Sources of Misperception - Preliminary Analyses

Patrick Kraft
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Load data, basic sociodemographics

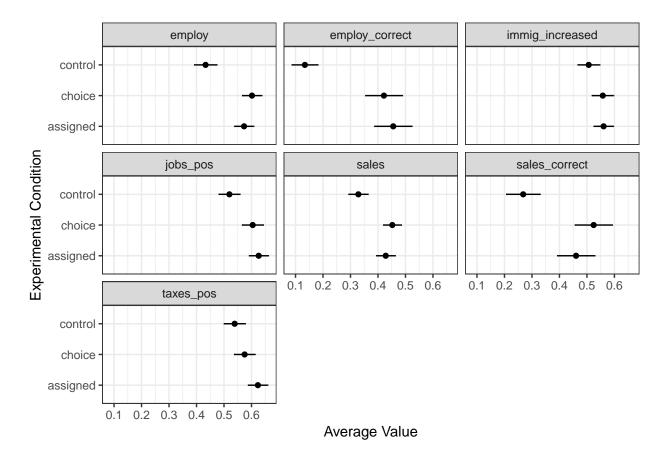
```
### Packages
library(here)
library(readr)
library(tidyverse)

### Functions
se <- function(x, na.rm = T){
    sd(x, na.rm = na.rm)/sqrt(length(na.omit(x)))
}
cilo <- function(x, na.rm = T){
    mean(x, na.rm = na.rm) - qnorm(.975) * se(x, na.rm)
}
cihi <- function(x, na.rm = T){
    mean(x, na.rm = na.rm) + qnorm(.975) * se(x, na.rm)
}

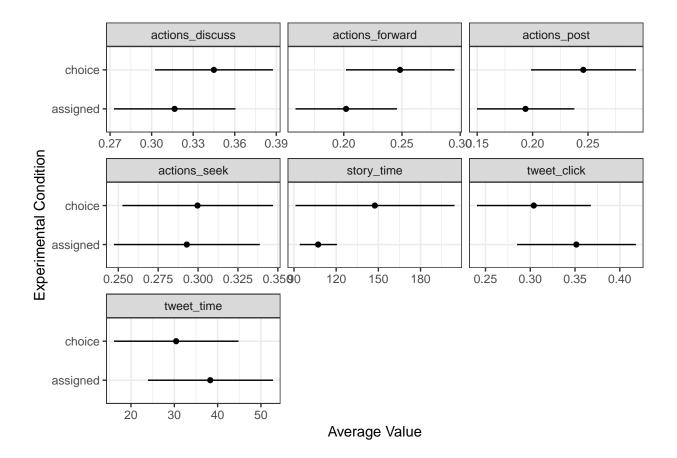
### Load cleaned data
dat <- read_csv(here("data/immigration_20191219_clean.csv"))</pre>
```

Main analysis

H1a-H1c: control vs. forced exposure vs. free choice

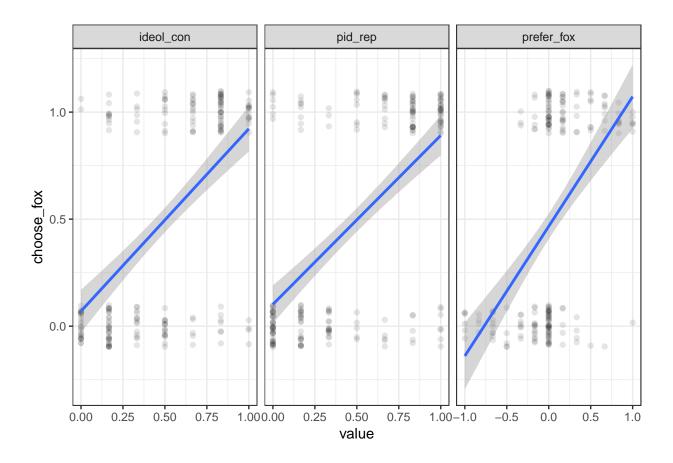


Additional outcomes not measured in control condition



H2a-H2c: Determinants of media choice

- ## Warning: Removed 4 rows containing non-finite values (stat_smooth).
- ## Warning: Removed 4 rows containing missing values (geom_point).

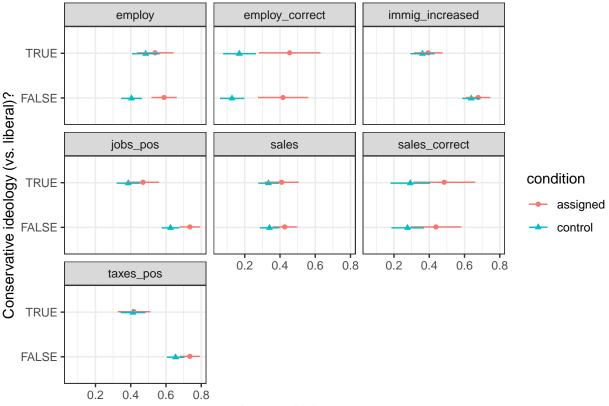


H3a-H3c: Effects of corrective information conditional on preferred media choice

```
Conditional effect of being assigned to Fox News
plot_df <- dat %>%
  filter((condition != "choice") & (tweet != "msnbc") & (ideol_con != .5)) %>%
  mutate(ideol_con = ideol_con>.5) %>%
  select(condition, employ, employ_correct, sales, sales_correct,
         immig_increased, taxes_pos, jobs_pos, ideol_con) %>%
  gather(variable, value, -condition, -ideol_con) %>%
  group_by(condition, variable, ideol_con) %>%
  summarize all(list(mean = ~mean, cilo = ~cilo, cihi = ~cihi), na.rm = T)
ggplot(plot_df, aes(x = mean, xmin = cilo, xmax = cihi, y = ideol_con,
                    shape = condition, col = condition)) +
  theme_bw() + labs(y = "Conservative ideology (vs. liberal)?", x = "Average Value") +
  geom_point(position = position_nudge(y = .01 - .02 * (plot_df$condition == "control"))) +
  geom_errorbarh(height = 0, position = position_nudge(y = .01 - .02 * (plot_df$condition == "control")
  facet_wrap(~variable)
## Warning in if (params$y != 0) {: the condition has length > 1 and only the
## first element will be used
```

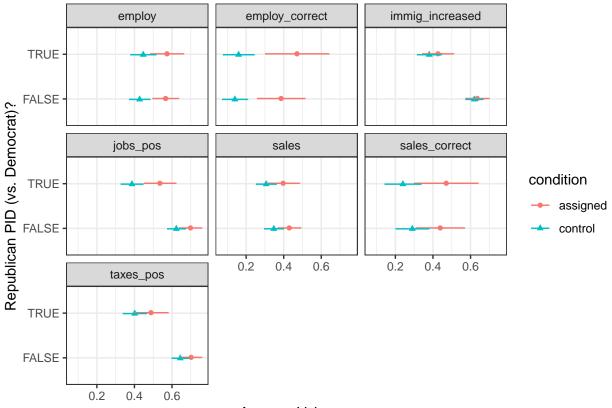
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first element will be used



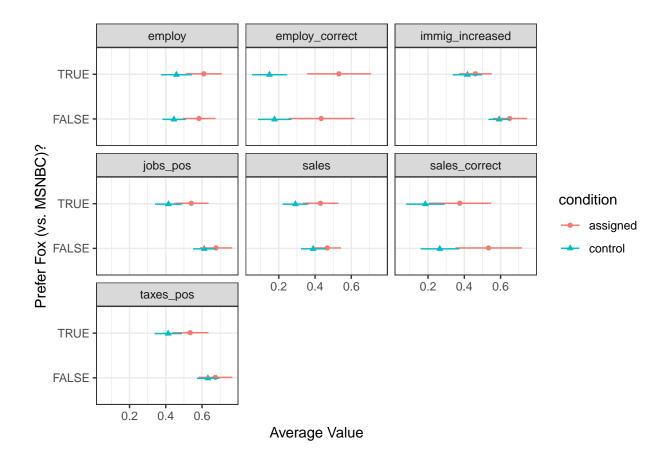
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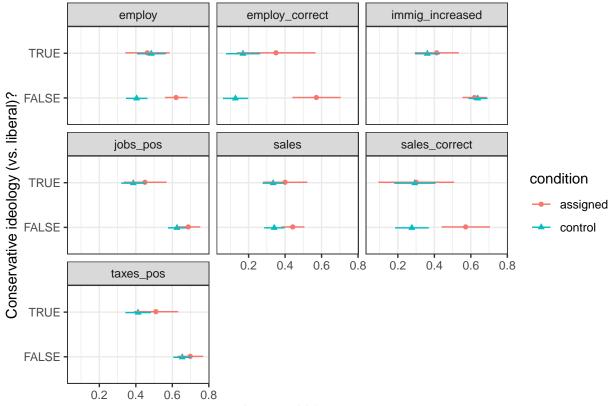
^{##} Warning in if (params\$y != 0) {: the condition has length > 1 and only the ## first element will be used



Conditional effect of being assigned to MSNBC

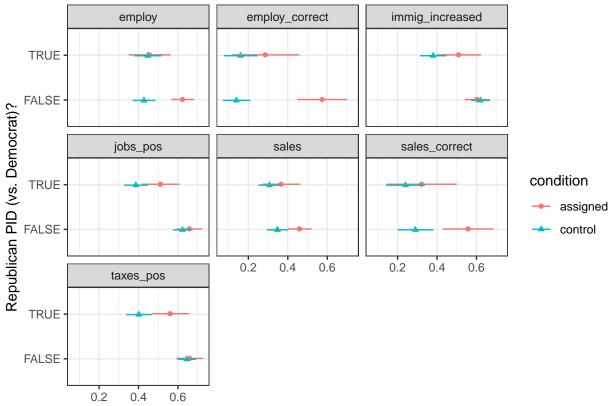
first element will be used

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plot_df <- dat %>%
  filter((condition != "choice") & (tweet != "fox") & (ideol_con != .5)) %>%
  mutate(ideol_con = ideol_con>.5) %>%
  select(condition, employ, employ_correct, sales, sales_correct,
         immig_increased, taxes_pos, jobs_pos, ideol_con) %>%
  gather(variable, value, -condition, -ideol_con) %>%
  group_by(condition, variable, ideol_con) %>%
  summarize_all(list(mean = ~mean, cilo = ~cilo, cihi = ~cihi), na.rm = T)
ggplot(plot_df, aes(x = mean, xmin = cilo, xmax = cihi, y = ideol_con,
                    shape = condition, col = condition)) +
  theme_bw() + labs(y = "Conservative ideology (vs. liberal)?", x = "Average Value") +
  geom_point(position = position_nudge(y = .01 - .02 * (plot_df$condition == "control"))) +
  geom_errorbarh(height = 0, position = position_nudge(y = .01 - .02 * (plot_df$condition == "control")
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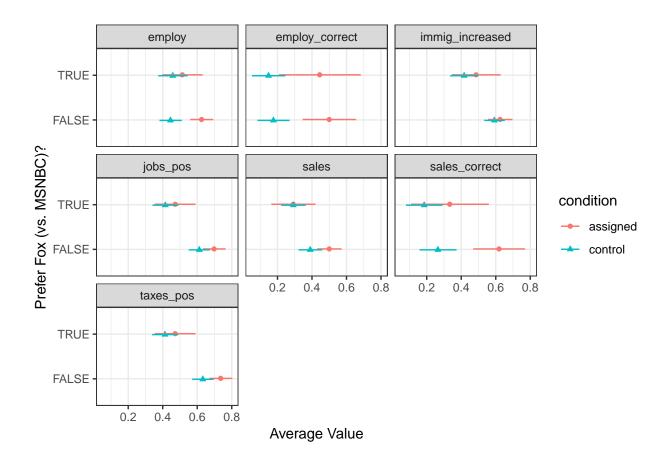
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Next steps:

Estimate average choice-specific treatment effect (ACTE) following Knox et al. (2019)