

LuaCensor:

A package for redacting sensitive information

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1 Very Quick Guide

1.1 Purpose

This package redacts sensitive information using Lua, and adds accessibility support.

1.2 Usage

The package is called with:

```
\usepackage{luacensor}
```

Sensitive information is enclosed within the command:

```
\cnsr{John Smith}
```

When the outputted document is intended for authorised readers who are supposed to see sensitive information, no further action is needed. When the outputted document is for general audiences, who are *not* supposed to see sensitive information, add the following line to the preamble:

```
\cnsrtrue
```

This activates the censoring globally.

1.3 The **warning** option

For many documents, the presence or absence of redaction in the document will be obvious by black bars in the first page. However, for other documents, particularly long reports or, for example, a court judgment with a title page, it is useful to give an indication. This can be done by calling the package with:

```
\usepackage[warning]{luacensor}
```

This prints a warning at the top of the page indicating either that the text is redacted or unredacted. The default ‘safe’ and ‘danger’ warnings, below, are there mostly as a place holder, because it is anticipated that the precise wording of the warning will vary by jurisdiction.



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1.4 Requirements

This package will **only** work in Lua \LaTeX . The package works out of the box with a standard \TeX distribution, but ideally, I would strongly suggest installing the free (*libre & gratis*) ‘Redacted’ font from Google Fonts, which gives a quite aesthetically pleasing black bar effect.¹

1.5 Limitations

The package is completely effective at censoring text formatted with normal \LaTeX commands, by which I mean that it is impossible for someone to ascertain the original text (or even its precise length) from the outputted \pdf when the `\cnsrtrue` option has been activated.

However, math mode is used, it will censor numbers, but not operators or \TeX (as opposed to Unicode) operators. This is probably fine for most instances, but unacceptable where security is of the highest priority, and I would not really recommend using this package to censor highly secret formulæ; the censor package in your \TeX distribution will do a better job of that. The package is set to completely disappear the output (as opposed to black bar over) of the `math`, `align`, `equation`, `tabular`, and a few other environments, as disappearing these environments proved more secure than the piecemeal blacking out I saw. It is probable that there are packages and macros that will break the `cnsr` macro, and therefore, care should be taken to always examine output before public distribution.

Users should also be aware that many \TeX primitives confuse the package, in particular `\vskip`, `\hskip` *etc* that take arguments outside curly braces cause difficulties; the best solution is simply to either use the \LaTeX alternatives (*eg*, `\hspace`) or enclose the primitives in the `\hddn` command which simply disappears them.

¹Available at: <https://fonts.google.com/specimen/Redacted>; a version is also available at the GitHub repo of this project: <https://github.com/ezgranet/luacensor>

1.6 Demonstration

```
%In the preamble: \usepackage{luacensor}
\begin{quote}
\footnotesize \cnsr{Whereas recognition} of the \cnsrtrue\cnsr{inherent
→ dignity and of the equal and inalienable rights of all members of the
→ human family} is the foundation of freedom, justice and peace in the
→ world,

\cnsr{Whereas disregard and contempt for human rights have resulted in
→ barbarous acts which have outraged the conscience of mankind, and the
→ advent of a world in which human beings shall enjoy freedom of speech
→ and belief and freedom from fear and want has been proclaimed as the
→ highest aspiration of the common people,}
\end{quote}
```

Whereas recognition of the [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] is the foundation of freedom, justice and peace in the world,

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

2 More detailed information

2.1 Purpose

This package is a relatively lightweight and aesthetically pleasing censorship solution which includes accessibility features to allow screen readers to be aware that content has been redacted.

2.2 The censoring mechanism

The package uses Lua's `toks` filter to replace all `UTF8` characters with a single glyph (• in the case of `Redacted`, and a Unicode black rectangle in the fallback `TeX` default font `Source Sans Pro`). In both font options, these combine visually into a single line (though this can be deconstructed in a text editor).

However, while changing all characters into a single character is effective in *most* cases, this alone would not be sufficiently secure for reliable usage. This is because knowing the length of a censored name could be combined with other information in, for example, a Family Court judgment, to allow for what lawyers call 'jigsaw identification' (*eg*, where there is only one person with an eight letter surname who meets the other details given in the judgment).

Therefore, the package adds an extra layer of security by randomly changing the length of strings during the censorship phase; censored strings can thus be either longer or shorter by a few characters. This means that while the area of the blacked out content will be *approximately* similar to the length of the uncensored string (which means wireframing more or less works), it cannot be used to reverse engineer information about the censored content.

2.3 The accessibility feature

One concern about document redaction is ensuring that visually impaired readers of your document, who use screen reading software to listen to your text, may encounter problems with censored content. If the screen reading software skips over the censored text altogether, it will be a very confusing jump for the visually impaired user. If the screen reading software reads the replacement characters, it will be very annoying for the visually impaired reader to hear, in a censored paragraph, the same character being read out *ad nauseam* (*eg*, 'Asterisk, asterisk, asterisk...').

To overcome this limitation, the package uses the `accsup` package to add an 'actual text' feature which will lead screen readers (and utilities like `pdftotext`) to replace the string of replacement characters with the two words 'TEXT REDACTED'. This also will be encountered by naïve users who try to outdo the package by copying and pasting the black blocks from Adobe™ Acrobat or Reader. (However, because other PDF readers, like Apple's Preview, do not implement accessibility features, this is **not** an additional security feature and is not on its own sufficient to work for redaction; if it were otherwise, the rest of the package would be unnecessary)

2.4 Bugs and development

All bugs, feature requests, or other technical points should be submitted to the package's official Github page.²

2.5 Licensing

The software is free and open-source software licensed under the Latex Public Project Licence.³

2.6 Some useful advice

This package is really good at some things, but if you find it breaks down on censoring complex \LaTeX code, the existing `sensor` package on CTAN is excellent (albeit less good with accessibility), and works with non-Lua versions of \TeX . Incidentally, you can use both this package and `sensor` in the same file without trouble; this (*not* a penchant for annoying tech-speak) is why the main command in this package is `cnsr` without vowels.

²<https://github.com/ezgranet/luacensor>

³<https://www.latex-project.org/lppl/>

3 Implementation

```
7 %luacensor.sty
8 \def\luacensorversionnumber{1.1.0}
9 \ProvidesPackage{luacensor-dev}
10 [2022/02/22 \luacensorversionnumber\
11   Redact sensitive information using Lua]
12 % !TeX program = lualatex
13 % !TeX encoding = utf8
14 % This work may be distributed and/or modified under the
15 % conditions of the LaTeX Project Public License, either version 1.3
16 % of this license or (at your option) any later version.
17 % The latest version of this license is in
18 %   http://www.latex-project.org/lppl.txt
19 % and version 1.3 or later is part of all distributions of LaTeX
20 % version 2005/12/01 or later.
21 %
22 % This work has the LPPL maintenance status `maintained'.
23 %
24 % The Current Maintainer of this work is Elijah Z Granet
25 %%%%%%%%%%%
26 %%%%%%%%%%%
27 % option (we'll come back
28 % to this later
29 %%%%%%%%%%%
30 %%%%%%%%%%%
31 \newif\ifwarning
32 \warningfalse
33 \DeclareOption{warning}{\warningtrue}
34 \ProcessOptions*
```

3.1 Dependencies

```
35 %%%%%%%%%%%
36 %%%%%%%%%%%
37 % DEPENDENCIES
38 %%%%%%%%%%%
39 %%%%%%%%%%%
40 \RequirePackage{luacode}
41 \RequirePackage{environ}% http://ctan.org/pkg/environ
42
43 \RequirePackage{verbatim}
44 % ^ for the censoring
45 \RequirePackage{accsupp}
```

```

46 %^for accessibility
47 \RequirePackage{fontspec}
48 %^for black lines
49 %in theory, you could do
50 %a lighter version of this
51 %package with just asterisks
52 %or '[TEXT-REDACTED]'
53 %And perhaps that would be better for
54 %the environment with printing
55 %BUT I MADE MY CHOICE!
56 \RequirePackage{xcolor}
57 \RequirePackage{graphicx}

```

3.2 Fonts

```

58 %%%%%%%%%%%
59 %%%%%%%%%%%
60 % FONTS
61 %%%%%%%%%%%
62 %%%%%%%%%%%
63 %%%%%%%%%%%
64 %%%%%%%%%%%
65 % redacted is prettier and free to download
66 %%%%%%%%%%%
67 %%%%%%%%%%%
68 % Strongly recommended
69 %%%%%%%%%%%
70 %%%%%%%%%%%
71 %%%%%%%%%%%
72 %%%%%%%%%%%
73 \IfFontExistsTF{Redacted}{%
74 \newfontface\cnsrfnt[%%%%%%%%%
75 %the scale is arbitrary, but kind of works
76 %Scale=1.1,
77 %the below declarations are to prevent warnings about shapes not being
78 ↪ available
79 ItalicFont={Redacted},%
80 BoldItalicFont={Redacted},%
81 BoldFont={Redacted},%
82 SmallCapsFont={Redacted}]{Redacted}
83 \newcommand{\onething}{\cnsrfnt\ \ \ }
84 \newcommand{\twothings}{\cnsrfnt\ \ \ \ }
85 \newcommand{\donothing}{\ \ }
86 %%%%%%%%%%%

```



```

86 %%%%%%%%%%
87 %The little spaces let justification happen
88 %%%%%%%%%%
89 %%%%%%%%%%
90 %%%%%%%%%%
91 %%%%%%%%%%
92 % x chosen as an arbitrary average width
93 %%%%%%%%%%
94 %%%%%%%%%%
95 }{
96 %%%%%%%%%%
97 %%%%%%%%%%
98 % This option works perfectly
99 %fine, it's just less pretty
100 %%but a good fallback because
101 % Source Sans is in TeX dists by default
102 %%%%%%%%%%
103 %%%%%%%%%%
104 \newfontface\cnsrfnt[Scale=1.01,%To allow for separate use of source sans in
   ↳ text
105 WordSpace=0,%To make it all one black line
106 %the below declarations are to prevent warnings about shapes not being
   ↳ available
107 ItalicFont={Source Sans Pro Black},BoldItalicFont={Source Sans Pro
   ↳ Black},BoldFont={Source Sans Pro Black},SmallCapsFont={Source Sans Pro
   ↳ Black}]{Source Sans Pro Black}
108 %%%%%%%%%%
109 %%%%%%%%%%
110 % Bit of unicode magic below to make the black line effect
111 %%%%%%%%%%
112 %%%%%%%%%%
113 \newcommand{\onething}{\cnsrfnt - }
114 \newcommand{\twothings}{\cnsrfnt - - }
115 \newcommand{\donothing}{ }
116 }

```

3.3 Pesky enviroments

```

117
118 %%%%%%%%%%
119 %%%%%%%%%%
120 % A neat fallback for disappearing things...
121 %%%%%%%%%%
122 %%%%%%%%%%

```

```

123 %%%%%%%%%%
124 %%%%%%%%%%
125 % FULL CREDIT
126 % and FULSOME THANKS
127 % TO TEX.SE USER
128 % Werner for the code below
129 %%%%%%%%%%
130 %%%%%%%%%%
131 \makeatletter
132 \newcommand{\voidenvironment}[1]{%
133   \expandafter\providecommand\csname env@#1@save@endcsname{%
134     \expandafter\providecommand\csname env@#1@process@endcsname{%
135       \@ifundefined{#1}{}\RenewEnviron{#1}{}%
136     }
137   \makeatother
138   \newcommand{\hddn}[1]{%
139     \ifcnsr{}\else%
140     #1\fi}
141   \newenvironment*{hidden}{\begin{@empty}
142   }{\end{@empty}}
143   \voidenvironment{hidden}
144
145 %%%%%%%%%%
146 %%%%%%%%%%
147 %%%%%%%%%%

```

3.4 The cnsr command

```

148
149 %%%%%%%%%%
150 %%%%%%%%%%
151 %%%%%%%%%%
152 % the CENSOR COMMAND
153 %%%%%%%%%%
154
155 \newif\ifcnsr\cnsrfalse
156 \newcommand{\cnsr}[1]{%
157   \ifcnsr{%
158
159   \voidenvironment{equation*}
160   \voidenvironment{equation}
161   \voidenvironment{table}
162   \voidenvironment{table*}
163   \voidenvironment{tabular}

```

```

164 \voidenvironment{tabular*}
165 \voidenvironment{}
166 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
167 % I don't know how many
168 % people use TEX native accent commands
169 % in LuaTEX given that using Unicode is more
170 %people's style. But just in case, because these can lead to stray accent
   ↳ marks floating above censored letters.
171 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
172 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
173 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
174 \renewcommand{\`}[1]{}
175 \renewcommand{\'}[1]{}
176 \renewcommand{\^}[1]{}
177 \renewcommand{\"}[1]{}
178 \renewcommand{\H}[1]{}
179 \renewcommand{\~}[1]{}
180 \renewcommand{\c}[1]{}
181 \renewcommand{\k}[1]{}
182 \renewcommand{\l}[1]{}
183 \renewcommand{\=[1]{}
184 \renewcommand{\b}[1]{}
185 \renewcommand{\.}[1]{}
186 \renewcommand{\d}[1]{}
187 \renewcommand{\r}[1]{}
188 \renewcommand{\u}[1]{}
189 \renewcommand{\v}[1]{}
190 \renewcommand{\t}[1]{}
191 \renewcommand{\o}[1]{}
192 \renewcommand{\i}[1]{}
193 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
194 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%

```

3.5 Accessibility features

```

195 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
196 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
197 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
198 % here we have the accsupp magic
199 % this operates by replacing the 'x's
200 % or unicode black squares as the case
201 % may be with an alt text
202 % this serves a dual purpose of both making
203 %pdfototext not break with huge strings of meaningless characters

```

```

204 %but more importantly
205 % it means screen readers don't subject
206 %. their users to the meaningless reading out of unicode black squares 50
   ↳ times in a row!
207 %%%%%%%%%%
208 %%%%%%%%%%
209 %%%%%%%%%%
210 %%%%%%%%%%
211 \BeginAccSupp{method=plain,ActualText={TEXT REDACTED}}%
212 \rndstring{#1}
213 \EndAccSupp{}%
214 }
215 \else%
216 %%%%%%%%%%
217 %%%%%%%%%%
218 % if the conditional is off
219 % the command does absolutely nothing
220 %%%%%%%%%%
221 %%%%%%%%%%
222 #1%
223 \fi}
224 %%%%%%%%%%
225 %%%%%%%%%%

```

3.6 The Lua magic

```

226
227 % %%%%%%%%%%
228 %%%%%%%%%%
229 % The LUA MAGIC PART
230 %%%%%%%%%%
231 %%%%%%%%%%
232 %%%%%%%%%%
233 %%%%%%%%%%
234 \begin{luacode}

```

```

235
236 --fulsome thanks to TeX.SE users Henri Menke and David Carlisle, without whom
   ↳ none of this would be possible
237 local function rndstring()
238

```

```

239     local toks = token.scan_toks(s)
240     local on = true
241     for n, t in ipairs(toks) do
242         if t.csname == "begin" or t.csname == "end" then
243             on = false
244             -- The below is necessary as TeX primitives can break the code otherwise
245             -- because they do not use brackets
246             end
247
248             if not(on) and t.cmdname == "right_brace" then
249                 on = true
250                 -- This prevents needless errors about gibberish up commands
251             end
252
253             if on and t.csname == "&" then
254                 local letter = token.create'donothing'
255                 toks[n] = letter
256
257             elseif on and t.csname == "%" then
258                 local letter = token.create'donothing'
259                 toks[n] = letter
260
261             elseif on and t.csname == "$" then
262                 local letter = token.create'donothing'
263                 toks[n] = letter
264
265             elseif on and t.csname == "#" then
266                 local letter = token.create'donothing'
267                 toks[n] = letter
268
269             elseif on and t.csname == "_" then
270                 local letter = token.create'donothing'
271                 toks[n] = letter
272
273             elseif on and t.csname == "{" then
274                 local letter = token.create'donothing'
275                 toks[n] = letter
276
277             elseif on and t.csname == "}" then
278                 local letter = token.create'donothing'
279                 toks[n] = letter
280
281             elseif on and t.csname == "~" then
282                 local letter = token.create'donothing'
283                 toks[n] = letter
284

```

```

285
286 elseif on and t.csname == "^" then
287     local letter = token.create'donothing'
288     toks[n] = letter
289 elseif on and t.cmdname == "letter" then
290     -- The below is the randomness part of this, which I admit is fairly
     ↳ arbitrary, but will more often artificially shorten strings than lengthen
     ↳ them, as testing found if lengthening was too frequent, it led to really
     ↳ unsightly long strings.
291     local f = math.random (1,20)
292     if f == 1 then
293         local letter = token.create'donothing'
294         toks[n] = letter
295
296         elseif f == 2 then
297             local letter = token.create'donothing'
298             toks[n] = letter
299         elseif f == 3 then
300             local letter = token.create'donothing' toks[n] = letter
301         elseif f == 4 then
302             local letter = token.create'twothings'
303             toks[n] = letter
304         elseif f == 5 then
305             local letter = token.create'donothing' toks[n] = letter
306
307         else
308             local letter = token.create'onething'
309             toks[n] = letter
310
311             end
312             elseif
313                 on and t.cmdname == "spacer" then
314                     local f = math.random (1,20)
315                     if f == 2 then
316                         local letter = token.create'donothing'
317                         toks[n] = letter
318
319                         elseif f == 3 then
320                             local letter = token.create'donothing' toks[n] = letter
321                             elseif f == 4 then
322                                 local letter = token.create'donothing'
323                                 toks[n] = letter
324
325                                 elseif f == 5 then
326
327                                     local letter = token.create'twothings' toks[n] = letter
328                                     elseif f == 6 then

```

```

329
330         local letter = token.create'donothing'  toks[n] = letter
331         elseif f == 7 then
332             local letter = token.create'donothing'  toks[n] = letter
333
334
335     else
336         local letter = token.create'onething'
337     toks[n] = letter
338
339         end
340
341         elseif
342             on and t.cmdname == "other_char" then
343                 local f = math.random (1,20)
344                 if f == 2 then
345                     local letter = token.create'donothing'
346                 toks[n] = letter
347                     elseif f == 3 then
348
349                         local letter = token.create'donothing'  toks[n] = letter
350                 elseif f == 4 then
351                     local letter = token.create'donothing'
352                     toks[n] = letter
353                         elseif f == 5 then
354
355
356                         local letter = token.create'twothings'  toks[n] = letter
357                 elseif f == 6 then
358
359
360                         local letter = token.create'donothing'  toks[n] = letter
361                         elseif f == 7 then
362                             local letter = token.create'donothing'  toks[n] = letter
363
364
365                 else
366                     local letter = token.create'onething'
367                 toks[n] = letter
368
369                     end
370                     end
371
372                 end
373             --Drop the token in and move on
374             token.put_next(toks)
375         end
376     local lft = lua.get_functions_table()

```

```

376 --make a global command
377 lft[#lft + 1] = rndstring
378 token.set_lua("rndstring", #lft, "global")

```

```

379 \end{luacode}
380 %%%%%%%%%%%
381 %%%%%%%%%%%

```

3.7 The warning option

```

382
383 % WARNING FUN YAY
384 %%%%%%%%%%%
385 %%%%%%%%%%%
386 %%%%%%%%%%%
387 %%%%%%%%%%%
388 % Definitely this whole section
389 %is there to be user modified, because
390 % depending on language, jurisdiction
391 %type of document etc, everyone will need
392 %a specific warning style. So the important
393 % part of the code here is the
394 % conditional and global [warning]
395 % option, because that's the magic value addedd
396 %%%%%%%%%%%
397 %%%%%%%%%%%
398 %%%%%%%%%%%
399 %%%%%%%%%%%
400 %%%%%%%%%%%
401 %%%%%%%%%%%
402 % fonts for the warning:
403 %I chose default LaTeX fonts
404 % here to be changed as users wish
405 %%%%%%%%%%%
406 %%%%%%%%%%%
407 \newfontface\wrnstncl{QT Military}
408 \newcommand{\warnword}{WARNING}
409 \newfontface\smb1{Deja Vu Sans Bold}
410 \newcommand{\danger}{\smb1 Δ\normalfont}
411 \newcommand{\warnformat}{\sfamily\bfseries \color{red}}
412 \newcommand{\textwarn}{%

```



```

413 This document is {\underline{NOT}} redacted. It contains private and
    ↳ confidential personal data, and may {\underline{NOT}} be distributed,
    ↳ published, or shown to those without the right to view such information.
    ↳ The publication of the information in this document may constitute a
    ↳ contempt of court, punishable by a term of imprisonment.%
414 }%
415 \newcommand{\textsafe}{This document has been altered to remove sensitive
    ↳ personal data. It is cleared for publication and dissemination.
416 }
417 \definecolor{darkgreen}{rgb}{0.0, 0.2, 0.13}
418 \definecolor{darkspringgreen}{rgb}{0.09, 0.45, 0.27}
    ↳ \definecolor{forestgreen}{rgb}{0.13, 0.55, 0.13}
419 \newcommand{\dquad}{\danger\danger\danger\danger}
420 \newcommand{\dangersign}[1]{\scalebox{2}{\huge\danger}}
421 \newcommand{\dangerblock}{\scalebox{2}{%
422 {\huge\danger\quad%
423 \danger\quad\danger}}
424 \newcommand{\warnblock}{\Large\wrnstnc\%
425 \warnword\quad\warnword%
426 \quad\warnword}}
427 \newcommand{\tworules}{\hrule width \hspace height .7pt\vskip2pt\hrule width
428 ↳ \hspace height .7pt}
429 \newcommand{\allwarning}{%
430 \dangerblock\\\warnblock\\%
431 \normalfont\smallskip\warnformat\textwarn%
432 }
433 \newcommand{\confwarning}{%
434 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
435 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
436 % The warning option
437 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
438 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
439 \ifwarning
440 \ifcnsr
441 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
442 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
443 % a note saying document is redacted
444 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
445 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
446 \begin{center}
447 \color{forestgreen}
448 \tworules\vskip5pt
449 \normalsize\normalfont\sffamily\bfseries\textsafe
450 \vskip5pt\tworules
451 \end{center}
452 \else
453 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%

```

```

454 %%%%%%%%%%%
455 % The WARNING for un-redacted docs
456 %%%%%%%%%%%
457 %%%%%%%%%%%
458 \begin{center}\color{red}\tworules\vskip 5pt\allwarning
459 \vskip5pt\tworules
460 \end{center}
461 \fi
462 \else\fi
463 }
464 \AtBeginDocument{\confwarning}\clearpage

```

4 Version History

4.1 1.1.0

22 February 2022: Package creation

4.2 1.0.0

18 February 2022: Package creation