Detection and replication of epistasis influencing human transcription

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Outline

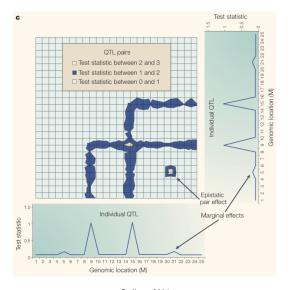
- Epistasis
- Study design
- 3 Results
- 4 Acknowledgements

Epistasis

Definition

The effect on the phenotype caused by locus A depends on the genotype at locus B

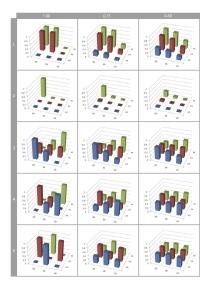
Two dimensional GWAS







Impact of LD on detecting epistasis



Multiple testing problem

Curse of dimensionality

As the dimensionality of the search increases the background noise drowns out all real biological signals

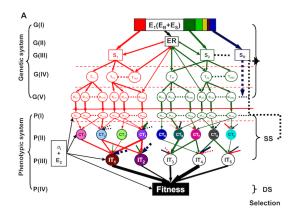
$$N_{\text{tests}} = \frac{m \times (m-1)}{2}$$

e.g. 500000k SNPs $\rightarrow 1.25 \times 10^{11}$ tests

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Expression traits likely have larger effect sizes



Discovery data

- BSGS data 842 individuals
- Gene expression on whole blood
- 7339 traits with $n \ge 90\%$
- 528,509 SNPs

Replication data

- Fehrmann
 - n = 1240
 - Identical SNP chip and expression chip
- EGCUT
 - n = 891
 - Identical SNP chip and expression chip
- CHDWB
 - n = 139
 - Different SNP chip, same expression chip

Computation

Total number of tests

528,509 pairwise SNPs \times 7,339 traits = 1.02 quadrillion tests

epiGPU software

Performs ${\sim}12$ million association tests per second

GPU clusters

Supercomputers with 10s or 100s of GPUs can do this in a few weeks

Analysis outline

- Discovery scan
- Filtering of results based on threshold etc
- 3 Filtering based on interaction vs genetic effects
- Replication in independent samples

Discovery and filtering

Perform 8 d.f. test for full genetic effect (additive + dominance + epistasis) at each SNP pair

Results

- Significance threshold $T = 2.91 \times 10^{-16}$
- ② Remove SNP pairs with any class size < 5
- **3** Remove SNP pairs with LD $r^2 > 0.1$ or D' > 0.1
- Keep the sentinel SNP pair for each chromosome × chromosome × trait
- 11155 SNP pairs remain
- Perform nested test of full genetic model (8 d.f.) vs marginal model (a + d, 4 d.f.)
- Keep 4 d.f. interaction effects with p < 0.05/11155

501 significant interaction SNP pairs

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501 significant interactions in 238 expression traits

Genomic positions

- 47 cis-cis
- 441 cis-trans
- 13 trans-trans

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Marginal effects ($p < 1.0 \times 10^{-10}$)

- 9 between two main effects
- 428 with only one main effect
- 64 with no main effects

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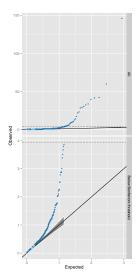
Largest epistatic variance component

- 120 A x A
- 255 A x D
- 126 D x D

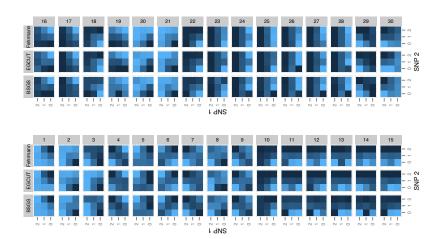
Replication

- Only 20 SNP pairs passed filtering in CHDWB
- 434 SNPs pairs passed QC in both EGCUT and Fehrmann
- 30 were significant for interaction p-values (p < 0.05/434) in EGCUT and Fehrmann

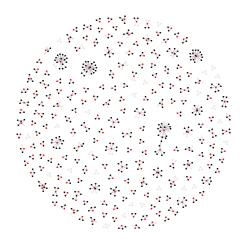
Q-Q plots of replication interaction p-values



Bonferroni level replicated GP maps



Map of interactions



TMEM149





Chr 19 x 6 rs8106959 x rs6926382



Chr 19 x 1 rs8106959 x rs914940



Chr 19 x 4 rs8106959 x rs2351458



Chr 19 x 2 rs8106959 x rs6718480



Chr 19 x 8 rs8106959 x rs1843357



Chr 19 x 13 rs8106959 x rs9509428



Chr 19 x 3 rs8106959 x rs10937361



Chr 19 x 10 rs8106959 x rs10508289



Chr 19 x 11 rs8106959 x rs471728



Chr 19 x 14 rs8106959 x rs17719594



Chr 19 x 12 rs8106959 x rs1401098



Chr 19 x 7 rs8106959 x rs2539000



Chr 19 x 17 rs8106959 x rs7213338



Chr 19 x 9 rs8106959 x rs10819626



Chr 21 x 19 rs2839013 x rs8106959



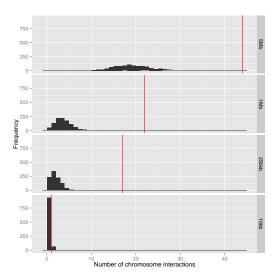
Chr 19 x 5 rs8106959 x rs2731711



Chr 19 x 18 rs8106959 x rs1557335



Chromosome interactions



Contribution relative to additive effects

At the same threshold (2.91×10^{-16})

- 453 expression traits have a significant additive effect
- 238 have a significant interaction effect

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At the same threshold (2.91×10^{-16})

- Significant additive effects explain 1.73% of phenotypic variance of 7339 traits
- Significant epistatic effects explain 0.25% (seven times less)

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