plagoute de l'A.F.C.D. 1. Isdo ees Tablande modalités) (00) 2-tablan disponctific plot (0) 3- A & Pole T. R. Q (X. M. T. 10) M. T. T. Zuitez retation de vichtatos et la fet discriminante? 17 Fi = ni v-19 q - = 29 t v-19 q (M) Al l'intro into classe: I witz = = = = = (ne d2(91, G)) (1) 3) l'ininte nita lasse Inta = in & sield (ni, de) (ni)

Examez: Methode de centre mobile.

	211	l nz	1	1	,	
n	1	0	3	1 ny	2	
26.3	14	3	0	2	4	(Λ)

 $C_{2} = \frac{1}{2} m_{1}, m_{2}, m_{3}$ $C_{2} = \frac{1}{2} m_{1}, m_{2}, m_{3}$ $C_{1} = \frac{1}{2} m_{1}, m_{2}, m_{3}$ $C_{2} = \frac{1}{2} m_{1}, m_{2}, m_{3}$ $C_{1} = \frac{1}{2} m_{1}, m_{2}, m_{3}$ $C_{2} = \frac{1}{2} m_{1}, m_{2}, m_{3}$

2			F	i	1
,	OLA	212	23	214	2
30			2739		2134
92	3	2	1	1	3

Cr= 4 M3, My }.

l'inique intra-classe:

Julia = } (n(19n) + (d(n2,91) + d(n5,9n)) + d(n3,92) + d(n4,92)] = 1,064

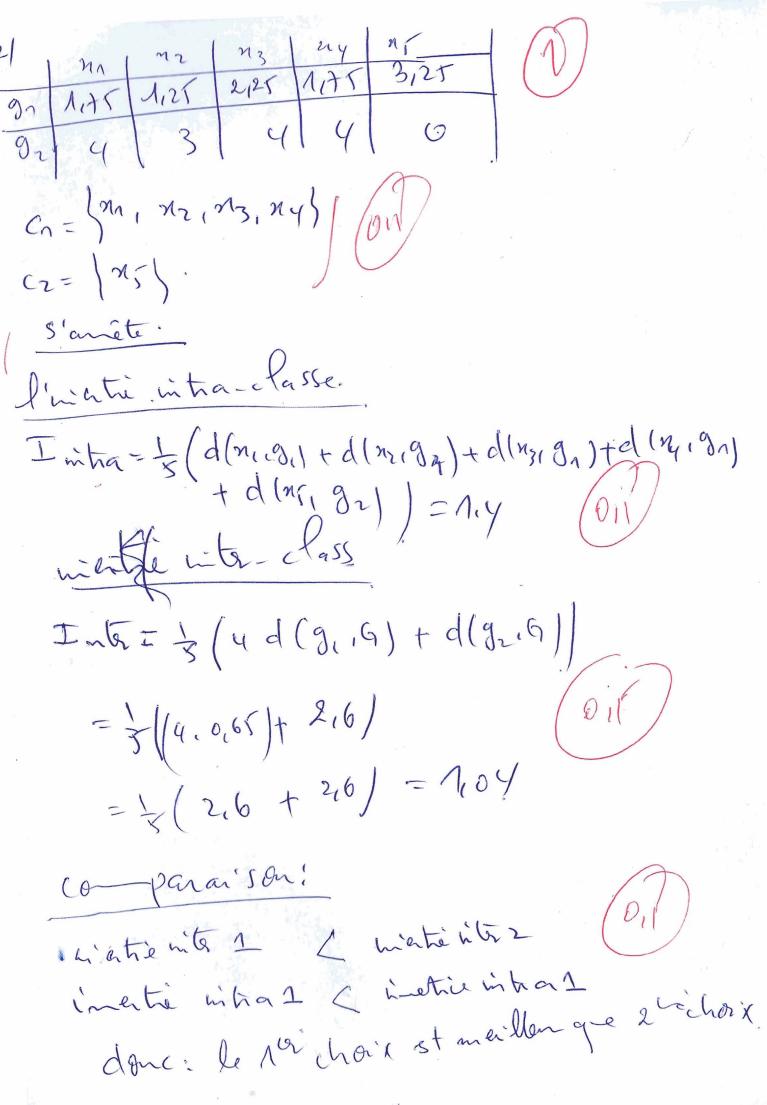


2 chox

	MA	1.712	1 23	[mu	l no	
ny	2	3	2	0		
25	4	3	4	4	7	
	,		1			47

d(n21 x5)=3

 $\frac{1}{2} \left[d(n_{2}, n_{1}) + d(n_{2}, n_{3}) + d(n_{2}, n_{4}) \right] = \frac{1}{3} \left(1 + 3 + 3 \right) = \frac{1}{3}$ $c|dn(n_{2}, n_{1}) + d(n_{2}, n_{3}) + d(n_{2}, n_{4}) = \frac{1}{3} \left(1 + 3 + 3 \right) = \frac{1}{3}$



4 -