## **HW10 Report**

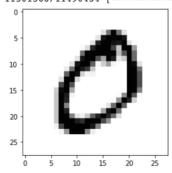
Computer Vision Section 02 21800181 Kim Jisu

## ☐ HW 10

## - Result

```
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
import numpy as np
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt

(x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = keras.datasets.mnist.load_data()
#x_train.shape
# type(x_train[0,0,0])
x_train = x_train.astype('float32') / 255.
n=1
plt.imshow(x_train[n], cmap='Greys', interpolation='nearest')
plt.show()
```



```
[2] x_train = x_train.reshape(x_train.shape[0], 28, 28, 1)
    #x_train.shape
    x_test = x_test.reshape(x_test.shape[0], 28, 28, 1)
    input_shape = (28, 28, 1)
    #input_shape
    y_train[0:10]
```

array([5, 0, 4, 1, 9, 2, 1, 3, 1, 4], dtype=uint8)

```
[4] import sys
    import tensorflow as tf
    import keras
    from keras.models import Sequential
    from keras.layers import Dense, Dropout, Flatten
    from keras.layers.convolutional import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D
    import numpy as np
    np.random.seed(7)
[5] model = Sequential()
    model.add(Conv2D(32, kernel_size=(5, 5), strides=(1, 1), padding='same',
                     activation='relu',
                     input_shape=input_shape))
    model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2), strides=(2, 2)))
    model.add(Conv2D(64, (2, 2), activation='relu', padding='same'))
    model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
    model.add(Dropout(0.25))
    model.add(Flatten())
    model.add(Dense(1000, activation='relu'))
    model.add(Dropout(0.5))
    model.add(Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax'))
[6] model = Sequential()
    model.add(Conv2D(32, kernel_size=(5, 5), strides=(1, 1), padding='same',
                     activation='relu',
                     input_shape=input_shape))
    model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2), strides=(2, 2)))
[7] model.add(Conv2D(64, (2, 2), activation='relu', padding='same'))
    model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
    model.add(Dropout(0.25))
[8] model.add(Flatten())
    model.add(Dense(1000, activation='relu'))
    model.add(Dropout(0.5))
    model.add(Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax'))
```

## model.summary()

Model: "sequential\_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 28, 28, 32)	832
<pre>max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling 2D)</pre>	(None, 14, 14, 32)	0
conv2d_3 (Conv2D)	(None, 14, 14, 64)	8256
<pre>max_pooling2d_3 (MaxPooling 2D)</pre>	(None, 7, 7, 64)	0
dropout_2 (Dropout)	(None, 7, 7, 64)	0
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, 3136)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 1000)	3137000
dropout_3 (Dropout)	(None, 1000)	0
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 10)	10010

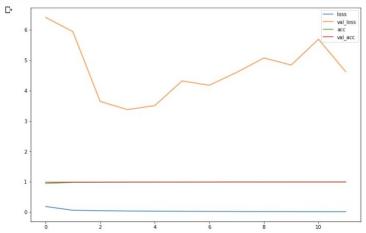
.....

Total params: 3,156,098 Trainable params: 3,156,098 Non-trainable params: 0

```
batch_size = 128
epochs = 12
model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=['accuracy'])
hist = model.fit(x_train, y_train,
batch_size=batch_size, epochs=epochs,
verbose=1, validation_data=(x_test, y_test))
C. Epoch 1/12
```

```
469/469 r==
           Epoch 2/12
469/469 [===
Epoch 3/12
                469/469 [====
Epoch 4/12
469/469 [====
Epoch 5/12
                =========] - 89s 190ms/step - loss: 0.0472 - accuracy: 0.9854 - val_loss: 3.6443 - val_accuracy: 0.9905
                    ========] - 89s 189ms/step - loss: 0.0322 - accuracy: 0.9897 - val_loss: 3.5066 - val_accuracy: 0.9931
469/469 [==
Epoch 6/12
469/469 [==
Epoch 7/12
                  =========] - 89s 189ms/step - loss: 0.0269 - accuracy: 0.9914 - val_loss: 4.3183 - val_accuracy: 0.9922
469/469 [==
Epoch 8/12
                    ========] - 89s 190ms/step - loss: 0.0237 - accuracy: 0.9922 - val_loss: 4.1772 - val_accuracy: 0.9925
                     =========] - 88s 188ms/step - loss: 0.0210 - accuracy: 0.9933 - val_loss: 4.5999 - val_accuracy: 0.9929
469/469 [==
Epoch 9/12
                 ==========] - 87s 186ms/step - loss: 0.0201 - accuracy: 0.9936 - val_loss: 5.0729 - val_accuracy: 0.9924
469/469 [==
Epoch 10/12
469/469 [===
Epoch 11/12
                      ========] - 88s 188ms/step - loss: 0.0184 - accuracy: 0.9938 - val_loss: 4.8420 - val_accuracy: 0.9927
469/469 [===
Epoch 12/12
469/469 [===
                 =========] - 89s 189ms/step - loss: 0.0148 - accuracy: 0.9953 - val_loss: 5.6930 - val_accuracy: 0.9920
                   ==========] - 88s 188ms/step - loss: 0.0145 - accuracy: 0.9954 - val loss: 4.6198 - val accuracy: 0.9932
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
plt.plot(hist.history['loss'])
plt.plot(hist.history['val_loss'])
plt.plot(hist.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(hist.history['val_accuracy'])
plt.legend(['loss','val_loss', 'acc','val_acc'])
plt.show()
```



```
import random
    predicted_result = model.predict(x_test)
predicted_labels = np.argmax(predicted_result, axis=1)
    test_labels = np.argmax(y_test, axis=1)
    wrong_result = []
    for n in range(0, len(test_labels)):
     if predicted_labels[n] != test_labels[n]:
       wrong_result.append(n)
    samples = random.choices(population=wrong_result, k=16)
    count = 0
    nrows = ncols = 4
    plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
    for n in samples:
     count += 1
      plt.subplot(nrows, ncols, count)
     plt.imshow(x_test[n].reshape(28, 28), cmap='Greys', interpolation='nearest')
      tmp = "Label:" + str(test_labels[n]) + ", Prediction:" + str(predicted_labels[n])
      plt.title(tmp)
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.show()
```

