

$$(a) E = \{0, 1, 2\}$$

البرهان بالترتيب .  
par récurrence .

$$\forall n \geq 0 \quad X_n \in \{0, 1, 2\}$$

$$\text{ie } 0 \leq X_n \leq 2$$

$$(b) P = \begin{bmatrix} P_{00} & P_{01} & P_{02} \\ P_{10} & P_{11} & P_{12} \\ P_{20} & P_{21} & P_{22} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X_{n+1} = \begin{cases} X_n + Y_{n+1} & \text{si } X_n + Y_{n+1} \leq 2 \\ X_n + Y_{n+1} - 3 & \text{si } X_n + Y_{n+1} \geq 3 \end{cases}$$

يمكن كتابته أيضا :  
ou bien :  $Y \in \{0, 1, 2\}$

$$X_{n+1} - X_n = \begin{cases} Y_{n+1} & \text{si } X_n + Y_{n+1} \leq 2 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} Y_{n+1} - 3, & \text{si } X_n + Y_{n+1} \geq 3 \end{cases} \in \{-3, -2, -1\}$$

$$P_{00} = P(X_{n+1} = 0 / X_n = 0)$$

$$\leftarrow X_{n+1} - X_n = 0$$

①

هذا يناسب الحالة الأولى

$$0 = X_{n+1} - X_n = Y_{n+1}$$

$$Y_{n+1} - 3 \neq 0 \quad : \quad \underline{Y}$$

وبالتالي

$$P_{00} = P(X_{n+1} = 0 / X_n = 0) = P(Y_{n+1} = 0) = P_0$$

من الوطى ح

$$P_{01} = P(X_{n+1} = 1 / X_n = 0) =$$

$X_{n+1} - X_n = 1$

$$1 = X_{n+1} - X_n = Y_{n+1} \quad \text{يوافق الحالة الأولى}$$

$$P_{01} = P(Y_{n+1} = 1) = P_1$$

$$P_{20} = P(X_{n+1} = 0 / X_n = 2)$$

$X_{n+1} - X_n = -2$

هذا يوافق الحالة الثانية

(2)

$$\textcircled{-2} = X_{n+1} - X_n = \textcircled{Y_{n+1} - 3}$$

أي

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{Y_{n+1} = 1}$$

وذلك

$$p_{20} = P(X_{n+1} = 0 / X_n \neq 2) = P(Y_{n+1} = 1) = p_1$$

وهكذا بنفس الطريقة نحسب  
الاحتمالات الأخرى.