LAPW Notes

Radial Schroedinger equation:

$$\left[-\frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2}{dr^2} + \frac{l(l+1)}{2r^2} + V_{KS}(r) - \epsilon_{nl} \right] u_{nl}(r) = 0$$
 (1)

Numerov integration

$$x''(t) = f(t)x(t) + u(t)$$
(2)

$$x(h) + x(-h) = 2x(0) + h^{2} [f(0)x(0) + u(0)] + \frac{2}{4!} h^{4} x^{(4)}(0) + O(h^{6})$$
(3)

For $O(h^4)$ algorithm, we can neglect $x^{(4)}$ term and get the following:

$$x_{i+1} - 2x_i + x_{i+1} = h^2(f_i x_i + u_i)$$
(4)

From the differential equation we can get:

$$x^{(4)} = \frac{\mathrm{d}^2 x''(t)}{\mathrm{d}t^2} = \frac{\mathrm{d}^2}{\mathrm{d}t^2} (f(t)x(t) + u(t)) \tag{5}$$

which can be approximated by:

$$x^{(4)} \approx \frac{f_{i+1}x_{i+1} + u_{i+1} - 2f_ix_i - 2u_i + f_{i-1}x_{i-1} + u_{i-1}}{h^2}$$
 (6)

Using this we can write:

$$x_{i+1} - 2x_i + x_{i-1} = h^2 (f_i x_i + u_i) +$$
(7)

$$\frac{h^2}{12} \left(f_{i+1} x_{i+1} + u_{i+1} - 2f_i x_i - 2u_i + f_{i-1} x_{i-1} + u_{i-1} \right) \tag{8}$$

Using $w_i = x_i \left(1 - \frac{h^2}{12} f_i\right) - \frac{h^2}{12} u_i$ we have the following scheme:

$$w_{i+1} - 2w_i + w_{i-1} = h^2 (f_i x_i + u_i) + O(h^6)$$
(9)