

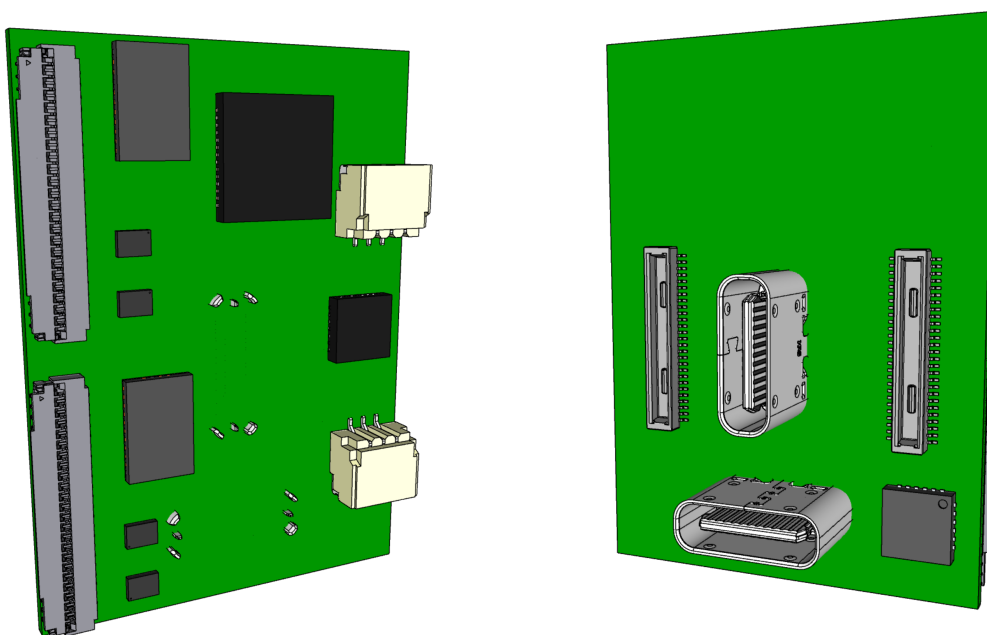
801 T-USB daughterboard

The 801 is a bridge board that connects daughter boards. 801 T-USB is one such daughter board.

The T-USB daughterboard has two functions

- Supply the system with power
- Provide data signals in the system over two USB-C connectors

The T-USB board exposes two vertical USB-C sockets and connects to the carrier board through two 50 pin B2B connectors.



To facilitate feature development two additional connectors are added.

Open points

- connectors for the two buttons; Lock and detach
- Which GPIO receives interrupt
- Mux chips shutdown mode
- Power LED & Indicator LEDs
- Add battery connector with temp. sensor JESDA?
- Optional connectors debug uart / jtag
- Annotations and Logo on the board
- TEST The Mux pin configurations
- How should PP_HV1 & PP_HV2 / PP1_CABLE PP2_CABLE be wired ?
- Default boot/SEL states connect USB 2.0/3.0 data routing and full power delivery / charging
- Enable VIN_5V/3V3 from PWR_SYS (TBD)
- Attachment signal / VSOM enable

- Detachment signal / Power down
- Trickle charging wireless coil over secondary connection on BQ24165, can this be supported on BQ24250 ?

Core Components

- 2 * [Hirose DF40-50DP-0.4V](#) mated height 1.5mm [Mouser](#)
- 2 * [Hirose USB-C CX80B1-24P](#)
- 1 * [TPS65988](#) Dual Port USB Type-C® and USB PD Controller, Power Switch, and High-Speed Multiplexer. [Mouser](#)
- 2 * [HD3SS460](#) 4 x 6 Channels USB Type-C Alternate Mode MUX. Connected to T-USB Host. [Mouser](#). [Dock Eval Kit](#)
- 1 * [PCA9555](#) I/O Expander HVQFN24 package \$1.74/1pcs \$0.64/1000pcs
- 4 * [TS5USBC410](#) Dual 2:1 USB 2.0 Mux/DeMux Switch. [Mouser](#)
- 1 * [BQ24250RGER](#) battery charger \$2 JLCPCB (4x4 mm package) [Mouser](#)
- 2 * 3 pin JST SH socket SM03B-SRSS-TB - JLCPCB - [Farnell](#) (Matched by JST PHR-3)

Dev. Connectors

- 2 * [TE Connectivity 45PIN 0.3MM 571-4-2328724-5 FPC 3-2328724-5](#) \$0.41

Alternate Components

- [SuperSpeed MUX PI5USB30213A](#) may be an option instead of CBTL04083
- [Alternate USB 2.0 Mux/DeMux Mouser JLCPCB part](#)
- [Alternate 50 pins DF12NC\(3.0\)-50DS-0.5V\(51\)](#)
- [Multi cell design with BQ25792](#)
- Optional SPI NOR flash 1Mbit 3.3V, 12MHz
- 2 * [TPS63030](#) buck/boost converters (pick cheaper alternative to up/down regulate with enable pin)
- [BQ25253](#) \$5 JLCPCB (2.4x2.4 mm package)
- [ANX7688 USB-C HDMI bridge](#) replacing HD3SS460 for Host USB 3.0 Alt Mode. [ANX7688 on PinePhone](#). [Pinephone HDMI hot-plug-detection HW bug](#).
- [Panasonic AXT534124](#) socket/receptacle - [Mouser](#)
- [BM29B-6DP/2-0.35V\(51\)](#) 6 pin Board to Board power connector

Firmware Drivers

- [TPS65988 Linux](#)
- [BQ2425x Linux](#)

Data Routing

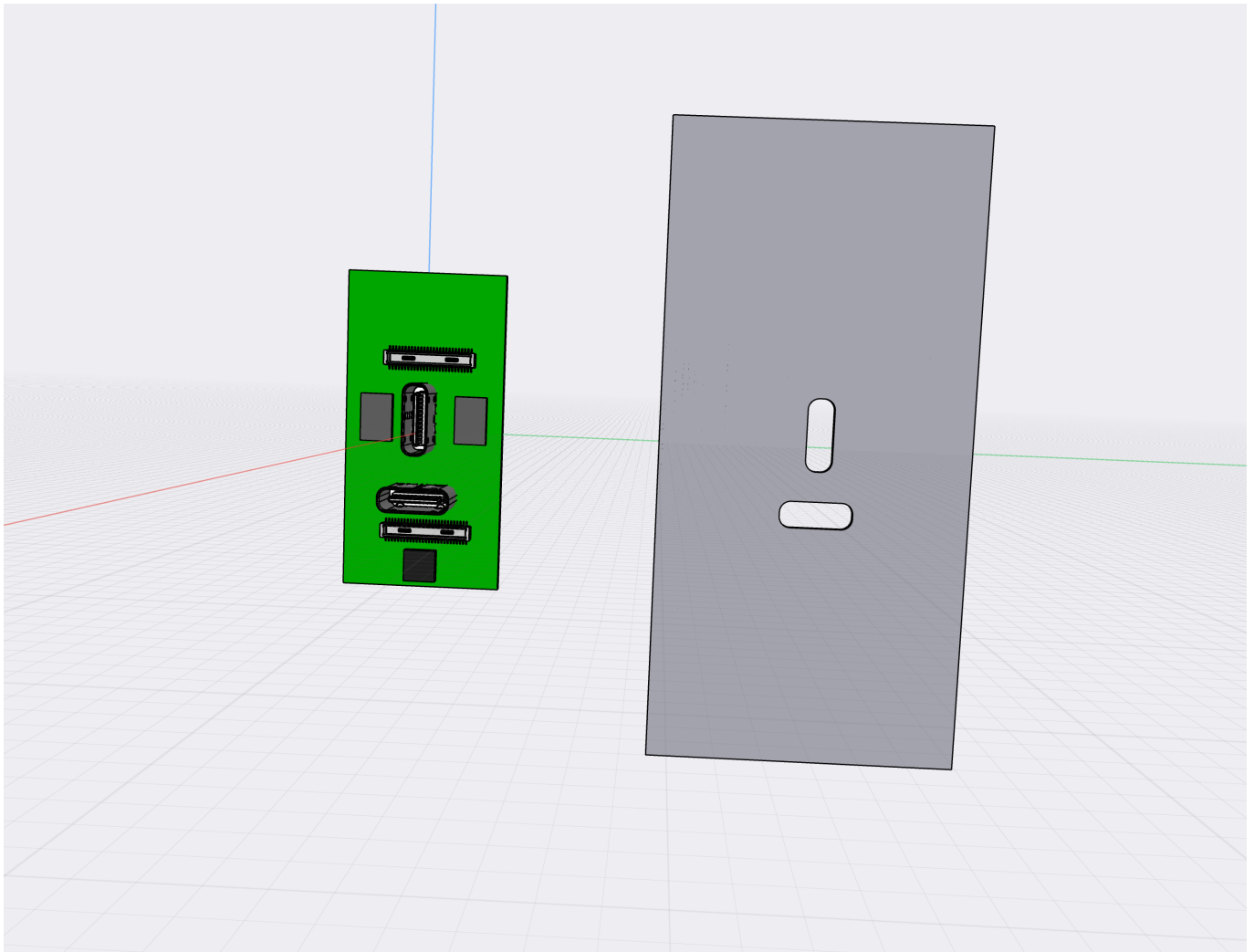
The basic data routing on the board is prepared for future expansion. There are a lot more connections into the board than are actually used.

Possible future extensions

- USB-C Alt. mode HDMI/DP

- UART over USB 2.0
- I2C over USB 2.0

In the base setup without added logic the board routes USB 3.0/2.0 data through the two USB-C connectors.



Board

66 mm x 24 mm

The two 50 pin connectors are placed with a gap of 16 mm between their midpoint. These two connectors are vertically centered on the center of the vertical USB-C connector.

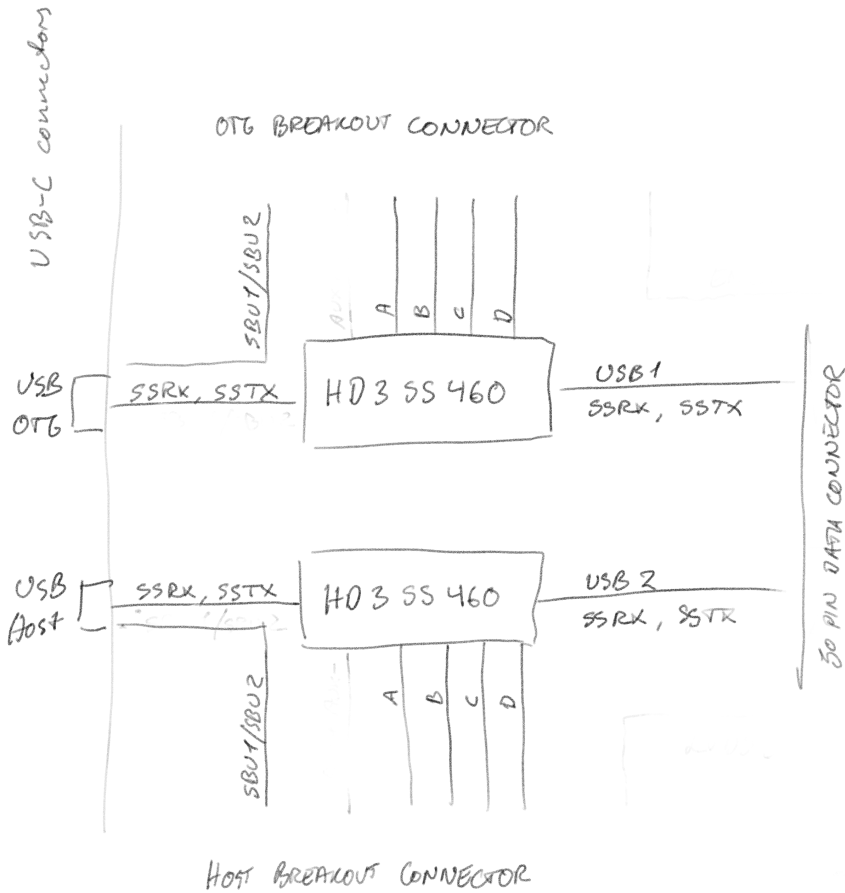
The two 45 pin data breakouts are placed on one edge with a 2 mm gap.

Components on the underside can be max 0.5mm thick. They can be placed above the horizontal USB-C.

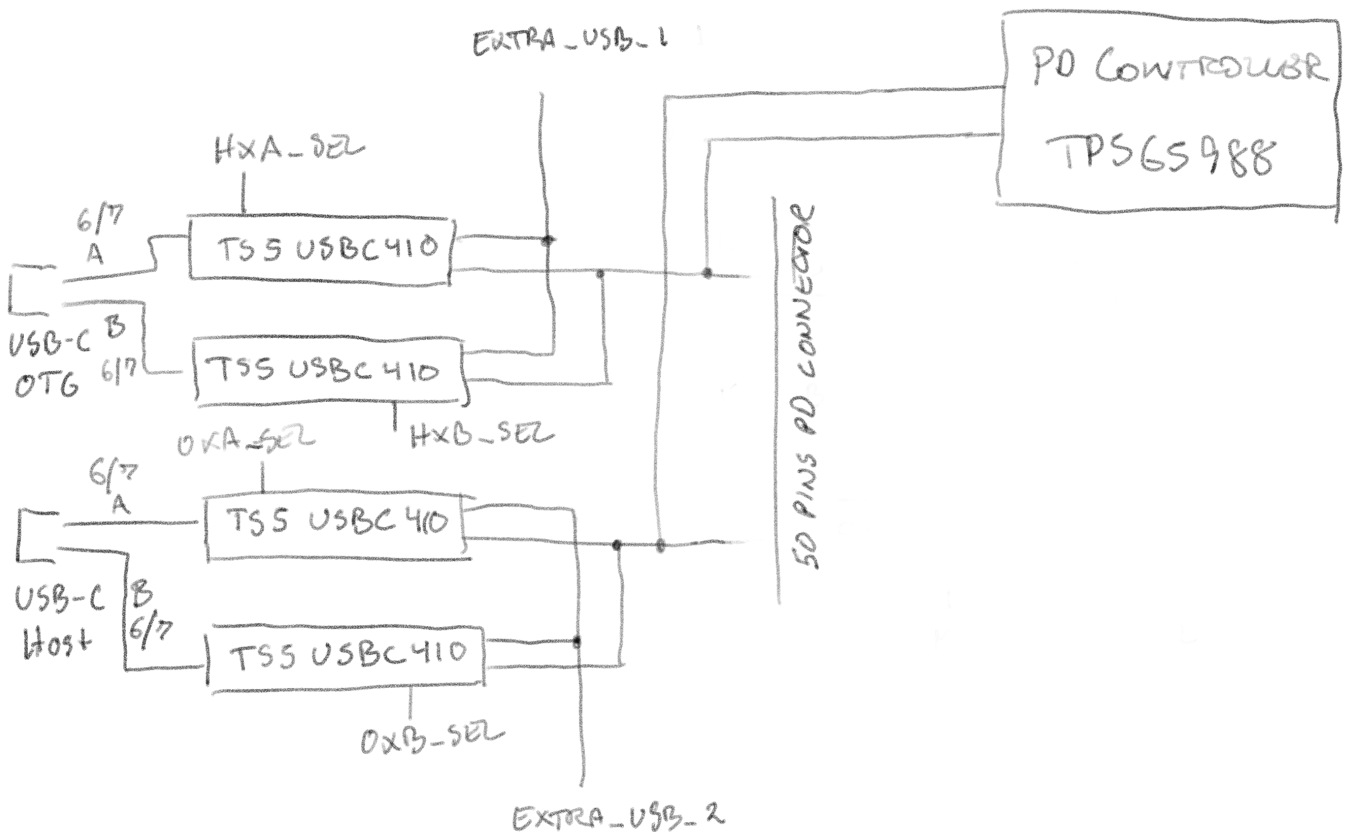
Multiplexing USB

The board has two USB busses 2.0 and 3.0. USB1(supports OTG) and USB2(Host mode only).

USB 3.0 is multiplexed as part of USB-C orientation support and is multiplexed between normal and alternate mode. With additional hardware the OTG USB 3.0 side can be made to support HDMI/DP in Alt. mode. The USB-C connector Alt. mode is managed by HD3SS460.



The USB-C connector USB 2.0 signals(A/B 6/7) are managed separately and multiplexed using TS5USBC41. This allows routing an Extra USB 2.0 signal selectively via the Debug Breakout connector.



and reading via testing board.

Physical Connection Establishment

When connecting the T-USB module to the Bridge Board VSOM is provided over multiple pins on both connectors. The bridge board can draw a limited current from individual pins, but must only drive the System Module with power when all VSOM pins are connected. This allows for avoiding damage or strange behavior, if the power module is partially inserted.

Stages of insertion are,

- No VSOM pins connected
- At least one VSOM pin is connected
- VSOM Pins from both connectors connected
- All VSOM pins connected

When at least one pin is connected the Bridge Board can power components that are low power and always-on.

When pins from both connectors are supplying VSOM the Bridge Board should raise BOTH_VSOM. The Power Module delivers VSOM to one of the pins dependent on BOTH_VSOM.

The locking mechanism of the backplate is also used to drive one of the VSOM connectors, named VSOM_LOCK, which prevent from the system activating until locked in place

As the first step in the detachment of the power module the physical unlock button must be pressed which raises PMIC_STBY_REQ. The next step is to turn the back plate which will disconnect the conditional VSOM_LOCK pin.

[?] connectors for the two buttons

Acceptance Criteria on Power

- High voltage USB-C (20V / 12V / 9V) power supplies never produces more than 5V SYS_PWR when connected.
- If one USB port receives power (5V) the other port can deliver power (5V).
- VSOM is 3.45V to 4.4V regardless of charger
- If a Apple Dedicated Charger 5V(1A BC1.2) is connected the board can draw 1A
- If a CDP(5V, 1A) compatible charger is connected the board can draw 1A
- If a CDP(5V, 3A) compatible charger is connected the board can draw 3A

Combined T-USB control I/O Expander

Expander #3 combines control signals.

The development board uses a single Expander. The 909 uses 3x PCA9555 to control more states. The 801 uses 5x PCA9555 to control more states. This EX3 Combined T-USB control I/O Expander is placed on T-USB daughterboard.

The EX3 expander input triggers interrupt via EX_T_nINT (GPIO1_IO1). The pins relate to USB1 OTG, USB2 Host, PD Controller

The EX3 expander allows controlling T-USB maps,

The 3 pins for each Alt. Mode controller determines how signals are mapped to USB-C high speed lines. Refer to the datasheet for HD3SS460 for full truth table. The regular USBSS setup is chosen by POL=L, AMSEL=M, EN=H.

Expander	Connected to
EX3.0	PD_CTL_INT_1
EX3.1	PD_CTL_INT_2
EX3.2	PD_CTL_RESET
EX3.3	T_USB_O_ALT_EN
EX3.4	T_USB_O_ALT_POL
EX3.5	T_USB_O_ALT_AMSEL
EX3.6	T_USB_H_ALT_EN
EX3.7	T_USB_H_ALT_POL
EX3.8	T_USB_H_ALT_AMSEL
EX3.9	T_USB_ALERT
EX3.10	BAT_CE
EX3.11	BAT_INT
EX3.12	OHX_MODE_BIT_0
EX3.13	OHX_MODE_BIT_1
EX3.14	RESERVED (OHX_MODE_BIT_2)
EX3.15	

OTG and Host USB 2.0 connectivity options. 2 bit switching of USB 2.0 mode. It may be combined with Alt Modes to be 3 bit.

OHX MODE	Signal combination
0	Regular USB 2.0 data on USB1/USB2 A/B
1	USB1 A=Regular, B=Debug UARTs. USB2 3.0 Alt mode = JTAG

EShould enable only be over 50 pins connector ?

Battery Charging

Battery charging is an optional feature enabled by connecting a LiPO battery cell.

- Switch between trickle charge(0.1C) and fast charge(1.5C).

- Charge strategy timeout setting
- Suspend on low power
- Resume on good power

In reference board design the PCIe clock is configured to use I2C address 0x68 which is needed by the BQ24250RGER. On the Ziloo Bridge board the PCIe clock circuit has been reconfigured.



Power output from Charging Controller

When operating with single cell Li-Ion batteries, output voltage range can be from 3.0V-4.2V. It is recommended not to operate at minimum battery voltage, to prolong a Li-Ion battery's life. Please refer to the battery manufacturer's data sheet or design guide for details.

- VSOM output Main power for board 3.5V - 4.2V
- Direct power input pads support 4V - 6V

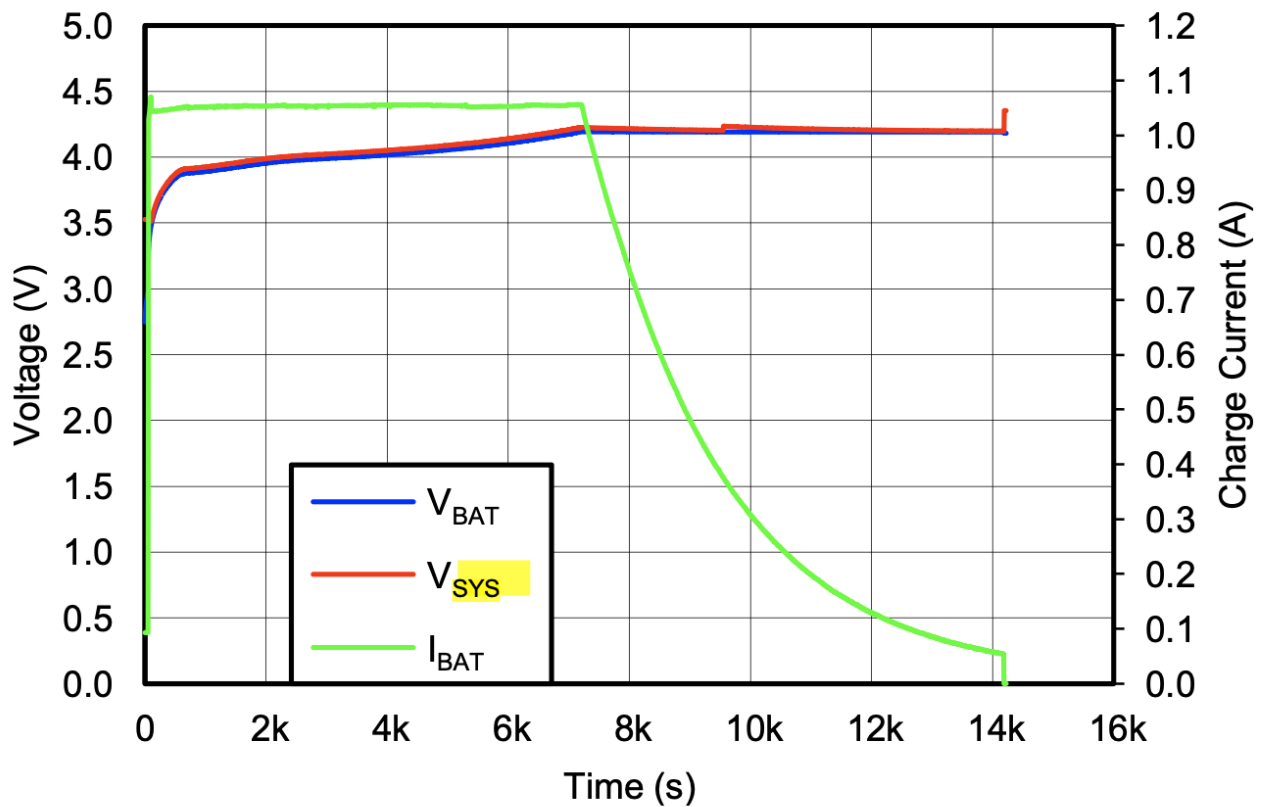
The board will attempt to constantly supply power. Either from a 3.7V LiPO battery, 5V input solder pads, or USB power source.

The system should attempt to detect low power and suspend or power down before reaching VSOM 3.45V.

Measuring battery voltage

<https://blog.ampow.com/lipo-voltage-chart/>

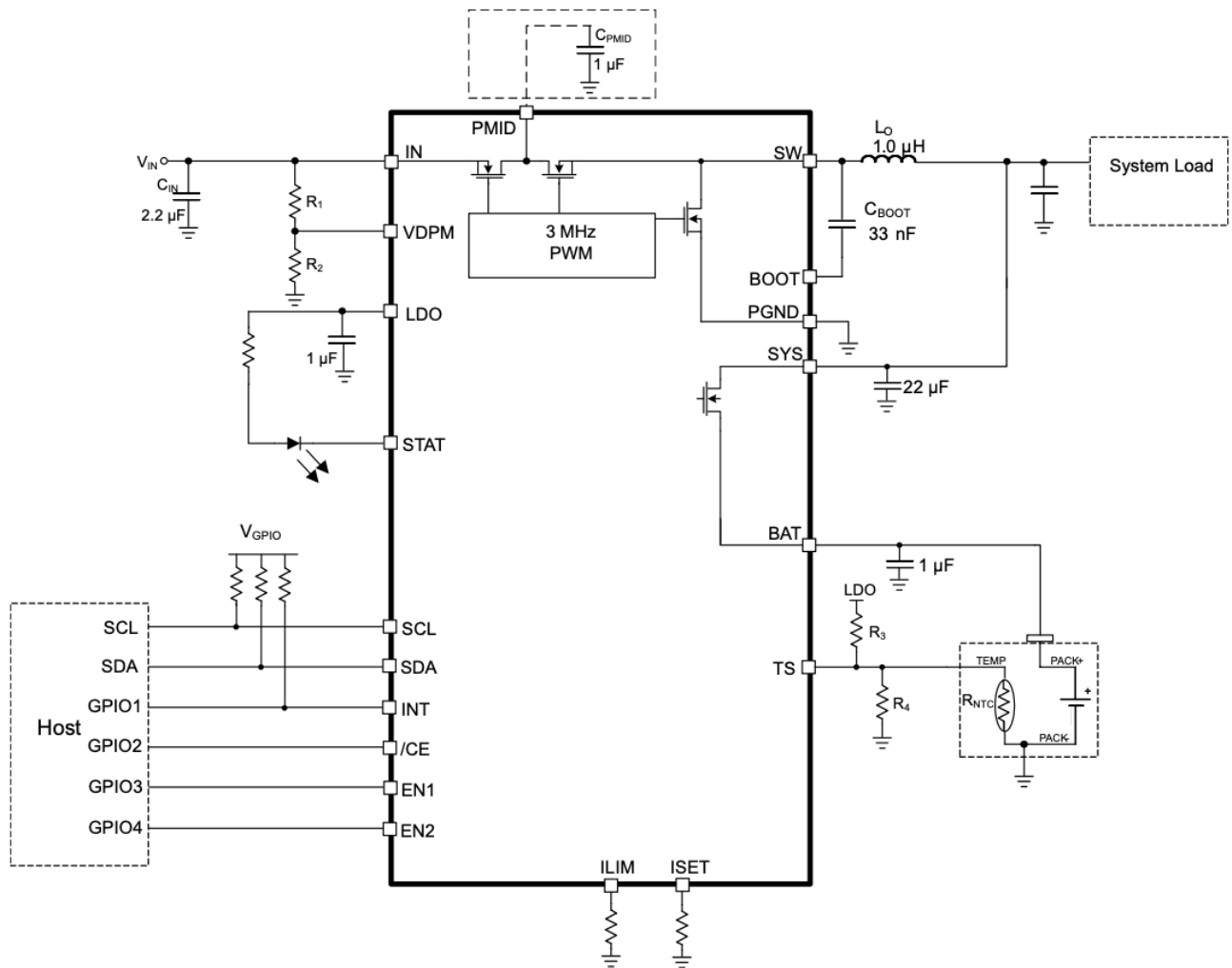
The battery charger will deliver a voltage close to 4.0V under normal charging conditions. It will deliver a steady 3.5V level during precharge during the ~120 s.



Drawing charger + PD = VSOM

Managed charging

The bq24250 device has two modes of operation: 1) I2C mode, and 2) standalone mode. In I2C mode, the host adjusts the charge parameters and monitors the status of the charger operation. In standalone mode, the external resistor sets the input-current limit, and charge current limit. Standalone mode also serves as the default settings when a DCP adapter is present. It enters host mode while the I2C registers are accessed and the watchdog timer has not expired (if enabled). The battery is charged in four phases: trickle charge, pre-charge, constant current and constant voltage. In all charge phases, an internal control loop monitors the IC junction temperature and reduces the charge current if the internal temperature threshold is exceeded.



The circuit will be in I2C mode rather than standalone so perhaps the programming with a resistor isn't important. The documentation seems to indicate that it's used as a fallback.

EN1 could be driven by extender to enable switching between 0.5A and 2A.

$$R_{ILIM} = 270 / I_{IC}$$

Acceptance Criteria on Power With Battery

- If power is connected to USB the battery can charge
- If no power is connected the system is battery powered

801 T-USB Connector Pinouts

3 pin Power Enable Connector

The connector must be oriented along the board to allow packing of battery and board.

Pin	
VSOM_LOCK	When raised high it signals the backplate is locked in
VSOM	General board power
SHUTDOWN_BTN	When raised it signals a request to runtime modules to shut down

3 pin Battery Connector

Connect battery via GND, TEMP (TS), PACK+ (BAT). This is done over a 3 pin JST H 1mm pitch socket. The connector must be oriented along the board to allow packing of battery and board.

Pin	
GND	Ground Black
TS	TEMP White
BAT	PACK+ Red

50 pin B2B connectors

Two connectors tie the daughterboard to the bridge board. Both are of a 50 pin Highrose B2B type.

- [JLCPCB plug](#)
- [JLCPCB socket](#)

default height 1.5mm

Connector 1: High Speed Data Connector 2: PD Controller, Debug, USB 2.0

Power	Max Current	Pins
VSOM	3.0 A	9
GND	3.0 A	9
VCC_RTC	600 mA	2
VIN_3V3	300 mA	1
VIN_5V	600 mA	2
LDO_3V3	300 mA	1

Connector 1 high-speed data, close to Alt Mode Breakout connectors

- 6 * GND
- 7 * VSOM

One side

Pin	Code	Type	Details	Voltage	Misc
1	VSOM	Power	Main power for board 3.45V - 4.5V		Conn. detect
2	USB1_RX_DP	USB	USB1 RX D+		
3	USB1_RX_DN	USB	USB1 RX D-		
4	GND	Power	Ground		
5	USB1_TX_DP	USB	USB1 TX D+		
6	USB1_TX_DN	USB	USB1 TX D-		
7	GND	Power	Ground		
8	USB1_RX_DP	USB	USB2 RX D+		
9	USB1_RX_DN	USB	USB2 RX D-		
10	GND	Power	Ground		
11	USB1_TX_DP	USB	USB2 TX D+		
12	USB1_TX_DN	USB	USB2 TX D-		
13	GND	Power	Ground		
14	T_USB_O_ALT_EN	AltMode	Exposed EX3		
15	T_USB_O_ALT_POL	AltMode	Exposed EX3		
16	T_USB_O_ALT_AMSEL	AltMode	Exposed EX3		
17	T_USB_H_ALT_EN	AltMode	Exposed EX3		
18	T_USB_H_ALT_POL	AltMode	Exposed EX3		
19	T_USB_H_ALT_AMSEL	AltMode	Exposed EX3		
20	GND	Power	Ground		
21					
23					
24	PWR_CHARGE	Battery	Internal charge current for testing		
25	BAT_STAT	Battery	Internal charging status for testing		

TODO remove EX3 exposure

Other side

Pin	Code	Type	Details	Voltage
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Pin	Code	Type	Details	Voltage
50	LVCLK+	LVDS	LVDS CLK+	
49	LVCLK-	LVDS	LVDS CLK-	
48	VSOM	Power	Main power for board 3.45V - 4.5V	
47	LVD0+	LVDS	LVDS D0+	
46	LVD0-	LVDS	LVDS D0-	
45	VSOM	Power	Main power for board 3.45V - 4.5V	
44	LVD1+	LVDS	LVDS D1+	
43	LVD1-	LVDS	LVDS D1-	
42	VSOM	Power	Main power for board 3.45V - 4.5V	
41	LVD2+	LVDS	LVDS D2+	
40	LVD2-	LVDS	LVDS D2-	
39	VSOM	Power	Main power for board 3.45V - 4.5V	
38	LVD3+	LVDS	LVDS D3+	
37	LVD3-	LVDS	LVDS D3-	
36	VSOM	Power	Main power for board 3.45V - 4.5V	
35				
34				
20	GND	Power	Ground	
32				
31				
30	BAT_LDO	Battery	4.9V 50mA LDO for STAT LED	
28				
27				
26	VSOM	Power	Main power for board 3.45V - 4.5V	

Could also take in HDMI or PCIe lanes

Connector 2 PD controller, close to power connectors

- 2 * VSOM, 3 * GND, 1 * VCC_RTC, 1 * VIN_3V3
- 1 * VSOM, 1 * GND, 1 * VCC_RTC, 2 * VIN_5V, 1 * LDO_3V3

One side

Pin	Code	Type	Details	Voltage	Misc
1	VSOM	Power	Main power for board 3.45V - 4.5V		Conn. detect
2	GND	Power	Ground		
3	USB1_DP	USB	USB1 D+		
4	USB1_DN	USB	USB1 D-		
5	GND	Power	Ground		
6	USB2_DP	USB	USB2 D+		
7	USB2_DN	USB	USB2 D-		
8	GND	Power	Ground		
9	SWD_CLK	Debug	PD Controller GPIO12		
10	SWD_DAT	Debug	PD Controller GPIO13		
11	BOTH_VSOM	Enable	Signal from bridge board that VSOM is connected on both sides		
12	EX0_nINT	IRQ	Interrupt signal (GPIO4_IO19)		P21.30
13	EX_OH_nINT	IRQ	Interrupt signal (GPIO1_IO0)		P20.12
14	EX_T_nINT	IRQ	Interrupt signal (GPIO1_IO1).		P20.14
15	VSOM_LOCK	Power	Main power for board 3.45V - 4.5V, if mechanical lock shorted		Mech. lock
16	SYS_RST_PMIC	Reset	PMIC reset input pin. Internally pulled up with LDO1 power rail. Once low, PMIC performs reset.		P10.9
17	POR_B_3P3	Reset	Power On reset output pin. Open drain output requiring external pull up resistor.		P10.7
18	PMIC_ON_REQ	Reset	PMIC ON input from Application processor. When high, the device starts power on sequence.		P10.5
19	PMIC_STBY_REQ	Reset	Standby mode input from Application processor. When high, device enters STANDBY mode.		P10.3
20	VCC_RTC	Power	Low power mode supply		
21	PWRBTN	Boot	Power button trigger		
22	ALT_BOOT	Boot	Alternate boot		
23	QSPI_BOOT_EN_3P3	Boot	SPI boot		P21.18

Pin	Code	Type	Details	Voltage	Misc
24	BAT_CE#	Charger	Charge Enable Active-Low Input. Connect CE to a high logic level to place the battery charger in standby mode.		
25	PD_VIN_EN		Enable VIN_5V/3V3 from PWR_SYS (TBD)		

Other side

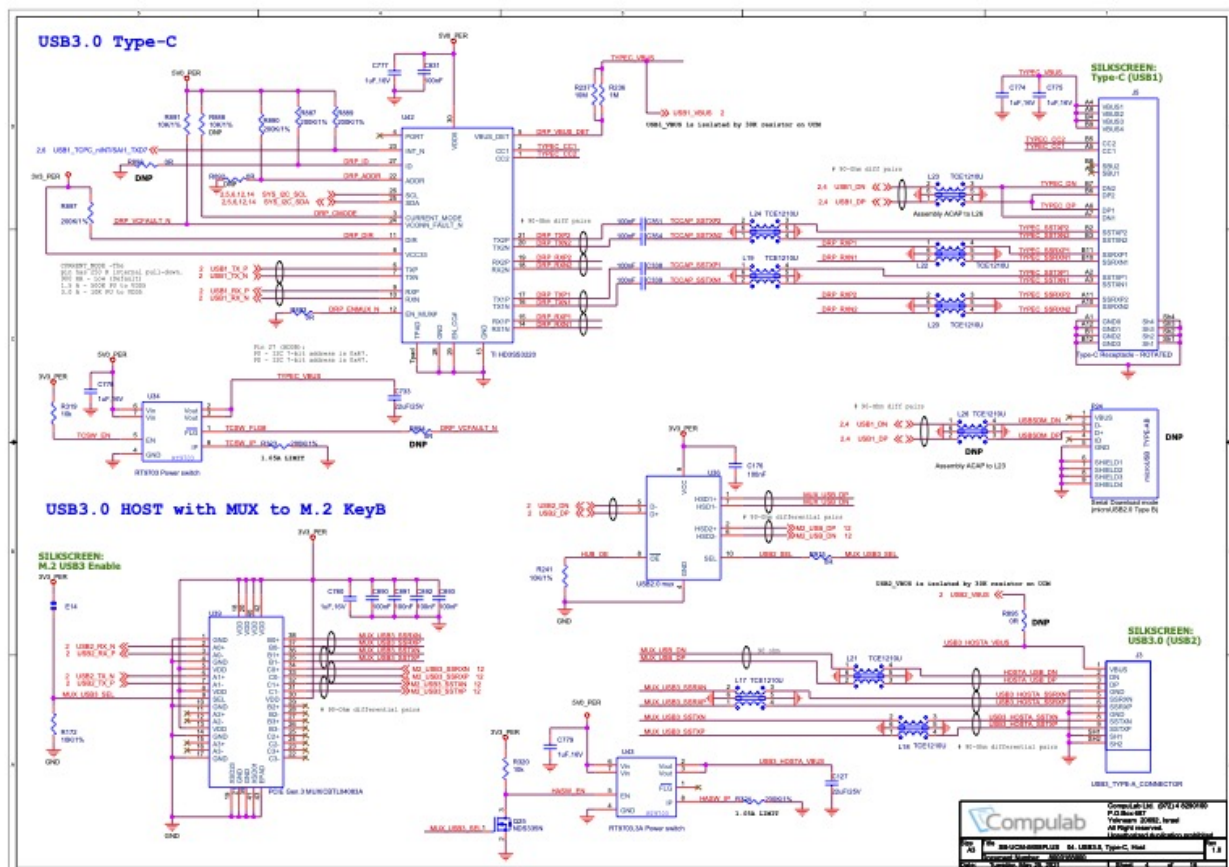
Pin	Code	Type	Details	Voltage	Misc
50	RESERVED		No Connect		
49	GND	Power	Ground		
48	UART1_TXD	UART	P1.72 UART1 Tx		P20.9
47	UART1_RXD	UART	P1.19 UART1 Rx		P20.11
46	UART2_TXD	UART	UART2 Tx		P20.1
45	UART2_RXD	UART	UART2 Rx		P20.3
44	UART3_TXD	UART	P1.61 UART3 Tx		P20.2
43	UART3_RXD	UART	P1.21 UART3 Rx		P20.4
42	UART4_TXD	UART	UART4 Tx		P20.8
41	UART4_RXD	UART	UART4 Rx		P20.10
40	I2C_SCL	I2C	P1.99 SYS_SCL		P21.7
39	I2C_SDA	I2C	P1.97 SYS_SDA		P21.5
38	I2C3_SCL	I2C	Stem_SCL		P21.2 ?
37	I2C3_SDA	I2C	Stem_SDA		P21.4 ?
36	VCC_RTC	Power	Low power mode supply		
35	LDO_3V3	Power	Supply for SPI Flash. Current 50 mA	3.3V	
34	SPI_3V3	Power	Power to the flash chip. Bridge connects to VIN_3V3	3.3V	
33	SPI_CS	PD	Programming/External flash directly	3.3V	
32	SPI_CLK	PD	Programming/External flash directly	3.3V	
31	SPI_MISO	PD	Programming/External flash directly	3.3V	
30	SPI_MOSI	PD	Programming/External flash directly	3.3V	

Pin	Code	Type	Details	Voltage	Misc
29	VIN_3V3		Supply for TPS64988 circuitry and I/O. Current 50 mA	3.3V	
28	VIN_5V	Power	System 5V power source (PPHV1, PPHV2, PP1_CABLE, PP2_CABLE). 500 mA.	5V	
27	VIN_5V	Power	System 5V power source (PPHV1, PPHV2, PP1_CABLE, PP2_CABLE). 500 mA.	5V	
26	VSOM	Power	Main power for board 3.45V - 4.5V		Conn. detect

USB-C connectors arranged in a T

Two USB-C connectors are arranged in a T shape and the normal way to use it is with a combined connector attached. This means that the wires will normally be connected in a particular orientation. The system takes advantage of this by detecting when both USBs are connected in the normal arrangement.

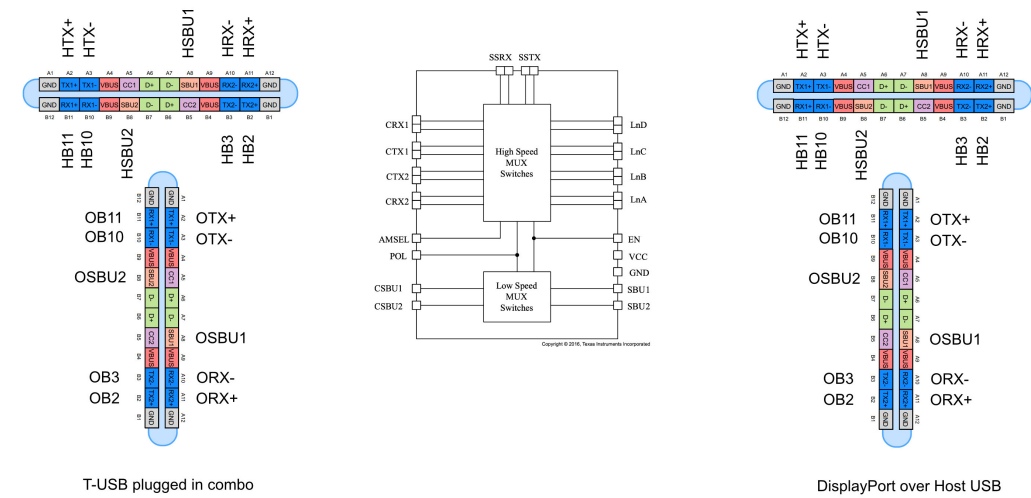
The pins are individually connected to chipsets in order to allow multiplexing based on the situation.



The USB connectors are named H (Host) and O (OTG). Host is the top of the T, OTG is the vertical base. To specify a specific pin H or O is prefixed I.E. OTX1+, HSBU2.

Where possible data pins are not combined but carried through individually.

The GND/VBUS pins are connected to the power charging circuit as normal. The system should accept charging power from either connector.



No.	Pin	Usage	OTG connect to..	Host connect to..
1	A1	GND		
2	A2	TX1+		HD3SS460
3	A3	TX1-		HD3SS460
4	A4	VBUS		
5	A5	CC1	TPS65988	TPS65988
6	A6	D+	65988 & MCU	65988 & MCU
7	A7	D-	65988 & MCU	65988 & MCU
8	A8	SBU1		HD3SS460
9	A9	VBUS	65988 & Regs	65988 & Regs
10	A10	RX2-		HD3SS460
11	A11	RX2+		HD3SS460
12	A12	GND		
13	B1	GND		
14	B2	TX2+		HD3SS460
15	B3	TX2-		HD3SS460
16	B4	VBUS	65988 & Regs	65988 & Regs
17	B5	CC2	TPS65988	TPS65988
18	B6	X+	65988 & MCU	65988 & MCU
19	B7	X-	65988 & MCU	65988 & MCU

No.	Pin	Usage	OTG connect to..	Host connect to..
20	B8	SBU2		HD3SS460
21	B9	VBUS	65988 & Regs	65988 & Regs
22	B10	RX1-		HD3SS460
23	B11	RX1+		HD3SS460
24	B12	GND		

The USB Type-C connector has 24 pins. Figures 1 and 2, respectively, show the pins for the USB Type-C receptacle and plug.

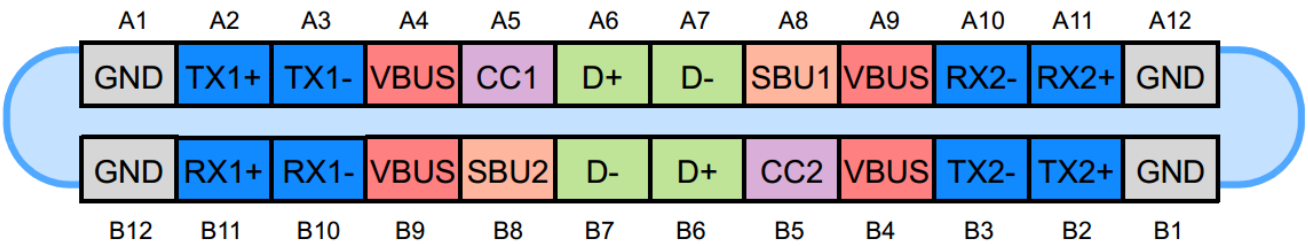


Figure 1. The USB Type-C receptacle. Image courtesy of [Microchip](#).

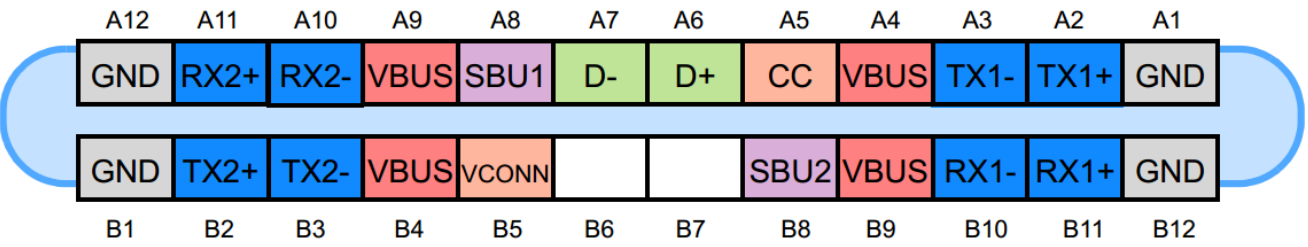


Figure 1. The USB Type-C plug. Image courtesy of [Microchip](#).

For later revision

Only **one side** of the connectors are connected to the matching USB connector that leads to the Dev Board.

The following pins are connected to the extras connector: TX2+, TX2-, SBU1, SBU2, RX-, RX1+, DX+, DX-

The following pins are treated as normally USB-C connection pins: A1-A7, A9-A12, B5.

T-USB alt mode connectors

These connectors(only on the 909 model) enables experimentation with alternate modes and directional pins.

Host ALT

Pin	Code	Description
1	3V3	

Pin	Code	Description
2	SBU2	Host AUX+ / SBU2
3	SBU1	Host AUX- / SBU1
4	3V3	
5	HA+	Host A+
6	HA-	Host A-
7	3V3	
8	HB+	Host B+
9	HB-	Host B-
10	3V3	
11	HC+	Host C+
12	HC-	Host C-
13	3V3	
14	HD+	Host D+
15	HD-	Host D-
16	GND	
17		
18		
19	GND	
20	HX+	Host Extra 2.0 D+
21	HX-	Host Extra 2.0 D-
22	HXA_SEL	Select Host Extra A6/A7
23	HXB_SEL	Select Host Extra B6/B7
24	GND	
25	LVCLK+	LVDS CLK+
26	LVCLK-	LVDS CLK-
27	GND	
28	LVD0+	LVDS D0+
29	LVD0-	LVDS D0-
30	GND	
31	LVD1+	LVDS D1+

Pin	Code	Description
32	LVD1-	LVDS D1-
33	GND	
34	LVD2+	LVDS D2+
35	LVD2-	LVDS D2-
36	GND	
37	LVD3+	LVDS D3+
38	LVD3-	LVDS D3-
39	GND	
40	TOUCH_INT	LVDS TOUCH INT EX0.6
41	TOUCH_RST	LVDS TOUCH Reset EX0.7
42	I2C_SCL	SYS_SCL
43	I2C_SDA	SYS_SDA
44	UART3_TXD	P1.61 UART3 Tx
45	UART3_RXD	P1.21 UART3 Rx

OTG ALT

Pin	Code	Description
1	3V3	
2	SBU2	OTG AUX+ / SBU2
3	SBU1	OTG AUX- / SBU1
4	3V3	
5	OA+	OTG A+
6	OA-	OTG A-
7	3V3	
8	OB+	OTG B+
9	HB-	OTG B-
10	3V3	
11	OC+	OTG C+
12	OC-	OTG C-
13	3V3	

Pin	Code	Description
14	OD+	OTG D+
15	OD-	OTG D-
16	GND	
17		
18		
19	GND	
20	OX+	OTG Extra 2.0 D+
21	OX-	OTG Extra 2.0 D-
22	OXA_SEL	Select OTG Extra A6/A7
23	OXB_SEL	Select OTG Extra B6/B7
24	GND	
25		
26		
27	GND	
28	TR1+	ETH0 TR 1+
29	TR1-	ETH0 TR 1-
30	GND	
31	TR2+	ETH0 TR 2+
32	TR2-	ETH0 TR 2-
33	GND	
34	TR3+	ETH0 TR 3+
35	TR3-	ETH0 TR 3-
36	GND	
37	TR4+	ETH0 TR 4+
38	TR4-	ETH0 TR 4-
39	GND	
40	ETH0_LED_ACT	LED_ACT
41	ETH0_LINK-LED_10_100	ETH0_LINK-LED_10_100
42	I2C SCL	P1.99 SYS SCL
43	I2C SDA	P1.97 SYS SDA

Pin	Code	Description
44	UART1_TXD	P1.72 UART1 Tx
45	UART1_RXD	P1.19 UART1 Rx

Compress GPIO with expander and stem I2C (wire I2C3 ?)

Soldering Pads

A number of connections should be broken out on the board as soldering pads (no through hole)

Pin	Function
VSOM	Output or Input
VCC_RTC	Power input RTC battery
PP_HV1	PD Controller power
PP_HV2	PD Controller power
VIN_5V	PD Controller System 5V for PP1_CABLE, PP2_CABLE
VIN_3V3	PD Controller System 3.3V
GND	