Performance of linking researchers to theses

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11 September, 2023

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Note: the "usable" links are saved to the db in $src/dataprep/main/link/prep_linked_data.py$

This script makes some plots of the advisor links and saves the most plausible links to a table in the database.

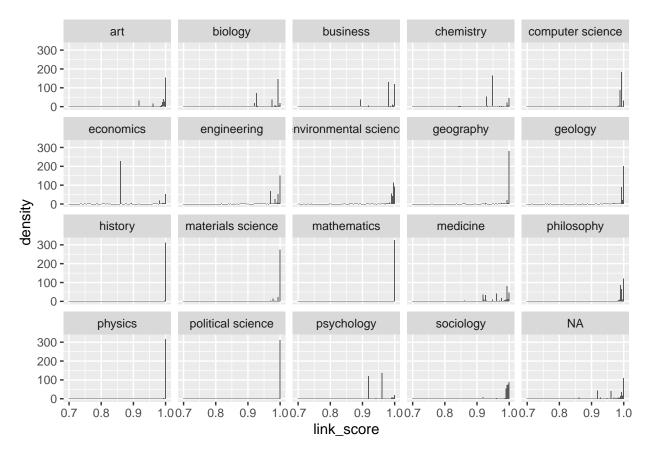
Overview

```
linked_advisors <- collect(linked_advisors)
theses <- collect(theses)
# linking_info <- collect(linking_info)
pq_fields_mag <- collect(pq_fields_mag)
pq_advisors <- collect(pq_advisors)</pre>
```

Linking scores

• conditioning on link score > 0.7 is fine

```
## Warning: The dot-dot notation (`..density..`) was deprecated in ggplot2 3.4.0.
## i Please use `after_stat(density)` instead.
## This warning is displayed once every 8 hours.
## Call `lifecycle::last_lifecycle_warnings()` to see where this warning was
## generated.
```

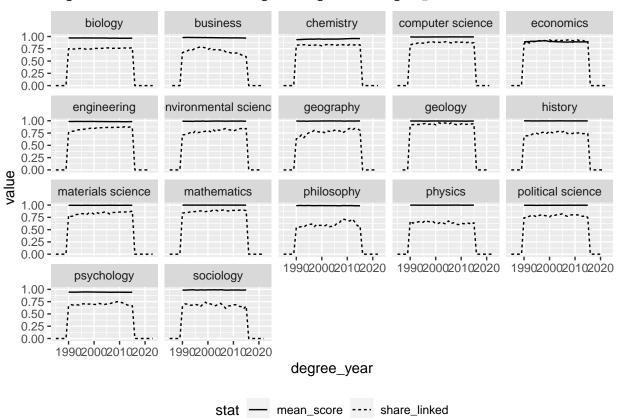


Link performance by graduation year

- fraction of listed advisors where the link_score is above the treshold
- the mean link score for advisors where dedupe finds a link (link score is not NA)
- NOTE: the field here is assigned based on the first reported in the dissertation, and the crosswalked to the MAG field
 - in the figure above, we used the field from iteration_id, but this only works for advisors that dedupe suggests to be a link

```
ggplot(aes(x = degree_year, y = value)) +
geom_line(aes(linetype = stat)) +
facet_wrap(~field) +
theme(legend.position = "bottom")
```

Warning: Removed 12 rows containing missing values (`geom_line()`).



Notes

- Reasons for why advisor not linked
 - they are not sampled for linking either in the mag or proquest data
 - * most plausibly because they are assigned to different fields
 - institution names do not overlap
 - dedupe does not find a link even though it should
 - * but how can it explain the time trend?
- Comparing fields in MAG and ProQuest dissertations
 - General
 - * not linking an advisor in biology does not mean do not link them in chemistry if the thesis is also classified in chemistry
 - * in the data above, this happens if biology is listed at position 0
 - Biology
 - * main field biology: dasgupta, freeling
 - * at least one of the dissertations of freeling are sampled for the linking
 - Sociology
 - * different main field: ishisaka, coulton (medicine), howell (geography), mindel (psychology)
 - * not in MAG, but findable on google: khleif, gullerud
 - * not in MAG, not findable on google: liff

- Next steps
 - widen the sampled field in MAG
 - re-train and re-check

Update, 4/11/22

Biology

- c brent theurer (authorid 2005171991), c channa reddy (authorid 2263585539): not in advisor sample b/c of the constraint on the length of the first name. can we fix this?
- john a gerlt: similar; is in mag with j a or ja gerlt
- daniel rittschof: his author id is 2242600877 and his name there is dan rittschof
- mingdaw tsai (authorid 2159629249), naba k gupta (authorid 2298396241), paul f cook (authorid 2107503814), eric n olson (2029316736) are all in the advisor sample from mag
 - do their affiliation-years exactly match in MAG? all except olson, who has a special affiliation

Physics

- h angus macleod (2169098584): first initial
- g michael morris (2232988940): first initial
- cyrus duncan cantrell: hard to find in MAG, if non-existent. https://news.utdallas.edu/faculty-staff/engineering-school-visionary-dr-cyrus-cantrell-mou/
- robert l byer: only late in mag, but exists as "r l byer" (authorid 2047849238)
- clifford m will (2150132651): could be linked but is not
- c fred moore (2317232422): first initial.

Political science

- chester a newland (2142560737): could be matched, but year-uni are 3 years apart
- orion f white (2116764412): could be matched
- a lucille brewer: could not find, hard to find.
- christopher bellavita: could not find
- m margaret conway (2104998712): first initial
- mitchell a seligson (608794441): could be matched
- bernard grofman (402009535): could be matched
- chester a newland (2142560737): could be matched

validate: does this also hold for economics?

• there, the top 10 non-matched advisors all have only first initials

Possible reasons for the non-linking

- algorithm
 - blocking: predicates are (SimplePredicate: (commonSixGram, lastname), SimplePredicate: (commonFourGram, middlename)). In contrast, for the settings file 1985-2022, the predicates are (SimplePredicate: (suffixArray, lastname),). For chemistry, they are (SimplePredicate: (sameSevenCharStartPredicate, lastname),)
 - * why do we use another training data set again here?
 - logistic regression
 - they are false negatives. compared to chemistry, it seems weird to have such a high false negative rate (this assumes that all the advisors we do currently not find are actually in the data)
- training
- the features are wrong. No, they are correct.
- the comparator is wrong. but then why does it work for other fields?
- any reason should ideally also explain why it works for chemistry but not for biology

- How can we fix the algorithm?
- we could relax the feature "same firstname"/"same lastname", particularly for advisors where the affiliation is a good and precise feature
- in some fields it seems important to have people with first initials.

Here is some python code to look at the learned settings, based on

- https://github.com/dedupeio/rlr/blob/master/rlr/lr.py (new dedupe does not use this anymore I think)
- $\bullet \ \, \text{https://github.com/dedupe/blob/5742efc7fc696c06d3327e038541532e584551a8/dedupe/api.} \, \, \text{pv} \\$
- Note: The predicates are similar for all three fields I looked at. I do not know how the weights correspond to the logit regression coefficients

```
sf_biology = "/mnt/ssd/DedupeFiles/advisors/settings_biology_1985_2022_institutionTrue_fieldofstudy_cat
sf_chemistry = "/mnt/ssd/DedupeFiles/advisors/settings_chemistry_1985_2022_institutionTrue_fieldofstudy
sf_cs = "/mnt/ssd/DedupeFiles/advisors/settings_computer_science_1985_2022_institutionTrue_fieldofstudy
with open(sf_biology, "rb") as sf:
    linker_biology = dedupe.StaticRecordLink(sf)
with open(sf_chemistry, "rb") as sf:
    linker_chemistry = dedupe.StaticRecordLink(sf)

with open(sf_cs, "rb") as sf:
    linker_cs = dedupe.StaticRecordLink(sf)

linker_biology.predicates
linker_chemistry.predicates
linker_chemistry.classifier.weights
linker_chemistry.classifier.weights
linker_cs.classifier.weights
linker_cs.classifier.weights
```

 $sf_biology = \text{``/mnt/ssd/DedupeFiles/advisors/settings_biology_1985_2022_institutionTrue_fieldofstudy_catFalse_fieldofstudy_catFalse_fieldofstudy_catFalse_fieldofstudy_catFalse_fieldofstudy_catFalse_fieldofstudy_fieldofstud$

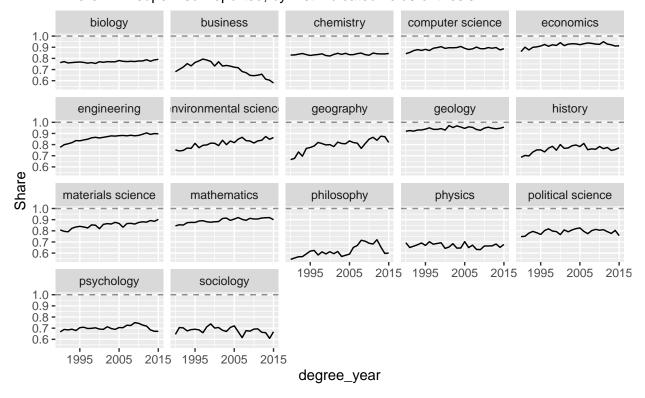
Fraction of theses with at least 1 supervisor linked to MAG

```
mutate(s = n_theses / sum(n_theses)) %>%
ungroup() %>%
filter(any_link == 1)

s_thesis_advisor_link %>%
ggplot(aes(x = degree_year, y = s)) +
geom_line() +
facet_wrap(~fieldname0_mag) +
scale_x_continuous(breaks = c(1995, 2005, 2015)) +
geom_hline(yintercept = 1, color = "grey55", linetype = "dashed") +
labs(y = "Share", title = "Share of US theses with >=1 supervisor linked to MAG",
subtitle = "Where >= 1 supervisor reported; by first indicated field0 of thesis.")
```

Share of US theses with >=1 supervisor linked to MAG

Where >= 1 supervisor reported; by first indicated field0 of thesis.



Notes

- Idea: since supervisors tend to be established researchers and publish regularly, we should find a large fraction of supervisors reported in ProQuest in the MAG data.
- The split by field is not exact because the link may have been found using a different reported field0.
- The close to 100% is reassuring of the MAG data quality on affiliations in these fields.
- Fields of concern: physics, sociology, poli science, biology (the level, the break and the trend).

Note: the "usable" links are saved to the db in src/dataprep/main/link/prep_linked_data.py

Here is some sql code that I used for checking the cases of the non-linked biology advisors

```
-- 1. they are not in the sample
-- 2. they are not recognized as links: (a) the model is wrong, (b) the data are wrong (ie, dedupe is c
-- the fact that the same entities are not linked even after our improvements suggests perhaps that we
-- from older checks:
-- john a gerlt: actually registered as "j a gerlt" in MAG (authorid 93129757). dedupe links him to aut
-- asim dasgupta: authorid 2150423063;
-- authors: 2298396241, 2171354986, 683352831, 1989754750
-- all of them are in biology
select count(distinct authorid)
from author_field0 a
inner join (
   select fieldofstudyid, normalizedname
   from fieldsofstudy
) b on (a.fieldofstudyid_lvl0 = b.fieldofstudyid)
where authorid in (2298396241, 2171354986, 683352831, 1989754750)
and a.Degree = 0
and normalizedname = "biology"
-- none of them are in chinese academy of sciences
select count(*)
from author_info_linking
where authorid in (2298396241, 2171354986, 683352831, 1989754750)
and main_us_institutions_career not like "chinese academy of sciences"
-- only two have no missing information on the first field. but is this relevant? -> clearly not, as ot
SELECT AuthorId, NormalizedName
FROM author_fields c
INNER JOIN (
    SELECT FieldOfStudyId, NormalizedName
   FROM FieldsOfStudy
) AS d USING(FieldOfStudyId)
-- ## Condition on fieldofstudy being in the level O id_field
INNER JOIN (
   SELECT ParentFieldOfStudyId, ChildFieldOfStudyId
   FROM crosswalk fields
   WHERE ParentLevel = 0
        AND ParentFieldOfStudyId IN (86803240)
) AS e ON (e.ChildFieldOfStudyId = c.FieldOfStudyId)
WHERE FieldClass = 'first'
and authorid in (2298396241, 2171354986, 683352831, 1989754750)
-- they all start publishing before 1985
select *
from author_sample
where authorid in (2298396241, 2171354986, 683352831, 1989754750)
```