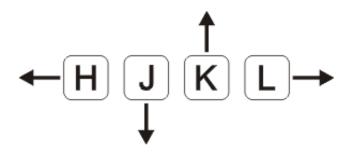
A Great Vim Cheat Sheet

Note: If you're decent at vim and want your mind blown, check out Advanced Vim.

I've compiled a list of essential vim commands that I use every day. I then give a few instructions on how to making vim as great as it should be, because it's painful without configuration.

Cursor movement (Inside command/normal mode)



- w jump by start of words (punctuation considered words)
- w jump by words (spaces separate words)
- e jump to end of words (punctuation considered words)
- E jump to end of words (no punctuation)
- b jump backward by words (punctuation considered words)
- B jump backward by words (no punctuation)
- 0 (zero) start of line
- ^ first non-blank character of line (same as 0w)
- \$ end of line
- Advanced (in order of what I find useful)
 - Ctrl+d move down half a page
 - Ctrl+u move up half a page
 - } go forward by paragraph (the next blank line)
 - { go backward by paragraph (the next blank line)
 - o gg go to the top of the page
 - G go the bottom of the page
 - : [num] [enter] Go To that line in the document
 - Searching
 - f [char] Move to the next char on the current line after the cursor
 - F [char] Move to the next char on the current line before the cursor
 - t [char] Move to before the next char on the current line after the cursor
 - T [char] Move to before the next char on the current line before the cursor
 - All these commands can be followed by ; (semicolon) to go to the next searched item,
 and , (comma) to go the the previous searched item

Insert/Appending/Editing Text

- Results in insert mode
 - o i start insert mode at cursor

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Fox ne or Cithub

- I insert at the beginning of the line
- o a append after the cursor
- A append at the end of the line
- o open (append) blank line below current line (no need to press return)
- o open blank line above current line
- o cc change (replace) an entire line
- c [movement command] change (replace) from the cursor to the move-to point.
- ex. ce changes from the cursor to the end of the cursor word
- Esc exit insert mode
- r [char] replace a single character with the specified char (does not use insert mode)
- d delete
 - d [movement command] deletes from the cursor to the move-to point.
 - o ex. de deletes from the cursor to the end of the current word
- dd delete the current line
- Advanced
 - o J join line below to the current one

Marking text (visual mode)

- v starts visual mode
 - \circ From here you can move around as in normal mode (hjkl etc.) and can then do a command (such as y, d, or c)
- v starts linewise visual mode
- Ctrl+v start visual block mode
- Esc exit visual mode
- Advanced
 - o move to Other corner of block
 - o o move to other end of marked area

Visual commands

Type any of these while some text is selected to apply the action

- y yank (copy) marked text
- d delete marked text
- c delete the marked text and go into insert mode (like c does above)

Cut and Paste

- yy yank (copy) a line
- p put (paste) the clipboard after cursor
- P put (paste) before cursor
- dd delete (cut) a line
- x delete (cut) current character
- x delete previous character (like backspace)

Exiting

- :w write (save) the file, but don't exit
- :wq write (save) and quit
- : q quit (fails if anything has changed)
- :q! quit and throw away changes

Search/Replace

- /pattern search for pattern
- ?pattern search backward for pattern
- n repeat search in same direction
- N repeat search in opposite direction
- :%s/old/new/g replace all old with new throughout file (gn is better though)
- :%s/old/new/qc replace all old with new throughout file with confirmations

Working with multiple files

- :e filename Editafile
- :tabe make a new tab
- qt go to the next tab
- gT go to the previous tab
- Advanced
 - :vsp vertically split windows
 - ctrl+ws Split windows horizontally
 - ctrl+wv Split windows vertically
 - ctrl+ww switch between windows
 - ctrl+wq Quit a window

Marks

Marks allow you to jump to designated points in your code.

- m{a-z} Set mark {a-z} at cursor position
- A capital mark {A-Z} sets a global mark and will work between files
- \\\\ \{a-z\}\ move the cursor to the start of the line where the mark was set
- '' go back to the previous jump location

General

- u undo
- Ctrl+r redo
- repeat last command

Making Vim actually useful

Vim is quite unpleasant out of the box. For example, typeing : w for every file save is awkward and copying and pasting to the system clipboard does not work. But a few changes will get you much closer to

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the editor of your dreams.

.vimrc

- My .vimrc file has some pretty great ideas I haven't seen elsewhere.
- This is a minimal vimre that focuses on three priorities:
 - adding options that are strictly better (like more information showing in autocomplete)
 - more convenient keystrokes (like [space]w for write, instead of :w [enter])
 - a similar workflow to normal text editors (like enabling the mouse)

Installation

- Copy this to your home directory and restart vim. Read through it to see what you can now do (like [space] w to save a file)
 - mac users making a hidden normal file is suprisingly tricky. Here's one way:
 - in the command line, go to the home directory
 - type nano .vimrc
 - paste in the contents of the .vimrc file
 - ctrl+x, y, [enter] to save
- You should now be able to press [space] w in normal mode to save a file.
- [space]p should paste from the system clipboard (outside of vim).
 - o If you can't paste, it's probably because vim was not built with the system clipboard option. To check, run vim --version and see if +clipboard exists. If it says -clipboard, you will not be able to copy from outside of vim.
 - For mac users, homebrew install vim with the clipboard option. Install homebrew and then run brew install vim.
 - then move the old vim binary: \$ mv /usr/bin/vim /usr/bin/vimold
 - restart your terminal and you should see vim --version now with +clipboard

Plugins

- The easiest way to make vim more powerful is to use Vintageous in sublime (version 3). This gives you Vim mode inside sublime. I suggest this (or a similar setup with the Atom editor) if you aren't a vim master. Check out Advanced Vim if you are.
- Vintageous is great, but I suggest you change a few settings to make it better.
 - Clone this repository to ~/.config/sublime-text-3/Packages/Vintageous, or similar. Then check out the "custom" branch.
 - Alternatively, you can get a more updated Vintageous version by cloning the official repo and then copying over this patch.
 - Change the user settings (User/Preferences.sublime-settings) to include:
 - "caret style": "solid"
 - This will make the cursor not blink, like in vim.
 - sublime might freeze when you do this. It's a bug; just restart sublime after changing the file.
 - ctrl+r in vim means "redo". But there is a handy ctrl+r shortcut in sublime that gives an "outline" of a file. I remapped it to alt+r by putting this in the User keymap
 - Add the ability to toggle vintageous on and off

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- Mac users: you will not have the ability to hold down a navigation key (like holding j to go down). To fix this, run the commands specified here: https://gist.github.com/kconragan/2510186
- Now you should be able to restart sublime and have a great vim environment! Sweet Dude.

Switch Caps Lock and Escape

• I highly recommend you switch the mapping of your caps lock and escape keys. You'll love it, promise! Switching the two keys is platform dependent; google should get you the answer

Other

I don't personally use these yet, but I've heard other people do!

• :wqa - Write and quit all open tabs (thanks Brian Zick)

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