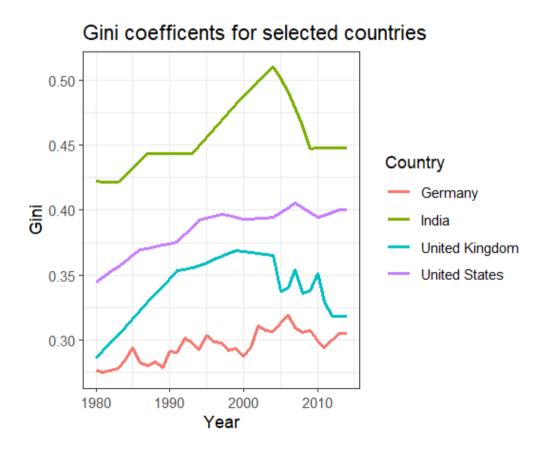


In 1980, Germany exhibited the lowest level of inequality out of the selected countries, while India had the highest. This trend persisted in 2014, with Germany remaining the least unequal and India the most unequal among the four countries.

The Gini coefficients further corroborate these findings. Over the period from 1980 to 2014, India consistently recorded the highest Gini coefficients, indicating significant income inequality. In contrast, Germany maintained the lowest Gini coefficients, reflecting relatively equitable income distribution.



While all countries experienced fluctuations in inequality over time, there has been a slight overall increase in inequality across the board. This suggests that, despite varying economic

policies and growth trajectories, income inequality has remained a persistent challenge in these nations.

