### Statistical Machine Learning (W4400)

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https://courseworks.columbia.edu

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## **Course Syllabus**

#### **Description**

The use of statistical models in computer algorithms allows computers to make decisions and predictions, and to perform tasks that traditionally require human cognitive abilities. Machine learning is the interdisciplinary field at the intersection of statistics and computer science which develops such statistical models and interweaves them with computer algorithms. It underpins many modern technologies, such as speech recognition, Internet search, bioinformatics and computer vision—Amazon's recommender system, Google's driverless car and the most recent imaging systems for cancer diagnosis are all based on Machine Learning technology.

The course will provide an introduction to Machine Learning and its core models and algorithms. The aim of the course is to provide students of statistics with detailed knowledge of how Machine Learning methods work and how statistical models can be brought to bear in computer systems—not only to analyze large data sets, but to let computers perform tasks that traditional methods of computer science are unable to address. Examples range from speech recognition and text analysis through bioinformatics and medical diagnosis. This course provides a first introduction to the statistical methods and mathematical concepts which make such technologies possible.

#### **Administrative**

#### Lecture

Tuesday and Thursday, 4:10PM-5:25PM
Location: International Affairs Building, Room 417

#### Instructor

• John Cunningham

Office Hours: Tuesdays and Thursdays, 5:30PM-6:00PM

Office Hours Location: Same as lecture hall

Main Office: Department of Statistics, Room 1026, 10th Floor School of Social Work, 1255 Amsterdam

Email: jpc2181@columbia.edu

#### **Teaching Assistant**

Chris Mulligan

Office Hours: Fridays, 3:00PM-5:00PM

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• Xiaoou Li

Office Hours: Mondays, 2:00PM-4:00PM

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#### **Prerequisites**

• A previous course in statistics, elementary probability, multivariate calculus, linear algebra and ability to do moderate coding in R.

#### **Grading and Academic Integrity**

I take the honor code very seriously; students caught cheating or otherwise in violation will face disciplinary action. Please note the Barnard honor code text:

"We... resolve to uphold the honor of the College by refraining from every form of dishonesty in our academic life. We consider it dishonest to ask for, give, or receive help in examinations or quizzes, to use any papers or books not authorized by the instructor in examinations, or to present oral work or written work which is not entirely our own, unless otherwise approved by the instructor.... We pledge to do all that is in our power to create a spirit of honesty and honor for its own sake."

http://barnard.edu/node/2875

https://www.college.columbia.edu/academics/academicintegrity

Your grade will be determined by three different components:

- Homework (30%). Homework will contain both written and R data analysis elements. This is due online by the beginning of class on the due date. Your lowest homework grade will be automatically dropped at the end of the term.
- **Midterm Exam (30%).** This will be given in class during midterm week. You will be permitted use one handwritten page, front and back, of notes.
- Final Exam (40%). This will be given in class during the finals period. You will be permitted use one handwritten page, front and back, of notes.
- **Course Participation.** After the course grades are calculated and curved, I will increase the letter grade of the most active participants in the course. Course participation primarily includes participation in lectures.

Failure to complete any of the first three components may result in a D or F.

**Late Work and Regrading Policy:** No late work or requests for regrades are accepted. To accommodate unexpected circumstances, we have implemented two important features:

- Your lowest homework grade will be automatically dropped at the end of the term.
- You may submit and resubmit your homework as many times as you like up until the deadline. This means that you should submit any partial solutions as you complete them, to make sure you receive as much credit as possible for the work you have done. After the deadline, the system will not allow you to submit your homework. If you do not submit anything by the deadline, you will get a 0. There will be no exceptions to this rule. Submit your homework early.

**Homework:** Students are encouraged to work together, but homework write-ups must be done individually and must be entirely the author's own work. Homework is due at the **beginning** of the class for which it is due. **Late homework will not be accepted under any circumstances.** To receive full credit, students must thoroughly explain how they arrived at their solutions and include the following information on their homeworks: name, UNI, homework number (e.g., HW03), and class (STAT W4400). All homework must be turned in online through Courseworks in PDF format, have a .pdf extension, and be less than 4MB. If programming is part of the assignment, the code must be turned in in one or more .R files. Homeworks not adhering to these requirements will receive no credit.

#### **Reading Material**

No explicit readings will be assigned. Rather, students should use the following two books as supporting references. The latter is (mostly) a shortened version of the former, and students may prefer the exposition in either text.

- Hastie, T., Tibshirani, R. and Friedman, J. *The Elements of Statistical Learning: Data Mining, Inference and Prediction, 2nd Edition.* Springer, 2009. Available online at http://statweb.stanford.edu/~tibs/ElemStatLearn/
- James, G., Witten, D. Hastie, T. and Tibshirani, R. *An Introduction to Statistical Learning* Springer, 2014. Available online at http://www-bcf.usc.edu/~gareth/ISL/

#### Other useful books:

- Adler, J. R in a Nutshell: A Desktop Quick Reference. O'Reilly Media, 2010.
- Bishop, C. Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning. Springer-Verlag, 2006.
- Murphy, K. Machine Learning: a Probabilistic Perspective. MIT Press, 2012.
- Witten, I. H., Frank, E. and Hall, M. A. *Data Mining: Practical Machine Learning Tools and Techniques*. Morgan Kaufman, 2011.

# **Approximate Lecture Outline**

| Lecture | Content   |
|---------|---|
| 1       | Introduction and basic concepts: maximum likelihood     |
| 2       | Classification: loss functions, risk, naive bayes       |
| 3       | Classification: linear classifier, perceptron           |
| 4       | Classification: maximum margin, support vector machines |
| 5       | Classification: support vector machines continued       |
| 6       | Optimization 1  |
| 7       | Optimization 2  |
| 8       | Classification: multiclass, kernels                     |
| 9       | Classification: SVM with kernels                        |
| 10      | Cross Validation  |
| 11      | Classification: trees                                   |
| 12      | Classification: boosting                                |
| 13      | Classification: face detection                          |
| 14      | Classification: bagging, random forests                 |
| 15      | Midterm Exam  |
| 16      | Regression: linear regression, linear algebra           |
| 17      | Linear Algebra: eigenvalues, normal distributions       |
| 18      | Shrinkage: ridge regression                             |
| 19      | Shrinkage: LASSO  |
| 20      | Bias-Variance tradeoff                                  |
| 21      | Unsupervised Learning: PCA                              |
| 22      | Unsupervised Learning: clustering                       |
| 23      | Expectation-Maximization                                |
| 24      | Exponential Family                                      |
| 25      | Information Theory                                      |
| 26      | Model Order Selection                                   |
| 27      | Markov Models   |
| 28      | Bayesian Models   |
| 29      | Final Exam  |
|         | (the following topics, as time allows)                  |
| 30      | Sampling  |
| 31      | MCMC  |
| 32      | Markov Random Fields                                    |
| 33      | Gibbs Sampling  |