



# **Lab Report-02**

## **(Binary\_Search)**

**CSE-2212 (Design and Analysis of  
Algorithms Lab)**

### **Submitted By:**

**Name: Eyasir Ahamed**  
**Exam Roll: 413**  
**Class Roll: 15**  
**Registration No:**  
**202004017**

### **Submitted To:**

**Sharad Hasan**  
**Ex. Lecturer**  
**Dept. of CSE**  
**Sheikh Hasina University,**  
**Netrokona**

**DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING**  
**SHEIKH HASINA UNIVERSITY**  
**NETROKONA, BANGLADESH**

## #2\_Binary Search

### Problem Definition

Given a sorted array of integers `arr[]` of size `n` and a key integer `key`, the problem is to find the index of the key in the array `arr[]`. If the key is not present, return -1.

### Formal Statement of the Algorithm

- Set the lower bound `left` to 0 and the upper bound `right` to `n - 1`.
- Repeat until `left` is less than or equal to `right`:
  - Set the mid index `mid` as the average of `left` and `right`.
  - If `arr[mid]` is equal to the key, return `mid`.
  - If `arr[mid]` is greater than the key, update `right` to `mid - 1`.
  - If `arr[mid]` is less than the key, update `left` to `mid + 1`.
- If the key is not found after the loop, return -1.

### Complexity Analysis of the Algorithm

- Time Complexity:  $O(\log n)$  (since the array is sorted, the search space reduces by half in each iteration).
- Space Complexity:  $O(1)$  (constant space, as no extra space is used apart from a few variables).

## Actual Code

```
1  #include <iostream>
2  using namespace std;
3
4  int binary_search(int arr[],int n,int key){
5      int s = 0;
6      int e = n - 1;
7      while(s<=e){
8          int mid = (s+e)/2;
9          if(arr[mid]==key){
10             return mid;
11          }else if(arr[mid]>key){
12             e = mid - 1;
13          }else{
14             s = mid + 1;
15          }
16      }
17      return -1;
18  }
19
20  int main() {
21      cout << "Binary Search Algorithms\n";
22      int arr[] = {3,4,5,8,10,13,21,28,32};
23      int n = sizeof(arr)/sizeof(arr[0]);
24      int key = 32;
25      int k = binary_search(arr,n,key);
26      if(k!=-1){
27          cout<<key<<" found at index : "<<k<<endl;
28      }else{
29          cout<<"Key not found"<<endl;
30      }
31      return 0;
32  }
```

## Output

```
/Documents/GitHub/DSA$ cd "/home/eyasir/Documents/GitHub
• /DSA/Searching/" && g++ binary_search.cpp -o binary_sear
ch && "/home/eyasir/Documents/Gh
Binary Search Algorithmsry_search
32 found at index : 8
```