# Documentation projet étude du BLE

# Stage Master 1

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# Avril/Juin 2020

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#### 1 Web interface

The interface is quite simple, it consists of controls to start/stop scans at the top left, a map of located devices, logs from Mirage execution in back-end and last but no least the list of found devices as well as connections. Each row contain informations who can later be used to launch attacks from the CLI using Mirage.

The map scales to the farthest device found, other distances are scaled relatively to it. In the picture below we can see the map is using the blue circle having a radius of 5.62 meters as it's scale. The nearest device, yellow one, only at 79 cm is much smaller and close to our point, which is the centered black spot.

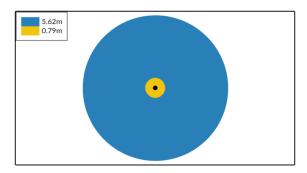


Figure 1: Map of located devices

# 2 Locate

 $Module \ \verb|ble_locate| at \verb|src/modules/ble_locate|.py|, locate nearby BLE devices and sniff connections.$ 

#### 2.1 Parameters

| Parameter    | default value      | possible value       | description   |
|--------------|--------------------|----------------------|---|
| ENVIRONMENT  | _FA©TOR            | 0 to 4               | losses due to<br>environment, 0 is<br>space, 4 is confined                                  |
| INTERFACE    | microbit0          | microbitX            | micro:bit board to use  |
| TIME         | 5                  |                      | Scan duration   |
| DEVICE_CALLE | 3ACKNone           | print                | callback to use for<br>periodic updates<br>during scan                                      |
| CONNECTION_  | CAL <b>NB</b> nAcK | print                | callback to use for<br>periodic updates<br>during scan                                      |
| WINDOW       | 20                 |                      | size of RSSI<br>samples on which<br>sum is calculated to<br>obtain actual RSSI              |
| SCAN_TYPE    | all                | devices, connections | scan realised,<br>micro:bit can only<br>sniff wether devices<br>or connections at a<br>time |

Use mirage CLI entrypoint to issue commands:

libs/mirage/mirage\_launcher ble\_locate

3 Man In The Middle

### 4 Hijack

As explained in the corresponding documentation<sup>1</sup>, this integrated Mirage module named ble\_hijack allows to:

sniff an established connection, synchronize to it and jam the packet emitted by the slave. As a consequence, if the master reachs its timeout value, it disconnects from the slave device and the attacker is able to communicate with the slave device instead of him..

Also, the module is based on ble\_sniff to identify target connection and only hijacks the connection, as stated in the documentation:

this module needs ble\_sniff, and cannot be used alone. Indeed, when the connection is hijacked, the module terminates its execution, allowing to run another module, such as ble master or ble discover.

The module can wait for new connections to be created in order to sniff connection parameters required to follow the connection (sniffing mode new connections<sup>2</sup>) or try to synchronize with an existing connection by recovering connection parameters over time (sniffing mode existing connections<sup>3</sup>).

#### 4.1 Parameters

An interesting parameter is that you can provied a pcap file to capture the attack and analyze it later using *Wireshark*. In order to be able to capture the traffic pass PCAP\_FILE=/path/to/file.pcap where /path/to/file.pcap is an absolute path to a non-existent file.

For all possible parameters, refer to the module documentation<sup>4</sup>.

Use mirage CLI entrypoint to issue commands:

```
# Hijack then capture connection with a shell as master
libs/mirage/mirage_launcher "ble_hijack|ble_master" HIJACKING_MODE=existingConnections
# equivalent to launching ble_sniff directly
libs/mirage/mirage_launcher "ble_sniff|ble_master" INTERFACE=microbitO SNIFFING_MODE=exis
```

 $<sup>^{1}</sup> https://homepages.laas.fr/rcayre/mirage-documentation/blemodules.html\#id87$ 

 $<sup>^2</sup> https://homepages.laas.fr/rcayre/mirage-documentation/blemodules.html\#hijacking-a-new-connection$ 

 $<sup>^3</sup> https://homepages.laas.fr/rcayre/mirage-documentation/blemodules.html\#hijacking-an-existing-connection$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>https://homepages.laas.fr/rcayre/mirage-documentation/blemodules.html#id95

#### 5 Tests

The project provide a test network mocking a slave and BLE master based on Mirage ble\_slave and ble\_master modules. Those modules are customised using scenarios MockMaster and MockSlave found in poc/src/scenarios. The scenarios add CLI parameters to modify their behaviors besides those used by their modules.

#### 5.1 MockSlave

| Parameter | default value | possible value | description                                       |
|-----------|---------------|----------------|---|
| INTERFACE | hci0          | hciX           | hci device to use                                 |
| SCENARIO  | MockSlave     |                | scenario to use                                   |
| NAME      | Test Slave    |                | local name emitted in the advertisement           |
| PAIRING   | yes           |                | enable pairing                                    |
| TXPOWER   | -55           |                | signal strength measured 1 meter away from device |

#### 5.2 MockMaster

| Parameter                     | default value                    | possible value | description   |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|---|
| INTERFACE<br>SCENARIO<br>NAME | hci1<br>MockMaster<br>Test Slave | hciX           | hci device to use<br>scenario to use<br>local name used to<br>iddentify target<br>slave |
| PAIRING                       | yes                              |                | enable pairing  |
| TARGET                        | scan for slave                   | BD address     | slave BD address,<br>scan devices if<br>empty   |
| REQUESTS                      | 10                               |                | number of requests issued to slave device during the connection                         |
| INTERVAL                      | 3                                |                | time in seconds<br>between each<br>request to slave                                     |

Use mirage CLI entrypoint to issue commands:

# start slave

libs/mirage/mirage\_launcher ble\_slave

# start master

libs/mirage/mirage\_launcher ble\_master

Use --debug switch to activate debug mode and see exception traces.

Be aware that mirage will stay in foreground while executing thus blocking the CLI until it finishes, use & parameter to start a task in background, even if it's recommended to start each mirage task in it's own shell for output readability.