

CVI 03

4.1 $x = (1, 2, 3)$ $y = (-1, 0, 1)$

a) $d = \sqrt{1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2} = \sqrt{1+4+9} = \sqrt{14}$

b) $d(x, y) = \|x - y\| = \|(1, 2, 3) - (-1, 0, 1)\| = \|(2, 2, 2)\| = \sqrt{4+4+4} = \sqrt{12}$

c) $\cos \varphi = \frac{-1+0+3}{\sqrt{1+4+9} \cdot \sqrt{1+0+1}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{14} \cdot \sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{6}$

$\varphi = \arccos \frac{\sqrt{6}}{6}$

4.2. Pro takové x, y , které jsou stránkami trojúhelníku.

4.3 $X = \text{span}\{(0, 1, 1), (1, 2, 3)\}$

$X^\perp = \{y \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid y \perp X\}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & | & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & | & 0 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & | & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & | & 0 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & | & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

-1

$X^\perp = \text{span}\left\{\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}\right\}$

4.5 a) $\|x\| = \|y\| \rightarrow (x+y) \perp (x-y)$

$x^T x = y^T y$

$x^T x - y^T y = 0$

$x^T x - x^T y + y^T x - y^T y = 0$ ($x^T y = y^T x$, skalární součin)

$(x^T + y^T) \cdot (x - y) = 0$

$(x+y)^T \cdot (x-y) = 0$

$(x+y) \perp (x-y) \quad \checkmark$

b) $x \perp y \rightarrow \|x\|^2 + \|y\|^2 = \|x-y\|^2$

$x^T y = 0 = y^T x$

~~$\|x\|^2$~~ $\|x\|^2 = \|x\|^2 + \|y\|^2$

$\|x\|^2 + \|y\|^2 = \|x\|^2 + \|y\|^2$

$$(x^T x)^2 + (y^T y)^2 = (x^T x)^2 + (y^T y)^2$$

$$(x^T x)^2 + (y^T y)^2 = (x^T x)^2 + (y^T y)^2 + x x^T y y^T + y y^T x x^T$$

$$x x^T y y^T = x (x^T y) y^T = 0$$

$$y y^T x x^T = y (y^T x) x^T = 0$$

$$(x^T x)^2 + (y^T y)^2 = (x^T x)^2 + (y^T y)^2 + (x x^T y y^T)^T + (y y^T x x^T)^T$$

$$(x^T x)^2 + (y^T y)^2 = (x^T x + y^T y)^2$$

$$(x^T x)^2 + (y^T y)^2 = (x^T x - x^T y - y^T x + y^T y)^2$$

$$x^T y = 0$$

$$y^T x = 0$$

~~4.12~~

$$\|x\|^2 + \|y\|^2 = ((x^T - y^T)(x - y))^2$$

$$\|x\|^2 + \|y\|^2 = (x - y)^T (x - y)$$

$$\|x\|^2 + \|y\|^2 = \|x - y\|^2 \quad \checkmark$$

4.13. $x^T y = 0$ $\text{span}\left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$

$$x = \vec{u}_1 = (0, 1, 1)$$

$$y = \vec{u}_2 - \frac{x \cdot \vec{u}_2}{\|x\|^2} \cdot x = (1, 2, 3) - \frac{(0, 1, 1) \cdot (1, 2, 3)}{(\sqrt{0+1+1})^2} \cdot (0, 1, 1) =$$

$$= (1, 2, 3) - \frac{5}{2} \cdot (0, 1, 1) = (1, 0.5, 0.5)$$

$$\text{span}\left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0.5 \\ 0.5 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$$

x y