

919 Smiley

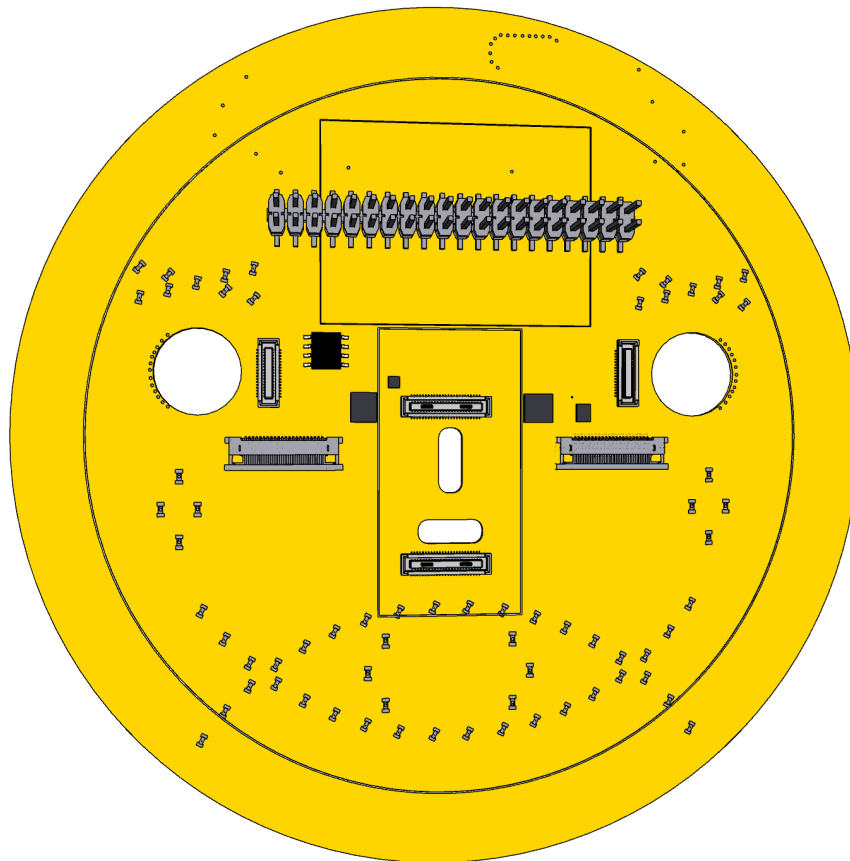
Face board used to face the user and bridge daughterboards.

It contains a Bosch Sensortech 32 bit RISC processor that monitors 3D movement using a gyroscope and accelerometer. It communicates with the Host MCU via the Stem I2C bus (I2C3 for the MCU daughterboard). It exposes system control signals via the SYS I2C GPIO Expander 0. Sensors on camera modules are available via Master 2 & 3. A second chip is optional BMM150 to provide a magnetometer to get richer movement data.

Connectors are present to support attachment of two camera modules.

A LED matrix driver controls 120 LEDs producing expressions on the front of the board. The LEDs are 1mm long and embedded in the board in order to create a diffused light.

To support using the 919 module without an attached power module terminals for a battery is supported that powers the always on part such as the Bosch Sensortech.



Components

- 1 * [Bosch Sensortech BHI260AP](#) - Mouser
- 1 * [NOR Flash 8M QSPI IS25WP080D-JNLE ISSI SOIC-8](#) - Mouser
- 1 * [IS31FL3730 8x8 matrix output](#)
- 1 * [PCA9555 I/O Expander HVQFN24 package](#)
- 1 * [TXB0108YZPR2 8-Bit Bidirectional Voltage-Level Shifter with Auto Direction Sensing and +/-15-kV ESD Protect 20-DSBGA -40 to 85](#) - Mouser

- ? * [Kingbright APHHS1005SYCK 1mm x 0.5mm yellow](#)
- [Würth 150040YS73220 1mm x 0.5mm yellow](#)

Connectors placed on the board are,

- 2 * [Molex 22PIN 0.5mm pitch 54548-2271](#)
- 2 * [Hirose DF40C-34DS-0.4V \(Mouser\)](#)
- 1 * [TE Connectivity 45PIN 0.3MM 571-4-2328724-5 FPC 3-2328724-5 \\$0.41](#)

Alt Components

- [LP5036 36 LED driver - Mouser](#)
- Optional [BMM150 Magnetometer](#)
- [Bosch Sensortech BHI160B - Mouser](#)
- [Würth 710-150040RS73220 1mm x 0.5mm red](#)
- [Würth 710-150040VS73220 1mm x 0.5mm green](#)
- [Würth 150040YS73240 1mm x 0.5mm yellow](#)
- [Bivar SM0402YC 1mm x 0.5mm yellow](#)
- [Lumex SML-LX0402SYC-TR 1mm x 0.5m yellow](#)
- [ROHM SML-P12YTT86R 1mm x 0.6mm yellow](#)

Articles

- [Led PCB Circuit Board](#)
- [Uncovering PCB Embedded Components](#)
- [Practical steps for creating embedded components with side-emitting LEDs](#)
- [Efficient LED Blinking for Embedded Systems](#)
- [Embedding of Passive Components into Flex PCB](#)
- [LED module design considerations for an aluminium board](#)
- [Led Bar array with stm32f103 microcontroller](#)
- [APA102 2020 RGB LED source](#)
- [Novel control strategy for synchronous PWM on a matrix converter](#)
- [Adafruit 16x9 Charlieplexed PWM LED Matrix Driver - IS31FL3731](#)
- <https://community.bosch-sensortec.com/t5/MEMS-sensors-forum/BNO055-vs-BHI260AB-fusion-accuracy/td-p/24263>

Camera connectors

Two sets of camera connectors are on the board for left and right sides respectively. The 22 pin connector allows a Development board to be connected with a Raspberry Pi Zero compatible flex cable. The 34 pin connector allows attachment of a 201 Camera Module made for it. Signals will be transferred directly between the two connectors using voltage shifters

The power supplied to the 34 pins connector can be driven by the 22 pin connector or the T-USB Power Module or the Power Module. These are down-regulated to 3V3, 2V8 and 1V8 from 3.7V - 5V. This downregulation can be shared between Left and Right.

The 1.8V driving the Sensor I/O of the 201 modules will also be supplied via the Self powered direct battery input.

Power

The board can be powered by 2V+ via a directly attached battery which is down regulated. The self power input will power the Motion Engine and camera sensors with 1.8V. This can be used to run the board in an always on mode

that records movement while disconnected.

When the Power module is connected it supplies VSOM which powers the MotionEngine, LED Matrix driver and camera modules. VSOM is down regulated from around 4V to 1V8, 2V8 and 3V3.

Voltage pins are

- Self powered 2V+ input
- Always on 1V8 output
- Powered 1V8 output
- Powered 3V3 output
- VSOM output

[?] Is it possible to support both 5V in and out on the GPIO pins? 5V input would be downregulated to 4V if power module isn't connected. 5V output would be upregulated VSOM.

T-USB Power connectors

The T-USB power module is connected using two 50 pin connectors.

The connectors have detection pins that triggers the power over VSOM. Power must only be drawn from the power module when the connectors are fully inserted.

Physical Connection Establishment

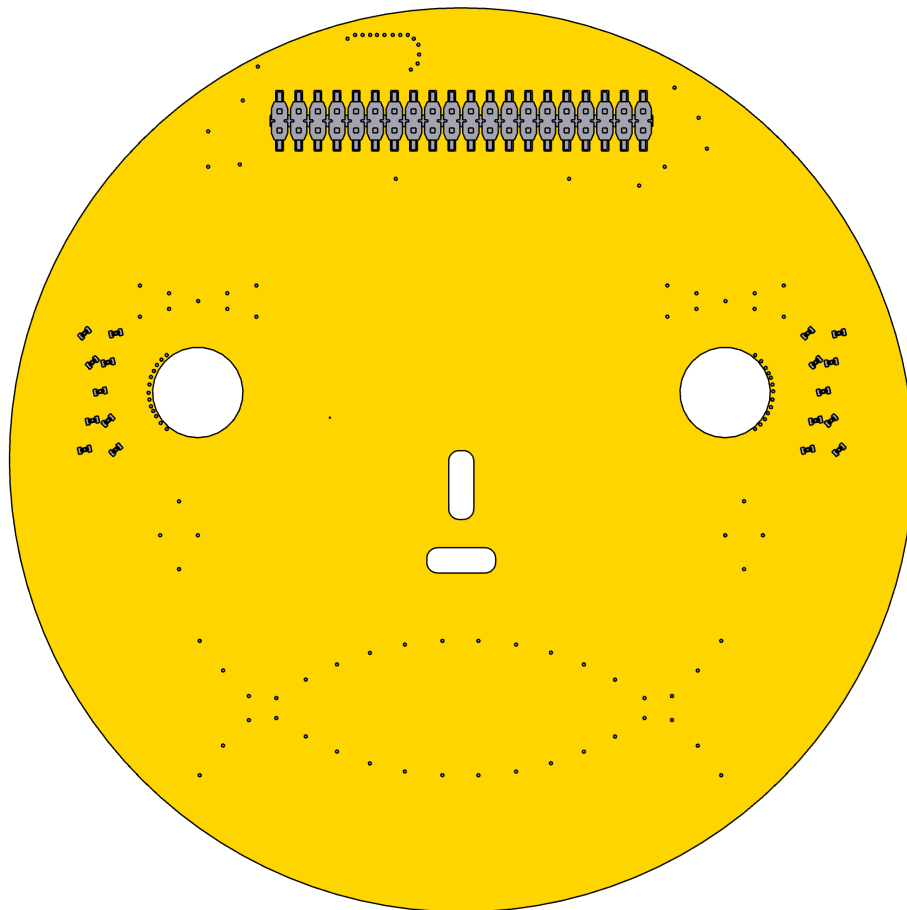
When connecting the T-USB module to the Bridge Board VSOM must be supplied only when the module is fully inserted. This is done by responding to pins on both connectors being shorted by the bridge board side.

- Delayed VSOM enable
- Power down button / physical detect
- CONN_EN pins are powered when the connectors are fully inserted
- Only denable when all CONN_EN get signal
- When detaching a lock is pressed to detach all modules

LED layout

LEDs are laid out as eyebrows and a mouth. They are connected to the multiplexer as 7 sets of 9 LEDs (7x9 mode).

1. Brow x 2
2. Eye sides x 2 (reverse of brow signal)
3. Smile x 2
4. Sad x 2 (reverse of smile signal)
5. Cheeks, split 4 left 4 right.
6. O x 6 (reverse of cheeks)



Numbering of individual LEDs are from top-left to right. The eyebrow sets are doubled up with the eye side using reverse polarity. The eye sides get signals from VIAs close to the eye hole.

The smile is formed by a left side and a right. LED numbering starts in the middle. A sad smile uses the same multiplexer banks but with reverse polarity.

LEDs are marked with identifiers on the connector side, but not on the front side.

Leds should be oriented perpendicular to the line they are arranged on. The orientation on the 3D model doesn't reflect what is intended.

LED Matrix driver

The LEDs are controlled via a IS31FL3730 chip connected to SOM(I2C3) and MotionEngine(Host I2C) if Host IF connected to I2C3.

It can be driven by 2.7V - 5.5V I/O can be up to $V_{cc}+0.3V$

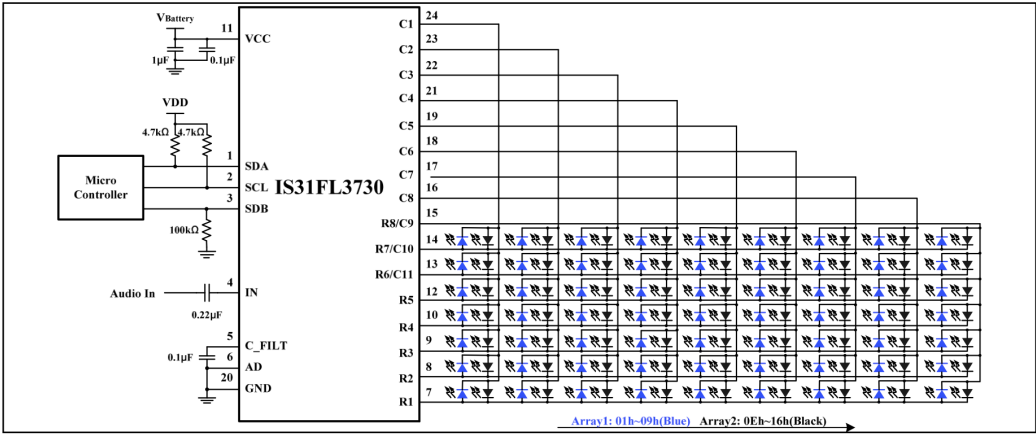


Figure 2 Typical Application Circuit Dual 7x9

[?] I2C3 on sound connector?

LED mounting

Most LEDs are mounted by embedding them into the board. The PCB being 1mm thick a recess is made to fit the LED of 0.4mm. In the center a 0.4mm hole is drilled to let through light.

MotionEngine I2C Sensor

The BOSCH sensor includes an embedded processor communicating via I2C. It boots from a 1MB flash chip. It runs and communicates on is 1.8V.

<https://www.mouser.ch/ProductDetail/Bosch-Sensortec/BHI260AP?qs=T94vaHKWudTEPTnGI%252BTy9w%3D%3D>

BHI260AB I2C modes support 3.4 Mbit/s. Put on SYS or 3 ? HSCX + HSDX. i.MX 8 can only do 400KHz.

Power comes from any of the SOM lines via the two 50 pins connectors. Isolate them and down regulate to 3.3V.

Host I2C is I2C3 on the CPU side. Master I2C 2 is I2C6 on the CPU side, Right CAM CSI2 SCCB & Ambient Light. Master I2C 3 is I2C5 on the CPU side, Left CAM CSI1 SCCB & Laser Scan. Master is free for SPI communication.

Sensor linux driver source - <https://github.com/BoschSensortec/BHY2-Sensor-API>

? Event interrupts vs GPIO ? Timers ? Aux IMU I2C

| Pin | Pad | | to |
|-----|----------|------------------|------------|
| 1 | M3SDA | Left CS1 I2C SDA | SOM I2C5 |
| 2 | M3SCL | Left CS1 I2C SCL | SOM I2C5 |
| 3 | HOSTBOOT | System Control | EX0 |
| 4 | QSPI_D0 | Flash | Flash chip |
| 5 | QSPI_CLK | Flash | Flash chip |
| 6 | VREG | Supply | 1.8V |
| 7 | VDDIO | Supply | 1.8V ? |
| 8 | QSPI_D3 | Flash | Flash chip |
| 9 | RESETN | System Control | EX0. |

| Pin | Pad | | to |
|-----|----------|----------------------|----------------|
| 10 | HIRQ | Host I2C IRQ | SOM I2C3 / EX0 |
| 11 | HSDX | Host I2C SDA | SOM I2C3 |
| 12 | VDDIO | Supply | |
| 13 | M2SCX | Right CSI2 I2C SCL | SOM I2C6 |
| 14 | QSPI_CSN | Flash | Flash chip |
| 15 | QSPI_D1 | Flash | Flash chip |
| 16 | MCSB3 | GPIO / Chip Select 3 | Breakout |
| 17 | GND | Supply | |
| 18 | MCSB2 | GPIO / Chip Select 2 | Breakout |
| 19 | MCSB4 | GPIO / Chip Select 4 | Breakout |
| 20 | QSPI_D2 | Flash | Flash chip |
| 21 | OCSB | IMU Auxiliary | BMM150 |
| 22 | ASCX | IMU Auxiliary | BMM150 |
| 23 | JTAG_CLK | Debug | Breakout |
| 24 | JTAG_DIO | Debug | Breakout |
| 29 | M1SCX | Master 1 I2C SCL | Breakout |
| 30 | ASDX | IMU Auxiliary | BMM150 |
| 32 | HDSO | I2C Address selector | LOW |
| 33 | HSCX | Host I2C SCL | SOM I2C3 |
| 37 | M2SDI | GPIO | M2SDI |
| 38 | MCSB1 | GPIO / Chip Select 1 | Breakout |
| 39 | ASCX | IMU Auxiliary | BMM150 |
| 43 | M1SDI | GPIO SPI Master 1 | Breakout |
| 44 | M1SDX | Master 1 I2C SDA | Breakout |

Address

HDSO is LSB selecting 0x28 or 0x29 = LOW by default (can be overridden)

QSPI Flash

Pads are reserved on the board for a 1MByte flash chip connected vis QSPI

- CLK
- CSN
- D0..D3

It supports,

- Quad SPI / QPI modes
- 0.5 - 8 MBytes supported

I assume the voltage is 1.8V. Winbond is apparently a tested example.

I/O Expander 0

Expander #0 combines control signals. It is driven by SYS I2C.

The development board uses a single Expander. The 909 and 801 uses 4x PCA9555 to control more states The system expander input triggers interrupt via EX0_nINT (GPIO4_IO19).

This first expander, which is also on the dev. board maps,

| Expander | Connected to |
|----------|-------------------------|
| EX0.0 | mPCle_PERST on M2 Key B |
| EX0.1 | mPCle_PERST on M2 Key E |
| EX0.2 | |
| EX0.3 | CTL_INT_1 |
| EX0.4 | CTL_INT_2 / IMU_IRQ |
| EX0.5 | CTL_RESET / IMU_RESETN |
| EX0.6 | IMU_MODE |
| EX0.7 | |
| EX0.8 | CSI1_PWR_DWN_B |
| EX0.9 | LEFT_CAM_RESET |
| EX0.10 | LEFT_ATT_INT |
| EX0.11 | LEFT_ATT_XSHUT |
| EX0.12 | CSI2_PWR_DWN_B |
| EX0.13 | RIGHT_CAM_RESET |
| EX0.14 | RIGHT_ATT_INT |
| EX0.15 | RIGHT_ATT_XSHUT |

Edge Expansion connectors

One the edge there are three 20 pin connectors that allow connecting expansion modules providing Sound/Sensor support.

3D Model libraries

<https://kicad.github.io/packages3d/>

Wiring

Use this table to ensure correct board wiring.

| Signal | 801 T-USB | BHI260AB | IS31FL3730 | SOM / MCU | PCA9555 | CAM connectors | Breakout |
|----------|-----------|--------------|------------|-----------|---------|-----------------|----------|
| I2C3 SDA | | Host IF | I2C3 SDA | I2C3 SDA | | | |
| I2C3 SCL | | Host IF | I2C3 SCL | I2C3 SCL | | | |
| SYS SDA | | | | SYS SDA | SDA 3V3 | | |
| SYS SCL | | | | SYS SCL | SCL 3V3 | | |
| I2C5 SDA | | Master 3 | | I2C5 SDA | | Left SCCB | |
| I2C5 SCL | | Master 3 | | I2C5 SCL | | Left SCCB | |
| I2C6 SDA | | Master 2 SDX | | I2C6 SDA | | Right SCCB | |
| I2C6 SCL | | Master 2 SCX | | I2C6 SCL | | Right SCCB | |
| SPI SCK | | M1SCK | | | | | SPI SCK |
| SPI MOSI | | M1SDX | | | | | SPI MOSI |
| SPI MISO | | M1SDI | | | | | SPI MISO |
| EX0_nINT | | | | | nINT | | |
| EX0.2 | | | | | | | |
| EX0.3 | | | | | | | |
| EX0.4 | | BN_H_INTN | | | | IMU_IRQ | |
| EX0.5 | | RESETN | | | | IMU_RESETN | |
| EX0.6 | | HOSTBOOT | | | | IMU_MODE | |
| EX0.7 | | | | | | | |
| EX0.8 | | | | | | CSI1_PWR_DWN_B | |
| EX0.9 | | | | | | LEFT_CAM_RESET | |
| EX0.10 | | | | | | LEFT_ATT_INT | |
| EX0.11 | | | | | | LEFT_ATT_XSHUT | |
| EX0.12 | | | | | | CSI2_PWR_DWN_B | |
| EX0.13 | | | | | | RIGHT_CAM_RESET | |
| EX0.14 | | | | | | RIGHT_ATT_INT | |

| Signal | 801 T-USB | BHI260AB | IS31FL3730 | SOM / MCU | PCA9555 | CAM connectors | Breakout |
|----------------|-----------|----------|------------|-----------|---------|-----------------|------------|
| EX0.15 | | | | | | RIGHT_ATT_XSHUT | |
| | | JTAG_CLK | | | | | JTAG_CLK |
| | | JTAG_DIO | | | | | JTAG_DIO |
| | | | IN | | | | LED_AUDIO |
| | | | C_FILT | | | | LED_FILTER |
| | | MCSB1 | | | | | GPIO |
| | | MCSB2 | | | | | GPIO |
| | | MCSB3 | | | | | GPIO |
| | | MCSB4 | | | | | GPIO |
| | | M1SCX | | | | | M1SCX |
| | | M1SDX | | | | | M1SDX |
| | | M1SDI | | | | | M1SDI |
| Signal Level | | | 3.3V | | 3.3V | | |
| Standalone 1V8 | | Consumes | | | | VCC_1V8 | |
| VCC_SOM | Supplies | | Consumes | | | | VCC_SOM |
| Powered 3V3 | | | | | | AF_VDD | |
| Powered 1V8 | | Consumes | | | | DOVDD + VCC_1V8 | |
| Powered 2V8 | | | | | | AVDD_2V8 | |

919 Connector Pinouts

Front facing GPIO header

The GPIO header is made to be compatible with RPi expansion hardware. It has fewer GND pins which are mapped to GPIO or receiving pins.

Features:

- Spare GPIOs
- SPI Image Boot
- Power 5V / 3V3 / 1V8 / RTC
- SPI / SAI7 I2S Out

- Stem and System I2C
- UART1 / UART3
- PWM1..3

| Left side | Function | Pin | Pin | Function | Right side |
|---------------------------|------------|-----|-----|------------|-------------------------|
| | 3V3 | 1 | 2 | 5V | |
| I2C3_SDA / GPIO5_IO19 | SDA 3 | 3 | 4 | 5V | |
| I2C3_SCL / GPIO5_IO18 | SCL 3 | 5 | 6 | GND | |
| ETH0_MDI2P / SAI7_TX_SYNC | SAI7 SYNC | 7 | 8 | TxD | UART1 TxD / GPIO5_IO23 |
| | GND | 9 | 10 | RxD | UART1 RxD / GPIO5_IO22 |
| EX_OH_nINT / GPIO1_IO0 | GPIO1_IO0 | 11 | 12 | GPIO1_IO1 | GPIO1_01 / EX_T_nINT |
| EX0_nINT / GPIO4_IO19 | GPIO4_IO19 | 13 | 14 | GPIO2_IO19 | |
| | GPIO2_IO8 | 15 | 16 | GPIO4_IO16 | |
| Powering suspended | VCC_RTC | 17 | 18 | GPIO4_IO17 | |
| ECSPI2_MOSI / GPIO5_IO11 | MOSI | 19 | 20 | GND | |
| ECSPI2_MISO / GPIO5_IO12 | MISO | 21 | 22 | GPIO1_IO19 | TD2 |
| ECSPI2_SCLK / GPIO5_IO10 | SCLK | 23 | 24 | SPI CE0 | ECSPI2_SS0 / GPIO5_IO13 |
| | GPIO2_IO9 | 25 | 26 | QSPI BOOT | QSPI_BOOT_EN_3P3 |
| SYS I2C | SYS SDA | 27 | 28 | SYS SCL | SYS I2C |
| UART3_TXD / GPIO5_IO27 | UART3_TXD | 29 | 30 | GPIO5_IO26 | UART3_RXD / GPIO5_IO26 |
| GPIO5_IO4 | PWM2 | 31 | 32 | PWM3 | GPIO5_IO3 |
| GPIO5_IO5 | PWM1 | 33 | 34 | CAN1_RX | GPIO4_IO25 (RPI GND) |
| UART2_RXD / GPIO5_IO24 | GPIO5_IO24 | 35 | 36 | CAN1_TX | GPIO4_IO22 |
| UART2_TXD / GPIO5_IO25 | GPIO5_IO25 | 37 | 38 | CAN2_RX | GPIO4_IO27 |
| | GND | 39 | 40 | CAN2_TX | GPIO4_IO26 |

Back facing GPIO header

| Left side | Function | Pin | Pin | Function | Right side |
|-----------------------|------------|-----|-----|----------|---------------------------|
| | 3V3 | 1 | 2 | VSOM | VSOM when fully connected |
| I2C3_SDA / GPIO5_IO19 | SDA 3 | 3 | 4 | VSOM | VSOM when fully connected |
| I2C3_SCL / GPIO5_IO18 | SCL 3 | 5 | 6 | GND | |
| IMU Host SDA / MOSI | HSDX | 7 | 8 | JTAG_CLK | IMU JTAG |
| | GND | 9 | 10 | JTAG_DIO | IMU JTAG |
| IMU Host SCL / SCK | HSCX | 11 | 12 | SWD_CLK | PD SWD |
| IMU nINT | GPIO4_IO19 | 13 | 14 | SWD_DAT | PD SWD |

| Left side | Function | Pin | Pin | Function | Right side |
|----------------------|------------|-----|-----|------------|----------------------|
| IMU Host MISO / ADR0 | HSDO | 15 | 16 | HCSB | IMU Select I2C / SPI |
| Powering suspended | VCC_RTC | 17 | 18 | GPIO4_IO17 | |
| IMU M1SDX | MOSI | 19 | 20 | GND | |
| IMU M1SDI | MISO | 21 | 22 | GPIO | IMU MCSB2 |
| IMU M1SCK | SCLK | 23 | 24 | SPI CE0 | IMU MCSB1 |
| | GPIO2_IO9 | 25 | 26 | GPIO | IMU MCSB3 |
| SYS I2C | SYS SDA | 27 | 28 | SYS SCL | SYS I2C |
| Self powered 2V+ | SELF_PWR | 29 | 30 | GPIO5_IO26 | IMU MCSB4 |
| LED IN | LED_AUDIO | 31 | 32 | | GPIO5_IO3 |
| LED C_FILT | LED_FILTER | 33 | 34 | | |
| T-USB 50 pins LDO | BAT_LDO | 35 | 36 | | GPIO4_IO22 |
| T-USB 50 pins | LDO_3V3 | 37 | 38 | | |
| T-USB 50 pins | SPI_3V3 | 39 | 40 | | |

7 available GPIO pins

EX_OH_nINT

[?] Mapping of SOM GPIO to IMU GPIO ?

50 pin B2B connectors

Two connectors tie the daughterboard to the bridge board. Both are of a 50 pin Highrose B2B type.

- [JLCPCB plug](#)
- [JLCPCB socket](#)

default height 1.5mm

Connector 1: High Speed Data Connector 2: PD Controller, Debug, USB 2.0

| Power | Max Current | Pins |
|---------|-------------|------|
| VSOM | 2.7 A | 9 |
| GND | 2.7 A | 9 |
| VCC_RTC | 600 mA | 2 |
| VIN_3V3 | 300 mA | 1 |
| VIN_5V | 600 mA | 2 |
| LDO_3V3 | 300 mA | 1 |

Connector 1 high-speed data, close to SoM

- 5 * GND
- 6 * VSOM

One side

| Pin | Code | Type | Details | Voltage |
|-----|-------------------|---------|---|---------|
| 1 | CONN_EN | Enable | Signal + / GND to inform the T-USB board of being connected | |
| 2 | USB1_RX_DP | USB | USB1 RX D+ | |
| 3 | USB1_RX_DN | USB | USB1 RX D- | |
| 4 | GND | Power | Ground | |
| 5 | USB1_TX_DP | USB | USB1 TX D+ | |
| 6 | USB1_TX_DN | USB | USB1 TX D- | |
| 7 | GND | Power | Ground | |
| 8 | USB1_RX_DP | USB | USB2 RX D+ | |
| 9 | USB1_RX_DN | USB | USB2 RX D- | |
| 10 | GND | Power | Ground | |
| 11 | USB1_TX_DP | USB | USB2 TX D+ | |
| 12 | USB1_TX_DN | USB | USB2 TX D- | |
| 13 | GND | Power | Ground | |
| 14 | T_USB_O_ALT_EN | AltMode | Exposed EX3 | |
| 15 | T_USB_O_ALT_POL | AltMode | Exposed EX3 | |
| 16 | T_USB_O_ALT_AMSEL | AltMode | Exposed EX3 | |
| 17 | T_USB_H_ALT_EN | AltMode | Exposed EX3 | |
| 18 | T_USB_H_ALT_POL | AltMode | Exposed EX3 | |
| 19 | T_USB_H_ALT_AMSEL | AltMode | Exposed EX3 | |
| 20 | GND | Power | Ground | |
| 21 | | | | |
| 23 | | | | |
| 24 | PWR_CHARGE | Battery | Internal charge current for testing | |
| 25 | BAT_STAT | Battery | Internal charging status for testing | |

TODO remove EX3 exposure

Other side

| Pin | Code | Type | Details | Voltage |
|-----|--------|------|-----------|---------|
| 50 | LVCLK+ | LVDS | LVDS CLK+ | |

| Pin | Code | Type | Details | Voltage |
|-----|---------|---------|---|---------|
| 49 | LVCLK- | LVDS | LVDS CLK- | |
| 48 | VSOM | Power | Main power for board 3.45V - 4.5V | |
| 47 | LVD0+ | LVDS | LVDS D0+ | |
| 46 | LVD0- | LVDS | LVDS D0- | |
| 45 | VSOM | Power | Main power for board 3.45V - 4.5V | |
| 44 | LVD1+ | LVDS | LVDS D1+ | |
| 43 | LVD1- | LVDS | LVDS D1- | |
| 42 | VSOM | Power | Main power for board 3.45V - 4.5V | |
| 41 | LVD2+ | LVDS | LVDS D2+ | |
| 40 | LVD2- | LVDS | LVDS D2- | |
| 39 | VSOM | Power | Main power for board 3.45V - 4.5V | |
| 38 | LVD3+ | LVDS | LVDS D3+ | |
| 37 | LVD3- | LVDS | LVDS D3- | |
| 36 | VSOM | Power | Main power for board 3.45V - 4.5V | |
| 35 | | | | |
| 34 | | | | |
| 33 | VSOM | Power | Main power for board 3.45V - 4.5V | |
| 32 | | | | |
| 31 | | | | |
| 30 | BAT_LDO | Battery | 4.9V 50mA LDO for STAT LED | |
| 28 | | | | |
| 27 | | | | |
| 26 | CONN_EN | Enable | Signal + / GND to inform the T-USB board of being connected | |

Could also be HDMI or PCIe

Connector 2 PD controller, away from SoM

- 2 * VSOM, 3 * GND, 1 * VCC_RTC, 1 * VIN_3V3
- 1 * VSOM, 1 * GND, 1 * VCC_RTC, 2 * VIN_5V, 1 * LDO_3V3

One side

| Pin | Code | Type | Details | Voltage | Misc |
|-----|---------|--------|---|---------|------|
| 1 | CONN_EN | Enable | Signal + / GND to inform the T-USB board of being connected | | |

| Pin | Code | Type | Details | Voltage | Misc |
|-----|------------------|---------|--|---------|--------|
| 2 | GND | Power | Ground | | |
| 3 | USB1_DP | USB | USB1 D+ | | |
| 4 | USB1_DN | USB | USB1 D- | | |
| 5 | GND | Power | Ground | | |
| 6 | USB2_DP | USB | USB2 D+ | | |
| 7 | USB2_DN | USB | USB2 D- | | |
| 8 | GND | Power | Ground | | |
| 9 | SWD_CLK | Debug | PD Controller GPIO12 | | |
| 10 | SWD_DAT | Debug | PD Controller GPIO13 | | |
| 11 | VSOM | Power | Main power for board 3.45V - 4.5V | | |
| 12 | EX0_nINT | IRQ | Interrupt signal (GPIO4_IO19) | | P21.30 |
| 13 | EX_OH_nINT | IRQ | Interrupt signal (GPIO1_IO0) | | P20.12 |
| 14 | EX_T_nINT | IRQ | Interrupt signal (GPIO1_IO1). | | P20.14 |
| 15 | VSOM | Power | Main power for board 3.45V - 4.5V | | |
| 16 | SYS_RST_PMIC | Reset | PMIC reset input pin. Internally pulled up with LDO1 power rail. Once low, PMIC performs reset. | | P10.9 |
| 17 | POR_B_3P3 | Reset | Power On reset output pin. Open drain output requiring external pull up resistor. | | P10.7 |
| 18 | PMIC_ON_REQ | Reset | PMIC ON input from Application processor. When high, the device starts power on sequence. | | P10.5 |
| 19 | PMIC_STBY_REQ | Reset | Standby mode input from Application processor. When high, device enters STANDBY mode. | | P10.3 |
| 20 | VCC_RTC | Power | Low power mode supply | | |
| 21 | PWRBTN | Boot | Power button trigger | | |
| 22 | ALT_BOOT | Boot | Alternate boot | | |
| 23 | QSPI_BOOT_EN_3P3 | Boot | SPI boot | | P21.18 |
| 24 | BAT_CE# | Charger | Charge Enable Active-Low Input. Connect CE to a high logic level to place the battery charger in standby mode. | | |
| 25 | PD_VIN_EN | | Enable VIN_5V/3V3 from PWR_SYS (TBD) | | |

Other side

| Pin | Code | Type | Details | Voltage | Misc |
|-----|------|------|---------|---------|------|
|-----|------|------|---------|---------|------|

| Pin | Code | Type | Details | Voltage | Misc |
|-----|-----------|--------|--|---------|------------|
| 50 | VSOM | Power | Main power for board 3.45V - 4.5V | | |
| 49 | GND | Power | Ground | | |
| 48 | UART1_TXD | UART | P1.72 UART1 Tx | | P20.9 |
| 47 | UART1_RXD | UART | P1.19 UART1 Rx | | P20.11 |
| 46 | UART2_TXD | UART | UART2 Tx | | P20.1 |
| 45 | UART2_RXD | UART | UART2 Rx | | P20.3 |
| 44 | UART3_TXD | UART | P1.61 UART3 Tx | | P20.2 |
| 43 | UART3_RXD | UART | P1.21 UART3 Rx | | P20.4 |
| 42 | UART4_TXD | UART | UART4 Tx | | P20.8 |
| 41 | UART4_RXD | UART | UART4 Rx | | P20.10 |
| 40 | I2C_SCL | I2C | P1.99 SYS_SCL | | P21.7 |
| 39 | I2C_SDA | I2C | P1.97 SYS_SDA | | P21.5 |
| 38 | I2C3_SCL | I2C | Stem_SCL | | P21.2 ? |
| 37 | I2C3_SDA | I2C | Stem_SDA | | P21.4 ? |
| 36 | VCC_RTC | Power | Low power mode supply | | |
| 35 | LDO_3V3 | Power | Supply for SPI Flash. Current 50 mA | 3.3V | |
| 34 | SPI_3V3 | Power | Power to the flash chip. Bridge connects to VIN_3V3 | 3.3V | |
| 33 | SPI_CS | PD | Programming/External flash directly | 3.3V | |
| 32 | SPI_CLK | PD | Programming/External flash directly | 3.3V | |
| 31 | SPI_MISO | PD | Programming/External flash directly | 3.3V | |
| 30 | SPI_MOSI | PD | Programming/External flash directly | 3.3V | |
| 29 | VIN_3V3 | | Supply for TPS64988 circuitry and I/O. Current 50 mA | 3.3V | |
| 28 | VIN_5V | Power | System 5V power source (PPHV1, PPHV2, PP1_CABLE, PP2_CABLE). 500 mA. | 5V | |
| 27 | VIN_5V | Power | System 5V power source (PPHV1, PPHV2, PP1_CABLE, PP2_CABLE). 500 mA. | 5V | |
| 26 | CONN_EN | Enable | Signal + / GND to inform the T-USB board of being connected | | |

RPI FPC 22 pins

| Pin | Code | Type | Details | Voltage |
|-----|------|-------|---------|---------|
| 1 | GND | Power | Ground | |

| Pin | Code | Type | Details | Voltage |
|-----|----------|-------|-------------------------------|---------|
| 2 | CAM_D0_N | Data | MIPI Data Lane 0 Negative | |
| 3 | CAM_D0_P | Data | MIPI Data Lane 0 Positive | |
| 4 | GND | Power | Ground | |
| 5 | CAM_D1_N | Data | MIPI Data Lane 1 Negative | |
| 6 | CAM_D1_P | Data | MIPI Data Lane 1 Positive | |
| 7 | GND | Power | Ground | |
| 8 | CAM_CK_N | Data | MIPI Clock Lane Negative | |
| 9 | CAM_CK_P | Data | MIPI Clock Lane Positive | |
| 10 | GND | Power | Ground | |
| 11 | CAM_D2_N | Data | MIPI Data Lane 2 Negative | |
| 12 | CAM_D2_P | Data | MIPI Data Lane 2 Positive | |
| 13 | GND | Power | Ground | |
| 14 | CAM_D3_N | Data | MIPI Data Lane 3 Negative | |
| 15 | CAM_D3_P | Data | MIPI Data Lane 3 Positive | |
| 16 | GND | Power | Ground | |
| 17 | CAM_IO0 | Power | Power Enable | |
| 18 | CAM_IO1 | LED | LED Indicator | |
| 19 | GND | Power | Ground | |
| 20 | SCL | I2C | I2C SCL | |
| 21 | SDA | I2C | SCCB serial Interface data IO | |
| 22 | VCC | Power | 3.3V Power Supply | |

Ziloo Camera Module 34 pin connector

Just to be clear: All CSI lanes are laid out on one side of the connector with GND between.

Pin 1 is indicated on the board by a dot.

Toward thin part with microphone and other sensors

| Pin | Code | Type | Details | Voltage |
|-----|----------|-------|----------------------------------|---------|
| 1 | AF_VDD | Power | Reserved for Autofocus | 3.3V |
| 2 | AVDD_2V8 | Power | Analog, Max 500mA | 2.8V |
| 3 | DOVDD | Power | Power for I/O circuit, Max 500mA | 1.8V |
| 4 | VCC_1V8 | Power | 1.8V ,MAX 200mA | 1.8V |
| 5 | GND | Power | GND | |

| Pin | Code | Type | Details | Voltage |
|-----|------------|--------|-------------------------------------|---------|
| 6 | CAM_FSIN | I/O | Frame sync input | |
| 7 | CAM_STROBE | I/O | Frame sync output | |
| 8 | EXTCLK | Input | External Clock Input (MCLK) | |
| 9 | ATT_INT | Output | Interrupt Attached Sensor, Active L | 1.8V? |
| 10 | ATT_XSHUT | Input | Attached Sensor XSHUTDOWN | 1.8V |
| 11 | Reserved | AF/PWM | PWM Motor control (NC) | |
| 12 | I2C_SCL | I/O | I2C?_SCL(pullup resistor 2.2K) | 1.8V |
| 13 | I2C_SDA | I/O | I2C?_SDA(pullup resistor 2.2K) | 1.8V |
| 14 | BCLK / SCK | I2S | Bit clock line | 1.8V |
| 15 | WS / LRCLK | I2S | Word clock line | 1.8V |
| 16 | SDATA1 | I2S | Input data 1 | 1.8V |
| 17 | SDATA2 | I2S | Input data 2 (NC) | 1.8V |

Towards image sensors

| Pin | Code | Type | Details | Voltage |
|-----|-------------|--------|---------------------------------|---------|
| 34 | AGND | Power | Analog ground | |
| 33 | RESET | Input | Camera Reset, Active Low (RSTB) | |
| 32 | PWRDN | Input | Camera Power Down | |
| 31 | Reserved | | | |
| 30 | Reserved | | | |
| 29 | - | | GND | |
| 28 | CSI_RX_D0P | Camera | MIPI_CSI_RX_D0+ | 1.8V |
| 27 | CSI_RX_D0N | Camera | MIPI_CSI_RX_D0- | 1.8V |
| 26 | - | | GND | |
| 25 | CSI_RX_D1P | Camera | MIPI_CSI_RX_D1+ | 1.8V |
| 24 | CSI_RX_D1N | Camera | MIPI_CSI_RX_D1- | 1.8V |
| 23 | - | | GND | |
| 22 | CSI_RX_D2P | Camera | MIPI_CSI_RX_D2+ | 1.8V |
| 21 | CSI_RX_D2N | Camera | MIPI_CSI_RX_D2- | 1.8V |
| 20 | - | | GND | |
| 19 | CSI_RX_CLKP | Camera | MIPI_CSI_RX_CLK+ | 1.8V |
| 18 | CSI_RX_CLKN | Camera | MIPI_CSI_RX_CLK- | 1.8V |