# Language Assignment #1: Scheme

**Issued:** Tuesday, September 9 **Due:** Tuesday, September 23

## Purpose

This assignment asks you to begin using a functional programming language named Scheme, which is a modern dialect of the venerable language Lisp. Lisp was designed by John McCarthy, at MIT, in 1958. Scheme was designed by Guy Steele and Gerald Sussman, at MIT, in 1975.

### **Submission**

Homework is due at 11:59PM, Mountain Time, on the day it is due. Late work is not accepted. To submit your solution to an assignment, login to a lab computer, change to the directory containing the files you want to submit, and execute:

```
submit buff class assignment
```

For example:

```
submit buff cs101 hw1
```

The submit program has a nice man page.

#### **Documentation**

Scheme lecture slides are at:

```
~buff/classes/354/pub/slides/slides-scheme.pdf
```

Scheme is described in Sections 10.0–10.3.4 of our textbook.

The onyx cluster has a Scheme interpreter, the documentation of which can be viewed by:

```
info mit-scheme-ref
info mit-scheme-user
```

and demonstrated by:

```
<sup>1</sup> buff/classes/354/pub/sum/scheme
```

This documentation, in HTML, is also at:

```
http://www.gnu.org/software/mit-scheme/documentation/mit-scheme-ref
http://www.gnu.org/software/mit-scheme/documentation/mit-scheme-user
```

### Assignment

Write and fully demonstrate a function named replace, with this interface:

```
(replace source search-for replace-with)
```

The function returns a copy of source, with every instance of an object that matches search-for replaced by a copy of replace-with. Each argument can be an atom or a list. If no matches are found, the function simply returns a copy of source.

For example:

```
(replace 1 1 2)
2
     (replace '(a (b c) d)
                 '(b c)
4
                 '(x y))
     \Rightarrow (a (x y) d)
6
     (replace '(a (b c) (d (b c)))
                 '(b c)
                 '(x y))
     \Rightarrow (a (x y) (d (x y)))
10
     (replace '(a b c)
11
                 '(a b)
12
                 '(x y))
13
     \Rightarrow (a b c)
14
     (replace '(a b c)
15
                 '(b c)
16
                 '(x y))
17
     \Rightarrow (a x y)
```

Of course, you can write other functions and call them from replace.

You are required to use only the *pure* subset of Scheme:

- no side-effecting functions (e.g., set-car! and set-cdr!)
- no loops (e.g., do, foreach, and map)

Test your solution thoroughly. The quality of your test suite will influence your grade.

Finally, do not try to find a solution on the Internet. You'll possibly be asked to solve a similar problem on an exam, and if you have not developed a solution on your own, you will not be able to do so on the exam.