# Exercise 20:

# Foundations of Mathematical, WS24

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This is **exercise** 20 for Foundations of Mathematical, WS24. Generated on 2025-04-07 with 10 problems per section.

2025-05-19

# 1. Problems

# 1.1. Vector Arithmetic

### 1.1.1. Addition

Find the sum of the following vectors  $\mathbf{u}$  and  $\mathbf{v}$ 

1. 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -7 \\ -9 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and  $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ -2 \\ -9 \end{bmatrix}$   $\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}$ .

2. 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ 8 \\ -4 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and  $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -9 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$   $\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}$ .

3. 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -7 \\ -8 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and  $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ -3 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$   $\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}$ .

4. 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -10 \\ 6 \\ -7 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and  $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 6 \\ -10 \end{bmatrix}$   $\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}$ .

5. 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -8 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and  $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 1 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}$ .

6. 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 6 \\ -10 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and  $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} -8 \\ 8 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}$ .

7. 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 7 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and  $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 8 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}$ .

8. 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and  $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} -9 \\ -3 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$   $\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}$ .

9. 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ -7 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and  $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 3 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix}$   $\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}$ .

10. 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -9 \\ -10 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and  $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ -1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$   $\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}$ .

### 1.1.2. Subtraction

2

Find the difference of the following vectors  ${\bf u}$  and  ${\bf v}$ 

1. 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and  $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ -4 \\ -7 \end{bmatrix}$   $\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v}$ .

2. 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 9 \\ -9 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and  $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} -9 \\ -6 \\ -8 \end{bmatrix}$   $\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v}$ .

3. 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -8 \\ 6 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and  $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ 9 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$   $\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v}$ .

4. 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ -1 \\ -8 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and  $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 4 \\ -4 \end{bmatrix}$   $\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v}$ .

5. 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ -6 \\ -10 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and  $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} -6 \\ 5 \\ -7 \end{bmatrix}$   $\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v}$ .

6. 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 7 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } \mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ 4 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v}.$$
7. 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -6 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } \mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} -6 \\ -4 \\ -9 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v}.$$
8. 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ -1 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } \mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} -6 \\ 5 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v}.$$
9. 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -10 \\ 0 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } \mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 10 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v}.$$
10. 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 3 \\ -10 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } \mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ -4 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v}.$$

9. 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -10 \\ 0 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and  $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 10 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v}$ .

10. 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 3 \\ -10 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and  $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ -4 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$   $\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v}$ 

# 1.1.3. Scalar Multiplication

Find the scalar product of the following vector  $\mathbf{u}$  and scalar k

1. 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ -1 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix} 6\mathbf{v}$$
.

2. 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ -8 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix} 9\mathbf{v}$$
.

3. 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -10 \\ 7 \\ -9 \end{bmatrix} 4\mathbf{v}$$
.

4. 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ -8 \\ -8 \end{bmatrix} - 3\mathbf{v}.$$

5. 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ -1 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} 6\mathbf{v}.$$

6. 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \\ -10 \end{bmatrix}$$
 7**v**.

7. 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 6 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} - 2\mathbf{v}$$
.

8. 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ -3 \\ -10 \end{bmatrix} -1\mathbf{v}.$$

9. 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -7 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix} -6\mathbf{v}$$
.

10. 
$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -10 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix} -10\mathbf{v}.$$

# 1.2. Matrix Arithmetic

### 1.2.1. Addition

Find the sum of the following matrices A and B

3

1.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 8 & 2 \\ -6 & -1 & 4 \\ -9 & 0 & -6 \end{bmatrix} \tag{1}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -6 & 0 & -9 \\ 2 & -5 & -5 \\ 1 & -1 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \tag{2}$$

2.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -6 & 0 & 2 \\ 3 & -9 & 0 \\ 0 & -8 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \tag{3}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 8 & -3 \\ -10 & 8 & 9 \\ 5 & 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \tag{4}$$

3.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 2 & 5 \\ -10 & -4 & 4 \\ 3 & -1 & -9 \end{bmatrix} \tag{5}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 5 & -1 \\ 8 & -10 & -10 \\ -2 & 5 & -7 \end{bmatrix} \tag{6}$$

4.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -9 & -9 \\ -10 & 2 & -5 \\ 4 & 1 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \tag{7}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -6 & -4 & 9 \\ -2 & 7 & -8 \\ -3 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \tag{8}$$

5.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & -9 & 0 \\ -1 & 8 & -9 \\ 9 & 1 & -9 \end{bmatrix} \tag{9}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 & -10 \\ 3 & -10 & 3 \\ 5 & -5 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \tag{10}$$

6.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -7 & -6 & -2 \\ 5 & 1 & 6 \\ 6 & -5 & -7 \end{bmatrix} \tag{11}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 0 & -5 \\ -3 & 9 & -1 \\ -3 & -3 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \tag{12}$$

7.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -6 & -1 & 8 \\ 9 & -8 & -3 \\ -4 & -1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \tag{13}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 4 & 6 \\ 0 & -4 & 8 \\ -3 & -5 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \tag{14}$$

8.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & -5 & -4 \\ -7 & -5 & -9 \\ -7 & -8 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \tag{15}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 & -8 \\ 6 & 7 & -1 \\ 7 & -7 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \tag{16}$$

9.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -5 & 0 \\ -4 & -3 & -5 \\ 5 & -3 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \tag{17}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & -4 & 7 \\ 2 & 7 & 1 \\ -7 & 2 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \tag{18}$$

10.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 & 2 \\ -2 & -5 & 7 \\ 5 & 6 & -8 \end{bmatrix} \tag{19}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 4 \\ -9 & 7 & -9 \\ -3 & 0 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \tag{20}$$

### 1.2.2. Subtraction

Find the difference of the following matrices A and B

1.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & -4 & -3 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 9 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \tag{21}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 7 & -9 \\ 8 & 8 & -5 \\ -4 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (22)

2.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -1 & -10 \\ -1 & -10 & 7 \\ -4 & 6 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (23)

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -7 & -8 & -3 \\ -10 & 3 & 1 \\ -9 & 0 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (24)

3.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -6 & 5 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & -3 \\ -3 & -4 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \tag{25}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 9 & -9 \\ -5 & -9 & 9 \\ -1 & 1 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (26)

4.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 7 & 3 \\ 1 & -1 & -8 \\ 3 & 8 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \tag{27}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -4 & 8 \\ -4 & -7 & 4 \\ -8 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \tag{28}$$

5.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -7 & -6 & -1 \\ -8 & -9 & 0 \\ 7 & -8 & -6 \end{bmatrix} \tag{29}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -6 & 1 & -8 \\ -10 & 6 & 1 \\ -10 & -1 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \tag{30}$$

6.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -8 & -4 \\ -5 & 7 & 5 \\ -2 & 4 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \tag{31}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -7 & 6 & -4 \\ 5 & -10 & -2 \\ -10 & -10 & -8 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (32)

7.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 5 \\ 3 & 1 & 0 \\ -6 & 7 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \tag{33}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 2 & -5 \\ -3 & 9 & -9 \\ 2 & -1 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \tag{34}$$

8.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -6 & 8 \\ 9 & -7 & -10 \\ 5 & 4 & -9 \end{bmatrix} \tag{35}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 3 & 2 \\ -10 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & -7 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \tag{36}$$

9.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 8 & -5 \\ -6 & 6 & 1 \\ -6 & 5 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \tag{37}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & 4 & 7 \\ -4 & -10 & 1 \\ -1 & 6 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \tag{38}$$

10.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -4 & -7 \\ -8 & -8 & -2 \\ 6 & -6 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \tag{39}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -6 & -9 \\ -4 & 9 & -8 \\ -10 & 8 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (40)

### 1.2.3. Multiplication

Find the product of the following matrices A and B

1.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & 0 & 1\\ 4 & -7 & 4\\ -7 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \tag{41}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -6 & 6 \\ 6 & -6 & 5 \\ -4 & 9 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \tag{42}$$

2.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 7 & -1 \\ 4 & -9 & 2 \\ 7 & -3 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \tag{43}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 8 & -4 \\ 5 & -6 & -4 \\ -4 & 1 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \tag{44}$$

3.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -2 & 9 \\ -3 & -9 & 6 \\ 7 & -4 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \tag{45}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & -9 & 0 \\ 3 & -1 & 8 \\ 9 & 0 & -8 \end{bmatrix} \tag{46}$$

4.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 8 & -6 \\ -10 & -8 & 8 \\ -6 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \tag{47}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -9 & -6 & 4 \\ -7 & -9 & 9 \\ -8 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \tag{48}$$

5.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -6 & -5 \\ 2 & 6 & 5 \\ 5 & 8 & -9 \end{bmatrix} \tag{49}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -10 & 6 \\ -1 & 0 & -8 \\ -9 & 6 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \tag{50}$$

6.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 0 & 6 \\ 4 & -7 & 3 \\ -6 & -5 & -10 \end{bmatrix} \tag{51}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -7 & -8 & 9 \\ -8 & 3 & 5 \\ 4 & -4 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \tag{52}$$

7.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -10 & -7 & 5 \\ -7 & 4 & 4 \\ -1 & -10 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \tag{53}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -10 & -9 \\ -4 & -8 & 5 \\ 7 & 9 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (54)

8.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 4 & 1 \\ 6 & 5 & 5 \\ 2 & -7 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \tag{55}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & -2 & 9 \\ 9 & 5 & 9 \\ 3 & -10 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \tag{56}$$

9.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 3 & 1 \\ 7 & -4 & 8 \\ 1 & -5 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \tag{57}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -3 & 6 \\ 0 & -7 & -9 \\ -3 & -7 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (58)

10.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 6 & 6 \\ -4 & -2 & -10 \\ 0 & 9 & -9 \end{bmatrix} \tag{59}$$

and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 5 & -6 \\ 5 & -8 & -7 \\ -2 & -6 & -9 \end{bmatrix} \tag{60}$$

# 1.3. Matrix Properties

# 1.3.1. Properties

For each matrix A, find:

a) rank(A)

b) nullity(A)

c) det(A)

d)  $A^{-1}$  (if exists)

e) basis of ker(A)

1.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & -2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \tag{61}$$

2.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \tag{62}$$

3.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \tag{63}$$

4.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \tag{64}$$

5.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \tag{65}$$

6.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \tag{66}$$

7.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 \\ -2 & -1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \tag{67}$$

8.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -20 & -10 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & -8 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \tag{68}$$

9.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \tag{69}$$

10.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 & 7 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \tag{70}$$

### 1.3.2. RREF

Find the Reduced Row Echelon Form of the following matrix A

1.  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$  (71)

2. 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (72)

3. 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -8 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (73)

4. 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (74)

5. 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (75)

6. 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -3 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (76)

7. 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (77)

8. 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ -2 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (78)

9. 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (79)

10. 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (80)

# 1.4. Calculus

# 1.4.1. Limit

Calculate the following limits

1. Calculate the limit of the following expression:

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\log(x+1)}{x} \tag{81}$$

2. Calculate the limit of the following expression:

$$\lim_{x \to -3} 4x^2 + 5x - 2 \tag{82}$$

3. Calculate the limit of the following expression:

$$\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{x^2 - 1}{x - 1} \tag{83}$$

4. Calculate the limit of the following expression:

$$\lim_{x \to -3} -5x^2 + 5x + 3 \tag{84}$$

5. Calculate the limit of the following expression:

$$\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{x^2 - 1}{x - 1} \tag{85}$$

6. Calculate the limit of the following expression:

$$\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{x^2 - 1}{x - 1} \tag{86}$$

7. Calculate the limit of the following expression:

$$\lim_{x \to 2} 4x^3 - 5x^2 \tag{87}$$

8. Calculate the limit of the following expression:

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\log(x+1)}{x} \tag{88}$$

9. Calculate the limit of the following expression:

$$\lim_{x \to oo} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{x} \right)^x \tag{89}$$

10. Calculate the limit of the following expression:

$$\lim_{x \to oo} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{x} \right)^x \tag{90}$$

### 1.4.2. Derivative

Calculate the derivatives of the following expressions

1. Calculate the derivative of the following expression:

$$\frac{x}{x^2+1} \tag{91}$$

2. Calculate the derivative of the following expression:

$$e^{x^2+1} \tag{92}$$

3. Calculate the derivative of the following expression:

$$e^{2x} + e^{x^2} (93)$$

4. Calculate the derivative of the following expression:

$$\frac{x^2}{x^2+1} \tag{94}$$

5. Calculate the derivative of the following expression:

$$e^{2x} + e^{x^2} (95)$$

6. Calculate the derivative of the following expression:

$$x\log(x) \tag{96}$$

7. Calculate the derivative of the following expression:

$$e^{2x} + e^{x^2} (97)$$

8. Calculate the derivative of the following expression:

$$x^3 \log(x) \tag{98}$$

9. Calculate the derivative of the following expression:

$$e^x (99)$$

10. Calculate the derivative of the following expression:

$$e^{x^2-2}$$
 (100)

# 1.4.3. Integral

Calculate the indefinite and definite integrals of the following expressions

1. the indefinite integral and evaluate from 1 to 1:

$$\int e^x \sin(x) dx \tag{101}$$

2. the indefinite integral and evaluate from 1 to 5:

$$\int x\sqrt{x^2 + 1}dx\tag{102}$$

3. the indefinite integral and evaluate from 4 to 5:

$$\int x^3 \log(x) dx \tag{103}$$

4. the indefinite integral and evaluate from 2 to 2:

$$\int -2x^4 - 2x^3 + 4x^2 + 2x - 5dx \tag{104}$$

5. the indefinite integral and evaluate from 3 to 5:

$$\int e^{-x^2} dx \tag{105}$$

6. the indefinite integral and evaluate from 2 to 3:

$$\int x^3 \log(x) dx \tag{106}$$

7. Evaluate the improper integral:

$$\int_{1}^{oo} \frac{1}{x^2} dx \tag{107}$$

8. the indefinite integral and evaluate from 1 to 2:

$$\int \frac{\sin(x)}{x} dx \tag{108}$$

9. the indefinite integral and evaluate from 2 to 4:

$$\int x^3 \log(x) dx \tag{109}$$

10. Evaluate the improper integral:

$$\int_{1}^{oo} e^{-x} dx \tag{110}$$

### 1.4.4. Partial Derivative

Calculate the partial derivatives of the following expressions

1. Given u = u(x, y) and v = v(x, y), use the chain rule to find:

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \tag{111}$$

where f = f(u, v)

2. the mixed partial derivative of:

$$f(x,y) = x^3 y^2 + x y^4 (112)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y}$$

3. the partial derivatives of the function:

$$f(x,y) = x^3y^2 - 3x^2y + 2xy^3 (113)$$

 $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$  and  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$ 

4. the partial derivatives of the function:

$$f(x,y) = -\log(xy) + \log(x^3 + y^3) \tag{114}$$

 $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$  and  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$ 

5. the partial derivatives of the function:

$$f(x,y) = x^3y^2 - 3x^2y + 2xy^3 (115)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$$
 and  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$ 

6. the partial derivatives of the function:

$$f(x,y) = -\log(xy) + \log(x^3 + y^3)$$
(116)

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$$
 and  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$ 

7. Given u=u(x,y) and v=v(x,y), use the chain rule to find:

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \tag{117}$$

where f = f(u, v)

8. the partial derivatives of the function:

$$f(x,y) = x^3y^2 - 3x^2y + 2xy^3 (118)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$$
 and  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$ 

9. the partial derivatives of the function:

$$f(x,y) = x^3y^2 - 3x^2y + 2xy^3 (119)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$$
 and  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$ 

10. Given the implicit function:

$$x^2y + xy^2 - xy = 0 (120)$$

 $\frac{\partial y}{\partial x}$ 

# 2. Solutions

# 2.1. Vector Arithmetic

### 2.1.1. Addition

$$\begin{bmatrix} 11 \\ -9 \\ -18 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ -1 \\ -7 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ -10 \\ -11 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 12 \\ -17 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ -7 \\ -4 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ 14 \\ -8 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 15 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -12 \\ -2 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 14 \\ -4 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ -10 \\ -12 \end{bmatrix}$$

### 2.1.2. Subtraction

$$\begin{bmatrix} -8 \\ 6 \\ 14 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 15 \\ 15 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ -3 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -13 \\ -5 \\ -4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -11 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\begin{bmatrix} 11 \\ 3 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ -2 \\ 17 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -6 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -16 \\ -10 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 7 \\ -15 \end{bmatrix}$$

### 2.1.3. Scalar Multiplication

1: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 42 \\ -6 \\ -30 \end{bmatrix}$$
 2:  $\begin{bmatrix} 63 \\ -72 \\ 90 \end{bmatrix}$  3:  $\begin{bmatrix} -40 \\ 28 \\ -36 \end{bmatrix}$  4:  $\begin{bmatrix} 15 \\ 24 \\ 24 \end{bmatrix}$  5:  $\begin{bmatrix} -24 \\ -6 \\ 36 \end{bmatrix}$  6:  $\begin{bmatrix} 21 \\ -14 \\ -70 \end{bmatrix}$  7:  $\begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ -12 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix}$  8:  $\begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 3 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix}$  9:  $\begin{bmatrix} -18 \\ 42 \\ -60 \end{bmatrix}$  10:  $\begin{bmatrix} -20 \\ 100 \\ -100 \end{bmatrix}$ 

# 2.2. Matrix Arithmetic

# 2.2.1. Addition

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 8 & -7 \\ -4 & -6 & -1 \\ -8 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (121)

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} -5 & 8 & -1 \\ -7 & -1 & 9 \\ 5 & -4 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (122)

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 7 & 4 \\ -2 & -14 & -6 \\ 1 & 4 & -16 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (123)

$$\begin{bmatrix} -3 & -13 & 0 \\ -12 & 9 & -13 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (124)

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -8 & -10 \\ 2 & -2 & -6 \\ 14 & -4 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (125)

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -6 & -7 \\ 2 & 10 & 5 \\ 3 & -8 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (126)

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} -6 & 3 & 14 \\ 9 & -12 & 5 \\ -7 & -6 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (127)

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & -6 & -12 \\ -1 & 2 & -10 \\ 0 & -15 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (128)

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 8 & -9 & 7 \\ -2 & 4 & -4 \\ -2 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (129)

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 6 & 6 \\ -11 & 2 & -2 \\ 2 & 6 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \tag{130}$$

### 2.2.2. Subtraction

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 10 & -11 & 6 \\ -7 & -6 & 5 \\ 5 & 8 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (131)

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix}
13 & 7 & -7 \\
9 & -13 & 6 \\
5 & 6 & -1
\end{bmatrix}$$
(132)

$$\begin{bmatrix} -5 & -4 & 9 \\ 7 & 9 & -12 \\ -2 & -5 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (133)

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 11 & -5 \\ 5 & 6 & -12 \\ 11 & 8 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \tag{134}$$

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & -7 & 7 \\ 2 & -15 & -1 \\ 17 & -7 & -12 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (135)

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 6 & -14 & 0 \\ -10 & 17 & 7 \\ 8 & 14 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (136)

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix}
-7 & -1 & 10 \\
6 & -8 & 9 \\
-8 & 8 & -4
\end{bmatrix}$$
(137)

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix}
-5 & -9 & 6 \\
19 & -6 & -12 \\
5 & 11 & -18
\end{bmatrix}$$
(138)

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 4 & -12 \\ -2 & 16 & 0 \\ -5 & -1 & -9 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (139)

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & 2 \\ -4 & -17 & 6 \\ 16 & -14 & 11 \end{bmatrix} \tag{140}$$

# 2.2.3. Multiplication

$$\begin{bmatrix}
-29 & 39 & -31 \\
-38 & 54 & -15 \\
-41 & 63 & -40
\end{bmatrix}$$
(141)

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 45 & -35 & -27 \\ -29 & 88 & 10 \\ 27 & 74 & -16 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (142)

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 68 & 11 & -88 \\ 6 & 36 & -120 \\ 19 & -59 & -16 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (143)

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 28 & -66 & 56 \\ 82 & 156 & -112 \\ 54 & 36 & -24 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (144)

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 47 & -10 & 41 \\ -47 & 10 & -41 \\ 83 & -104 & -25 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (145)

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} -39 & -96 & 111 \\ 40 & -65 & 16 \\ 42 & 73 & -129 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (146)

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 63 & 201 & 80 \\ 12 & 74 & 103 \\ 103 & 171 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (147)

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 71 & 2 & 79 \\ 108 & -37 & 134 \\ -26 & -109 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (148)

1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -19 & -39 \\ -38 & -49 & 126 \\ -14 & 4 & 75 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (149)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 32 & -74 & -108 \\ -18 & 56 & 128 \\ 63 & -18 & 18 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (150)

# 2.3. Matrix Properties

# 2.3.1. Properties

### **Solution**

# **Row Operations:**

$$\begin{split} &\text{Step 1: } r_1 \leftrightarrow r_2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 2 & \mid 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 & \mid 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & -1 & \mid 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ &\text{Step 2: } r_2 \coloneqq -1 r_2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 2 & \mid 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & \mid -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & -1 & \mid 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ &\text{Step 3: } r_1 \coloneqq r_1 - (-1) r_2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 & \mid -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & \mid -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & -1 & \mid 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ &\text{Step 4: } r_3 \coloneqq r_3 - (-2) r_2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 & \mid -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & \mid -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \mid -2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ &\text{Step 5: } r_1 \coloneqq r_1 - (3) r_3 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & \mid & 5 & 1 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & \mid -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \mid -2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ &\text{Step 6: } r_2 \coloneqq r_2 - r_3 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & \mid & 5 & 1 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \mid & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \mid -2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{split}$$

### **Results:**

a) 
$$rank(A) = 3$$

b) 
$$\operatorname{nullity}(A) = 0$$

c) 
$$det(A) = 0$$

d) 
$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 1 & -2 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

e) 
$$ker(A) = \{0\}$$

# **Solution**

### **Row Operations:**

$$\begin{split} \text{Step 1: } r_1 \coloneqq r_1 - (-3) r_2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2 & | & 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & | & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & | & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ \text{Step 2: } r_3 \coloneqq r_3 - r_2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2 & | & 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & | & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & | & 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{split}$$

# **Results:**

a) 
$$rank(A) = 2$$

b) 
$$nullity(A) = 1$$

c) 
$$det(A) = 0$$

d) 
$$A^{-1} = \text{does not exist}$$

e) 
$$\ker(A) = \operatorname{span} \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 2\\2\\1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

# **Row Operations:**

$$\text{Step 1: } r_3 \coloneqq r_3 - r_1 \begin{bmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & | & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & | & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & | & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Step 2: } r_3 \coloneqq r_3 - (-1) r_2 \begin{bmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & | & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & | & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & -1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Step 3: } r_1 \coloneqq r_1 - r_3 \begin{bmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & \mid & 2 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & \mid & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \mid & -1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Step 4: } r_2 \coloneqq r_2 - r_3 \begin{bmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & \mid & 2 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \mid & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \mid & -1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

# **Results:**

a) 
$$rank(A) = 3$$

b) 
$$nullity(A) = 0$$

c) 
$$det(A) = 0$$

d) 
$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

e) 
$$ker(A) = \{0\}$$

# **Solution**

### **Row Operations:**

$$\text{Step 1: } r_1 \coloneqq r_1 - r_2 \begin{bmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & | & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & | & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & | & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

### **Results:**

a) 
$$rank(A) = 2$$

b) 
$$\operatorname{nullity}(A) = 1$$

c) 
$$det(A) = 0$$

d) 
$$A^{-1} = \text{does not exist}$$

e) 
$$\ker(A) = \operatorname{span} \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

# **Row Operations:**

$$\begin{split} &\text{Step 1: } r_2 \coloneqq r_2 - r_1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & | & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & | & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & | & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ &\text{Step 2: } r_1 \coloneqq r_1 - r_2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & | & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & | & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & | & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{split}$$

### **Results:**

- a) rank(A) = 2
- b) nullity(A) = 1
- c) det(A) = 0
- d)  $A^{-1} = \text{does not exist}$

e) 
$$\ker(A) = \operatorname{span} \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

# **Solution**

# **Row Operations:**

$$\begin{split} &\text{Step 1: } r_2 \coloneqq r_2 - r_1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & | & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & | & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & | & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ &\text{Step 2: } r_1 \coloneqq r_1 - (2) r_2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2 & | & 3 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & | & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & | & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ &\text{Step 3: } r_3 \coloneqq r_3 - r_2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2 & | & 3 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & | & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ &\text{Step 4: } r_1 \coloneqq r_1 - (-2) r_2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & | & 5 & -4 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & | & -1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 Step 4:  $r_1 := r_1 - (-2)r_3 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & | & 5 & -4 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & | & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  Step 5:  $r_2 := r_2 - r_3 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & | & 5 & -4 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & | & -2 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ 

### **Results:**

- a) rank(A) = 3
- b) nullity(A) = 0
- c) det(A) = 0

d) 
$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

e) 
$$ker(A) = \{0\}$$

# **Row Operations:**

$$\text{Step 1: } r_2 \coloneqq r_2 - (-2)r_1 \begin{bmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & \mid & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & \mid & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \mid & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Step 2: } r_1 \coloneqq r_1 - r_2 \begin{bmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2 & | & -1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & | & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & | & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

# **Results:**

- a) rank(A) = 2
- b)  $\operatorname{nullity}(A) = 1$
- c) det(A) = 0
- d)  $A^{-1} = \text{does not exist}$

e) 
$$\ker(A) = \operatorname{span} \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

### **Solution**

# **Row Operations:**

Step 1: 
$$r_1 := 1/5r_1$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -4 & -2 & | & 1/5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & | & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & -8 & -4 & | & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Step 1: 
$$r_1 := 1/5r_1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -4 & -2 & | & 1/5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & | & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & -8 & -4 & | & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 
$$\text{Step 2: } r_3 := r_3 - (2)r_1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -4 & -2 & | & 1/5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & | & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & | & -2/5 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Step 3: } r_1 \coloneqq r_1 - (-4)r_2 \begin{bmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & | & 1/5 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & | & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & | & -2/5 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

### **Results:**

- a) rank(A) = 2
- b)  $\operatorname{nullity}(A) = 1$
- c) det(A) = 0
- d)  $A^{-1} = \text{does not exist}$

e) 
$$\ker(A) = \operatorname{span} \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

# **Solution**

# **Row Operations:**

$$\begin{split} &\text{Step 1: } r_1 \coloneqq r_1 - (2) r_2 \begin{bmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 1 & 0 & 5 & \mid & 1 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & \mid & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \mid & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ &\text{Step 2: } r_1 \coloneqq r_1 - (5) r_3 \begin{bmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & \mid & 1 & -2 & -5 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & \mid & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \mid & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ &\text{Step 3: } r_2 \coloneqq r_2 - (-1) r_3 \begin{bmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & \mid & 1 & -2 & -5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \mid & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \mid & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{split}$$

### **Results:**

- a) rank(A) = 3
- b)  $\operatorname{nullity}(A) = 0$
- c) det(A) = 0

d) 
$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -4 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

e) 
$$ker(A) = \{0\}$$

# **Solution**

# **Row Operations:**

$$\text{Step 1: } r_2 \coloneqq r_2 - (2) r_1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 4 & | & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 & | & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & | & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Step 2: } r_2 := -1 \\ r_2 \\ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 4 & | & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & | & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & | & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{Step 2: } r_2 \coloneqq -1 r_2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 4 & | & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & | & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & | & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ &\text{Step 3: } r_1 \coloneqq r_1 - (2) r_2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & | & -3 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & | & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & | & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ &\text{Step 4: } r_3 \coloneqq r_3 - r_2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & | & -3 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & | & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & | & -2 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Step 4: } r_3 := r_3 - r_2 \begin{bmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & | & -3 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & | & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & | & -2 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

### **Results:**

- a) rank(A) = 2
- b)  $\operatorname{nullity}(A) = 1$
- c) det(A) = 0
- d)  $A^{-1} = \text{does not exist}$

e) 
$$\ker(A) = \operatorname{span} \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

### 2.3.2. RREF

# **Solution**

# **Elementary Row Operations:**

(1) 
$$r_3 := r_3 + (-2)r_1$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{(2)} \ \ r_2 \coloneqq r_2 - (2) r_1$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

### **Result:**

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

### **Solution**

# **Elementary Row Operations:**

$$\text{(1)}\ \, r_1 \coloneqq r_1 - (2) r_2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(2) 
$$r_1 := r_1 - r_2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

# **Result:**

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

# **Solution**

# **Elementary Row Operations:**

$$\text{(1)}\ \, r_1 \coloneqq r_1 + (-2)r_3$$

$$\begin{bmatrix}
1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 0 \\
0 & -4 & 1
\end{bmatrix}$$

$$(2) \ \, r_3 \coloneqq r_3 - (2) r_2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(3) \ \, r_3 \coloneqq r_3 - (2) r_2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

# **Result:**

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

# **Elementary Row Operations:**

(1)  $r_2 := r_2 + (-2)r_1$ 

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(2)  $r_1 := r_1 - r_2$ 

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

# **Result:**

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

# **Solution**

# **Elementary Row Operations:**

 $(1) \ \, r_3 \coloneqq r_3 - (2) r_2$ 

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(2)  $r_3 := r_3 - r_2$ 

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

### **Result:**

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

# **Solution**

# **Elementary Row Operations:**

 $\text{(1)}\ \, r_2\coloneqq r_2-(2)r_1$ 

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(2)  $r_2 := r_2 - r_1$ 

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(3) \ \, r_2 \coloneqq r_2 + (-2)r_3$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

# **Result:**

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

# **Solution**

# **Elementary Row Operations:**

 $\text{(1)} \ \, r_1 \coloneqq r_1 + (-1)r_2$ 

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

 $\text{(2)} \ \ r_2 \coloneqq r_2 + (-1)r_3$ 

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

 $\text{(3)} \ \ r_1 \coloneqq r_1 + (-2)r_3$ 

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

# **Result:**

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

# **Solution**

# **Elementary Row Operations:**

 $\text{(1)}\ \, r_1 \coloneqq r_1 + (-1)r_2$ 

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ -2 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

 $(2) \ \, r_3 \coloneqq r_3 - (2) r_1$ 

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

 $(3) \ \, r_1 \coloneqq r_1 + (-1)r_3$ 

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

# **Result:**

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

# **Solution**

# **Elementary Row Operations:**

$$(1) \ \, r_1 \coloneqq r_1 + (-1)r_3$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(2) \ \, r_1 \coloneqq r_1 + (-2) r_2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

### **Result:**

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

### **Solution**

# **Elementary Row Operations:**

$$(1) \ r_1 \coloneqq r_1 - r_3$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(2) \ \, r_2 \coloneqq r_2 + (-1)r_3$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

# **Result:**

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

# 2.4. Calculus

### 2.4.1. Limit

The limit is:

 $1 \tag{151}$ 

The limit is:

 $19 \tag{152}$ 

The limit is:

 $2 \tag{153}$ 

The limit is:

 $-57 \tag{154}$ 

The limit is:

 $2 \tag{155}$ 

The limit is:

 $2 \tag{156}$ 

The limit is:

 $12 \tag{157}$ 

The limit is:

 $1 \tag{158}$ 

The limit is:

e (159)

The limit is:

e (160)

### 2.4.2. Derivative

The derivative is:

$$-\frac{2x^2}{\left(x^2+1\right)^2} + \frac{1}{x^2+1} \tag{161}$$

The derivative is:

$$2xe^{x^2+1} (162)$$

The derivative is:

$$2xe^{x^2} + 2e^{2x} (163)$$

The derivative is:

$$-\frac{2x^3}{\left(x^2+1\right)^2} + \frac{2x}{x^2+1} \tag{164}$$

The derivative is:

$$2xe^{x^2} + 2e^{2x} (165)$$

The derivative is:

$$\log(x) + 1 \tag{166}$$

The derivative is:

$$2xe^{x^2} + 2e^{2x} (167)$$

The derivative is:

$$3x^2\log(x) + x^2\tag{168}$$

The derivative is:

$$e^x$$
 (169)

The derivative is:

$$2xe^{x^2-2} (170)$$

# 2.4.3. Integral

The indefinite integral is:

$$\frac{e^x \sin(x)}{2} - \frac{e^x \cos(x)}{2} \tag{171}$$

Definite integral from 1 to 1:

$$0 \tag{172}$$

The indefinite integral is:

$$\frac{x^2\sqrt{x^2+1}}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{3} \tag{173}$$

Definite integral from 1 to 5:

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3} + \frac{26\sqrt{26}}{3} \tag{174}$$

The indefinite integral is:

$$\frac{x^4 \log(x)}{4} - \frac{x^4}{16} \tag{175}$$

Definite integral from 4 to 5:

$$-64\log(4) - \frac{369}{16} + \frac{625\log(5)}{4} \tag{176}$$

The indefinite integral is:

$$-\frac{2x^5}{5} - \frac{x^4}{2} + \frac{4x^3}{3} + x^2 - 5x \tag{177}$$

Definite integral from 2 to 2:

$$0 \tag{178}$$

The indefinite integral is:

$$\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}(x)}{2} \tag{179}$$

Definite integral from 3 to 5:

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \text{ erf } (3)}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \text{ erf } (5)}{2} \tag{180}$$

The indefinite integral is:

$$\frac{x^4 \log(x)}{4} - \frac{x^4}{16} \tag{181}$$

Definite integral from 2 to 3:

$$-\frac{65}{16} - 4\log(2) + \frac{81\log(3)}{4} \tag{182}$$

The improper integral converges to:

$$1 \tag{183}$$

The indefinite integral is:

$$Si (x) (184)$$

Definite integral from 1 to 2:

$$- Si (1) + Si (2)$$
 (185)

The indefinite integral is:

$$\frac{x^4 \log(x)}{4} - \frac{x^4}{16} \tag{186}$$

Definite integral from 2 to 4:

$$-15 - 4\log(2) + 64\log(4) \tag{187}$$

The improper integral converges to:

$$e^{-1}$$
 (188)

### 2.4.4. Partial Derivative

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial u} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial v} \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} \tag{189}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y} = 2y(3x^2 + 2y^2) \tag{190}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 3x^2y^2 - 6xy + 2y^3 \tag{191}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 2x^3y - 3x^2 + 6xy^2 \tag{192}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \frac{3x^2}{x^3 + y^3} - \frac{1}{x} \tag{193}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{3y^2}{x^3 + y^3} - \frac{1}{y} \tag{194}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 3x^2y^2 - 6xy + 2y^3 \tag{195}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 2x^3y - 3x^2 + 6xy^2 \tag{196}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \frac{3x^2}{x^3 + y^3} - \frac{1}{x} \tag{197}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{3y^2}{x^3 + y^3} - \frac{1}{y} \tag{198}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial u} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial v} \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} \tag{199}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 3x^2y^2 - 6xy + 2y^3 \tag{200}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 2x^3y - 3x^2 + 6xy^2 \tag{201}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 3x^2y^2 - 6xy + 2y^3 \tag{202}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 2x^3y - 3x^2 + 6xy^2 \tag{203}$$

$$\frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = \frac{-2xy - y^2 + y}{x^2 + 2xy - x} \tag{204}$$