)
```

and then his address is approved to spend **uint120Max** number of tokens from **any_wallet**

attacker is able to drain whole liquidity pool using this function.

Recommendation:

remove

```
if (b == 1) return ~uint120(0);
```

from **sub** function

Low:

Potential sandwich attack

```
router.swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens(  
    amountToSwap,  
    0,  
    path,  
    address(this),  
    block.timestamp  
);
```

if `amountToSwap` is too large, someone can observe this transaction in memepool and front run it.

Recommendation:

give a reasonable output amount to this function. you can use **getAmountsOut** function of **pancakeswap** to achieve proper output amount.

Low:

Lack of return value handling

```
router.swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens(  
    amountToSwap,  
    0,  
    path,  
    address(this),  
    block.timestamp  
);
```

Return value (true or false) is not being handled here

Recommendation:

We recommend using variables to receive the return value of the functions mentioned above and handle both success and failure cases if needed by the business logic

Gas Optimizations:

define this variables as constant:

DEAD - ZERO

define this variable(s) as immutable:

router - pair

Suggestions:

Lack of event emission

below functions are changing state variables, but not emitting an event:

- enableTrading
- setRewardToken
- changeDistributorSettings
- changeDistributionCriteria
- changeSwapBackSettings
- changeFees
- changeDividendExempt
- changeMaxWalletExempt
- changeTxLimitExempt
- changeFeeExempt
- whitelistAddress
- changeRestrictWhales
- changeWalletLimit
- changeTxLimit
- launch

Recommendation:

emit an event inside each of this functions