

Lab 13 -143

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Files “GSE37704_metadata.csv” and “GSE37704_featurecounts.csv” are downloaded from the class website.

```
# Will be using DESeq2. Call in pkg  
library(DESeq2)
```

```
## Loading required package: S4Vectors
```

```
## Loading required package: stats4
```

```
## Loading required package: BiocGenerics
```

```
##
```

```
## Attaching package: 'BiocGenerics'
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
```

```
##
```

```
##      IQR, mad, sd, var, xtabs
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
```

```
##
```

```
##      anyDuplicated, aperm, append, as.data.frame, basename, cbind,  
##      colnames, dirname, do.call, duplicated, eval, evalq, Filter, Find,  
##      get, grep, grepl, intersect, is.unsorted, lapply, Map, mapply,  
##      match, mget, order, paste, pmax, pmax.int, pmin, pmin.int,  
##      Position, rank, rbind, Reduce, rownames, sapply, setdiff, sort,  
##      table, tapply, union, unique, unsplit, which.max, which.min
```

```
##
```

```
## Attaching package: 'S4Vectors'
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
```

```
##
```

```
##      expand.grid, I, unname
```

```
## Loading required package: IRanges
```

```
## Loading required package: GenomicRanges
```

```
## Loading required package: GenomeInfoDb
```

```

## Loading required package: SummarizedExperiment

## Loading required package: MatrixGenerics

## Loading required package: matrixStats

##
## Attaching package: 'MatrixGenerics'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:matrixStats':
##
##   colAlls, colAnyNAs, colAnys, colAvgPerRowSet, colCollapse,
##   colCounts, colCummaxs, colCummins, colCumprods, colCumsums,
##   colDiffs, colIQRDiffs, colIQRs, colLogSumExps, colMadDiffs,
##   colMads, colMaxs, colMeans2, colMedians, colMins, colOrderStats,
##   colProds, colQuantiles, colRanges, colRanks, colSdDiffs, colSds,
##   colSums2, colTabulates, colVarDiffs, colVars, colWeightedMads,
##   colWeightedMeans, colWeightedMedians, colWeightedSds,
##   colWeightedVars, rowAlls, rowAnyNAs, rowAnys, rowAvgPerColSet,
##   rowCollapse, rowCounts, rowCummaxs, rowCummins, rowCumprods,
##   rowCumsums, rowDiffs, rowIQRDiffs, rowIQRs, rowLogSumExps,
##   rowMadDiffs, rowMads, rowMaxs, rowMeans2, rowMedians, rowMins,
##   rowOrderStats, rowProds, rowQuantiles, rowRanges, rowRanks,
##   rowSdDiffs, rowSds, rowSums2, rowTabulates, rowVarDiffs, rowVars,
##   rowWeightedMads, rowWeightedMeans, rowWeightedMedians,
##   rowWeightedSds, rowWeightedVars

## Loading required package: Biobase

## Welcome to Bioconductor
##
##   Vignettes contain introductory material; view with
##   'browseVignettes()'. To cite Bioconductor, see
##   'citation("Biobase)"', and for packages 'citation("pkgname)"'.

##
## Attaching package: 'Biobase'

## The following object is masked from 'package:MatrixGenerics':
##
##   rowMedians

## The following objects are masked from 'package:matrixStats':
##
##   anyMissing, rowMedians

# Load in files as variables
metaFile <- "GSE37704_metadata.csv"
countFile <- "GSE37704_featurecounts.csv"

# Import metadata
colData = read.csv(metaFile, row.names=1)
head(colData)

```

```
##                condition
## SRR493366 control_sirna
## SRR493367 control_sirna
## SRR493368 control_sirna
## SRR493369      hoxa1_kd
## SRR493370      hoxa1_kd
## SRR493371      hoxa1_kd
```

```
# Import countdata
countData = read.csv(countFile, row.names=1)
head(countData)
```

```
##                length SRR493366 SRR493367 SRR493368 SRR493369 SRR493370
## ENSG00000186092    918         0         0         0         0         0
## ENSG00000279928    718         0         0         0         0         0
## ENSG00000279457   1982        23        28        29        29        28
## ENSG00000278566    939         0         0         0         0         0
## ENSG00000273547    939         0         0         0         0         0
## ENSG00000187634   3214        124        123        205        207        212
##                SRR493371
## ENSG00000186092         0
## ENSG00000279928         0
## ENSG00000279457        46
## ENSG00000278566         0
## ENSG00000273547         0
## ENSG00000187634       258
```

Q1. Complete the code below to remove the troublesome first column from countData

```
# Note we need to remove the odd first $length col
# I added '-1' to remove the first col
countData <- as.matrix(countData[,-1])
head(countData)
```

```
##                SRR493366 SRR493367 SRR493368 SRR493369 SRR493370 SRR493371
## ENSG00000186092         0         0         0         0         0         0
## ENSG00000279928         0         0         0         0         0         0
## ENSG00000279457        23        28        29        29        28        46
## ENSG00000278566         0         0         0         0         0         0
## ENSG00000273547         0         0         0         0         0         0
## ENSG00000187634       124       123       205       207       212       258
```

Q2. Complete the code below to filter countData to exclude genes (i.e. rows) where we have 0 read count across all samples (i.e. columns).

Tip: What will rowSums() of countData return and how could you use it in this context?

```
# Filter count data where you have 0 read count across all samples.
noZero <- rowSums(countData)>0
countData = countData[noZero,]
head(countData)
```

```
##           SRR493366 SRR493367 SRR493368 SRR493369 SRR493370 SRR493371
## ENSG00000279457      23      28      29      29      28      46
## ENSG00000187634     124     123     205     207     212     258
## ENSG00000188976    1637    1831    2383    1226    1326    1504
## ENSG00000187961     120     153     180     236     255     357
## ENSG00000187583      24      48      65      44      48      64
## ENSG00000187642       4       9      16      14      16      16
```

```
nrow(countData)
```

```
## [1] 15975
```

Running DESeq2

```
# From the lab guide
dds = DESeqDataSetFromMatrix(countData=countData,
                              colData=colData,
                              design=~condition)
```

```
## Warning in DESeqDataSet(se, design = design, ignoreRank): some variables in
## design formula are characters, converting to factors
```

```
dds = DESeq(dds)
```

```
## estimating size factors
```

```
## estimating dispersions
```

```
## gene-wise dispersion estimates
```

```
## mean-dispersion relationship
```

```
## final dispersion estimates
```

```
## fitting model and testing
```

```
# Look at the variable 'dds' output
dds
```

```
## class: DESeqDataSet
## dim: 15975 6
## metadata(1): version
## assays(4): counts mu H cooks
## rownames(15975): ENSG00000279457 ENSG00000187634 ... ENSG00000276345
## ENSG00000271254
## rowData names(22): baseMean baseVar ... deviance maxCooks
## colnames(6): SRR493366 SRR493367 ... SRR493370 SRR493371
## colData names(2): condition sizeFactor
```

```
# Store data in 'res'  
res <- results (dds)
```

Q3. Call the `summary()` function on your results to get a sense of how many genes are up or down-regulated at the default 0.1 p-value cutoff.

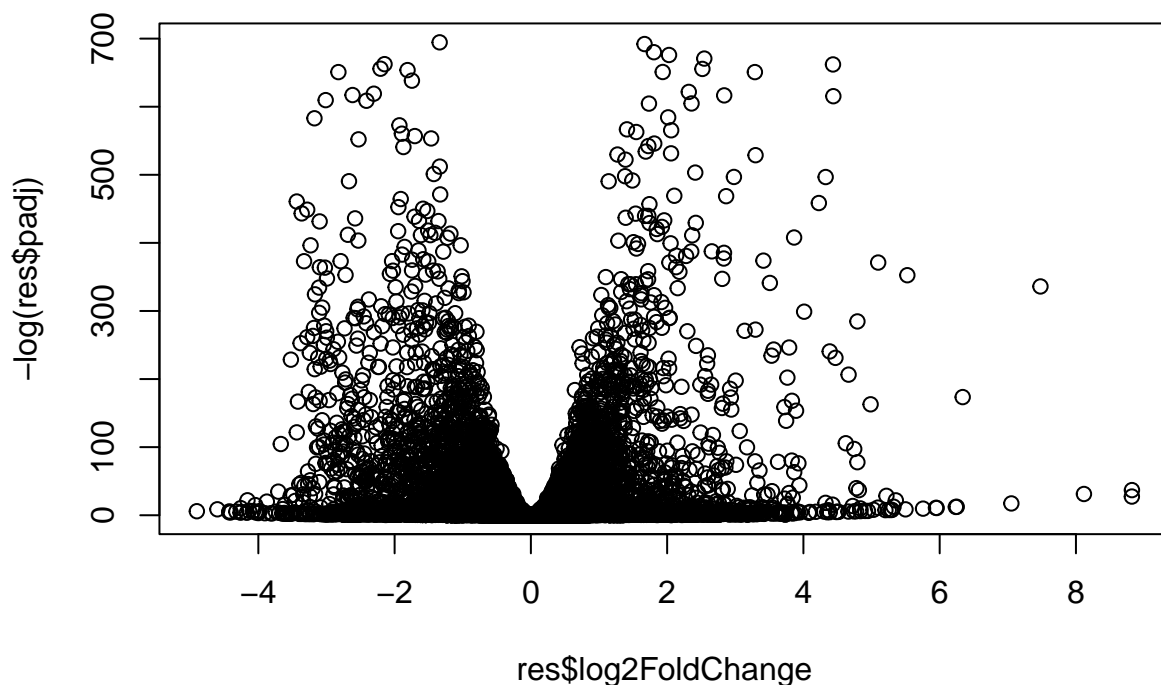
4349 genes are upregulated and 4396 genes are downregulated

```
# Following instructions above  
res = results(dds, contrast=c("condition", "hoxa1_kd", "control_sirna"))  
summary(res)
```

```
##  
## out of 15975 with nonzero total read count  
## adjusted p-value < 0.1  
## LFC > 0 (up)      : 4349, 27%  
## LFC < 0 (down)    : 4396, 28%  
## outliers [1]      : 0, 0%  
## low counts [2]     : 1237, 7.7%  
## (mean count < 0)  
## [1] see 'cooksCutoff' argument of ?results  
## [2] see 'independentFiltering' argument of ?results
```

Volcano Plot

```
# Basic volc plot  
plot( res$log2FoldChange, -log(res$padj) )
```



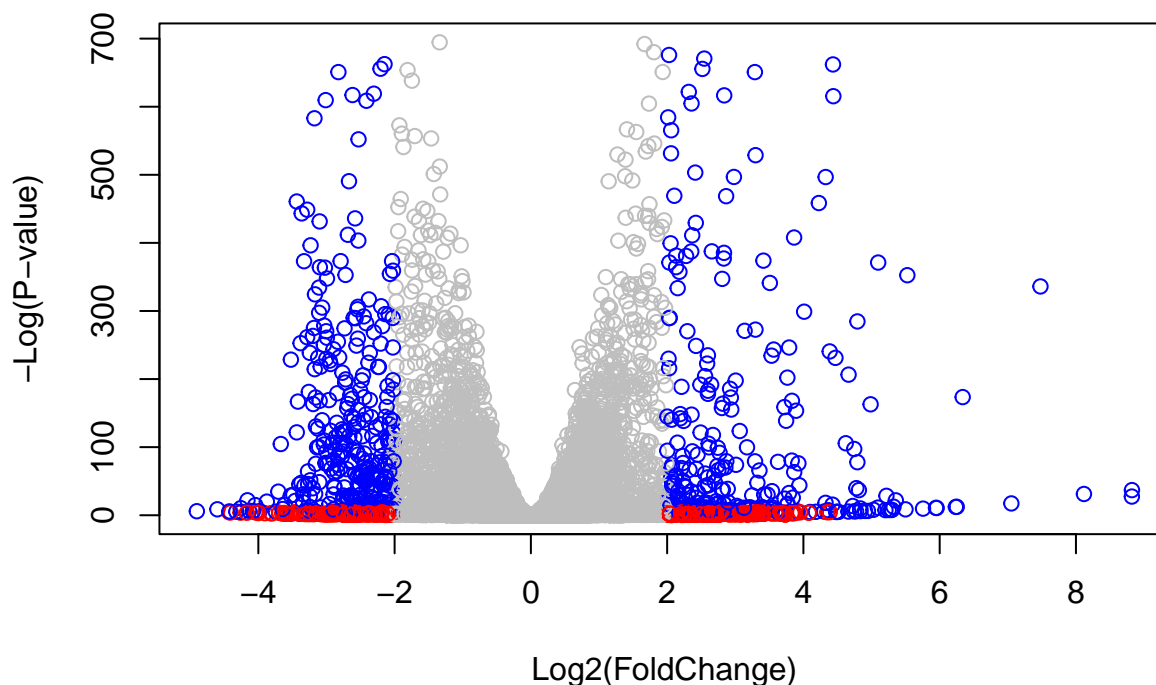
Q4. Improve this plot by completing the below code, which adds color and axis labels

```
# Make a color vector for all genes
mycols <- rep("gray", nrow(res) )

# Color red the genes with absolute fold change above 2
mycols[ abs(res$log2FoldChange) > 2 ] <- "red"

# Color blue those with adjusted p-value less than 0.01
# and absolute fold change more than 2
inds <- (res$padj < 0.01) & (abs(res$log2FoldChange) > 2 )
mycols[ inds ] <- "blue"

plot( res$log2FoldChange, -log(res$padj), col=mycols, xlab="Log2(FoldChange)", ylab="-Log(P-value)" )
```



Gene Annotation

Q. Use the `mapIDs()` function multiple times to add SYMBOL, ENTREZID and GENENAME annotation to our results by completing the code below.

New Installations: `BiocManager::install("AnnotationDbi")` `BiocManager::install("org.Hs.eg.db")`

```
# Call in pkgs
library("AnnotationDbi")
library("org.Hs.eg.db")
```

```
##
```

```
# Use mapID() to add annotations. Answering Q above.
columns(org.Hs.eg.db)
```

```
## [1] "ACCNUM"      "ALIAS"       "ENSEMBL"     "ENSEMBLPROT" "ENSEMBLTRANS"
## [6] "ENTREZID"    "ENZYME"      "EVIDENCE"    "EVIDENCEALL"  "GENENAME"
## [11] "GENETYPE"    "GO"          "GOALL"       "IPI"          "MAP"
## [16] "OMIM"        "ONTOLOGY"    "ONTOLOGYALL" "PATH"         "PFAM"
## [21] "PMID"        "PROSITE"     "REFSEQ"      "SYMBOL"       "UCSCKG"
## [26] "UNIPROT"
```

```
res$symbol = mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,
  keys=row.names(res),
  keytype="ENSEMBL",
  column="SYMBOL",
  multiVals="first")
```

```
## 'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns
```

```
res$entrez = mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,
  keys=row.names(res),
  keytype="ENSEMBL",
  column="ENTREZID",
  multiVals="first")
```

```
## 'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns
```

```
res$name = mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,
  keys=row.names(res),
  keytype="ENSEMBL",
  column="GENENAME",
  multiVals="first")
```

```
## 'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns
```

```
head(res, 10)
```

```
## log2 fold change (MLE): condition hoxa1_kd vs control_sirna
```

```
## Wald test p-value: condition hoxa1 kd vs control sirna
```

```
## DataFrame with 10 rows and 9 columns
```

```
##           baseMean log2FoldChange      lfcSE      stat      pvalue
##           <numeric>      <numeric> <numeric> <numeric> <numeric>
## ENSG00000279457   29.913579      0.1792571 0.3248216  0.551863 5.81042e-01
## ENSG00000187634  183.229650      0.4264571 0.1402658  3.040350 2.36304e-03
## ENSG00000188976 1651.188076     -0.6927205 0.0548465 -12.630158 1.43990e-36
## ENSG00000187961  209.637938      0.7297556 0.1318599  5.534326 3.12428e-08
## ENSG00000187583   47.255123      0.0405765 0.2718928  0.149237 8.81366e-01
## ENSG00000187642   11.979750      0.5428105 0.5215598  1.040744 2.97994e-01
## ENSG00000188290  108.922128      2.0570638 0.1969053 10.446970 1.51282e-25
## ENSG00000187608  350.716868      0.2573837 0.1027266  2.505522 1.22271e-02
## ENSG00000188157  9128.439422      0.3899088 0.0467163  8.346304 7.04321e-17
## ENSG00000237330   0.158192      0.7859552 4.0804729  0.192614 8.47261e-01
##           padj      symbol      entrez      name
##           <numeric> <character> <character> <character>
## ENSG00000279457 6.86555e-01      NA      NA      NA
## ENSG00000187634 5.15718e-03      SAMD11    148398 sterile alpha motif ..
## ENSG00000188976 1.76549e-35      NOC2L     26155 NOC2 like nucleolar ..
## ENSG00000187961 1.13413e-07      KLHL17    339451 kelch like family me..
## ENSG00000187583 9.19031e-01      PLEKHN1   84069 pleckstrin homology ..
## ENSG00000187642 4.03379e-01      PERM1     84808 PPARGC1 and ESRR ind..
## ENSG00000188290 1.30538e-24      HES4      57801 hes family bHLH tran..
## ENSG00000187608 2.37452e-02      ISG15     9636 ISG15 ubiquitin like..
## ENSG00000188157 4.21963e-16      AGRN      375790      agrin
## ENSG00000237330      NA      RNF223    401934 ring finger protein ..
```


Q. Finally for this section let's reorder these results by adjusted p-value and save them to a CSV file in your current project directory.

```
# Order res by pvalue
res = res[order(res$pvalue),]
# Save res as new csv file
write.csv(res, file = "deseq_results.csv")
```

Pathway Analysis

New Installation: `BiocManager::install(c("pathview", "gage", "gageData"))`

```
# Load packages for KEGG
library(pathview)
```

```
## #####
## Pathview is an open source software package distributed under GNU General
## Public License version 3 (GPLv3). Details of GPLv3 is available at
## http://www.gnu.org/licenses/gpl-3.0.html. Particullary, users are required to
## formally cite the original Pathview paper (not just mention it) in publications
## or products. For details, do citation("pathview") within R.
##
## The pathview downloads and uses KEGG data. Non-academic uses may require a KEGG
## license agreement (details at http://www.kegg.jp/kegg/legal.html).
## #####
```

```
library(gage)
```

```
##
```

```
library(gageData)
```

```
# Loads data sets
data(kegg.sets.hs)
data(sigmet.idx.hs)
```

```
# Focus on signaling and metabolic pathways only
kegg.sets.hs = kegg.sets.hs[sigmet.idx.hs]
```

```
# Examine the first 3 pathways
head(kegg.sets.hs, 3)
```

```
## $'hsa00232 Caffeine metabolism'
## [1] "10"    "1544"  "1548"  "1549"  "1553"  "7498"  "9"
##
## $'hsa00983 Drug metabolism - other enzymes'
## [1] "10"      "1066"   "10720"  "10941"  "151531" "1548"   "1549"   "1551"
## [9] "1553"    "1576"   "1577"   "1806"   "1807"   "1890"   "221223" "2990"
## [17] "3251"    "3614"   "3615"   "3704"   "51733"  "54490"  "54575"  "54576"
## [25] "54577"   "54578"  "54579"  "54600"  "54657"  "54658"  "54659"  "54963"
```

```
## [33] "574537" "64816" "7083" "7084" "7172" "7363" "7364" "7365"
## [41] "7366" "7367" "7371" "7372" "7378" "7498" "79799" "83549"
## [49] "8824" "8833" "9" "978"
##
## $'hsa00230 Purine metabolism'
## [1] "100" "10201" "10606" "10621" "10622" "10623" "107" "10714"
## [9] "108" "10846" "109" "111" "11128" "11164" "112" "113"
## [17] "114" "115" "122481" "122622" "124583" "132" "158" "159"
## [25] "1633" "171568" "1716" "196883" "203" "204" "205" "221823"
## [33] "2272" "22978" "23649" "246721" "25885" "2618" "26289" "270"
## [41] "271" "27115" "272" "2766" "2977" "2982" "2983" "2984"
## [49] "2986" "2987" "29922" "3000" "30833" "30834" "318" "3251"
## [57] "353" "3614" "3615" "3704" "377841" "471" "4830" "4831"
## [65] "4832" "4833" "4860" "4881" "4882" "4907" "50484" "50940"
## [73] "51082" "51251" "51292" "5136" "5137" "5138" "5139" "5140"
## [81] "5141" "5142" "5143" "5144" "5145" "5146" "5147" "5148"
## [89] "5149" "5150" "5151" "5152" "5153" "5158" "5167" "5169"
## [97] "51728" "5198" "5236" "5313" "5315" "53343" "54107" "5422"
## [105] "5424" "5425" "5426" "5427" "5430" "5431" "5432" "5433"
## [113] "5434" "5435" "5436" "5437" "5438" "5439" "5440" "5441"
## [121] "5471" "548644" "55276" "5557" "5558" "55703" "55811" "55821"
## [129] "5631" "5634" "56655" "56953" "56985" "57804" "58497" "6240"
## [137] "6241" "64425" "646625" "654364" "661" "7498" "8382" "84172"
## [145] "84265" "84284" "84618" "8622" "8654" "87178" "8833" "9060"
## [153] "9061" "93034" "953" "9533" "954" "955" "956" "957"
## [161] "9583" "9615"
```

```
# Set new variable for fold change (from the DESeq analysis)
foldchanges = res$log2FoldChange
names(foldchanges) = res$entrez
head(foldchanges)
```

```
##      1266      54855      1465      51232      2034      2317
## -2.422719  3.201955 -2.313738 -2.059631 -1.888019 -1.649792
```

```
# Get the results
keggres = gage(foldchanges, gsets=kegg.sets.hs)

attributes(keggres)
```

```
## $names
## [1] "greater" "less" "stats"
```

```
# Look at the first few down (less) pathways
head(keggres$less)
```

```
##                p.geomean stat.mean      p.val
## hsa04110 Cell cycle      8.995727e-06 -4.378644 8.995727e-06
## hsa03030 DNA replication  9.424076e-05 -3.951803 9.424076e-05
## hsa03013 RNA transport   1.375901e-03 -3.028500 1.375901e-03
## hsa03440 Homologous recombination 3.066756e-03 -2.852899 3.066756e-03
## hsa04114 Oocyte meiosis   3.784520e-03 -2.698128 3.784520e-03
```

```
## hsa00010 Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis 8.961413e-03 -2.405398 8.961413e-03
##                               q.val set.size      exp1
## hsa04110 Cell cycle           0.001448312      121 8.995727e-06
## hsa03030 DNA replication      0.007586381       36 9.424076e-05
## hsa03013 RNA transport       0.073840037      144 1.375901e-03
## hsa03440 Homologous recombination 0.121861535       28 3.066756e-03
## hsa04114 Oocyte meiosis      0.121861535     102 3.784520e-03
## hsa00010 Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis 0.212222694       53 8.961413e-03
```

```
# Pathview makes a pathway visual map.
# kegg.native=FALSE displays as a pdf graph
# hsa04110 = cell cycle
pathview(gene.data=foldchanges, pathway.id="hsa04110", kegg.native=FALSE)
```

```
## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns
```

```
## Info: Working in directory /Users/ethanyoung/Downloads/BIMM 143/Lab 13-143
```

```
## Info: Writing image file hsa04110.pathview.pdf
```

Focus on top 5 upregulated pathways here for demo purposes only

```
keggrespathways <- rownames(keggres$greater)[1:5]

# Extract the 8 character long IDs part of each string
keggresids = substr(keggrespathways, start=1, stop=8)
keggresids
```

```
## [1] "hsa04640" "hsa04630" "hsa00140" "hsa04142" "hsa04330"
```

```
# Top 5 pathways upregulated
pathview(gene.data=foldchanges, pathway.id=keggresids, species="hsa")
```

```
## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns
```

```
## Info: Working in directory /Users/ethanyoung/Downloads/BIMM 143/Lab 13-143
```

```
## Info: Writing image file hsa04640.pathview.png
```

```
## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns
```

```
## Info: Working in directory /Users/ethanyoung/Downloads/BIMM 143/Lab 13-143
```

```
## Info: Writing image file hsa04630.pathview.png
```

```
## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns
```

```
## Info: Working in directory /Users/ethanyoung/Downloads/BIMM 143/Lab 13-143

## Info: Writing image file hsa00140.pathview.png

## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

## Info: Working in directory /Users/ethanyoung/Downloads/BIMM 143/Lab 13-143

## Info: Writing image file hsa04142.pathview.png

## Info: some node width is different from others, and hence adjusted!

## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

## Info: Working in directory /Users/ethanyoung/Downloads/BIMM 143/Lab 13-143

## Info: Writing image file hsa04330.pathview.png
```

Q. Can you do the same procedure as above to plot the pathview figures for the top 5 down-regulated pathways?

```
# use keggres$less
keggrespathwaysdown <- rownames(keggres$less)[1:5]

# Extract the 8 character long IDs part of each string
keggresids2 = substr(keggrespathwaysdown, start=1, stop=8)
keggresids2

## [1] "hsa04110" "hsa03030" "hsa03013" "hsa03440" "hsa04114"
```

```
# Top 5 pathways downregulated
pathview(gene.data=foldchanges, pathway.id=keggresids2, species="hsa")
```

```
## Info: Downloading xml files for hsa04110, 1/1 pathways..

## Info: Downloading png files for hsa04110, 1/1 pathways..

## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

## Info: Working in directory /Users/ethanyoung/Downloads/BIMM 143/Lab 13-143

## Info: Writing image file hsa04110.pathview.png

## Info: Downloading xml files for hsa03030, 1/1 pathways..

## Info: Downloading png files for hsa03030, 1/1 pathways..

## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns
```

```
## Info: Working in directory /Users/ethanyoung/Downloads/BIMM 143/Lab 13-143

## Info: Writing image file hsa03030.pathview.png

## Info: Downloading xml files for hsa03013, 1/1 pathways..

## Info: Downloading png files for hsa03013, 1/1 pathways..

## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

## Info: Working in directory /Users/ethanyoung/Downloads/BIMM 143/Lab 13-143

## Info: Writing image file hsa03013.pathview.png

## Info: Downloading xml files for hsa03440, 1/1 pathways..

## Info: Downloading png files for hsa03440, 1/1 pathways..

## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

## Info: Working in directory /Users/ethanyoung/Downloads/BIMM 143/Lab 13-143

## Info: Writing image file hsa03440.pathview.png

## Info: Downloading xml files for hsa04114, 1/1 pathways..

## Info: Downloading png files for hsa04114, 1/1 pathways..

## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

## Info: Working in directory /Users/ethanyoung/Downloads/BIMM 143/Lab 13-143

## Info: Writing image file hsa04114.pathview.png
```

Gene Ontology

```
data(go.sets.hs)
data(go.subs.hs)

# Focus on Biological Process subset of GO
gobpsets = go.sets.hs[go.subs.hs$BP]

gobpres = gage(foldchanges, gsets=gobpsets, same.dir=TRUE)

head(gobpres$less)
```

	p.geomean	stat.mean	p.val
## G0:0048285 organelle fission	1.536227e-15	-8.063910	1.536227e-15
## G0:0000280 nuclear division	4.286961e-15	-7.939217	4.286961e-15
## G0:0007067 mitosis	4.286961e-15	-7.939217	4.286961e-15
## G0:0000087 M phase of mitotic cell cycle	1.169934e-14	-7.797496	1.169934e-14
## G0:0007059 chromosome segregation	2.028624e-11	-6.878340	2.028624e-11
## G0:0000236 mitotic prometaphase	1.729553e-10	-6.695966	1.729553e-10

	q.val	set.size	exp1
## G0:0048285 organelle fission	5.841698e-12	376	1.536227e-15
## G0:0000280 nuclear division	5.841698e-12	352	4.286961e-15
## G0:0007067 mitosis	5.841698e-12	352	4.286961e-15
## G0:0000087 M phase of mitotic cell cycle	1.195672e-11	362	1.169934e-14
## G0:0007059 chromosome segregation	1.658603e-08	142	2.028624e-11
## G0:0000236 mitotic prometaphase	1.178402e-07	84	1.729553e-10

Reactome Analysis

New Installation: `BiocManager::install("ReactomePA")`

```
library("ReactomePA")
```

```
## ReactomePA v1.42.0 For help: https://yulab-smu.top/biomedical-knowledge-mining-book/
##
```

```
## If you use ReactomePA in published research, please cite:
```

```
## Guangchuang Yu, Qing-Yu He. ReactomePA: an R/Bioconductor package for reactome pathway analysis and v
```

```
sig_genes <- res[res$padj <= 0.05 & !is.na(res$padj), "symbol"]
print(paste("Total number of significant genes:", length(sig_genes)))
```

```
## [1] "Total number of significant genes: 8147"
```

```
write.table(sig_genes, file="significant_genes.txt", row.names=FALSE, col.names=FALSE, quote=FALSE)
```

Q: What pathway has the most significant “Entities p-value”? Do the most significant pathways listed match your previous KEGG results? What factors could cause differences between the two methods?

Top Pathways from Reactome: Endosomal/Vacuolar pathway and Cell Cycle GO:0048285 Organelle Fission is a top hit from KEGG (and it’s part of the cell cycle) Maybe different considerations of defining a pathway could cause differences in either method.