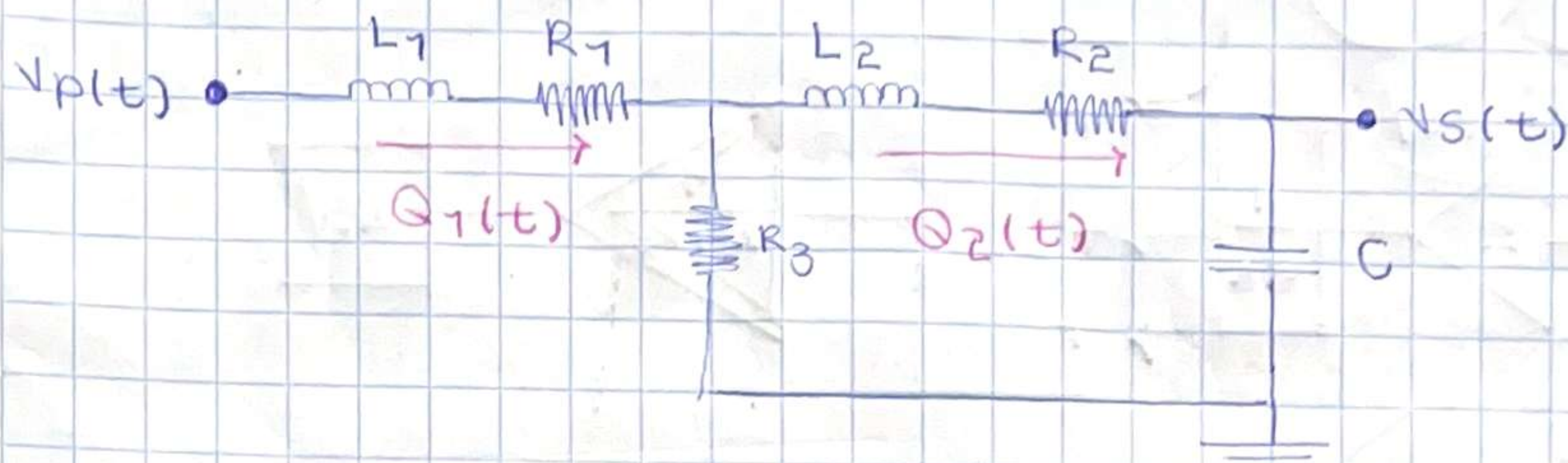


# SISTEMA GASTROINTESTINAL



## Ecuaciones principales

$$* V_p(t) = L_1 \frac{dQ_1(t)}{dt} + R_1 Q_1(t) + R_3 [Q_1(t) - Q_2(t)]$$

$$* R_3 [Q_1(t) - Q_2(t)] = L_2 \frac{dQ_2(t)}{dt} + R_2 Q_2(t) + \frac{1}{C} \int Q_2(t) dt$$

$$* V_s(t) = \frac{1}{C} \int Q_2(t) dt$$

## Módulo de ecuaciones integro-diferenciales

$$Q_1(t) = \left[ V_p(t) - L_1 \frac{dQ_1(t)}{dt} + R_3 Q_2(t) \right] \left[ \frac{1}{R_1 + R_3} \right]$$

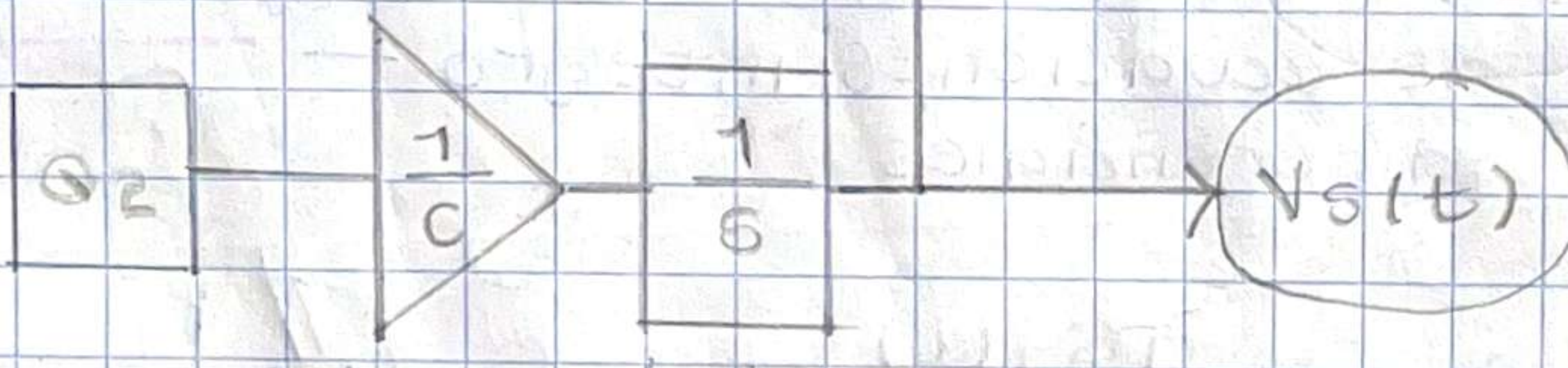
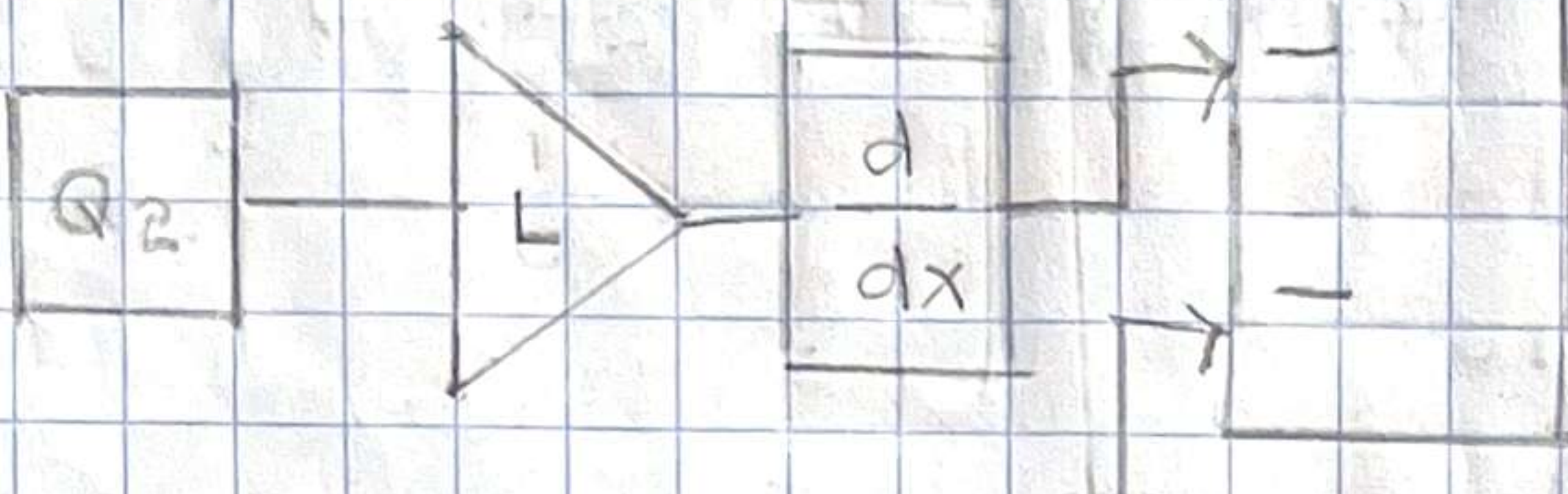
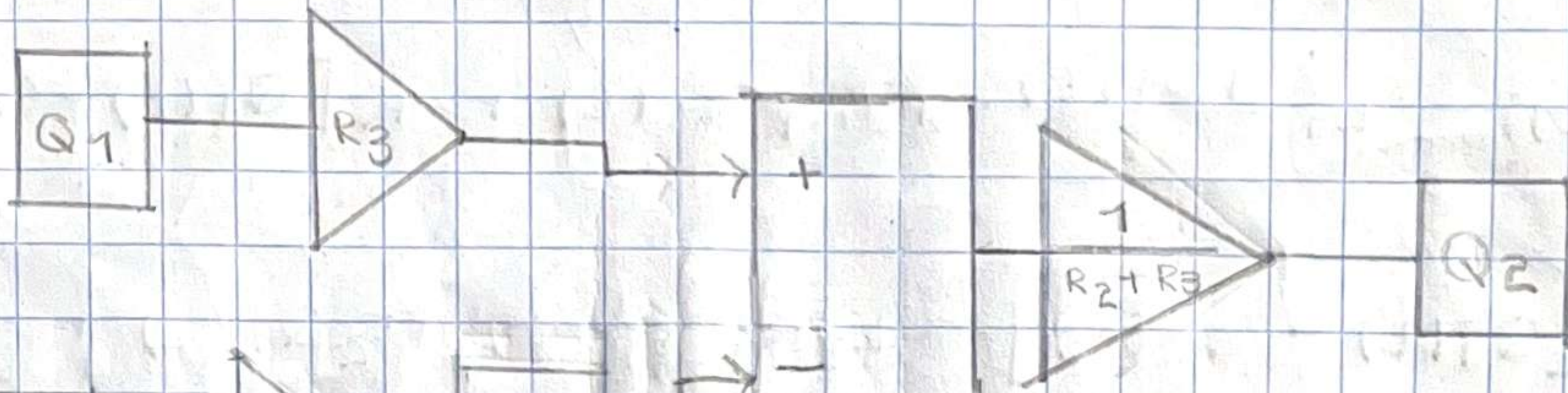
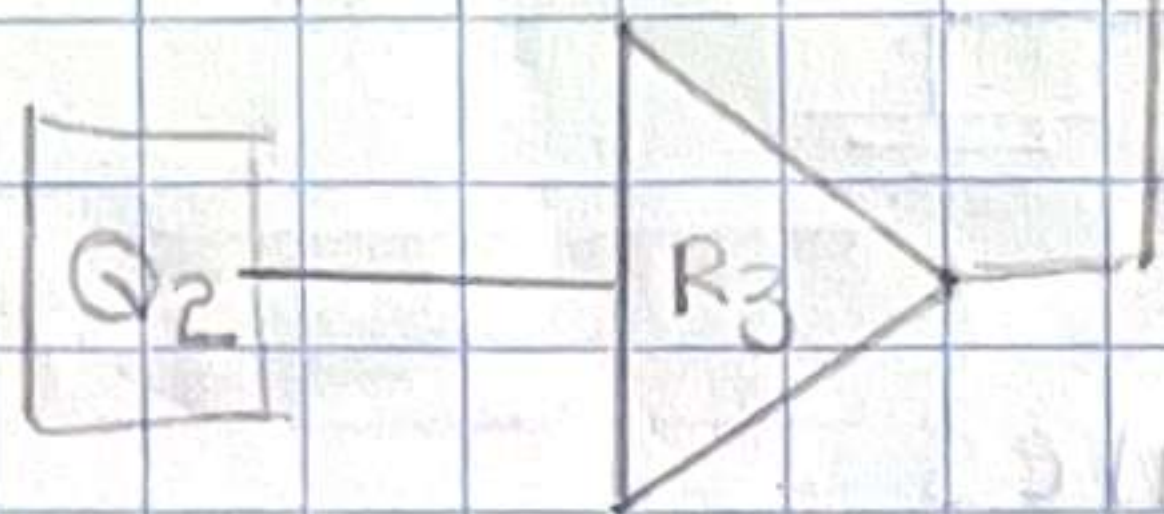
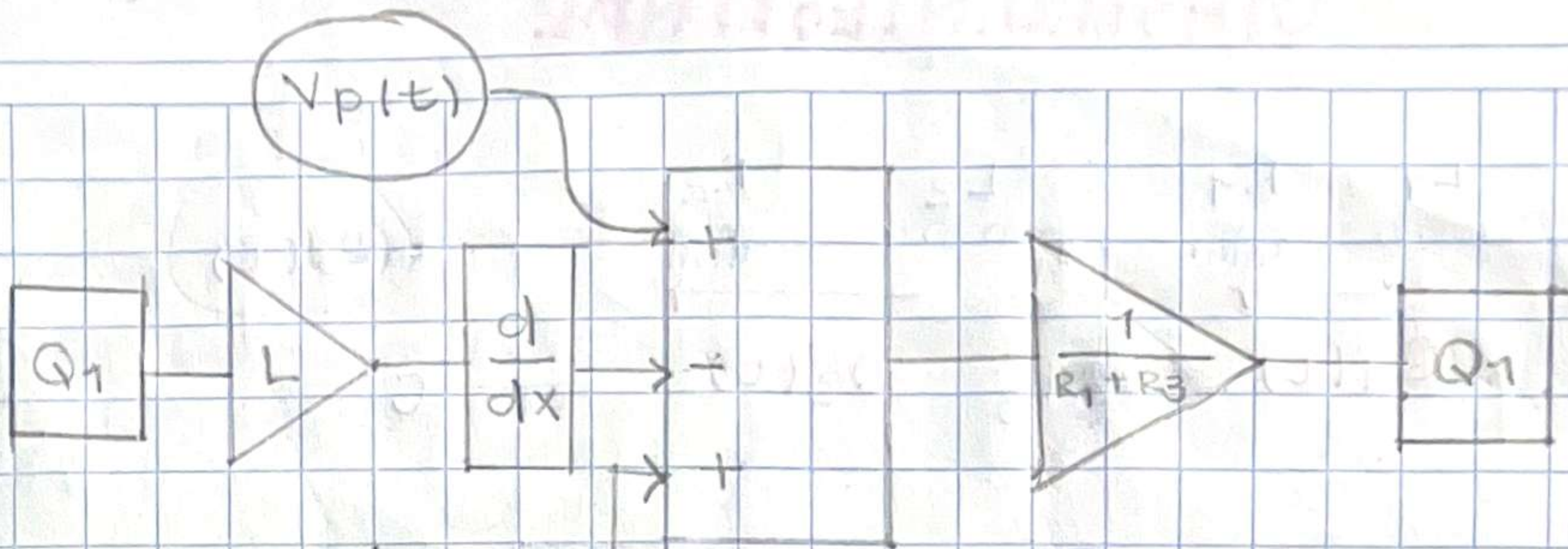
$$Q_2(t) = \left[ R_3 Q_1(t) - L_2 \frac{dQ_2(t)}{dt} - \frac{1}{C} \int Q_2(t) dt \right] \left[ \frac{1}{R_2 + R_3} \right]$$

$$V_s(t) = \frac{1}{C} \int Q_2(t) dt$$



PROBLEM 1

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## Transformada de Laplace

$$* V_p(s) = L_1 s [Q_1(s)] + R_1 Q_1(s) + R_3 [Q_1(s) - Q_2(s)]$$

$$* R_3 [Q_1(s) - Q_2(s)] = L_2 s [Q_2(s)] + R_2 Q_2(s) + \frac{Q_2(s)}{Cs}$$

$$* V_s(s) = \frac{Q_2(s)}{Cs}$$

## Procedimiento algebraico

$$V_p(s) = (L_1 s + R_1 + R_3) Q_1(s) - (R_3) Q_2(s)$$

$$R_3 Q_1(s) - R_3 Q_2(s) = \frac{Q_2(s)}{Cs} + L_2 s [Q_2(s)] + R_2 Q_2(s)$$

$$R_3 Q_1(s) = \frac{Q_2(s)}{Cs} + L_2 s [Q_2(s)] + R_2 Q_2(s) + R_3 Q_2(s)$$

$$Q_1(s) = \left[ \frac{1 + L_2 s Cs + R_2 Cs + R_3 Cs}{R_3 Cs} \right] Q_2(s)$$

$$Q_1(s) = \left[ \frac{1 + L_2 s Cs + R_2 Cs}{R_3 Cs} + 1 \right] Q_2(s)$$



$$V_p(s) = \left[ \frac{[L_1 s + R_1 + R_3]}{1} \cdot \frac{[1 + L_2 s C_s + R_2 C_s + R_3 C_s]}{R_3 C_s} - (R_3) Q_2(s) \right] Q_2(s)$$

$$V_p(s) = \left[ \frac{[L_1 s + R_1 + R_3]}{R_3 C_s} [1 + L_2 s C_s + R_2 C_s + R_3 C_s] - (R_3)^2 C_s \right] Q_2$$

$$L_1 s + L_1 L_2 C_s^3 + C L_1 R_2 s^2 + C L_1 R_3 s^2 + R_1 + C L_2 R_1 s^2 + R_1 R_2 C_s + R_1 R_3 C_s + R_3 + C L_2 R_3 s^2 + R_2 R_3 C_s + \cancel{C R_2^2 s} - \cancel{C R_3^2 s}$$

$$V_p(s) = \left[ \frac{L_1 s + L_1 L_2 C_s^3 + C L_1 R_2 s^2 + C L_1 R_3 s^2 + R_1}{R_3 C_s} + \frac{C L_2 R_1 s^2 + R_1 R_2 C_s + R_1 R_3 C_s + R_3 + C L_2 R_3 s^2 + R_2 R_3 C_s}{R_3 C_s} \right] Q_2$$

Función de transferencia =  $\frac{V_s(s)}{V_p(s)}$

$\frac{Q_2(s)}{C_s}$

$$\frac{R_1 + R_3 + L_1 s + C L_1 L_2 s^3 + C L_1 R_2 s^2 + C L_2 R_1 s^2 + C L_1 R_3 s^2 + C L_2 R_3 s^2 + C R_1 R_2 s + C R_1 R_3 s + C R_2 R_3}{R_3 C_s} Q_2(s)$$

$R_3$

$$R_1 + R_3 + L_1 s + C L_1 L_2 s^3 + C L_1 R_2 s^2 + C L_2 R_1 s^2 + C L_1 R_3 s^2 + C L_2 R_3 s^2 + C R_1 R_2 s + C R_1 R_3 s + C R_2 R_3$$



## Estabilidad en lazo abierto

$$R_1 + R_3 + L_1 s + CL_1 L_2 s^3 + CL_1 R_2 s^2 + CL_2 R_1 s^2 + CL_1 R_3 s^2 + CL_2 R_3 s^2 + CR_1 R_2 s + CR_1 R_3 s + CR_2 R_3 s = 0$$

$$a_3 = CL_1 L_2$$

$$a_2 = C(L_1(R_2 + R_1) + L_2(R_1 + R_3))$$

$$a_1 = C(R_1 R_2 + R_1 R_3 + R_2 R_3) + L_1$$

$$a_0 = R_1 + R_3$$

$$a_3 > 0, a_2 > 0, a_1 > 0, a_0 > 0$$

Si  $a_2 a_1 - a_3 a_0 > 0$ ; El circuito es estable

Polos del control

$$-9799.3 + 0j$$

$$-4100.4 + j8051.41$$

$$-4100.4 - j8051.41$$

Debido a que hay un par complejo conjugado se determina que la respuesta es subamortiguada.

Polos del caso

$$-9445.8 + 0j$$

$$-3610.4 + 7.9639j$$

$$-3610.4 - 7.9639j$$



## Error en estado Estacionario

$$e(s) = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s V_p(s) \left[ 1 - \frac{V_s(s)}{V_p(s)} \right]$$

$$\lim_{s \rightarrow 0} \cancel{s} \cdot \frac{1}{\cancel{s}} \left[ 1 - \frac{R_3}{R_1 + R_3 + \cancel{L_1 s} + \cancel{C L_1 L_2 s^2} + \cancel{C L_1 R_2 s^2} + \cancel{C L_2 R_1 s^2} + \cancel{C L_2 R_3 s^2} + \cancel{C R_1 R_2 s} + \cancel{C R_1 R_3 s} + \cancel{C R_2 R_3 s}} \right]$$

$$= 1 - \frac{R_3}{R_1 + R_3} = 1$$

$$\text{Control} = 0.625$$

$$\text{Caso} = 0.769$$