DEPTH DETECTION BASED OBSTACL AVOIDANCE

Group 19 Hussain Manasawala

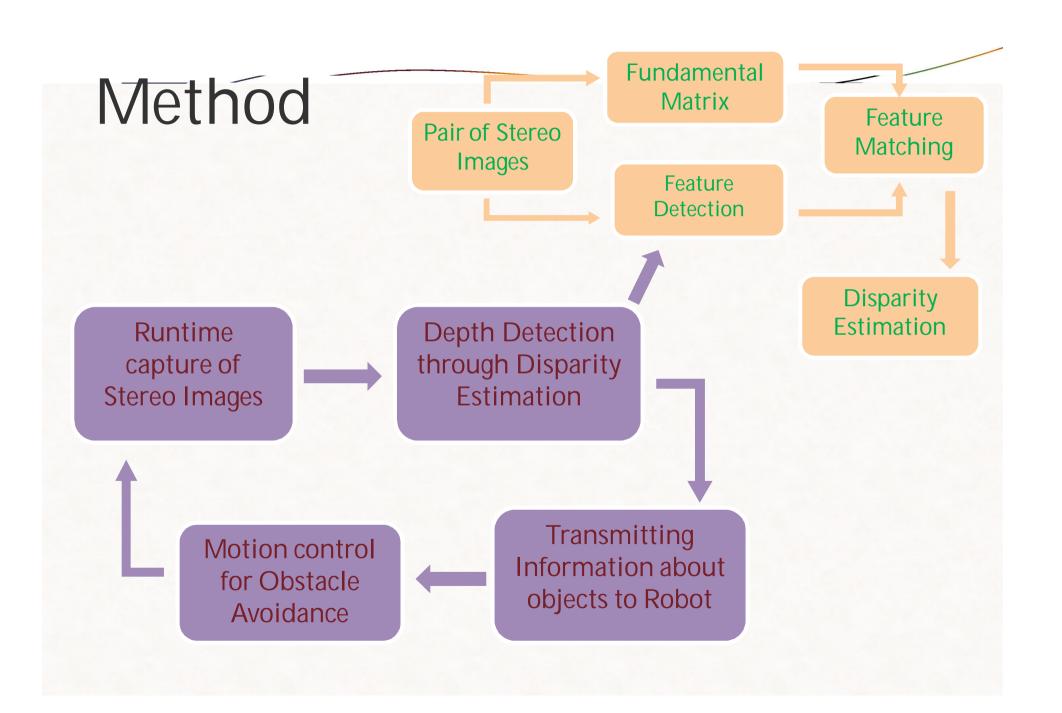
Basic Idea

Given an Arena with objects placed in a random manner

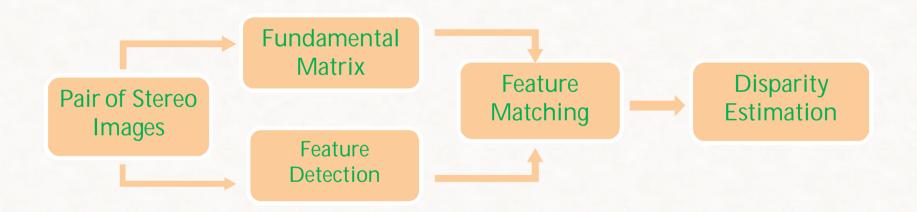
- The Robot scans the area to determines the position of the objects.
- Creates a 3D model of the area with the objects.
- Takes precise action to navigate through the obstacles.

The implementation has three main components:

- (i) A stereo vision algorithm for object detection,
- (ii) Construction of a 3D model of the area,
- (iii) Navigation using Visual Servoing mechanism.

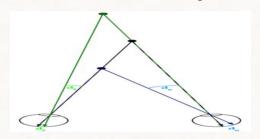


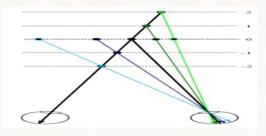
Disparity Estimation Model



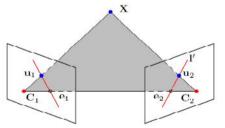
What is Depth

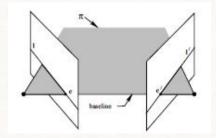
• Human Perception:



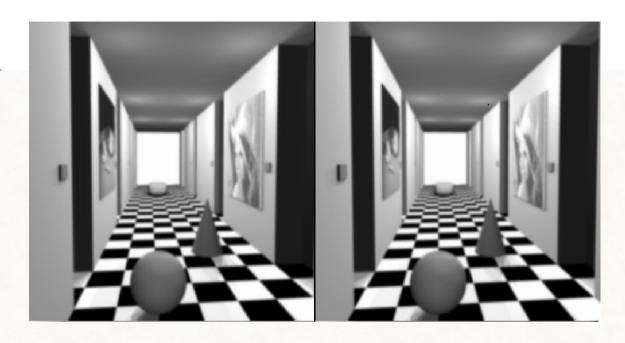


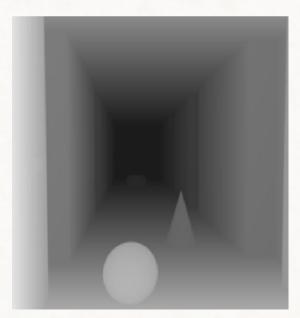
Disparity Estimation using Epopolar Geometry

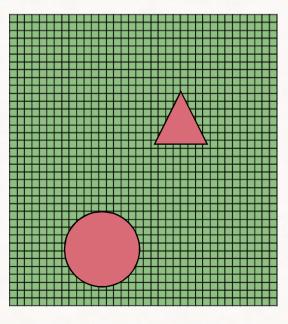




Distance mapping from Depth map







Work Schedule

Interfacing 2 cameras to capture runtime stereo image pairs

Implementing
Depth Detection
algorithm on precaptured images

Algorithm optimization on runtime captured images

Wireless controlling of FB5 through ZigBee

Motion control for obstacle avoidance on predefined setup

Runtime navigation with number of objects placed

