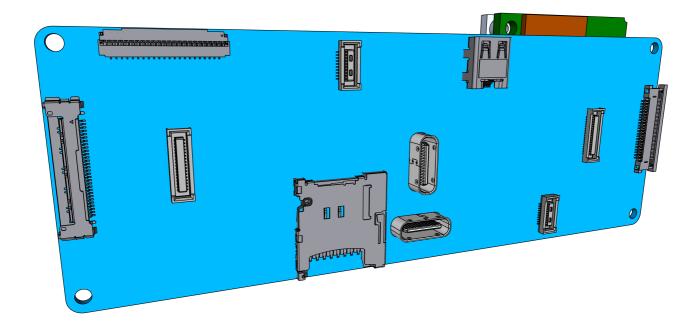
Bridge Board 909c

The 909c is a Bridge Board version made for testing and experiementation with the Ziloo attachments without attaching the SB-UCM i.MX8 board or directly attaching it. The setup enables connecting a Compulab SB-UCM-iMX8PLUS, DART-MX8M-PLUS Evaluation Kit or I-Pi SMARC IMX8M Plus development board. Not all the 909 connectors will be mounted on the 801 production bridge board that mounts the i.MX8 board.

Of note in design,

- Some of the UCM-iMX8M-Plus carrier board interface pins are multifunctional. Up to 4 functions (ALT modes) are accessible through each multifunctional pin.
- All of the UCM-iMX8M-Plus digital interfaces operate at 3.3V voltage levels unless noted otherwise.
- RGMII ENET1 signals operate at 1.8V voltage level
- SD/SDIO port #2 can be configured to operate at 3.3V or 1.8V voltage levels. Voltage level is controlled by SoC pin GPIO1_IO04.



Open points

- B2B sound/I2C connectors
- Mux chips shutdown mode
- Should there be Boot origin switches like EVK? (4 bits? EVK)
- Annotations and Logo on the board
- TEST The Mux pin configurations

Difference from revision B

- The PD Controller is no longer on the bridge board
- The Power module connects to the bridge board to provide dual USB-C
- Two 50 pin connectors take high speed and low speed signals to USB-C connectors
- Two 20 pin sound connectors
- Only 1 alternative CSI connector for each side
- I2S Mic removed from debug connector, CAN1/CAN2 added.
- No soldering pads
- No Alt USB breakouts on bridge board
- No Alt mode on bridge board
- No I2C breakouts on bridge board
- No 45 pin Alt Mode Connectors
- Only m.2 Key B (no Key E)
- Pulled parts out in BRIDGE_BOARD_CAMERA, BRIDGE_BOARD_SOUND, BRIDGE_BOARD_M2_KEY_B
 documents.

Core Components

- SB-UCM-iMX8PLUS System-on-Module
- 2 * Hirose DF40HC(3.0)-100DS-0.4V mated height 3.0mm
- 2 * Hirose DF40-50DS-0.4V mated height 1.5mm Mouser JLCPCB socket
- M.2 key B connector H4.20mm Amphenol ICC 10128793001RLF
- 2 * Hirose DF40C-34DS-0.4V (Mouser
- 1 * microSD card slot (suggested Molex 5031821852) push-push, compact. Mouser, Molex
- 1 * CBTL04083 Multiplexer Switch ICs 3.3V CH 2:1 Mouser
- 3 * PCA9555 I/O Expander
- 1 * TS5USBC410 Dual 2:1 USB 2.0 Mux/DeMux Switch. Mouser

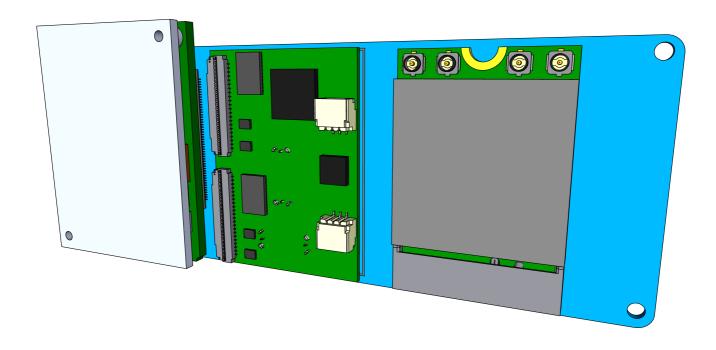
Dev. Connectors

- 1 * MicroHDMI (suggested Molex 46765-1301) Mouser Molex
- 1 * Molex 22PIN 0.5mm pitch 54548-2271
- 1 * I-PEX 30PIN 0.4mm pitch 20525-030E-02
- 1 * TE Connectivity 45PIN 0.3MM 571-4-2328724-5 FPC 3-2328724-5 \$0.41 ProductDetail/Hirose-Connector/DF40C-34DS-04V51?qs=vcbW%252B4%252BSTlpg26DsEbj1iQ%3D%3D))
- 2 * Hirose DF40-20DS-0.4V mated height 1.5mm Mouser JLCPCB socket

Other Components

Connectors placed on the board are,

- PI6CG18200 clock
- 1 * 24C08 Carrier-board EEPROM. Mouser
- 1 * TSM-120-01-F-DV Samtec 2*20 pins surface mounted .100 (Smiley model) Mouser
- SuperSpeed MUX PI5USB30213A may be an option intead of CBTL04083
- Alternate USB 2.0 Mux/DeMux Mouser JLCPCB part
- 5 * TXB0108 voltage shifters 3.3V to 1.8V



The back of the board connects for SB-UCM-iMX8PLUS, T-USB module and M.2 Key B module. The SB-UCM-iMX8PLUS is the center of the board and receives all signals.

System Power Module

This is a new module

The system power is driven by the T-USB module via the two 50 pin connectors. There is no need to power the board from other connectors than USB-C.

According to the UCM-IMX8PLUS Referene Guide the Supply Voltage is 3.45V to 4.4V. VSOM from the Power module provides this level. From it 5V0, 3V3, 2V8, and 1V8 are derived. 5V is stepped up from VSOM. These should not be mixed with the VIN_5V and VIN_3V3 on the T-USB module connector, which are for experimenting with power source role.

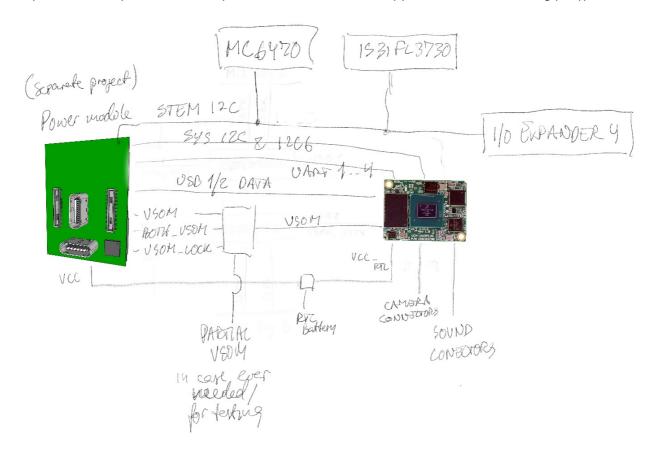
- m.2 connectors are based on 3V3 and 1V8
- Sound is based on 3V3 or 1V8
- Cameras are 1V8, 2V8 and 3V3
- HDMI can supply 5V / 50 mA
- HDMI signal level is 5V
- LED matrix may need 5V
- Debug connector has 5V

So there are in total three(four) uses of 5V

- 1. HDMI supply and signal (50 mA) from upregulated VSOM
- 2. LED matrix(not on 801/909 board) may need 5V

- 3. 5V supply (100 mA) to T-USB module which is externally supplied (VIN_5V).
- 4. Debug connector for measuring/testing (directly connected with VIN_5V soldering pad)

VIN_5V is optional and separate from the power on the board. It is supplied from the soldering pad/point.



Physical T-USB Connection Establishment

When connecting the T-USB module to the Bridge Board VSOM is provided over multiple pins on both connectors. The bridge board can draw a limited current from individual pins, but must only drive the System Module with power when all VSOM pins are connected. This allows for avoiding damage or strange behavior, if the power module is partially inserted.

Stages of insertion are,

- No VSOM pins connected
- At least one VSOM pin is connected
- VSOM Pins from both connectors connected
- All VSOM pins connected (including VSOM_LOCK)

When at least one pin is connected the Bridge Board can power components that are low power and always-on. It should provide VCC_RTC to the System Module from the T-USB module whenever it is plugged in or from a VCC_RTC pad/connector.

When pins from both connectors are supplying VSOM the Bridge Board should raise BOTH_VSOM. The Power Module may restrict VSOM to some pins dependent on BOTH_VSOM.

The locking mechanism of the backplate is also used to drive one of the VSOM connectors, named VSOM_LOCK. This prevents the system activating until modules are locked in place

As the first step in the detachment of the power module the physical unlock button must be pressed which raises PMIC_STBY_REQ. The next step is to turn the back plate which will disconnect the conditional VSOM_LOCK pin.

This requires logic on the 701/801/909/919 boards.

Powering Sensors and Camera modules

- Camera modules should receive power regardless of VSOM_LOCK supplying.
- Sensors (MC6470, VM3011) should receive power regardless of VSOM_LOCK supplying.
- EEPROM 24C08 should receive power regardless of VSOM_LOCK supplying.
- PCA9555 EX4 should receive power regardless of VSOM_LOCK supplying.
- USB Multiplexers should not receive power unsless all 10 VSOM are connected.

Power Logic on Bridge board

The T-USB module is inserted onto the bridge board. As this gets inserted the bridge board must detect it and enable power as connection is established. This relates to when to provide the System Module and m.2 module with VSOM

a) If at least one VSOM pin on both connectors is high, BOTH_VSOM is raised high by the bridge board. b) Directly connect VCC_RTC on T-USB connectors, soldering pad and System Module. c) If all 9 VSOM pins are supplying power, use it to power the System Module d) If all 10 VSOM and VSOM_LOCK pins are supplying power, deliver upregulated 5V e) If all 10 VSOM and VSOM_LOCK pins are supplying power, deliver 2.8V to camera modules f) If all 10 VSOM and VSOM_LOCK pins are supplying power, deliver power to m.2 modules g) If some VSOM pins are powered deliver it to always running circuits(like IMU) on bridge board(not on 909c).

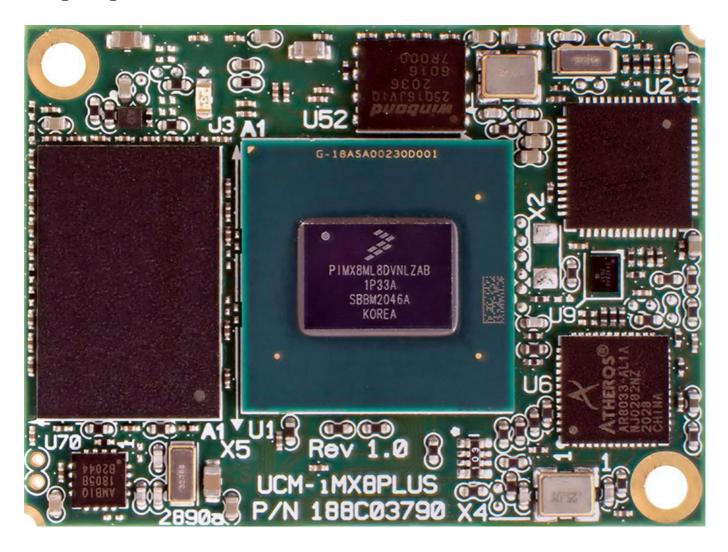
The module connectors have pins that are used for different setups. Not all should be connected to the 909 board.

System SB-UCM-iMX8PLUS Module (SoM)

The daughter board clicks into the two Hirose 100 pin board-to-board connectors.

For further details see Product Page.

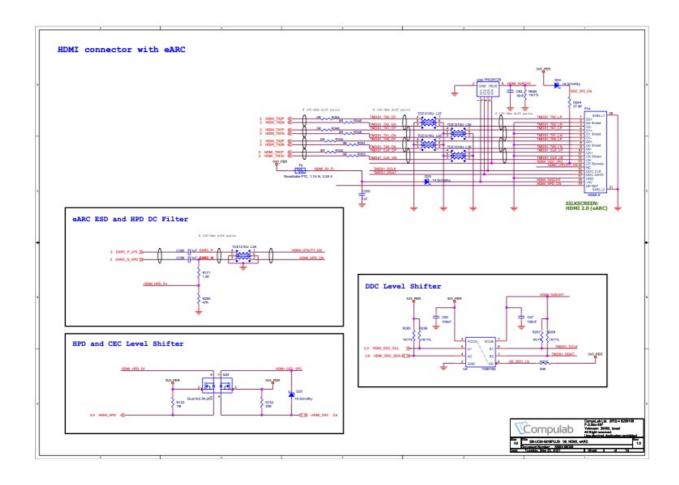
- The CSI1 & CSI2 are wired from the 100pin connectors to relevant CSI connectors.
- The CSI1 lanes are connected to Left CSI.
- The CSI2 lanes are connected to Right CSI.
- The USB1(OTG) data connects to 50 pin high speed connector.
- The USB2(Host) data connects to multiplexer between 50 pin high speed connector and m.2. Switched with MUX HOST on EX0.
- 50 pin controlls takes in signals from SoM (LVDS, UART, I2C, INTs)
- The 45 pins Debug connector will break out many additional signal lines.
- The Debug connector can be placed near the 100 pin connectors if it helps the board layout.

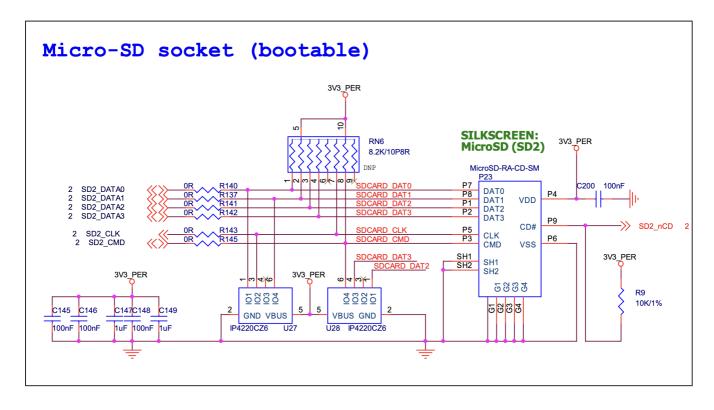


MicroSD and MicroHDMI

The MicroHDMI connector is connected to the HTMI_TX*, HDMI_DDC_*, HDMI_HPD pins from the i.MX8 module.

The MicroSD connector is connected to SD2_DATA*, SD2_CLK, SD2_CMD, SD2_nCD on the i.MX8 module.





Debugging Breakout connector

See end of this document for pinouts.

T-USB Module Data Connection

The T-USB module connects two USB-C connectors to the board via multiplexers and a Power Delivery Controller. USB Data is routed over the 50 pins data connector as well as the M.2 Expansion connector. The Host USB connection is multiplexed between thw two.

T-USB connector 3.0 data mapping

Two USB 2.0/3.0 connections are provided by the T-USB module. T-USB module 50 pin connectors supply/consume:

- USB1 v2 / v3 data
- USB2 v2 / v3 data
- LVDS data pairs
- UART 1/2/3/4
- I2C SYS/3
- GPIO4_IO19, GPIO1_IO0, GPIO1_IO1
- SYS_RST_PMIC / POR_B_3P3 / PMIC_ON_REQ / PMIC_STBY_REQ / PWRBTN / ALT_BOOT / QSPI_BOOT_EN_3P3
- VCC_RTC

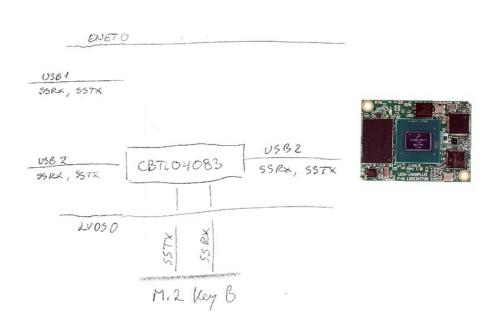
T-USB module 50 pin connectors not connected:

- SPI
- SWD

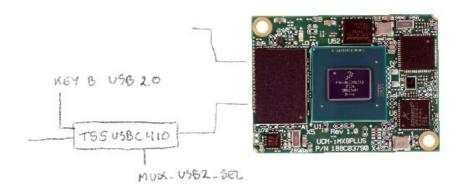
Multiplexing USB

The i.MX8 has two USB busses. USB1(supports OTG) and USB2(Host mode only).

The USB 3.0 superspeed Host/USB2 from the SoM are multiplexed using CBTL04083 and controlled by MUX_USB3_SEL pins.



The USB 2.0 Host/USB2 from the SoM are multiplexed using TS5USBC41 and controlled by MUX_USB2_SEL pins. The USB-C connector USB 2.0 signals(A/B 6/7) are managed separately and multiplexed using TS5USBC41. This allows routing an Extra USB 2.0 signal selectively via the Debug Breakout connector.



SEL	Connect to
High	m.2
Low	T-USB

I2C EEPROM

Add an EEPROM like 24C08 present on the UCM carrier board. Unlike reference design it should be connected to Stem I2C from 50 pin connector

Wiring and Connecting

The board can be used in different ways

- 1. Adding a daughterboard, two OV2735 camera modules and connecting a USB cable with power.
- 2. Adding a daughterboard, two RPi camera modules and connecting a USB cable with power.
- 3. Use the board to connect two OV2735 camera modules to Compulab SB-UCM-iMX8PLUS
- 4. Use the board to connect two OV2735 camera modules to I-Pi SMARC IMX8M Plus

Required distances/location

- Camera module distance 70mm
- USB-C connectors cannot be moved
- Board size can only be increased to save cost
- Holes in the corners should be the regular sort for mounting.

•

I/O Expanders

The pins on I/O Expanders are rearranged

Three expanders are placed on the bridge board and a fourth is on the Power Module.

Expander 0

The development board uses a single Expander. The 909 and 801 uses 2x PCA9555 to control more states

The system expander #0 is used by the SoM via SYS I2C. The system expander input triggers interrupt via SYS_EX_nINT (GPIO4_IO19). This expander deals with activity relevant during waking state.

This first expander, which is also on the dev. board maps,

Expander	Connected to
EX0.0	IO0_0 mPCle_PERST on M2 Key B
EX0.1	- reserved for second mPCle -
EX0.2	IO0_2 MCU_SYS_INT from T-USB module or other MCUs
EX0.3	
EX0.4	
EX0.5	
EX0.6	IO0_6 LVDS_DISP_RESET
EX0.7	IO0_7 LVDS_TOUCH_RESET
EX0.8	IO1_0 CSI1_PWR_DWN_B
EX0.9	IO1_1 LEFT_CAM_RESET
EX0.10	IO1_2 LEFT_ATT_INT
EX0.11	IO1_3 LEFT_ATT_XSHUT
EX0.12	IO1_4 CSI2_PWR_DWN_B
EX0.13	IO1_5 RIGHT_CAM_RESET
EX0.14	IO1_6 RIGHT_ATT_INT
EX0.15	IO1_7 RIGHT_ATT_XSHUT

I/O Expander like Compulab Carrier Board to map Camera interrupts. (SYS I2C)

SYS I2C adresses

SYS I2C addresses

Reduced the devices connected to SYS bus

Address	Chipset	Description
0x20	PCA9555	16 bit expander EX0
0x25	PCA9450	Reserved 7 bit address
0x26	PCA9555	16 bit expander EX6
0x4A 0x4B	PCA9450	Power Management IC
0x68	PI6CG18200	PCIe clock generator
0x70 0x71	TPS65988	RESERVED for PD Controller Port 1 / SYS
0xD2/D3	RTC	AM1805 real time clock (RTC)

Signal Interrupt(INT) pins

Various chips have internal state changes that should cause interrupts by the SoM(CPU). It is essential that inputs are flagged so communication can be reliable.

On the reference board these are triggered via USB1_TCPC_nINT(P1.60) It is used for I/O Expander 0 and input IRQs.

Events that we want to catch

- T-USB OTG plug events
- T-USB Host plug events
- PD Controller state changed
- Camera sensors input ready
- I/O Expander input ready
- m.2 connectors
- PCle

Interrupts from the PD Controller are input to I/O Expander 0 (or 3). It in turn triggers an interrupt on SYS_EX_nINT or STEM_nINT.

Interrupts from the Left and right cameras interrupt signal(ATT_INT) is connected to I/O Expander 0. It in turn triggers an interrupt on SYS_EX_nINT.

Direct/Indirect interrupt triggers

Chip	Chip pin	Output to	Description
PDA9555 EX 0	INT	SYS_EX_nINT	Original Expander - P1.60
PDA9555 EX 4	INT	STEM_INT	50 pin connector to T-USB module
PDA9555 EX 6	INT	SYS_EX_nINT	m.2 Expander for SYS - P1.60
PCIe m.2 Key B	WAKE#	PCIE_WAKE_B	m.2 Key B - P2.52
PCle m.2 Key B	CLKREQ#	PCIE_CLKREQ_B	m.2 Key B - P2.90
Left Sensors	ATT_INT	EX0.10	Left Camera Module sensors
-			

Chip	Chip pin	Output to	Description		
Right Sensors	ATT INT	EX4.14/EX0.14	Right Camera Module sensors		

909c Connector Pinouts

Debugging Breakout connector

No.	Pin	Description	Voltage
1	5V	Board Power 5V	
2	3V3	Board Power 3.3V	
3	VIN	USB Power input direct	
4	GND	GND	
5	UART2_RX	Debug UART2 RX	
6	UART2_TX	Debug UART2 TX	
7	GND	GND	
8	UART4_RX	Debug UART4 RX	
9	UART4_TX	Debug UART4 TX	
10	GND	GND	
11	TDI	JTAG	
12	TMS	JTAG	
13	TCK	JTAG	
14	RTCK	NC? JTAG	
15	TDO	JTAG	
16	RESET	SYS_RST_PMIC SoM	
17	PWRBTN	Power Button SoM	
18	QSPI_BOOT_EN_3P3	FLEXSPI BOOT	
19	ALT_BOOT	PB_ALT_BOOT	
20			
21			
22	CAN2_TX	CAN bus 2 P1.33	3.3V
23	CAN2_RX	CAN bus 2 P1.49	3.3V
24	CAN1_RX	CAN bus 1 P1.51	3.3V

No.	Pin	Description	Voltage
25	CAN1_TX	CAN bus 1 P1.53	3.3V
26	ECSPI2_MISO	SPI2 MISO	
27	ECSPI2_SCLK	SPI2 Clock	
28	ECSPI2_SS0	SPI2 SS0	
29	ECSPI2_MOSI	SPI2 MOSI	
30	L_CAM_FSIN	Left Frame sync input	
31	L_CAM_STROBE	Left Frame sync output	
32	L_EXTCLK	Left External Clock Input (MCLK)	
33	L_ATT_XSHUT	Left Attached Shutdown	
34	L_RESET	Left Camera Reset	
35	L_PWRDN	Left Camera Shutdown	
36	R_CAM_FSIN	Right Frame sync input	
37	R_CAM_STROBE	Right Frame sync output	
38	R_EXTCLK	Right External Clock Input (MCLK)	
39	R_ATT_XSHUT	Right Attached Shutdown	
40	R_RESET	Right Camera Reset	
41	R_PWRDN	Right Camera Shutdown	
42	SYS_SCL	System I2C SCL	
43	SYS_SDA	System I2C SDA	
44	I2C3_SCL	Stem/3 I2C SCL	
45	I2C3_SDA	Stem/3 I2C SDA	

50 pin B2B connectors

These connectors are new

Two connectors tie the daughterboard to the bridge board. Both are of a 50 pin Highrose B2B type.

- JLCPCB plug
- JLCPCB socket

default height 1.5mm

Connector 1: High Speed Data Connector 2: PD Controller, Debug, USB 2.0

Power Max Current Pins

Power	Max Current	Pins
VSOM	3.0 A	10
GND	3.0 A	10
VCC_RTC	600 mA	2
VIN_3V3	300 mA	1
VIN_5V	600 mA	2
LDO_3V3	300 mA	1

Connector 1 high-speed data, close to Alt Mode Breakout connectors

- 6 * GND
- 7 * VSOM

One side

Pin	Code	Туре	Details	Voltage	to Baseboard	Misc	MCU pin.
1	VSOM	Power	Main power for board 3.45V - 4.5V		VSOM	Conn. detect	
2	USB1_RX_DP	USB	USB1 RX D+ (OTG)		P1.6	HD3SS460 SSRX	
3	USB1_RX_DN	USB	USB1 RX D- (OTG)		P1.8	HD3SS460 SSRX	
4	GND	Power	Ground				
5	USB1_TX_DP	USB	USB1 TX D+ (OTG)		P1.16	HD3SS460 SSTX	
6	USB1_TX_DN	USB	USB1 TX D- (OTG)		P1.18	HD3SS460 SSTX	
7	GND	Power	Ground				
8	USB2_RX_DP	USB	USB2 RX D+ (Host)		CBTL04083 A0	HD3SS460 SSRX	
9	USB2_RX_DN	USB	USB2 RX D- (Host)		CBTL04083 A0	HD3SS460 SSRX	
10	GND	Power	Ground				
11	USB2_TX_DP	USB	USB2 TX D+ (Host)		CBTL04083 A1	HD3SS460 SSTX	

Pin	Code	Туре	Details	Voltage	to Baseboard	Misc	MCU pin.
12	USB2_TX_DN	USB	USB2 TX D- (Host)		CBTL04083 A1	HD3SS460 SSTX	
13	GND	Power	Ground				
14							
15							
16							
17	STEM SCL	I2C	STEM SCL		P1.94	GP21 I2C0	
18	STEM SDA	I2C	STEM SDA		P1.96	GP20 I2C0	
19	STEM INT	I2C	Sensor interrupts		P1.98		
20	GND	Power	Ground				
21	T_SBWTCK	MSP430	SBWTCK / TEST / RTS				
22	T_EXTRA	MSP430					
23	T_SBWTDIO	MSP430	SBWTDIO / RST / NMI / DTR				
24	PWR_CHARGE	Battery	Internal charge current for testing				
25	BAT_STAT	Battery	Internal charging status for testing				

Other side

Pin	Code	Туре	Details	Voltage	to Baseboard	Misc	MCU pin.
50	LVCLK+	LVDS	LVDS CLK+		P1.80		_
49	LVCLK-	LVDS	LVDS CLK-		P1.82		
48	VSOM	Power	Main power for board 3.45V - 4.5V		VSOM		
47	LVD0+	LVDS	LVDS D0+		P1.42		
46	LVD0-	LVDS	LVDS D0-		P1.44		
45	VSOM	Power	Main power for board 3.45V - 4.5V		VSOM		
44	LVD1+	LVDS	LVDS D1+		P1.46		
	_		·				

Pin	Code	Туре	Details	Voltage	to Baseboard	Misc	MCU pin.
43	LVD1-	LVDS	LVDS D1-		P1.48		
42	VSOM	Power	Main power for board 3.45V - 4.5V		VSOM		
41	LVD2+	LVDS	LVDS D2+		P1.50		
40	LVD2-	LVDS	LVDS D2-		P1.52		
39	VSOM	Power	Main power for board 3.45V - 4.5V		VSOM		
38	LVD3+	LVDS	LVDS D3+		P1.56		
37	LVD3-	LVDS	LVDS D3-		P1.58		
36	VSOM	Power	Main power for board 3.45V - 4.5V		VSOM		
35							
34							
33	GND	Power	Ground				
32	CAN_RX		CAN1_RX		P1.51	P21.12	
31	CAN_TX		CAN1_TX		P1.53	P21.14	
30	BAT_LDO	Battery	4.9V 50mA LDO for STAT LED				
29	BOTH_VSOM2	MSP430	High if any VSOM pin on this connector supplies on Faceboard side.				
28	UART_T_TXD	MSP430					
27	UART_T_RXD	MSP430					
26	VSOM	Power	Main power for board 3.45V - 4.5V		VSOM		

Could also take in HDMI or PCIe lanes instead of LVDS

Connector 2 PD controller, close to power connectors

- 2 * VSOM, 3 * GND, 1 * VCC_RTC, 1 * VIN_3V3
- 1 * VSOM, 1 * GND, 2 * VIN_5V

One side

Pin	Code	Туре	Details	Voltage	to Baseboard	Misc
1	VSOM	Power	Main power for board 3.45V - 4.5V		VSOM	Conn. detect
2	GND	Power	Ground			
3	USB1_DP	USB	USB1 D+		P1.12	
4	USB1_DN	USB	USB1 D-		P1.14	
5	GND	Power	Ground			
6	USB2_DP	USB	USB2 D+		P1.3	
7	USB2_DN	USB	USB2 D-		P1.5	
8	GND	Power	Ground			
9	PD_SWD_CLK	Debug	PD Controller GPIO12			
10	PD_SWD_DAT	Debug	PD Controller GPIO13			
11	BOTH_VSOM	Enable	Bridge board signal;VSOM connected on both sides	3V3		
12	MCU_SYS_INT	IRQ	When state of MCUs change -> SoM		P20.20 P2.67 EX:P1.3 EX0.2	
13	SYS I2C SCL	I2C			P21.7	GP15 I2C1.
14	SYS I2C SDA	I2C			P21.5	GP14 I2C1.
15	VSOM_LOCK	Power	Main power for board 3.45V - 4.5V, if mechanical lock shorted		VSOM	Mech. lock
16	SYS_RST_PMIC	Reset	PMIC reset input pin. Internally pulled up with LDO1 power rail. Once low, PMIC performs reset.		P1.2	P10.9
17	POR_B_3P3	Reset	Power On reset output pin. Open drain output requiring external pull up resistor.		P2.66	P10.7

Pin	Code	Type	Details	Voltage	to Baseboard	Misc
18	PMIC_ON_REQ	Reset	PMIC ON input from Application processor. When high, the device starts power on sequence.		P1.68	P10.5
19	PMIC_STBY_REQ	Reset	Standby mode input from Application processor. When high, device enters STANDBY mode.		P1.66	P10.3
20	VCC_RTC	Power	Low power mode supply		P1.93	
21	PWRBTN	Boot	Power button trigger		P2.64	
22	ALT_BOOT	Boot	Alternate boot		P1.90	
23	QSPI_BOOT_EN_3P3	Boot	SPI boot		P1.95	P21.18
24	BAT_CE#	Charger	Charge Enable Active- Low. Connect CE to a high logic level to place the battery charger in standby mode.			
25	PD_VIN_EN	Future	Enable VIN_5V/3V3 from PWR_SYS (TBD)			

Other side

Pin	Code	Туре	Details	Voltage	to Baseboard	Misc	mcu pin
50	PD_HRESET	Future	PD Controller HRESET (High)				
49	GND	Power	Ground				
48	UART1_TXD	UART	UART1 Tx		P1.72	P20.9	GP4 UART1
47	UART1_RXD	UART	UART1 Rx		P1.19	P20.11	GP5 UART1
46	UART2_TXD	UART	UART2 Tx		P1.74	P20.1	GP8 UART1.
45	UART2_RXD	UART	UART2 Rx		P1.76	P20.3	GP9 UART1

Pin	Code	Туре	Details	Voltage	to Baseboard	Misc	mcu pin
44	UART3_TXD	UART	UART3 Tx		P1.61	P20.2	GP12 UART0
43	UART3_RXD	UART	UART3 Rx		P1.21	P20.4	GP13 UART0
42	UART4_TXD	UART	UART4 Tx		P1.86	P20.8	GP20 UART1
41	UART4_RXD	UART	UART4 Rx		P1.84	P20.10	GP21 UART1
40	MIC_CLK	Sensor	frontboard mic				
39	MIC_DATA	Sensor					
38	MIC_INT	Sensor					
37	MOTION_INT	Sensor	Spare interrupt pin for future				
36	NIGHT SCL	I2C	I2C6 SCL		P1.87	P21.2	GP19 I2C1.
35	NIGHT SDA	I2C	I2C6 SDA		P1.89	P21.4	GP18 I2C1.
34	NIGHT INT	I2C	Sensor interrupts				
33	SPI_CS	RP2040	RP SPI	3.3V			GP29 SPI1
32	SPI_CLK	RP2040	RP SPI	3.3V			GP10 SPI
31	SPI_MISO	RP2040	RP SPI	3.3V			GP28 SPI
30	SPI_MOSI	RP2040	RP SPI	3.3V			GP11 SPI
29	VIN_3V3		Supply for TPS64988 circuitry and I/O	3.3V 50 mA			
28	VIN_5V	Power	System 5V src (PPHV1/2, PP1/2_CABLE)	5V 500 mA			
27	VIN_5V	Power	System 5V src (PPHV1/2, PP1/2_CABLE)	5V 500 mA			

Pin	Code	Туре	Details	Voltage	to Baseboard	Misc	mcu pin
26	VSOM	OM Power 3.45V - 4.5V	VSOM	Conn.			
20	VSOIVI		3.45V - 4.5V		VSOIVI	detect	

SPI pins will be exchanged for SDIO (MIC_INT / MOTION_INT / PD_HRESET likely to go away)

Consider SPI for PD Controller PD Controller IRQ I2C1