



# expelee

A Secure Place For Web3

## **SMART CONTRACT AUDIT OF**

## **Kong Inu**



**Contract Address** 

0xa5101C550a4C0023A759a8D8c38ED54466B562Ae

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## **Audit Summary**

Expelee team has performed a line-by-line manual analysis and automated review of the smart contract. The smart contract was analysed mainly for common smart contract vulnerabilities, exploits, and manipulation hacks. According to the smart contract audit:

**Audit Result: PASSED** 

**Ownership: NOT RENOUNCED** 

KYC Verification: Not done till date of audit

Audit Date: 08/07/2022

**Audit Team: EXPELEE** 

Be aware that smart contracts deployed on the blockchain aren't resistant to internal exploit, external vulnerability, or hack. For a detailed understanding of risk severity, source code vulnerability, functional hack, and audit disclaimer, kindly refer to the audit.

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# **DISCLAMER**

All the content provided in this document is for general information only and should not be used as financial advice or a reason to buy any investment. Team provides no guarantees against the sale of team tokens or the removal of liquidity by the project audited in this document.

Always Do your own research and protect yourselves from being scammed. The Expelee team has audited this project for general information and only expresses their opinion based on similar projects and checks from popular diagnostic tools.

Under no circumstances did Expelee receive a payment to manipulate those results or change the awarding badge that we will be adding in our website. Always Do your own research and protect yourselves from scams.

This document should not be presented as a reason to buy or not buy any particular token. The Expelee team disclaims any liability for the resulting losses.

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# **Contract Review**

Contract Name	KongInuOfficial
Compiler Version	v0.8.5+commit.a4f2e591
Optimization	No with 200 runs
License	None
Explorer	https://bscscan.com/address/0xa5101 c550a4c0023a759a8d8c38ed54466b562 ae#code
Symbol	KONG INU
Decimals	9
Total Supply	1,000,000,000
Domain	https://kong-inu.com/

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# **Project Review**

**Token Name: KONG INU** 

Web Site: https://kong-inu.com/

Twitter:

https://twitter.com/konginutoken/status/154540307

2108793858

Telegram: https://t.me/KongInuOfficial

**Contract Address:** 

0xa5101C550a4C0023A759a8D8c38ED54466B562Ae

Platform: Binance Smart Chain

Token Type: BEP 20

Language: SOLIDITY

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## **Audit Methodology**

The scope of this report is to audit the smart contract source code. We have scanned the contract and reviewed the project for common vulnerabilities, exploits, hacks, and back-doors. Below is the list of commonly known smart contract vulnerabilities, exploits, and hacks:

### Category

- Unhandled Exceptions

- Transaction Order Dependency

Smart Contract Vulnerabilities - Integer Overflow

- Unrestricted Action

- Incorrect Inheritance Order

- Typographical Errors

- Requirement Violation

Source Code Review

- Gas Limit and Loops

- Deployment Consistency

- Repository Consistency

- Data Consistency

- Token Supply Manipulation

Functional Assessment - Operations Trail & Event Generation

- Assets Manipulation

- Liquidity Access

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# **Vulnerability Checklist**

Νō	Description.	Result
1	Compiler warnings.	Passed
2	Race conditions and Re-entrancy. Cross-function raceconditions.	Passed
3	Possible delays in data delivery.	Passed
4	Oracle calls.	Passed
5	Front running.	Passed
6	Timestamp dependence.	Passed
7	Integer Overflow and Underflow.	Passed
8	DoS with Revert.	Passed
9	DoS with block gas limit.	Passed
10	Methods execution permissions.	Passed
11	Economy model.	Passed
12	The impact of the exchange rate on the logic.	Passed
13	Private user data leaks.	Passed
14	Malicious Event log.	Passed
15	Scoping and Declarations.	Passed
16	Uninitialized storage pointers.	Passed
17	Arithmetic accuracy.	Passed
18	Design Logic.	Passed
19	Cross-function race conditions.	Passed
20	Safe Zeppelin module.	Passed
21	Fallback function security.	Passed

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## **Manual Audit**

- Low-Risk
- 4 low-risk code issues found
  - Medium-Risk
- 0 medium-risk code issues found
  - High-Risk
  - 0 high-risk code issues found

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## **Audit Summary**

Compiled with solc

Number of lines: 472 (+ 0 in dependencies, + 0 in tests)

Number of assembly lines: 0

Number of contracts: 6 (+ 0 in dependencies, + 0 tests)

Number of optimization issues: 9

Number of informational issues: 32 Number of low issues: 4

Number of medium issues: 0
Number of high issues: 0

ERCs: ERC20

+	+ 	ERCS	+   ERC20 info +	Complex code	Features
SafeMath	6			No	i
IDEXFactory	1			No	
IDEXRouter	7			No	Receive ETH
KongInuOfficial	55	ERC20	No Minting	No	Receive ETH
			Approve Race Cond.		Send ETH
!	<u> </u>  -		<u> </u>	!	Tokens interaction

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#### 1) No zero address validation for some functions

Detect missing zero address validation.

```
function transferOwnership(address payable adr) public onlyOwner {
    owner = adr;
    authorizations[adr] = true;
    emit OwnershipTransferred(adr);
}
```

#### Recommendation

Check that the new address is not zero.

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#### 2) Unused Return

The return value of an external call is not stored in a local or state variable.

```
function swapBack() internal swapping {
        uint256 contractTokenBalance = balanceOf(address(this));
        uint256 amountToLiquify = contractTokenBalance.mul(liquidityFee).div(totalFee).div(2);
        uint256 amountToSwap = contractTokenBalance.sub(amountToLiquify);
        address[] memory path = new address[](2);
        path[0] = address(this);
        path[1] = WBNB;
        uint256 balanceBefore = address(this).balance;
        router.swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens(
            amountToSwap,
           0,
           path,
           address(this),
            block.timestamp
        );
        uint256 amountBNB = address(this).balance.sub(balanceBefore);
        uint256 totalBNBFee = totalFee.sub(liquidityFee.div(2));
        uint256 amountBNBLiquidity = amountBNB.mul(liquidityFee).div(totalBNBFee).div(2);
        uint256 amountBNBdevelopment = amountBNB.mul(teamFee).div(totalBNBFee).div(2);
        uint256 amountBNBMarketing = amountBNB.mul(marketingFee).div(totalBNBFee).div(2);
        uint256 amountBNBIDEXPair = amountBNBMarketing.add(amountBNBdevelopment);
        (bool Success1, /* bytes memory data */) = payable(marketingFeeReceiver).call{value: amountBNBMarketing,
gas: 30000}("");
        (Success1, /* bytes memory data */) = payable(teamFeeReceiver).call{value: amountBNBdevelopment, gas:
30000}("");
        (Success1, /* bytes memory data */) = payable(IDEXPair).call{value: amountBNBIDEXPair, gas: 30000}("");
```

#### Recommendation

Ensure that all the return values of the function calls are used.

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#### 3) Functions that send Ether to arbitary destinations

Unprotected call to a function sending Ether to arbitary address.

```
function swapBack() internal swapping {
        uint256 contractTokenBalance = balanceOf(address(this));
        uint256 amountToLiquify = contractTokenBalance.mul(liquidityFee).div(totalFee).div(2);
        uint256 amountToSwap = contractTokenBalance.sub(amountToLiquify);
        address[] memory path = new address[](2);
        path[0] = address(this);
        path[1] = WBNB;
        uint256 balanceBefore = address(this).balance;
        router.swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens(
            amountToSwap,
           0,
           path,
           address(this),
           block.timestamp
        );
        uint256 amountBNB = address(this).balance.sub(balanceBefore);
        uint256 totalBNBFee = totalFee.sub(liquidityFee.div(2));
        uint256 amountBNBLiquidity = amountBNB.mul(liquidityFee).div(totalBNBFee).div(2);
        uint256 amountBNBdevelopment = amountBNB.mul(teamFee).div(totalBNBFee).div(2);
        uint256 amountBNBMarketing = amountBNB.mul(marketingFee).div(totalBNBFee).div(2);
        uint256 amountBNBIDEXPair = amountBNBMarketing.add(amountBNBdevelopment);
        (bool Success1, /* bytes memory data */) = payable(marketingFeeReceiver).call{value: amountBNBMarketing,
gas: 30000}("");
        (Success1, /* bytes memory data */) = payable(teamFeeReceiver).call{value: amountBNBdevelopment, gas:
30000}("");
        (Success1, /* bytes memory data */) = payable(IDEXPair).call{value: amountBNBIDEXPair, gas: 30000}("");
```

#### Recommendation

Ensure that an arbitary user cannot withdraw unauthorized funds

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#### 4) Contract contains Reentrancy vulnuerabilities

```
function _transferFrom(address sender, address recipient, uint256 amount) internal returns (bool) {
    if(inSwap){ return _basicTransfer(sender, recipient, amount); }

    checkTxLimit(sender, amount);

    if (recipient != pair && recipient != DEAD) {
        require(isTxLimitExempt[recipient] || _balances[recipient] + amount <= _maxWalletSize, "Transfer

amount exceeds the bag size.");
    }

    if(shouldSwapBack()){ swapBack(); }

    if(!launched() && recipient == pair){ require(_balances[sender] > 0); launch(); }

    _balances[sender] = _balances[sender].sub(amount, "Insufficient Balance");

    uint256 amountReceived = shouldTakeFee(sender) ? takeFee(sender, recipient, amount) : amount;
    _balances[recipient] = _balances[recipient].add(amountReceived);

    emit Transfer(sender, recipient, amountReceived);
    return true;
}
```

#### Recommendation

Apply the check-effects-interaction pattern

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## Manual Audit (Contract Function)

```
contract KongInuOfficial is IBEP20, Auth {
   using SafeMath for uint256;
   address WBNB = 0xbb4CdB9CBd36B01bD1cBaEBF2De08d9173bc095c;
   string constant _name = "Kong-Inu";
   string constant symbol = "KONGINU";
   uint8 constant _decimals = 9;
   uint256 totalSupply = 10000000000000 * (10 ** decimals);
   uint256 public maxTxAmount = ( totalSupply * 3) / 100; //3% max tx
   uint256 public _maxWalletSize = (_totalSupply * 3) / 100; //3% max wallet
   mapping (address => uint256) _balances;
   mapping (address => mapping (address => uint256)) _allowances;
   mapping (address => bool) isFeeExempt;
   mapping (address => bool) isTxLimitExempt;
   uint256 liquidityFee = 1;
   uint256 teamFee = 3;
   uint256 marketingFee = 6;
   uint256 totalFee = 10;
   uint256 feeDenominator = 100;
   address private marketingFeeReceiver =0x8CFE7095658C16469E903f80f838b0c1D3981952;
   address private teamFeeReceiver =0x1227a3905DAa53ABe4fc5363556310F3B20842Fe;
   IDEXRouter private router;
   address private IDEXPair;
   address private pair;
   uint256 public launchedAt;
   bool public swapEnabled = true;
   uint256 public swapThreshold = totalSupply / 1000 * 3; // 0.3%
   bool inSwap;
   modifier swapping() { inSwap = true; _; inSwap = false; }
```

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## Important Points To Consider

- ✓ Verified contract source
- ✓ Token is sellable (not a honeypot) at this time
- X Ownership renounced or source does not contain an owner contract
  - X Source does not contain a max transaction amount
    - ✓ Buy fee is less than 15% (12%)
    - X Sell fee is less than 15% (16%)
- ✓ Owner/creator wallet contains less than 10% of circulating token supply (0.51%)

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# About Expelee

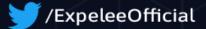
Expelee is a community driven organisation dedicated to fostering an antirug movement. We're here to keep investment safe from fraudsters. We've encountered several rug pulls and know how it feels to be duped, which is why we don't want anybody else to go through the same experience. We are here to raise awareness through our services so that the future of cryptocurrency can be rug-free.

The auditing process focuses to the following considerations with collaboration of an expert team:

- Functionality test of the Smart Contract to determine if proper logic has been followed throughout the whole process.
- Manually detailed examination of the code line by line by experts.
- Live test by multiple clients using Test net.
- Analysing failure preparations to check how the Smart
- Contract performs in case of any bugs and vulnerabilities.
- Checking whether all the libraries used in the code are on the latest version.
- Analysing the security of the on-chain data.

#### Social Media







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