

Winning Space Race with Data Science

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Executive Summary

Introduction



Section 1

Methodology

- Data collection methodology
 - Data about rocket launches was obtained from a SpaceX API and web scraping Wikipedia pages
- Perform data wrangling
 - Missing data was handled, a preliminary Exploratory Data Analysis was performed, and the variable Outcome Class was defined for training the supervised models
- Perform Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) using visualisation and SQL
- Perform interactive visual analysis using Folium and Plotly Dash
- Perform predictive analysis using classification models

Data Collection

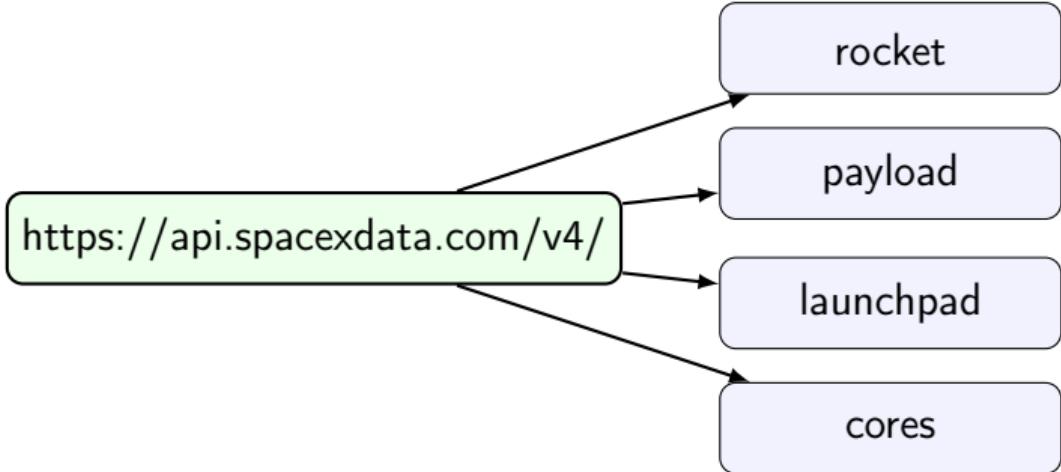
- SpaceX API data extraction and Wikipedia pages web scraping were combined to produce a dataset of SpaceX Falcon 9 landings information

11 rows ✓ 90 rows x 17 cols
[34]

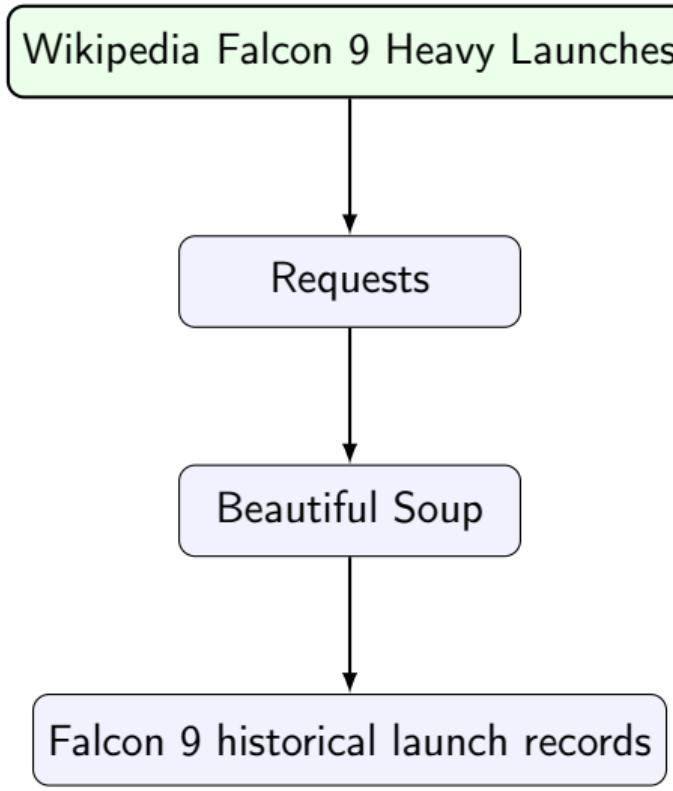
#	FlightNumber	Date	BoosterVersion	PayloadMass	Orbit	LaunchSite	Outcome	Flights	GridFins	Reused	Legs	LandingPad	Block	ReusedCount	Serial	Longitude	Latitude
0	1	2010-06-04	Falcon 9	6123.547647	LEO	CCSFS SLC 40	None None	1	False	False	False	None	1.0	0	B0003	-80.577366	28.561857
1	2	2012-08-22	Falcon 9	528.000000	LEO	CCSFS SLC 40	None None	1	False	False	False	None	1.0	0	B0005	-80.577366	28.561857
2	3	2013-03-01	Falcon 9	677.000000	ISS	CCSFS SLC 40	None None	1	False	False	False	None	1.0	0	B0007	-80.577366	28.561857
3	4	2013-09-29	Falcon 9	508.000000	PO	VAFB SLC 4E	False Ocean	1	False	False	False	None	1.0	0	B1093	-120.01829	34.632093
4	5	2013-12-03	Falcon 9	3170.000000	GTO	CCSFS SLC 40	None None	1	False	False	False	None	1.0	0	B1004	-80.577366	28.561857
...
85	86	2020-09-03	Falcon 9	15600.000000	VLEO	KSC LC 39A	True ASDS	2	True	True	True	Se9e3032383ecb6bb234e7ca	5.0	12	B1068	-80.603956	28.608058
86	87	2020-10-06	Falcon 9	15600.000000	VLEO	KSC LC 39A	True ASDS	3	True	True	True	Se9e3032383ecb6bb234e7ca	5.0	13	B1058	-80.603956	28.608058
87	88	2020-10-18	Falcon 9	15600.000000	VLEO	KSC LC 39A	True ASDS	6	True	True	True	Se9e3032383ecb6bb234e7ca	5.0	12	B1051	-80.603956	28.608058
88	89	2020-10-24	Falcon 9	15600.000000	VLEO	CCSFS SLC 40	True ASDS	3	True	True	True	Se9e3033583ecbb9e534e7cc	5.0	12	B1068	-80.577366	28.561857
89	90	2020-11-05	Falcon 9	3681.000000	MEO	CCSFS SLC 40	True ASDS	1	True	False	True	Se9e3032383ecb6bb234e7ca	5.0	8	B1062	-80.577366	28.561857

Data Collection – SpaceX API

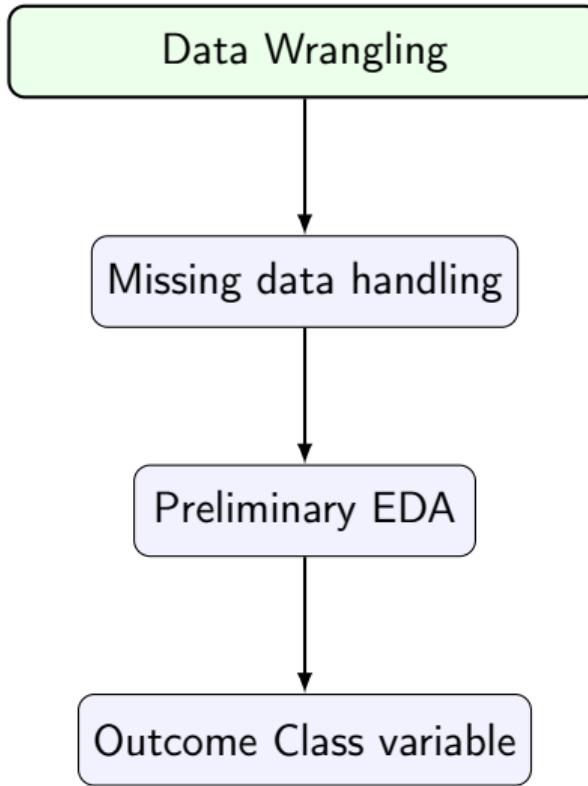
- From the SpaceX API endpoint <https://api.spacexdata.com/v4/> we probed the following data sources:
 - rocket
 - payload
 - launchpad
 - cores
- Jupyter Notebook's GitHub URL



- From the Wikipedia List of Falcon 9 and Falcon Heavy launches web page we collected Falcon 9 historical launch records
- Jupyter Notebook's GitHub URL



- Through data wrangling, the variable Outcome Class was defined for training the supervised models
- [Jupyter Notebook's GitHub URL](#)



- Several SQL queries have been processed to gain insights about the landing outcomes:
 - Launching sites
 - Total payload mass carried by specific boosters in specific sites
 - Successful and failed landing outcomes
- Jupyter Notebook's GitHub URL

- Several charts have been drawn to gain insights about the landing outcomes:
 - Flight Number versus Launch Site by Class
 - Payload Mass versus Launch Site by Class
 - Success Rate by Orbit
 - Flight Number versus Orbit by Class
 - Payload Mass versus Orbit by Class
 - Yearly Launch Success Rate
- Jupyter Notebook's GitHub URL

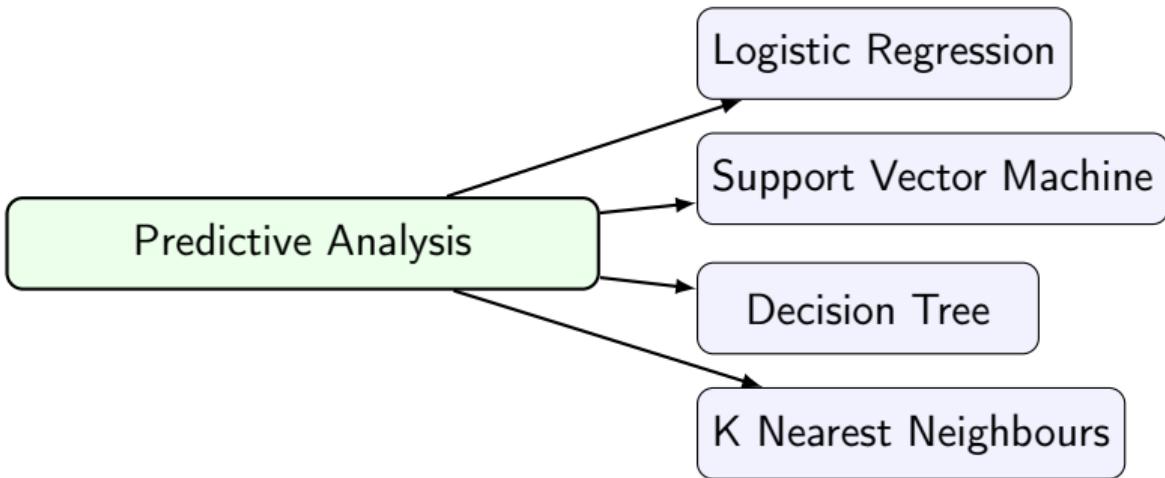
Build an Interactive Map with Folium

- A geographical analysis has been performed to gain insights about the dependencies of landing outcomes and location and surrounding of launching sites:
 - Marking all launch sites on a map
 - Marking the success/failed launches for each site on the map
 - Calculating the distances between a launch site to its proximities
- Jupyter Notebook's GitHub URL

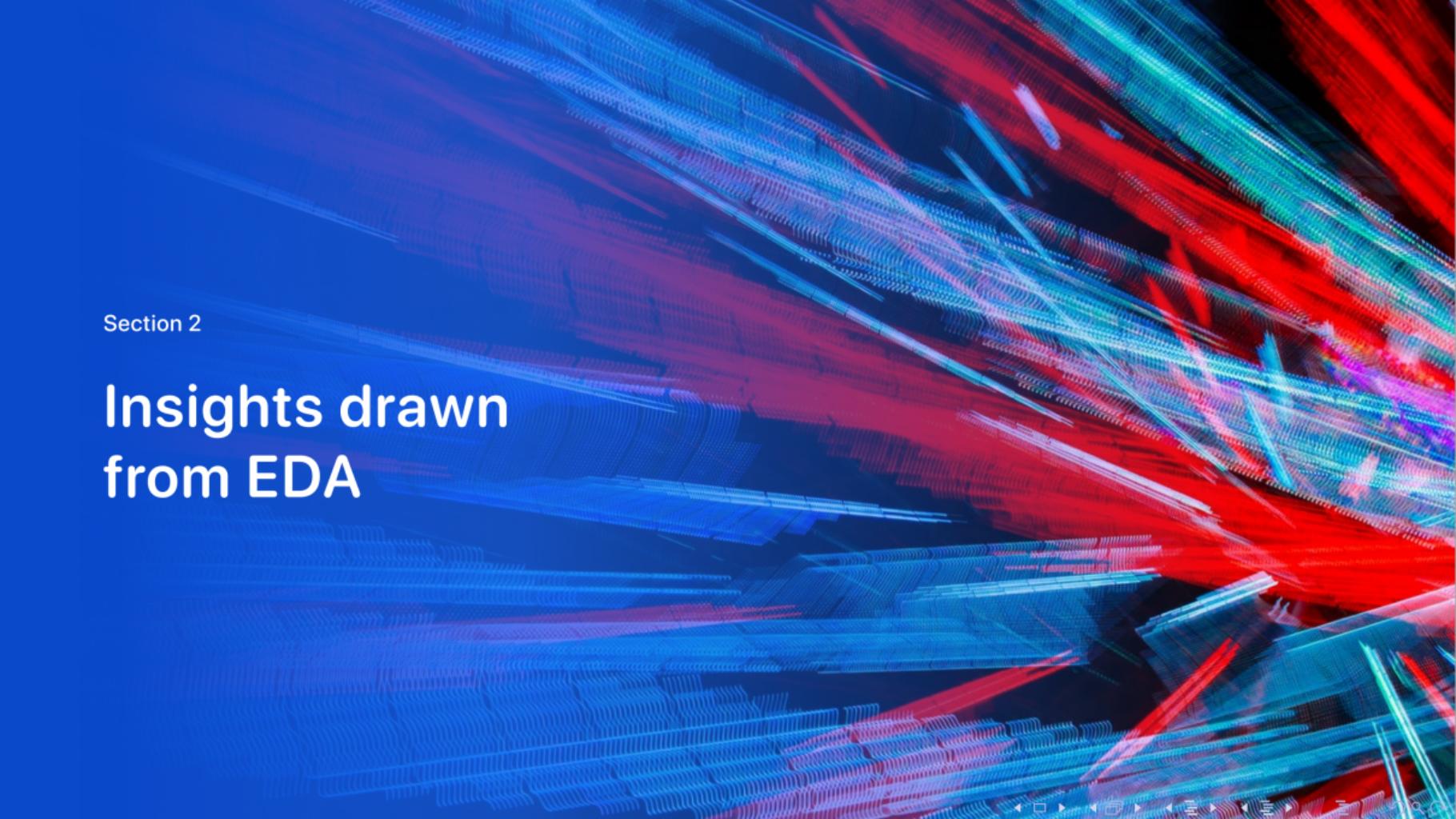
- A dashboard has been implemented to perform real-time analysis about landing outcomes considering:
 - Launch site drop-down menu
 - Interactive successful landing outcome pie chart
 - Range slider for selecting payload mass
 - Interactive successful landing outcome scatter plot
- Jupyter Notebook's GitHub URL

Predictive Analysis (Classification)

- The following predictive models have been considered:
 - Logistics Regression
 - Support Vector Machine
 - Decision Tree
 - K Nearest Neighbours
- Jupyter Notebook's GitHub URL



- Exploratory data analysis results
- Interactive analytics demo in screenshots
- Predictive analysis results

The background of the slide features a complex, abstract pattern of glowing lines in shades of blue, red, and green. These lines are arranged in a way that suggests depth and motion, resembling a digital or quantum landscape. The overall effect is futuristic and dynamic.

Section 2

Insights drawn from EDA

Flight Number versus Launch Site

Payload versus Launch Site

Success Rate versus Orbit Type

Flight Number versus Orbit Type

Payload versus Orbit Type

Launch Success Yearly Trend

All Launch Site Names

Launch Site Names Begin with 'CCA'

Total Payload Mass

Average Payload Mass by F9 v1.1

First Successful Ground Landing Date

Successful Drone Ship Landing with Payload between 4000 and 60000

Total Number of Successful and Failure Mission Outcomes

Boosters Carried Maximum Payload

2015 Launch Records



Rank Landing Outcomes Between 2010-06-04 and 2017-03-20

The background of the slide is a photograph taken from space at night. It shows the curvature of the Earth against the dark void of space. City lights are visible as numerous small white and yellow dots, primarily concentrated in coastal and urban areas. In the upper right quadrant, a bright green and yellow aurora borealis (Northern Lights) is visible, dancing across the atmosphere.

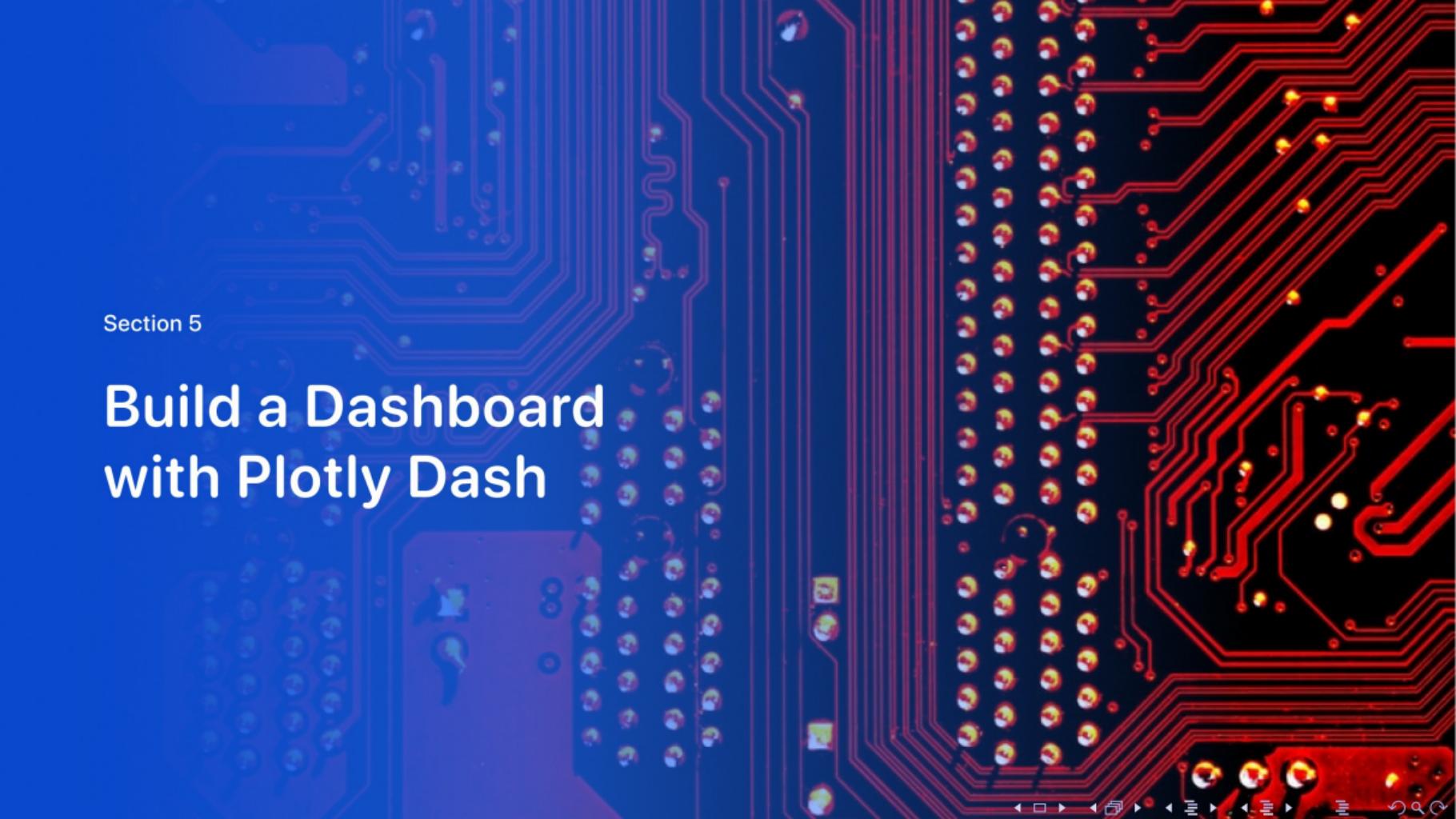
Section 4

Launch Sites Proximities Analysis

<Folium Map Screenshot 1>

<Folium Map Screenshot 2>

Folium Map Screenshot 3

The background of the slide features a close-up photograph of a printed circuit board (PCB). The board is primarily black, with intricate red and blue patterns of conductive tracks and components. A vertical column of circular pads is visible on the left side. The overall aesthetic is high-tech and futuristic.

Section 5

Build a Dashboard with Plotly Dash

Dashboard Screenshot 1

Dashboard Screenshot 2

Dashboard Screenshot 3

The background of the slide features a dynamic, abstract design composed of several thick, curved lines. These lines are primarily in shades of blue and yellow, creating a sense of motion and depth. The curves are smooth and organic, resembling the path of a train or a high-speed vehicle through a tunnel. The overall effect is modern and professional.

Section 6

Predictive Analysis (Classification)

Classification Accuracy

Confusion Matrix

Conclusions

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Appendix



Thank you!

