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How To Identify and Plug Gaps In Your Cybersecurity Posture

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What is a Cybersecurity Posture?

Cybersecurity posture refers to an organization's overall defense against cyber-attacks. Your cybersecurity posture encompasses any security policies, employee training programs, or security solutions you have deployed, from malware to anti-virus. It is the collective security status of all software and hardware, services, networks, and information and how secure you are due to those tools and processes.



Understanding your company or organization's cybersecurity posture is essential to recognize where you stand regarding online security threats such as data breaches and intrusions. By understanding where your organization is most vulnerable, you can establish a plan for creating a more secure environment.

It is important to create a habit of regularly monitoring and maintaining your cybersecurity posture because cybercriminals are constantly finding new ways to take advantage of the weaknesses in a company's infrastructure. Adopting a more holistic approach that considers existing policies or systems, risk-analysis programs, workplace culture, and employee education is highly encouraged.

10 Common Cybersecurity Gaps That

Leave Organizations Vulnerable



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Lack of Security Awareness Training



Inadequate Cybersecurity Policies and Procedures



Unpatched Software and Operating Systems



Weak and Reused Passwords



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Lack of Multi-Factor Authentication



Poorly Configured Firewalls



Unsecured Wireless Networks



Unencrypted Data Secureb4.io



Lack of Backup and Disaster Recovery Plans



No Security Monitoring and Reporting

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How To Identify and Plug Gaps In

Your Cybersecurity Posture



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Know Your Assets

The first step is to inventory all of your assets, both digital and physical. This includes everything from laptops and smartphones to servers and cloud-based applications. Once you know what you have, you can start identifying which assets are most critical to your business and need the strongest protection.



Understand Your Threats

The next step is to understand the threats your business faces. This includes external threats like hackers and malware and internal threats like careless or malicious employees. Once you understand the threats, you can start identifying which assets are most at risk and need stronger protection. [Secureb4.io](https://secureb4.io)



Implement Strong Security Controls

The third step is implementing strong security controls to protect your critical assets. This includes technical controls, like firewalls and intrusion detection systems, and non-technical controls, like employee training and incident response plans.



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Monitor Your Security Posture

The fourth step is continuously monitoring your security posture to ensure your controls are effective and identify new risks. This can be done manually or with automated tools. [Secureb4.io](https://secureb4.io)



Update Your Security Posture

The final step is to regularly update your security posture to ensure that it stays effective as the threats change. This includes updating your assets, threats, and controls regularly.



Know Your Assets

The first step in identifying gaps in your cybersecurity posture is to inventory all of your assets. This includes everything from computers and servers to software and data. Secureb4.io

Once you know what assets you have, you can start to assess which ones are most critical to your business and need the strongest protection.

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IT assets have a finite life span. Therefore, to keep your security posture up-to-date, you must regularly review and update your asset inventory. This will help you identify any new assets that need to be protected and old ones that can be retired.



Understand Your Threats

The next step is to understand the threats that could target your assets. There are many different types of cyber threats, so it's important to research the ones that are most relevant to your industry and business. Once you know what threats you're up against, you can start to identify any gaps in your current security posture.

Some common cyber threats include:

1. Malware
2. Phishing attacks
3. SQL injection
4. Denial of service attacks
5. Data breaches



Implement Strong Security Controls

Once you know what assets you have and what threats they're up against, you can start to implement strong security controls. This includes both physical and logical security measures. Secureb4.io

Physical security measures help to protect your assets from attack, while logical security measures help to detect and respond to attacks.



Strong security controls can help to close any gaps in your cybersecurity posture. However, it's important to regularly review and update your controls to ensure they're still effective.



Monitor Your Security Posture

The next step is to continuously monitor your security posture for any changes or new threats.

This can be done manually or through the use of automated tools like security information and event management (SIEM) systems. Secureb4.io



Monitoring your security posture helps you identify any gaps that may have opened up. It also allows you to quickly respond to any changes in the security landscape which could impact your business.



Update Your Security Posture

Finally, it's important to regularly update your security posture in line with any changes in your assets or threats. Secureb4.io

This includes updating your asset inventory, security controls, and monitoring tools.

By keeping your security posture up-to-date, you can help to ensure that your business is protected against the latest threats.

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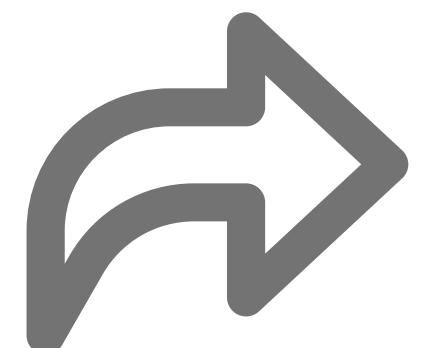


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