### APRS à l'ouest 2018

- Introduction
- Les trames APRS
- Simulateur de trames
  - Position
  - Météo
  - Télémesures
- Ballon 2019
- Squirrel C



# Tracker VHF (DRA 818)





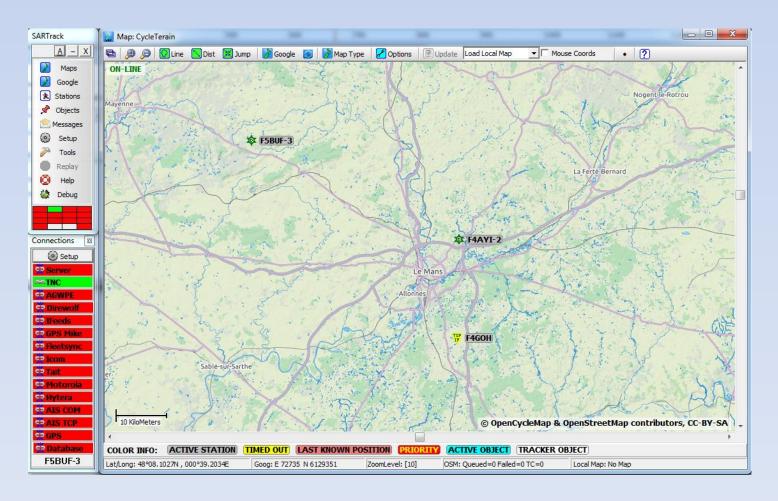


**APRS** 

# Décodage

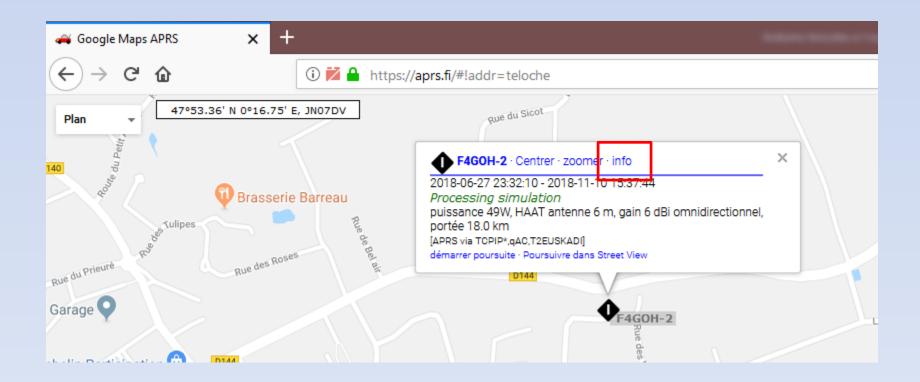


# Igate et cartographie



http://www.sartrack.co.nz/

### **APRS.FI**



### **Trame**



### Liste des trames



# Processing.org



### Documentation

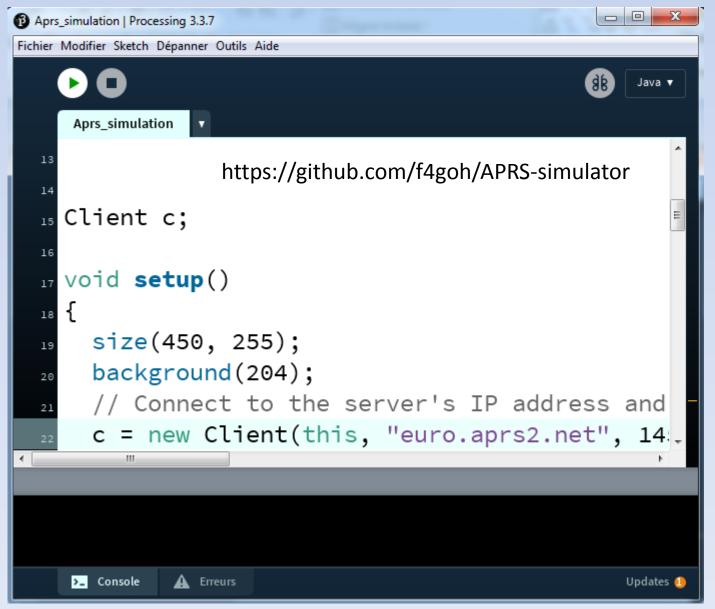
http://www.aprs.org/doc/APRS101.PDF



APRS PROTOCOL REFERENCE

**Protocol Version 1.0** 

### Simulateur de trames

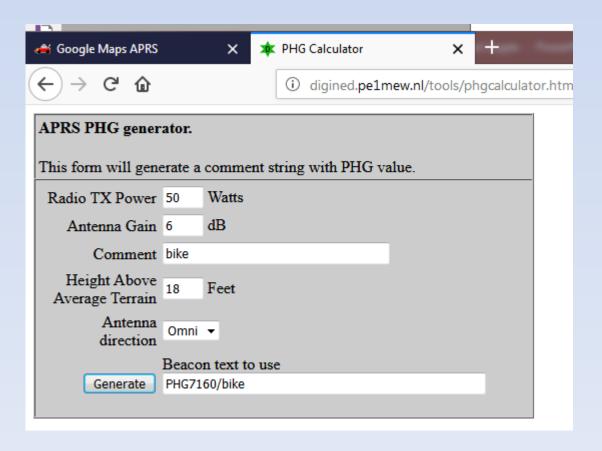


### Connexion au serveur

```
Client c;
void setup()
  size(450, 255);
  background(204);
  // Connect to the server's IP address and port
  c = new Client(this, "euro.aprs2.net", 14580);
  if (c.active() == true) {
     println("connecte au serveur");
     c.write("user F4GOH-2 pass xxxxx vers Processing simulation filter b/F4GOH-11\n");
     c.write("F4G0H-2>APRS:!4753.41NI00016.61E&PHG7160/Processing simulation\n");
  } else {
     println("non connecte au serveur");
                                                           ■ F4GOH-2 · Centrer · zoomer · info
                                                           2018-06-27 23:32:10 - 2018-11-10 16:38:29
                                                           Processing simulation
                                                           puissance 49W, HAAT antenne 6 m, gain 6 dBi omnidirectionnel,
                                                           portée 18.0 km
                                                           [APRS via TCPIP*.gAC.T2HUN]
                                                           en poursuite - arrêter poursuite - Poursuivre dans Street View
```

# PHG: Power Height Gain

http://digined.pe1mew.nl/tools/phgcalculator.htm



#### **Position**

	Lat/L	Lat/Long Position Report Format — with Timestamp											
	<mark>/</mark> or @	Time DHM / HMS	Lat	Sym Table ID	Long	Symbol Code	Comment (max 43 chars)						
Ī	1	7	8	1	9	1	0-43						

#### Examples

```
/092345z4903.50N/07201.75W>Test1234 with timestamp, no APRS messaging, zulu time, with comment.
```

@092345/4903.50N/07201.75W>Test1234 with timestamp, with APRS messaging, local time, with comment.

```
String heure=horaire();
if (key=='p') {
  c.write("F4G0H-10>APRS,WIDE1-1,WIDE2-1,qAR,F4G0H-2:/"+heure+"4753.42N/00016.62Eb/bike\n");
  println("position...");
}
```

### Météo

```
if (key=='w') {
   c.write("F4G0H-9>APRS,WIDE1-1,WIDE2-1,qAR,F4G0H-2:/"+heure+"4753.43N/00016.60E_.../...g...t0020r...p...P...h60b10130\n");
   println("Weather...");
```

Positionless Weather Data													
Wind Direction CCCC	Wind Speed <mark>s</mark> sss	<b>Gust</b> <b>g</b> ggg	Temp <mark>t</mark> ttt	Rain Last Hr <mark>r</mark> rrr	Rain Last 24 Hrs <mark>P</mark> ppp	Rain Since Midnight <mark>P</mark> PPP	<i>Humidity</i> <mark>h</mark> hh	Barometric Pressure bbbbbb					
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	5					

where:  $\mathbf{c}$  = wind direction (in degrees).

sustained one-minute wind speed (in mph).

g = gust (peak wind speed in mph in the last 5 minutes).

temperature (in degrees Fahrenheit). Temperatures below zero are expressed as -01 to -99.

rainfall (in hundredths of an inch) in the last hour.

**p** = rainfall (in hundredths of an inch) in the last 24 hours.

**P** = rainfall (in hundredths of an inch) since midnight.

h = humidity (in %. 00 = 100%).

**b** = barometric pressure (in tenths of millibars/tenths of hPascal).

### Télémesures

```
[24 heures · 48 heures · semaine · mois · année]
  F4GOH-10 Temp sea 2018-11-10 15:15:03 -> 2018-11-10 15:37:08 CET
  Deg C
  20.015
         20.0
  20.010
  20.005
  20,000
 19.995
  19,990
 19.985
                                         Nov 9 16:00
                                                      Nov 10 0:00
                                                                   Nov 10 8:00
               Nov 9 0:00
                            Nov 9 8:00
                                                                                Nov 10 16:00
if (key=='u') {
  c.write("F4GOH-10>APRS,WIDE1-1,WIDE2-1,qAR,F4GOH-2::F4GOH-10 :PARM.Temp sea,Temp ext,Vbat,Ocean waves\n");
  c.write("F4G0H-10>APRS,WIDE1-1,WIDE2-1,qAR,F4G0H-2::F4G0H-10 :UNIT.Deg C,Deg C,Volts,Meters\n");
  c.write("F4GOH-10>APRS,WIDE1-1,WIDE2-1,qAR,F4GOH-2::F4GOH-10 :EQNS.0,1,-100,0,1,-100,0,0.1,0,0,0.1,0\n");
  c.write("F4GOH-10>APRS,WIDE1-1,WIDE2-1,qAR,F4GOH-2::F4GOH-10 :BITS.00000000,Telemetry\n");
  println("telemetry Units...");
if (key=='t') {
  c.write("F4GOH-10>APRS,WIDE1-1,WIDE2-1,qAR,F4GOH-2:T#002,120,115,135,5,000,00000000\n"); //page 74
  println("telemetry Data...");
```

,F4GOH-2:T#002,120,115,135,5,000,00000000 ,F4GOH-2:T#003,120,115,135,5,000,00000000

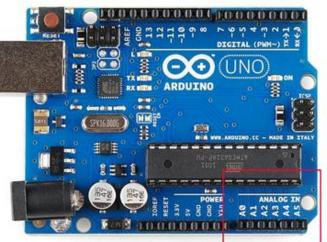
### **EQNS**



Tempature de 20 °C Tension est de 0.2V N=(256/5)\*0.2=10 rapport-> 20/10 =2 Equation linéaire

 $ax^2 + bx + c$ 

$$c=0$$



Entrée analogique

0 à 5V 0 à 1023 10 bits divise par 4 0 à 255 8 bits

## Ballon 2019





http://squirrelc.fr/



# 73 et à bientôt

