
CENG 222

Statistical Methods for Computer Engineering

Spring '2017-2018

Take Home Exam 1

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Submission: via COW

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Answer 3.8

There four possibilities each of them has same probability which is $1/4$.

$$E(x) = \sum_{x=0}^3 x * P(X = x) = 0 * 1/4 + 1 * 1/4 + 2 * 1/4 + 3 * 1/4 = 1.5$$
$$\text{Var}(x) = E(x^2) - (E(x))^2 = 1 * 1/4 + 2^2 * 1/4 + 3^2 * 1/4 - (3/2)^2 = 1.25$$

Answer 3.15

a.

We can get the answer by calculating the possibility of no errors in each lab and subtracting it from 1.

$$P(\text{atleast 1 failure}) = 1 - P(0 \text{ failures in each lab}) = 1 - P(0, 0) = 1 - 0.52 = 0.48$$

b.

For being independent events, for every x and y , $P_{XY}(x, y) = P_X(x) * P_Y(y)$ must be true. Since we can show a counterexample for it which is $P_{XY}(0, 0) = 0.52 \neq P_X(0) * P_Y(0) = (0.52 + 0.14 +$

$0.06) * (0.52 + 0.20 + 0.04) = 0.55$. So, they are not independent, they are dependent events.

Answer 3.19

a.

$$E(X) = \sum_x x * P(X = x) = 2 * 0.5 + (-2) * 0.5 = 0$$

$$Var(X) = E(x^2) - (E(x))^2 = 200^2 * 0.5 + (-200)^2 * 0.5 = 40000$$

b.

$$E(Y) = \sum_y y * P(Y = y) = 4 * 0.2 + (-1) * 0.8 = 0$$

$$Var(Y) = E(y^2) - (E(y))^2 = 400^2 * 0.2 + (-100)^2 * 0.8$$

c.

Define $T = 50 * X + 50 * Y$

$$E(T) = E(50 * X) + E(50 * Y) = 50 * E(X) + 50 * E(Y) = 50 * 0 + 50 * 0 = 0$$

$$Var(T) = E(t^2) - (E(t))^2 = 100^2 * 0.5 + 100^2 * 0.5 + 200^2 * 0.2 + 50^2 * 0.8 = 20000$$

Answer 3.29

Define X as a poisson distribution with $\lambda = 0.1$ for the possibility of the low risk drivers to crash.

Define Y as poisson distribution with $\lambda = 1$ for the possibility of the higher risk drivers to crash.

Probability of the low risk drivers is $P(\text{Low risk drivers}) = 0.8$

Probability of the high risk drivers is $P(\text{High risk drivers}) = 0.2$

$$P(\text{No crashes} - \text{Low risk drivers}) = (\lambda^0/0!) * e^{-\lambda} = e^{-0.1}$$

$$P(\text{No crashes} - \text{High risk drivers}) = (\lambda^0/0!) * e^{-\lambda} = e^{-1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &P(\text{High Risk drivers} - \text{No crashes}) = \\ &((P(\text{No crashes} - \text{High risk drivers}) * P(\text{High risk drivers})) / (P(\text{No crashes} - \text{High risk drivers}) * P(\text{High risk drivers}) + P(\text{No crashes} - \text{Low risk drivers}) * P(\text{Low risk drivers}))) \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{0.2 * e^{-1}}{0.2 * e^{-1} + 0.8 * e^{-0.1}} = 0.0922$$