

## HW4 Report

Computer Vision  
Section 02  
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### ● HW 4

#### - Purpose

This is a program that read image "moon.png" and do histogram equalization. Original image and equalized image are input, draw histogram(bin = 16) and put the value , number of each component of a normalized histogram(bin = 8) of the input image, on the image.

#### - Principle

int cvRound(double value)

Rounds floating-point number to the nearest integer.

void cv::calcHist(const Mat \* images, int nimages, const int \* channels, InputArray mask, OutputArray hist, int dims, const int \* histSize, const float \*\* ranges, bool uniform = true, bool accumulate = false )

Calculates a histogram of a set of arrays.

void cv::normalize (InputArray src, InputOutputArray dst, double alpha = 1, double beta = 0, int norm\_type = NORM\_L2, int dtype = -1, InputArray mask = noArray() )

Normalizes the norm or value range of an array.

void cv::equalizeHist(InputArray src, OutputArray dst )

Equalizes the histogram of a grayscale image.

#### - Process

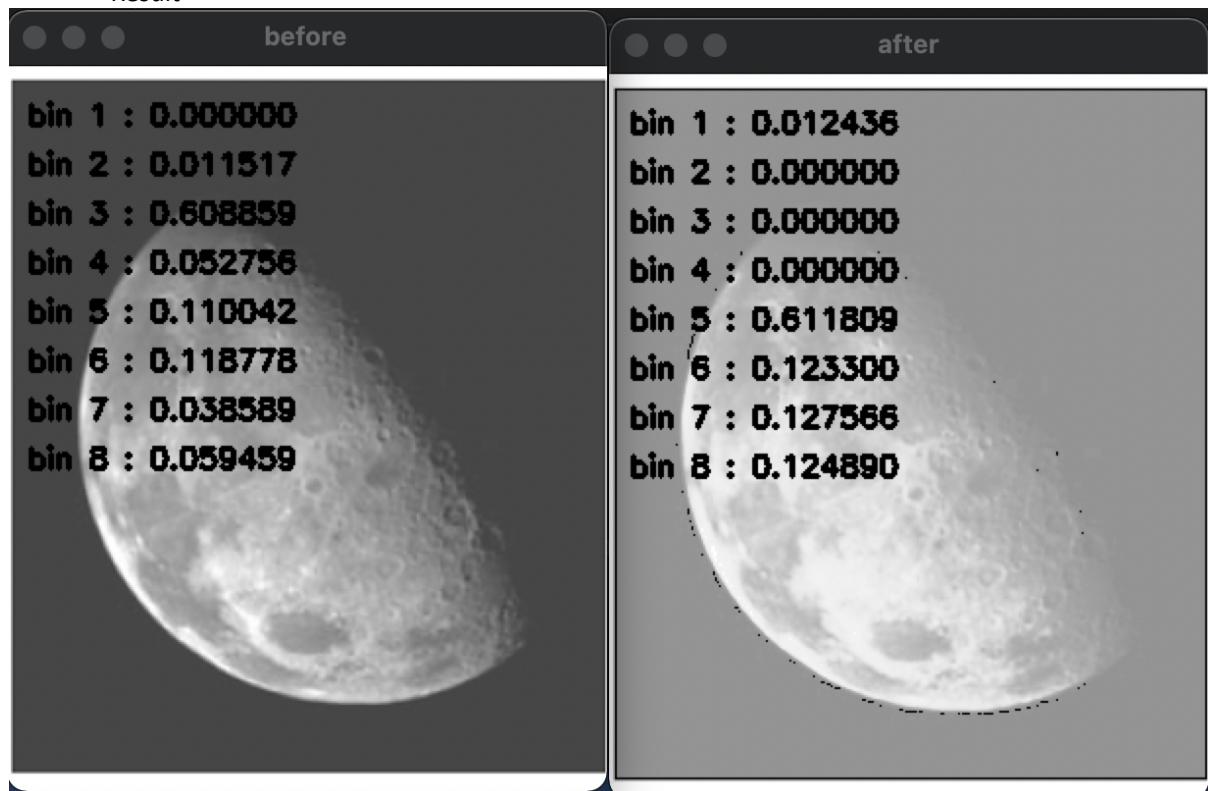
Read "moon.png" image and perform histogram equalization.

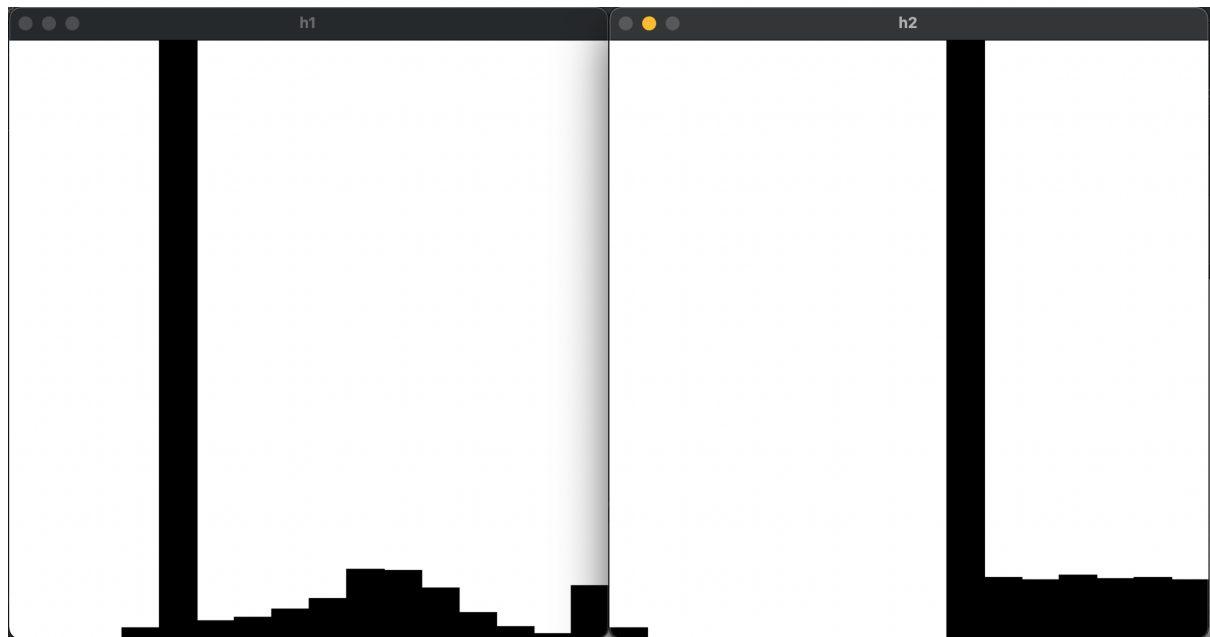
Draw histogram of each image.(bin = 16)

Put the value , number of each component of a normalized histogram(bin = 8) of the input image, on the image.  
(bin = 8)

Display output image.

#### - Result





- Code

```
#include "opencv2/opencv.hpp"
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
using namespace cv;

Mat drawHistogram(Mat src){
    Mat hist, histImage;
    int hist_w, hist_h, bin_w, histSize;
    float range[] = {0,256};
    const float* histRange = {range};
    hist_w = 512;
    hist_h = 512;
    histSize = 16;
    bin_w = cvRound((double)hist_w/histSize);
    histImage = Mat(hist_h, hist_w, CV_8UC3, Scalar(255, 255, 255));
    calcHist(&src, 1, 0, Mat(), hist, 1, &histSize, &histRange);
    normalize(hist, hist, 0, histImage.rows, NORM_MINMAX, -1, Mat());
    for(int i = 0; i < histSize; i++){
        rectangle(histImage, Point(bin_w * i, hist_h), Point(bin_w * i + hist_w/histSize, hist_h - cvRound(hist.at<float>(i))), Scalar(0, 0, 0), -1);
    }
    return histImage;
}
```

```

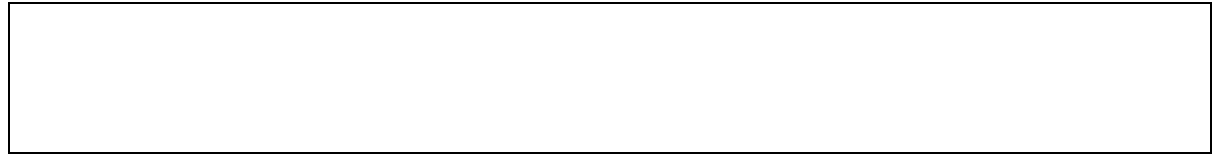
Mat draw_component_number(Mat src){
    Mat hist, histImage;
    int hist_w,hist_h,bin_w,histSize;
    float range[] = {0,256};
    const float* histRange = {range};
    hist_w = 512;
    hist_h = 512;
    histSize = 8;
    bin_w = cvRound((double)hist_w/histSize);

    histImage = Mat(hist_h, hist_w, CV_8UC3, Scalar(255, 255,
255));
    calcHist(&src,1, 0, Mat(), hist, 1, &histSize, &histRange);
    int plus = 0;
    for(int i = 0;i <histSize;i++)
    {
        plus+=cvRound(hist.at<float>(i));
    }
    for(int i = 0;i <histSize;i++){
        putText(src,format("bin %d : %f",i+1,hist.at<float>(i)/pl
us),
Point(10,30+25*i),FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX,0.5,Scalar(0,200,200)
,2);
    }
    return src;
}

int main() {
    Mat image;
    Mat hist_equalized_image;
    Mat hist_graph;
    Mat hist_equalized_graph;

    image = imread("moon.png",0);
    if (!image.data) exit(1);
    equalizeHist(image, hist_equalized_image);
    hist_graph = drawHistogram(image);
    hist_equalized_graph=drawHistogram(hist_equalized_image);
    image = draw_component_number(image);
    hist_equalized_image=draw_component_number(hist_equalized
_image);
    imshow("before", image);
    imshow("after", hist_equalized_image);
    imshow("h1", hist_graph);
    imshow("h2", hist_equalized_graph);
    waitKey(0);
    return 0;
}

```



- References

<https://docs.opencv.org/master/>