

BashScripting

Simple Bash Scripting Cheatsheet

```
[+] nano Shortcuts
ctrl v    ■■■Next page.
ctrl y    ■■■Previous page.
ctrl w    ■■■Where is (find).
ctrl k    ■■■Cut that line of text.
ctrl x    ■■■Exit editor.

[+] Create a text file:
touch file■■■Creates an empty file.
ifconfig > tmp■■■pipe the output of a command
nano file

[+] Create a file and append text to it:
ifconfig > tmp
echo >> tmp
ping google.com -c3 >> tmp

[+] How to view a file:
cat file■■■Show entire contents of file.
more file■■■Show one page at a time. Space bar for next page and (q) to exit.
head file■■■Show the first 10 lines.
head -15 file■■■Show the first 15 lines.
tail file■■■Show the last 10 lines.
tail -15 file■■■Show the last 15 lines.
tail -f file■■■Useful when viewing the output of a log file.

[+] pipe
cat tmp | grep Bcast■■■Feeds the output of one process to the input of another process.

[+] Processes
ps aux■■■Show all running process for all users.
kill -9 PID■■■Nicely kill a PID.

[+] Word Count
wc -l tmp2■■■Count the number of lines in a file

[+] cut
-d delimiter
-f fields

[+] sort
Sort by unique■■■sort -u file
sort IP addresses correct■■■sort -t . -k 1,1n -k 2,2n -k 3,3n -k 4,4n
cat tmp2 | cut -d '(' -f2 | cut -d ')' -f1 | sort -u■■■Isolate the IP address

[+] awk
awk '{print $1}' file ■■■Show the 1st column.
awk '{print $1,$5}' file ■■■Show the 1st and 5th columns.

[+] grep
grep -v■■■Remove a single string.
grep -v 'red' file

[+] egrep -v
Remove multiple strings■■■egrep -v '(red|white|blue)' file

[+] sed
sed 's/FOO/BAR/g' file ■■■Replace FOO with BAR.
sed 's/FOO//g' file ■■■Replace FOO with nothing.
sed '/^FOO/d' file ■■■Remove lines that start with FOO.

[+] colour
31=red 32=green 33=yellow 34=blue 35=magenta 36=cyan
echo -e "\e[1;34mThis is a blue text.\e[0m"
```

Bash Scripts

```
[+] Simple bash script:  
#!/bin/bash  
clear  
echo  
echo  
echo  
print "Hello world."  
  
[+] Make a file executable.  
chmod +x file  
chmod 755 file  
  
[+] Variables  
name=Bob  
echo $name  
user=$(whoami)  
echo $user  
echo 'Hello' $name. 'You are running as' $user.  
  
#!/bin/bash  
clear  
echo "Hello World"  
name=Bob  
ip=`ifconfig | grep "Bcast:" | cut -d":" -f2 | cut -d" " -f1`  
echo "Hello" $name "Your IP address is:" $ip  
  
[+] User Input  
read -p "Domain: " domain  
  
#!/bin/bash  
echo "Please input your domain:"  
read -p "Domain: " domain  
ping -c 5 $domain  
  
[+] Check For No User Input  
if [ -z $domain ]; then  
    echo  
    echo "#####"  
    echo  
    echo "Invalid choice."  
    echo  
    exit  
fi  
  
[+] For loops  
#!/bin/bash  
  
for host in $(cat hosts.txt)  
do  
    command $host  
done  
  
[+] One Liners  
  
Port Scan:  
for port in $(cat Ports.txt); do nc -nrv 192.168.0.1 $port & sleep 0.5; done  
  
Use a bash loop to find the IP address behind each host:  
for url in $(cat list.txt); do host $url; done  
  
[+] Condition Onliner  
  
any command && if work || if not work  
type -p massdns && massdns -r resolver.txt -t A -o S sub.txt -w sub.mass || echo "MassDns not installed"  
  
[+] Condition Onliner with multiple action
```

```
any command && { if work; also this; also this } || { if not work; also this; also this }
type -p massdns && { massdns -r resolver.txt -t A -o S sub.txt -w sub.mass; cat sub.mass } || { echo "MassDns not insta
```