code jam
print "hello, world!"

Qualification Round 2009

A. Alien Language

B. Watersheds

C. Welcome to Code Jam

Contest Analysis

Questions asked 7

Practice Mode   Contest scoreboard | Sign in

Problem A. Alien Language

This contest is open for practice. You can try every problem as many times as you like, though we won't keep track of which problems you solve. Read the Quick-Start Guide to get started.

| Small input 10 points | Solve A-small |
| Large input 23 points | Solve A-large |

━ Submissions

Alien Language

| 10pt | Not attempted **7863/9407 users** correct (84%) |
| 23pt | Not attempted **6938/8239 users** correct (84%) |

Watersheds

| 10pt | Not attempted **5201/5887 users** correct (88%) |
| 23pt | Not attempted **4674/5422 users** correct (86%) |

Welcome to Code Jam

| 10pt | Not attempted **5255/5975 users** correct (88%) |
| 23pt | Not attempted **3029/5339 users** correct (57%) |

━ Top Scores

jaehyunp	99
rem	99
Ying	99
ahmed.aly.tc	99
wcao	99
austrin	99
RalphFurmaniak	99

Problem

After years of study, scientists at Google Labs have discovered an alien language transmitted from a faraway planet. The alien language is very unique in that every word consists of exactly **L** lowercase letters. Also, there are exactly **D** words in this language.

Once the dictionary of all the words in the alien language was built, the next breakthrough was to discover that the aliens have been transmitting messages to Earth for the past decade. Unfortunately, these signals are weakened due to the distance between our two planets and some of the words may be misinterpreted. In order to help them decipher these messages, the scientists have asked you to devise an algorithm that will determine the number of possible interpretations for a given pattern.

A pattern consists of exactly **L** tokens. Each token is either a single lowercase letter (the scientists are very sure that this is the letter) or a group of unique lowercase letters surrounded by parenthesis (and). For example: (ab)d(dc) means the first letter is either a or b, the second letter is definitely d and the last letter is either d or c. Therefore, the pattern (ab)d(dc) can stand for either one of these 4 possibilities: add, adc, bdd, bdc.

Input

The first line of input contains 3 integers, **L**, **D** and **N** separated by a space. **D** lines follow, each containing one word of length **L**. These are the words that are known to exist in the alien language. **N** test cases then follow, each on its own line and each consisting of a pattern as described above. You may assume that all known words provided are unique.

Jonick	99
elhipercubo	99
Snail	99

Output

For each test case, output

```
Case #X: K
```

where **X** is the test case number, starting from 1, and **K** indicates how many words in the alien language match the pattern.

Limits

Small dataset

$1 \leq$ **L** ≤ 10
$1 \leq$ **D** ≤ 25
$1 \leq$ **N** ≤ 10

Large dataset

$1 \leq$ **L** ≤ 15
$1 \leq$ **D** ≤ 5000
$1 \leq$ **N** ≤ 500

Sample

Input	Output
3 5 4	Case #1: 2
abc	Case #2: 1
bca	Case #3: 3
dac	Case #4: 0
dbc	
cba	
(ab)(bc)(ca)	
abc	
(abc)(abc)(abc)	
(zyx)bc	