

Databases

Installing a DBMS (PostgreSQL)

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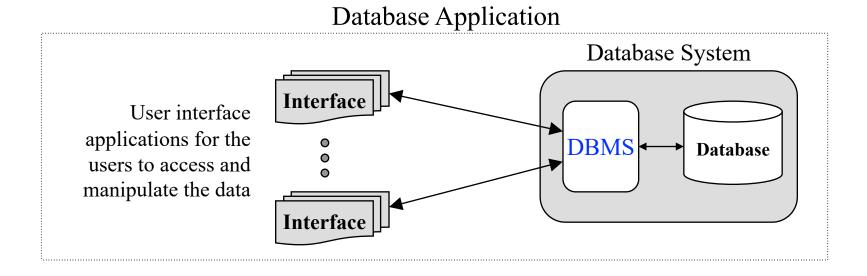
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Outline

- Database Management Systems (DBMSs)
- Installation of PostgreSQL
 - psql
 - pgadmin
- Setup the database for the demos seen in the T and TP lessons

Database Management System (DBMS)

A Database Management System (DBMS) is software package to define, manipulate, retrieve and manage data in a database



Some Alternatives Available

Commercial









Open source











Lightweight (not a server)

NoSQL column-oriented

Oracle Database

- Commonly referred to as Oracle DBMS or simply as Oracle
 - Oracle Corporation

DATABASE

- First version in 1979, Oracle v2
- Current version: Oracle Database 21c
- Multi-model database management system
- Commonly used for running Online Transaction Processing (OLTP), Data Warehousing (DW) and mixed (OLTP & DW) workloads
- Available by several service providers on-prem, on-cloud, or as hybrid cloud installation
- One of the the most complete and most used commercial DBMSs
 - It has been a market driver for many years!

PostgreSQL

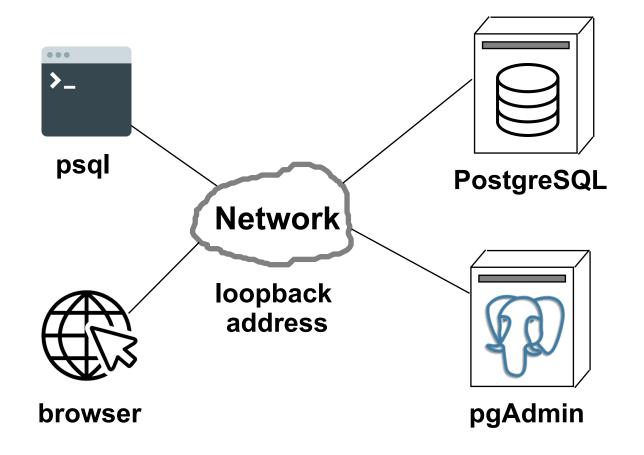
- Free and open-source, commonly referred to as Postgres
 - University of California, Berkeley
 - First version in 1997, release 6.0 (successor to the Ingres database)
- PostgreSQL

- Current version: 16
- Relational database management system (RDBMS), emphasizing extensibility and SQL compliance
- Is available for Linux, FreeBSD, OpenBSD, and Windows
- Many organizations use PostgreSQL as the primary database, e.g.:
 - Instagram, TripAdvisor, WhitePages.com, MusicBrainz, BASF, Sony Online

What are we going to do next?

- Install PostgreSQL
 - psql
 - pgadmin
- Setup the database for the exercises in the following lessons
 - Create user, database and schema
 - Create tables

The Outcome Will Be...



Native Installation of PostgreSQL

- Download the certified installer for the latest version from:
 - https://www.postgresql.org/download/
- Run the installer
 - Select what you want to install
 - pgadmin can be installed together with the DBMS
 - psql can also be installed (select Command Line Tools)
 - Set the directory where the database files will be stored
 - Define the password (postgres) for the postgres user (default superuser)
 - Select the port number to be used to connect to the server (default is 5432)
 - Note: remove Stack Builder Check option after installation

Native Installation of PostgreSQL

- Access the database via *psql* (important!)
 - Windows: add C:\Program Files\PostgreSQL\16\bin to PATH environment variable
 - Linux/macOS:
 - edit file ~/.bash_profile: nano ~/.bash_profile
 - add line: export PATH=/Library/PostgreSQL/16/bin:\$PATH exit nano (ctr+x)
 - reload: source ~/.bash_profile
 - Connect: psql -d postgres -U postgres

Practical Exercises

Solve the practical exercises made available for this class

Q&A





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