Exercise 10:

Foundations of Mathematical, WS24

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This is **exercise** 10 for Foundations of Mathematical, WS24. Generated on 2025-01-27 with 10 problems per section.

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1. Problems

1.1. Vector Arithmetic

1.1.1. Addition

Find the sum of the following vectors $\mathbf{u}$ and $\mathbf{v}$

1. $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -6 \\ 3 \\ -7 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ -6 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$ $\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}$.

2. $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -6 \\ -8 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 4 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix}$ $\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}$.

3. $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -8 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ -4 \\ -10 \end{bmatrix}$ $\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}$.

4. $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -9 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ -6 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$ $\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}$.

5. $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 8 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 8 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$ $\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}$.

6. $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ -6 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 6 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$ $\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}$.

7. $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -9 \\ -5 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ -6 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$ $\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}$.

8. $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -9 \\ -4 \\ -8 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$ $\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}$.

9. $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ -5 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ 5 \\ -9 \end{bmatrix}$ $\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}$.

10. $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ 1 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 7 \\ -4 \end{bmatrix}$ $\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}$.

1.1.2. Subtraction

Find the difference of the following vectors $\mathbf{u}$ and $\mathbf{v}$

1. $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 2 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ -9 \\ -9 \end{bmatrix}$ $\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v}$.

2. $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ 9 \\ -10 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ $\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v}$.

3. $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ -7 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ -7 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ $\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v}$.

4. $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ 4 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 10 \\ -10 \end{bmatrix}$ $\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v}$.

5. $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -8 \\ -10 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -5 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ $\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v}$.

6. $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ -1 \\ -9 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$ $\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v}$.

7. $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -6 \\ 9 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} -8 \\ 10 \\ -4 \end{bmatrix}$ $\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v}$.

8. $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 9 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 7 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$ $\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v}$.

9. $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 3 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix}$ $\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v}$.

10. $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 9 \\ -8 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ 8 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$ $\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v}$.

1.1.3. Scalar Multiplication

Find the scalar product of the following vector $\mathbf{u}$ and scalar k

1. $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$ $5\mathbf{v}$.

2. $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 9 \\ -8 \end{bmatrix}$ $2\mathbf{v}$.

3. $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ 2 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix}$ $4\mathbf{v}$.

4. $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ $7\mathbf{v}$.

5. $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$ $6\mathbf{v}$.

6. $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 0 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$ $1\mathbf{v}$.

7. $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -4 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix}$ $0\mathbf{v}$.

8. $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -9 \\ -10 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$ $-3\mathbf{v}$.

9. $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ -1 \\ -7 \end{bmatrix}$ $10\mathbf{v}$.

10. $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -6 \\ -4 \end{bmatrix}$ $3\mathbf{v}$.

1.2. Matrix Arithmetic

1.2.1. Addition

Find the sum of the following matrices A and B

1.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & 1 & -2 \\ 3 & 0 & -3 \\ 5 & 8 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \tag{1}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & -6 & 2 \\ 0 & -4 & 9 \\ 2 & 2 & -7 \end{bmatrix} \tag{2}$$

2.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -8 & -5 & -1 \\ -5 & 2 & 5 \\ -3 & -8 & -9 \end{bmatrix} \tag{3}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -8 & 4 & 1 \\ 7 & 7 & -1 \\ 4 & -7 & -8 \end{bmatrix} \tag{4}$$

3.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -10 & -10 & -1 \\ 3 & -2 & -6 \\ -8 & 9 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \tag{5}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -6 & 2 & 9 \\ 6 & -9 & -7 \\ -10 & -4 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \tag{6}$$

4.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & -5 & -2 \\ -7 & 9 & -1 \\ 4 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \tag{7}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 9 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \\ -9 & -4 & -8 \end{bmatrix} \tag{8}$$

5.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -4 & 3 \\ -10 & -10 & 9 \\ 8 & -5 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \tag{9}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -5 & -7 \\ 5 & -6 & 1 \\ -8 & -6 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \tag{10}$$

6.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 2 \\ -4 & -1 & 6 \\ -3 & -7 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \tag{11}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -6 & 3 & 8 \\ -5 & -8 & 0 \\ 1 & -2 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \tag{12}$$

7.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 2 & 2 \\ 3 & 9 & 9 \\ -9 & 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \tag{13}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 2 & 7 \\ 7 & 5 & 3 \\ -6 & -8 & -9 \end{bmatrix} \tag{14}$$

8.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 0 & -3 \\ -1 & -9 & -8 \\ -6 & 7 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \tag{15}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -4 & 3 \\ -3 & -9 & 6 \\ 7 & 7 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \tag{16}$$

9.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & -1 & -4 \\ 2 & -8 & 5 \\ 4 & -2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \tag{17}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -9 & -6 & 6 \\ 3 & -1 & -2 \\ -10 & -4 & -8 \end{bmatrix} \tag{18}$$

10.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -10 & -3 & -2 \\ 7 & -8 & -10 \\ -5 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \tag{19}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & -3 & -4 \\ -5 & 0 & 1 \\ 6 & -2 & -6 \end{bmatrix} \tag{20}$$

1.2.2. Subtraction

Find the difference of the following matrices A and B

1.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -5 & 1 \\ 3 & 4 & 3 \\ 9 & -1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \tag{21}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -10 & 5 & -8 \\ 7 & -1 & 7 \\ 0 & 5 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \tag{22}$$

2.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -8 & 6 \\ -10 & 5 & 4 \\ 8 & 2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \tag{23}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -10 & 6 \\ -9 & 3 & -3 \\ 2 & 4 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \tag{24}$$

3.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & -8 & -1 \\ 8 & 6 & 6 \\ 6 & -4 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \tag{25}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & -8 \\ 4 & -4 & -1 \\ -6 & -3 & -6 \end{bmatrix} \tag{26}$$

4.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -7 & -3 & -1 \\ 9 & 3 & 0 \\ 9 & 5 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \tag{27}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -10 & -3 & -5 \\ -5 & -7 & -7 \\ -2 & -1 & -10 \end{bmatrix} \tag{28}$$

5.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 7 & -3 \\ -8 & -9 & 3 \\ -1 & -4 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \tag{29}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 9 & 1 \\ 6 & 1 & 8 \\ -6 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \tag{30}$$

6.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -6 & -8 & -3 \\ -3 & 1 & -6 \\ -5 & -10 & -9 \end{bmatrix} \tag{31}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 7 & 5 \\ 2 & 4 & -2 \\ -5 & 8 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \tag{32}$$

7.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & -5 & 2 \\ 4 & -4 & -6 \\ -5 & 7 & -8 \end{bmatrix} \tag{33}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & 1 & 8 \\ -4 & 9 & -5 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \tag{34}$$

8.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 0 \\ -7 & 8 & -5 \\ -10 & 0 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \tag{35}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -9 & 1 & 1 \\ -3 & 3 & 9 \\ 9 & -6 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \tag{36}$$

9.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -6 & 5 \\ -3 & -6 & -7 \\ -10 & -1 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \tag{37}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -6 & -9 & -1 \\ -10 & 9 & -9 \\ 4 & -6 & -10 \end{bmatrix} \tag{38}$$

10.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 1 & 6 \\ -8 & -2 & -8 \\ 2 & -3 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \tag{39}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 8 \\ 6 & -8 & -4 \\ 1 & 5 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \tag{40}$$

1.2.3. Multiplication

Find the product of the following matrices A and B

1.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 3 & 0 \\ 7 & 6 & -5 \\ 9 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \tag{41}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -8 & -8 \\ -2 & -2 & -2 \\ 6 & -7 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \tag{42}$$

2.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -6 & 8 & -9 \\ -6 & 4 & -8 \\ -8 & 5 & -9 \end{bmatrix} \tag{43}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & -3 & 2 \\ -4 & -8 & 1 \\ -9 & -2 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \tag{44}$$

3.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & -1 & 5 \\ 0 & 2 & 8 \\ -7 & 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \tag{45}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 5 & -9 \\ -9 & 5 & -1 \\ 7 & 7 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \tag{46}$$

4.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -9 & -7 & -1 \\ 1 & -10 & -1 \\ 8 & 2 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \tag{47}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -3 & 0 \\ 9 & -6 & -5 \\ 7 & 9 & -7 \end{bmatrix} \tag{48}$$

5.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 & 9 \\ 0 & -2 & 4 \\ -3 & -5 & -8 \end{bmatrix} \tag{49}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 6 & 8 \\ 1 & 1 & 9 \\ -9 & 8 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \tag{50}$$

6.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & -9 \\ 0 & -4 & 9 \\ -10 & -6 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \tag{51}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -7 & 5 \\ 6 & 7 & 1 \\ 9 & -8 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \tag{52}$$

7.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 9 & -5 \\ -5 & -5 & -6 \\ -9 & -5 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \tag{53}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & -9 & 0 \\ -2 & -1 & 7 \\ -4 & 6 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \tag{54}$$

8.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 6 & -3 \\ -2 & -1 & -3 \\ -3 & 6 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \tag{55}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & -8 & 9 \\ -4 & 2 & -5 \\ -6 & -3 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \tag{56}$$

9.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 9 & 4 \\ -9 & -8 & 4 \\ 0 & 7 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \tag{57}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -10 & 8 & -10 \\ 8 & -4 & -1 \\ -3 & -4 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \tag{58}$$

10.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 & -2 \\ -6 & -3 & -6 \\ -2 & -2 & -9 \end{bmatrix} \tag{59}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & 7 \\ -4 & 5 & -5 \\ 3 & 9 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \tag{60}$$

1.3. Matrix Properties

1.3.1. Properties

For each matrix A, find:

a) rank(A)

b) nullity(A)

c) det(A)

d) A^{-1} (if exists)

e) basis of ker(A)

1.
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & -4 \\ -4 & -1 & 5 \\ 3 & 1 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \tag{61}$$

2.
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 3 & 2 \\ -1 & 2 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \tag{62}$$

3.
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 3 & 3 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \tag{63}$$

4.
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -7 & 7 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & -6 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \tag{64}$$

5.
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \tag{65}$$

6.
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & -7 \\ 2 & -1 & -5 \\ -2 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \tag{66}$$

7.
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & -5 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \tag{67}$$

8.
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ -2 & -1 & 5 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \tag{68}$$

9.
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \tag{69}$$

10.
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & -10 \\ 1 & 1 & -6 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \tag{70}$$

1.3.2. RREF

Find the Reduced Row Echelon Form of the following matrix A

1.
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \tag{71}$$

2.
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ -6 & -3 & -14 \\ 4 & 2 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \tag{72}$$

3.
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \tag{73}$$

4.
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \tag{74}$$

5.
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \tag{75}$$

6.
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \tag{76}$$

7.
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \tag{77}$$

8.
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -8 & 0 \\ 2 & -3 & 0 \\ 2 & -3 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \tag{78}$$

9.
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \tag{79}$$

10.
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \tag{80}$$

1.4. Calculus

1.4.1. Limit

Calculate the following limits

1. Calculate the limit of the following expression:

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\log(x+1)}{x} \tag{81}$$

2. Calculate the limit of the following expression:

$$\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{x^2 - 1}{x - 1} \tag{82}$$

3. Calculate the limit of the following expression:

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\log(x + 1)}{x} \tag{83}$$

4. Calculate the limit of the following expression:

$$\lim_{x \to -3} -2 \tag{84}$$

5. Calculate the limit of the following expression:

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\log(x + 1)}{x} \tag{85}$$

6. Calculate the limit of the following expression:

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\log(x + 1)}{x} \tag{86}$$

7. Calculate the limit of the following expression:

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\log(x + 1)}{x} \tag{87}$$

8. Calculate the limit of the following expression:

$$\lim_{x \to 3} 3x^3 + 4x^2 - 4x - 1 \tag{88}$$

9. Calculate the limit of the following expression:

$$\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{x^2 - 1}{x - 1} \tag{89}$$

10. Calculate the limit of the following expression:

$$\lim_{x \to 1} 3x^2 + 4x + 4 \tag{90}$$

1.4.2. Derivative

Calculate the derivatives of the following expressions

1. Calculate the derivative of the following expression:

$$\log(x + 1) + \log(x^2 + 1) \tag{91}$$

2. Calculate the derivative of the following expression:

$$\log(x) \tag{92}$$

3. Calculate the derivative of the following expression:

$$e^{2x} + e^{x^2} \tag{93}$$

4. Calculate the derivative of the following expression:

$$\log(x+1) + \log(x^2+1) \tag{94}$$

5. Calculate the derivative of the following expression:

$$x^2 e^x \tag{95}$$

6. Calculate the derivative of the following expression:

$$e^{2x} + e^{x^2} \tag{96}$$

7. Calculate the derivative of the following expression:

$$e^x \tag{97}$$

8. Calculate the derivative of the following expression:

$$x^3 e^x \tag{98}$$

9. Calculate the derivative of the following expression:

$$\frac{x^2}{x^2+1} \tag{99}$$

10. Calculate the derivative of the following expression:

$$\log(x+1) + \log(x^2+1) \tag{100}$$

1.4.3. Integral

Calculate the indefinite and definite integrals of the following expressions

1. the indefinite integral and evaluate from 2 to 3:

$$\int \sqrt{4 - x^2}\, dx \tag{101}$$

2. the indefinite integral and evaluate from 2 to 5:

$$\int e^{-x^2}\, dx \tag{102}$$

3. the indefinite integral and evaluate from 2 to 2:

$$\int e^{-x^2}\, dx \tag{103}$$

4. the indefinite integral and evaluate from 1 to 3:

$$\int e^x \sin(x)\, dx \tag{104}$$

5. the indefinite integral and evaluate from 2 to 3:

$$\int \frac{x}{x^2 - 5x + 6}\, dx \tag{105}$$

6. the indefinite integral and evaluate from 4 to 4:

$$\int \frac{1}{x \log(x)} dx \qquad (106)$$

7. the indefinite integral and evaluate from 1 to 3:

$$\int x^4 + 5x^3 + 5x^2 + x + 3\, dx \qquad (107)$$

8. the indefinite integral and evaluate from 2 to 4:

$$\int x^3 \log(x)\, dx \qquad (108)$$

9. the indefinite integral and evaluate from 3 to 4:

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 + 1} dx \qquad (109)$$

10. the indefinite integral and evaluate from 4 to 5:

$$\int \sqrt{4 - x^2}\, dx \qquad (110)$$

1.4.4. Partial Derivative

Calculate the partial derivatives of the following expressions

1. the partial derivatives of the function:

$$f(x, y) = x^3 y^2 - 3x^2 y + 2xy^3 \qquad (111)$$

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$ and $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$

2. the second order partial derivative of:

$$f(x, y) = x^4 y^3 + 3x^2 y^4 \qquad (112)$$

$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2}$

3. the partial derivatives of the function:

$$f(x, y) = (x + y)e^{x^2 + y^2} \qquad (113)$$

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$ and $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$

4. the mixed partial derivative of:

$$f(x, y) = x^3 y^2 + xy^4 \qquad (114)$$

$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y}$

5. the partial derivatives of the function:

$$f(x, y) = (x + y)e^{x^2 + y^2} \qquad (115)$$

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$ and $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$

6. the partial derivatives of the function:

$$f(x, y) = (x + y)e^{x^2+y^2} \qquad (116)$$

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$ and $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$

7. the partial derivatives of the function:

$$f(x, y) = (x + y)e^{x^2+y^2} \qquad (117)$$

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$ and $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$

8. Given the implicit function:

$$x^2y + xy^2 - xy = 0 \qquad (118)$$

$\frac{\partial y}{\partial x}$

9. the partial derivatives of the function:

$$f(x, y) = (x + y)e^{x^2+y^2} \qquad (119)$$

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$ and $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$

10. Given the implicit function:

$$x^2y + xy^2 - xy = 0 \qquad (120)$$

$\frac{\partial y}{\partial x}$

2. Solutions

2.1. Vector Arithmetic

2.1.1. Addition

$$\begin{bmatrix} -9 \\ -3 \\ -12 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -4 \\ 15 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ -12 \\ -15 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ -15 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 11 \\ 16 \\ -11 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 0 \\ 11 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -11 \\ -7 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} -9 \\ -6 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} -6 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ 8 \\ -10 \end{bmatrix}$$

2.1.2. Subtraction

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 11 \\ 14 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} -10 \\ 13 \\ -10 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} -16 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ -6 \\ 18 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ -5 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -13 \\ -3 \\ -8 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ -12 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} -8 \\ -4 \\ 11 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 15 \\ 1 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

2.1.3. Scalar Multiplication

1: $\begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 10 \\ -15 \end{bmatrix}$ 2: $\begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 18 \\ -16 \end{bmatrix}$ 3: $\begin{bmatrix} -28 \\ 8 \\ -24 \end{bmatrix}$ 4: $\begin{bmatrix} -21 \\ -7 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$ 5: $\begin{bmatrix} 60 \\ 6 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix}$

6: $\begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 0 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$ 7: $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ 8: $\begin{bmatrix} 27 \\ 30 \\ -21 \end{bmatrix}$ 9: $\begin{bmatrix} -30 \\ -10 \\ -70 \end{bmatrix}$ 10: $\begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ -18 \\ -12 \end{bmatrix}$

2.2. Matrix Arithmetic

2.2.1. Addition

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} -9 & -5 & 0 \\ 3 & -4 & 6 \\ 7 & 10 & -6 \end{bmatrix} \tag{121}$$

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} -16 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 9 & 4 \\ 1 & -15 & -17 \end{bmatrix} \tag{122}$$

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} -16 & -8 & 8 \\ 9 & -11 & -13 \\ -18 & 5 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \tag{123}$$

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 7 & 4 & -2 \\ -8 & 10 & 1 \\ -5 & -3 & -7 \end{bmatrix} \tag{124}$$

16

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -9 & -4 \\ -5 & -16 & 10 \\ 0 & -11 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \tag{125}$$

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} -4 & 4 & 10 \\ -9 & -9 & 6 \\ -2 & -9 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \tag{126}$$

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 4 & 9 \\ 10 & 14 & 12 \\ -15 & -7 & -11 \end{bmatrix} \tag{127}$$

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -4 & 0 \\ -4 & -18 & -2 \\ 1 & 14 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \tag{128}$$

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} -14 & -7 & 2 \\ 5 & -9 & 3 \\ -6 & -6 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \tag{129}$$

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} -15 & -6 & -6 \\ 2 & -8 & -9 \\ 1 & -2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \tag{130}$$

2.2.2. Subtraction

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 16 & -10 & 9 \\ -4 & 5 & -4 \\ 9 & -6 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \tag{131}$$

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} -4 & 2 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 7 \\ 6 & -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \tag{132}$$

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} -7 & -8 & 7 \\ 4 & 10 & 7 \\ 12 & -1 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \tag{133}$$

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 4 \\ 14 & 10 & 7 \\ 11 & 6 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \tag{134}$$

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 & -4 \\ -14 & -10 & -5 \\ 5 & -5 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \tag{135}$$

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & -15 & -8 \\ -5 & -3 & -4 \\ 0 & -18 & -13 \end{bmatrix} \tag{136}$$

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 12 & -6 & -6 \\ 8 & -13 & -1 \\ -5 & 6 & -9 \end{bmatrix} \tag{137}$$

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 10 & 4 & -1 \\ -4 & 5 & -14 \\ -19 & 6 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \tag{138}$$

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 11 & 3 & 6 \\ 7 & -15 & 2 \\ -14 & 5 & 16 \end{bmatrix} \tag{139}$$

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 9 & 0 & -2 \\ -14 & 6 & -4 \\ 1 & -8 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \tag{140}$$

2.2.3. Multiplication

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -62 & -62 \\ -35 & -33 & -103 \\ 3 & -65 & -79 \end{bmatrix} \tag{141}$$

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 7 & -28 & -67 \\ 14 & 2 & -64 \\ 5 & 2 & -74 \end{bmatrix} \tag{142}$$

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 62 & 75 & -65 \\ 38 & 66 & 22 \\ -17 & 32 & 76 \end{bmatrix} \tag{143}$$

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} -106 & 60 & 42 \\ -93 & 48 & 57 \\ 106 & 36 & -66 \end{bmatrix} \tag{144}$$

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} -78 & 75 & 99 \\ -38 & 30 & 14 \\ 46 & -87 & -133 \end{bmatrix} \tag{145}$$

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} -87 & 65 & -37 \\ 57 & -100 & 32 \\ -74 & 44 & -64 \end{bmatrix} \tag{146}$$

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} -33 & -102 & 83 \\ 59 & 14 & -11 \\ 67 & 68 & -23 \end{bmatrix} \tag{147}$$

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 36 & -27 & 15 \\ 8 & 23 & -22 \\ -39 & 39 & -60 \end{bmatrix} \tag{148}$$

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 30 & -28 & -59 \\ 14 & -56 & 78 \\ 32 & -60 & -47 \end{bmatrix} \tag{149}$$

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 8 & -24 & 24 \\ -24 & -81 & -27 \\ -25 & -95 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \tag{150}$$

2.3. Matrix Properties

2.3.1. Properties

Solution

Row Operations:

Step 1: $r_1 := 1/3 r_1$ $\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1/3 & -4/3 & 1/3 & 0 & 0 \\ -4 & -1 & 5 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & -4 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right]$

Step 2: $r_2 := r_2 - (-4)r_1$ $\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1/3 & -4/3 & 1/3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1/3 & -1/3 & 4/3 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & -4 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right]$

Step 3: $r_3 := r_3 - (3)r_1$ $\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1/3 & -4/3 & 1/3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1/3 & -1/3 & 4/3 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right]$

Step 4: $r_2 := 3 r_2$ $\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1/3 & -4/3 & 1/3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 4 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right]$

Step 5: $r_1 := r_1 - (1/3)r_2$ $\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & -1 & -1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 4 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right]$

Results:

a) $\mathrm{rank}(A) = 2$

b) $\mathrm{nullity}(A) = 1$

c) $\det(A) = 0$

d) $A^{-1} =$ does not exist

e) $\ker(A) = \mathrm{span}\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$

Solution

Row Operations:

Step 1: $r_1 := -1 r_1$ $\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & -3 & -2 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right]$

Step 2: $r_2 := r_2 - (-1)r_1$ $\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & -3 & -2 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right]$

Step 3: $r_3 := r_3 - (-1)r_1$ $\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & -3 & -2 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & -2 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right]$

Step 4: $r_2 := -1r_2$
$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & -3 & -2 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & -2 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right]$$

Step 5: $r_1 := r_1 - (-3)r_2$
$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 1 & 2 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & -2 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right]$$

Step 6: $r_3 := r_3 - (-2)r_2$
$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 1 & 2 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -2 & 1 \end{array}\right]$$

Results:

a) $\mathrm{rank}(A) = 2$

b) $\mathrm{nullity}(A) = 1$

c) $\det(A) = 0$

d) $A^{-1} =$ does not exist

e) $\ker(A) = \mathrm{span}\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$

Solution

Row Operations:

Step 1: $r_1 := 1/3 r_1$
$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1/3 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right]$$

Step 2: $r_2 := r_2 - (-1)r_1$
$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1/3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1/3 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right]$$

Step 3: $r_3 := r_3 - (-1)r_1$
$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1/3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1/3 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1/3 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right]$$

Step 4: $r_1 := r_1 - r_2$
$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1/3 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1/3 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right]$$

Results:

a) $\mathrm{rank}(A) = 2$

b) $\mathrm{nullity}(A) = 1$

c) $\det(A) = 0$

d) $A^{-1} =$ does not exist

e) $\ker(A) = \mathrm{span}\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$

Solution

Row Operations:

Step 1: $r_1 := 1/3r_1$ $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -7/3 & 7/3 & | & 1/3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & | & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & -6 & 6 & | & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Step 2: $r_3 := r_3 - (2)r_1$ $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -7/3 & 7/3 & | & 1/3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & | & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -4/3 & 4/3 & | & -2/3 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Step 3: $r_1 := r_1 - (-7/3)r_2$ $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & | & 1/3 & 7/3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & | & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -4/3 & 4/3 & | & -2/3 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Step 4: $r_3 := r_3 - (-4/3)r_2$ $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & | & 1/3 & 7/3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & | & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & | & -2/3 & 4/3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Results:

a) rank(A) = 2

b) nullity(A) = 1

c) det(A) = 0

d) A^{-1} = does not exist

e) ker(A) = span $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$

Solution

Row Operations:

Step 1: $r_2 := r_2 - r_1$ $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & | & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & | & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & | & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Step 2: $r_1 := r_1 - (-1)r_2$ $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & | & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & | & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & | & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Results:

a) rank(A) = 2

b) nullity(A) = 1

c) det(A) = 0

d) A^{-1} = does not exist

e) ker(A) = span $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$

Solution

Row Operations:

Step 1: $r_1 := 1/3r_1$ $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2/3 & -7/3 & | & 1/3 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 & -5 & | & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 2 & 4 & | & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Step 2: $r_2 := r_2 - (2)r_1$ $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2/3 & -7/3 & | & 1/3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1/3 & -1/3 & | & -2/3 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 2 & 4 & | & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Step 3: $r_3 := r_3 - (-2)r_1$ $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2/3 & -7/3 & | & 1/3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1/3 & -1/3 & | & -2/3 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2/3 & -2/3 & | & 2/3 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Step 4: $r_2 := 3r_2$ $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2/3 & -7/3 & | & 1/3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & | & -2 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 2/3 & -2/3 & | & 2/3 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Step 5: $r_1 := r_1 - (-2/3)r_2$ $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -3 & | & -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & | & -2 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 2/3 & -2/3 & | & 2/3 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Step 6: $r_3 := r_3 - (2/3)r_2$ $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -3 & | & -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & | & -2 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & | & 2 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Results:

a) rank(A) = 2

b) nullity(A) = 1

c) det(A) = 0

d) A^{-1} = does not exist

e) ker(A) = span $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$

Solution

Row Operations:

Step 1: $r_1 := r_1 - (-1)r_2$ $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -6 & | & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & | & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Step 2: $r_1 := r_1 - (-6)r_3$ $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & | & 1 & 1 & 6 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & | & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Step 3: $r_2 := r_2 - (-1)r_3$ $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & | & 1 & 1 & 6 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & | & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Results:

a) rank(A) = 3

b) nullity(A) = 0

c) det(A) = 0

d) $A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

e) ker(A) = $\{\mathbf{0}\}$

Solution

Row Operations:

Step 1: $r_2 := r_2 - (-2)r_1$
$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right]$$

Step 2: $r_2 := 1/3r_2$
$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 2/3 & 1/3 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right]$$

Step 3: $r_1 := r_1 - (2)r_2$
$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & -3 & -1/3 & -2/3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 2/3 & 1/3 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right]$$

Step 4: $r_3 := r_3 - (2)r_2$
$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & -3 & -1/3 & -2/3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 2/3 & 1/3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -4/3 & -2/3 & 1 \end{array}\right]$$

Results:

a) rank(A) = 2

b) nullity(A) = 1

c) det(A) = 0

d) A^{-1} = does not exist

e) ker(A) = span $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$

Solution

Row Operations:

Step 1: $r_1 := -1r_1$
$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right]$$

Step 2: $r_2 := r_2 - r_1$
$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right]$$

Step 3: $r_2 := -1r_2$
$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right]$$

Results:

a) rank(A) = 3

b) nullity(A) = 0

c) det(A) = 0

d) $A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

e) ker(A) = $\{\mathbf{0}\}$

Solution

Row Operations:

Step 1: $r_1 := 1/2 r_1$
$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1/2 & -5 & 1/2 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -6 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right]$$

Step 2: $r_2 := r_2 - r_1$
$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1/2 & -5 & 1/2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1/2 & -1 & -1/2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right]$$

Step 3: $r_2 := 2 r_2$
$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1/2 & -5 & 1/2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right]$$

Step 4: $r_1 := r_1 - (1/2) r_2$
$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & -4 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right]$$

Step 5: $r_1 := r_1 - (-4) r_3$
$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right]$$

Step 6: $r_2 := r_2 - (-2) r_3$
$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right]$$

Results:

a) rank(A) = 3

b) nullity(A) = 0

c) det(A) = 0

d)
$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -5 & 2 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

e) ker(A) = {**0**}

2.3.2. RREF

Solution

Elementary Row Operations:

(1) $r_1 := r_1 + (-1) r_2$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(2) $r_2 := r_2 + (-1) r_1$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Result:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Solution

Elementary Row Operations:

(1) $r_2 := r_2 - (2)r_3$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 4 \\ 4 & 2 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

(2) $r_3 := r_3 + (-2)r_2$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(3) $r_2 := r_2 + (-2)r_1$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Result:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Solution

Elementary Row Operations:

(1) $r_1 := r_1 + (-1)r_3$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(2) $r_1 := r_1 + (-2)r_3$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Result:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Solution

Elementary Row Operations:

(1) $r_2 := r_2 - r_3$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

(2) $r_3 := r_3 + (-1)r_2$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Result:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Solution

Elementary Row Operations:

(1) $r_2 := r_2 + (-1)r_1$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(2) $r_3 := r_3 + (-1)r_2$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(3) $r_3 := r_3 - r_2$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Result:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Solution

Elementary Row Operations:

(1) $r_1 := r_1 + (-2)r_3$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(2) $r_2 := r_2 - (2)r_1$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(3) $r_1 := r_1 - r_2$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Result:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Solution

Elementary Row Operations:

(1) $r_1 := r_1 + (-1)r_3$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(2) $r_1 := r_1 + (-2)r_3$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(3) $r_2 := r_2 - (2)r_3$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Result:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Solution

Elementary Row Operations:

(1) $r_3 := r_3 + (-1)r_2$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & -8 & 0 \\ 2 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(2) $r_1 := r_1 + (-2)r_2$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 0 \\ 2 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(3) $r_2 := r_2 + (-2)r_1$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Result:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Solution

Elementary Row Operations:

(1) $r_1 := r_1 - (2)r_2$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(2) $r_2 := r_2 - r_1$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Result:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Solution

Elementary Row Operations:

(1) $r_2 := r_2 - r_3$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(2) $r_3 := r_3 - r_1$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Result:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

2.4. Calculus

2.4.1. Limit

The limit is:

$$1 \tag{151}$$

The limit is:

$$2 \tag{152}$$

The limit is:

$$1 \tag{153}$$

The limit is:

$$-2 \tag{154}$$

The limit is:

$$1 \tag{155}$$

The limit is:

$$1 \tag{156}$$

The limit is:

$$1 \tag{157}$$

The limit is:

$$104 \tag{158}$$

The limit is:

$$2 \tag{159}$$

The limit is:

$$11 \tag{160}$$

2.4.2. Derivative

The derivative is:

$$\frac{2x}{x^2 + 1} + \frac{1}{x + 1} \tag{161}$$

The derivative is:

$$\frac{1}{x} \tag{162}$$

The derivative is:

$$2xe^{x^2} + 2e^{2x} \tag{163}$$

The derivative is:

$$\frac{2x}{x^2 + 1} + \frac{1}{x + 1} \tag{164}$$

The derivative is:

$$x^2 e^x + 2xe^x \tag{165}$$

The derivative is:

$$2xe^{x^2} + 2e^{2x} \tag{166}$$

The derivative is:

$$e^x \tag{167}$$

The derivative is:

$$x^3 e^x + 3x^2 e^x \tag{168}$$

The derivative is:

$$-\frac{2x^3}{\left(x^2 + 1\right)^2} + \frac{2x}{x^2 + 1} \tag{169}$$

The derivative is:

$$\frac{2x}{x^2 + 1} + \frac{1}{x + 1} \tag{170}$$

2.4.3. Integral

The indefinite integral is:

$$\frac{x\sqrt{4-x^2}}{2} + 2 \text{ asin}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \tag{171}$$

Definite integral from 2 to 3:

$$-\pi + 2 \text{ asin}\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) + \frac{3\sqrt{5}i}{2} \tag{172}$$

The indefinite integral is:

$$\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \text{ erf}(x)}{2} \tag{173}$$

Definite integral from 2 to 5:

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \text{ erf}(2)}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \text{ erf}(5)}{2} \tag{174}$$

The indefinite integral is:

$$\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \text{ erf}(x)}{2} \tag{175}$$

Definite integral from 2 to 2:

$$0 \tag{176}$$

The indefinite integral is:

$$\frac{e^x \sin(x)}{2} - \frac{e^x \cos(x)}{2} \tag{177}$$

Definite integral from 1 to 3:

$$-\frac{e \sin(1)}{2} + \frac{e \cos(1)}{2} + \frac{e^3 \sin(3)}{2} - \frac{e^3 \cos(3)}{2} \tag{178}$$

The indefinite integral is:

$$3\log(x-3) - 2\log(x-2) \tag{179}$$

Definite integral from 2 to 3:

$$-\infty \tag{180}$$

The indefinite integral is:

$$\log(\log(x)) \tag{181}$$

Definite integral from 4 to 4:

$$0 \tag{182}$$

The indefinite integral is:

$$\frac{x^5}{5} + \frac{5x^4}{4} + \frac{5x^3}{3} + \frac{x^2}{2} + 3x \tag{183}$$

Definite integral from 1 to 3:

$$\frac{3026}{15} \tag{184}$$

The indefinite integral is:

$$\frac{x^4 \log(x)}{4} - \frac{x^4}{16} \tag{185}$$

Definite integral from 2 to 4:

$$-15 - 4 \log(2) + 64 \log(4) \tag{186}$$

The indefinite integral is:

$$\mathrm{atan}\,(x) \tag{187}$$

Definite integral from 3 to 4:

$$- \mathrm{atan}\,(3) + \mathrm{atan}\,(4) \tag{188}$$

The indefinite integral is:

$$\frac{x\sqrt{4 - x^2}}{2} + 2\,\mathrm{asin}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \tag{189}$$

Definite integral from 4 to 5:

$$-4\sqrt{3}i + 2\,\mathrm{asin}\left(\frac{5}{2}\right) - 2\,\mathrm{asin}\,(2) + \frac{5\sqrt{21}i}{2} \tag{190}$$

2.4.4. Partial Derivative

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 3x^2 y^2 - 6xy + 2y^3 \tag{191}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 2x^3 y - 3x^2 + 6xy^2 \tag{192}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} = 6y^3 (2x^2 + y) \tag{193}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 2x(x + y)e^{x^2 + y^2} + e^{x^2 + y^2} \tag{194}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 2y(x+y)e^{x^2+y^2} + e^{x^2+y^2} \tag{195}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y} = 2y(3x^2 + 2y^2) \tag{196}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 2x(x+y)e^{x^2+y^2} + e^{x^2+y^2} \tag{197}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 2y(x+y)e^{x^2+y^2} + e^{x^2+y^2} \tag{198}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 2x(x+y)e^{x^2+y^2} + e^{x^2+y^2} \tag{199}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 2y(x+y)e^{x^2+y^2} + e^{x^2+y^2} \tag{200}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 2x(x+y)e^{x^2+y^2} + e^{x^2+y^2} \tag{201}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 2y(x+y)e^{x^2+y^2} + e^{x^2+y^2} \tag{202}$$

$$\frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = \frac{-2xy - y^2 + y}{x^2 + 2xy - x} \tag{203}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 2x(x+y)e^{x^2+y^2} + e^{x^2+y^2} \tag{204}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 2y(x+y)e^{x^2+y^2} + e^{x^2+y^2} \tag{205}$$

$$\frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = \frac{-2xy - y^2 + y}{x^2 + 2xy - x} \tag{206}$$