A Closer Look at Machine Learning



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Machine Learning Concepts



Training data

Supervised and unsupervised learning

Classifying machine learning problems and algorithms

Training a model

Testing a model

Using a model



Terminology







The prepared data used to create a model

Creating a model is called *training* a model

The value you want to predict is in the training data

The data is labeled

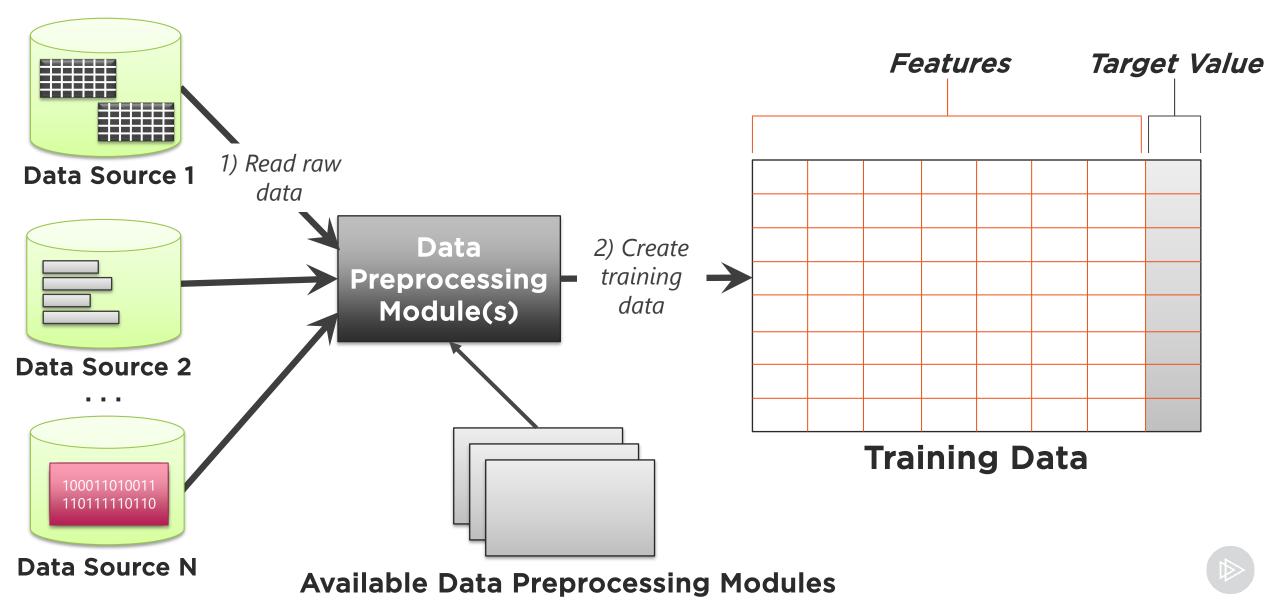
Most common

The value you want to predict is not in the training data

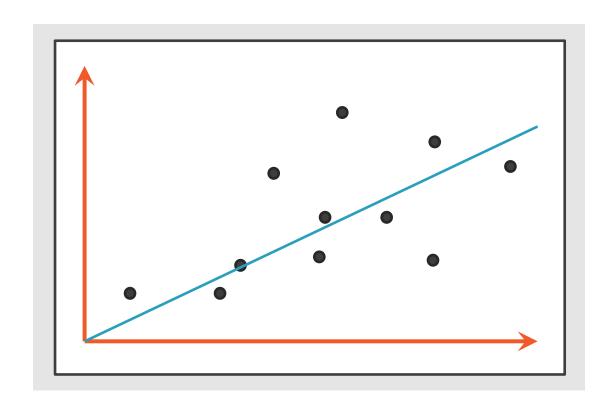
The data is unlabeled



Data Preprocessing with Supervised Learning



Categorizing Machine Learning Problems: Regression



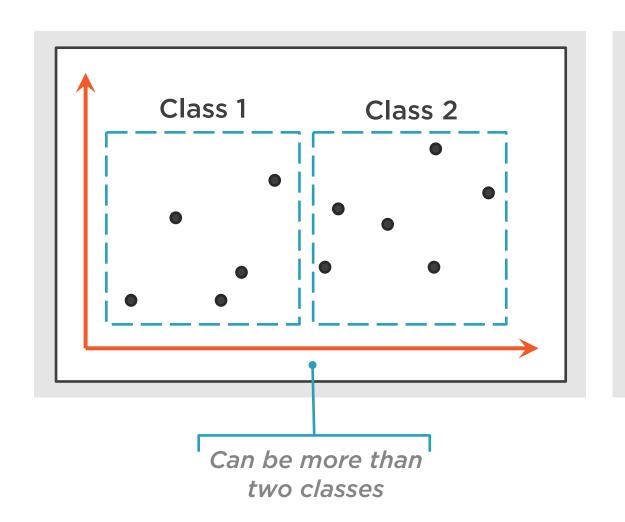
For supervised learning

Example question:

 How many units of this product will we sell next month?



Categorizing Machine Learning Problems: Classification

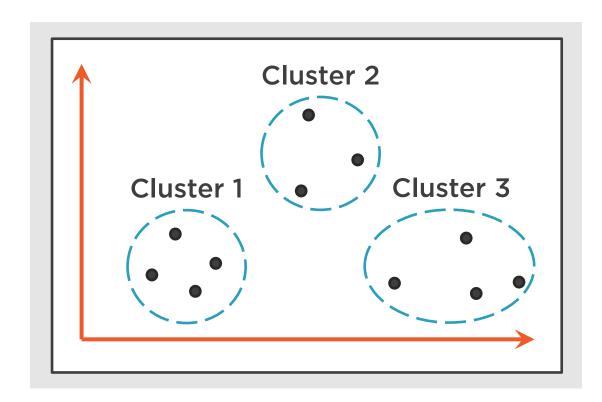


For supervised learning

Example question:

Is this credit card transaction fraudulent?

Categorizing Machine Learning Problems: Clustering



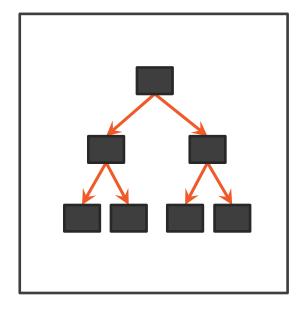
For unsupervised learning

Example question:

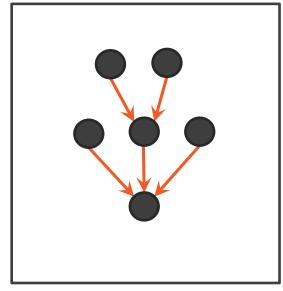
What are our customer segments?



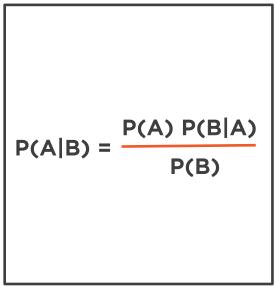
Styles of Machine Learning Algorithms: Examples

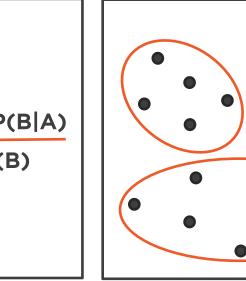






Neural network

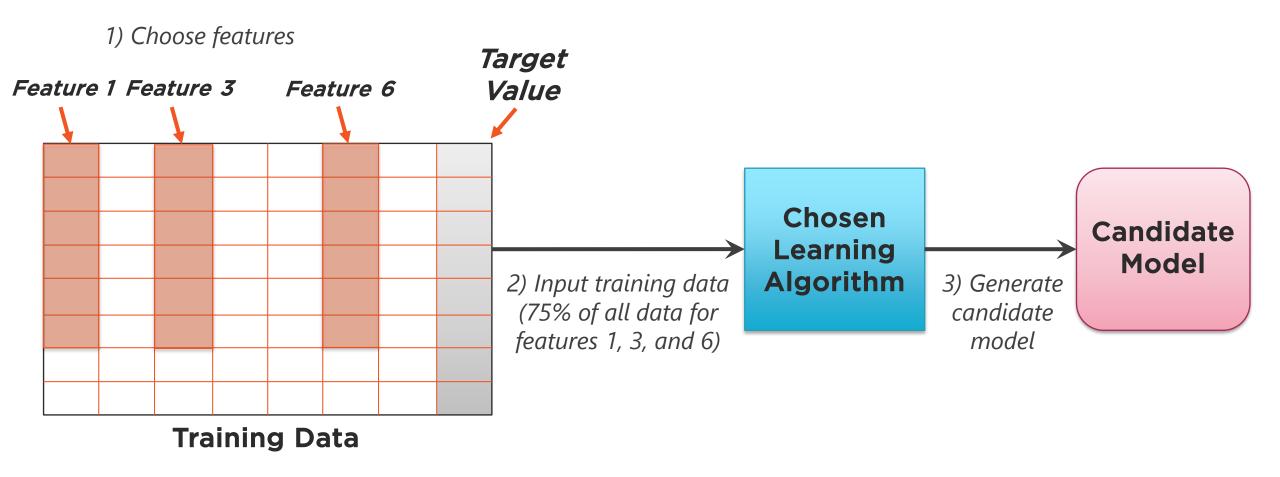




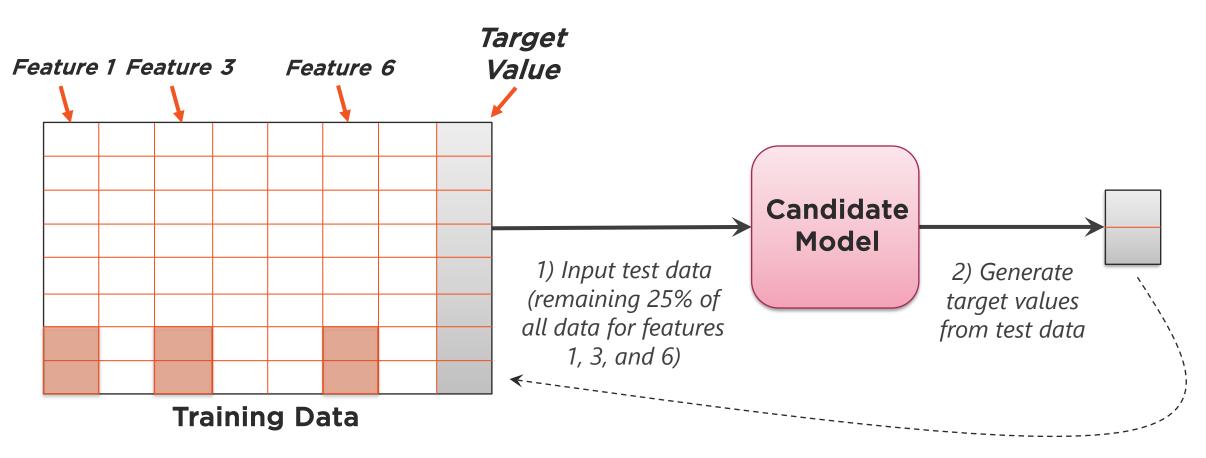
Bayesian K-means



Training a Model with Supervised Learning



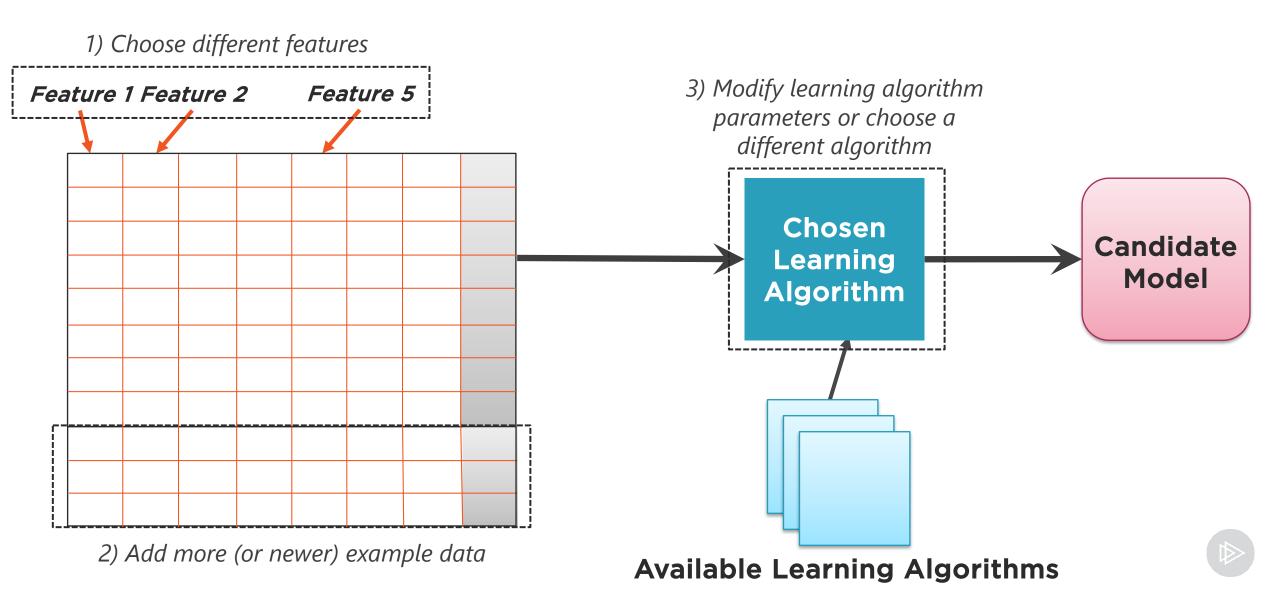
Testing a Model with Supervised Learning



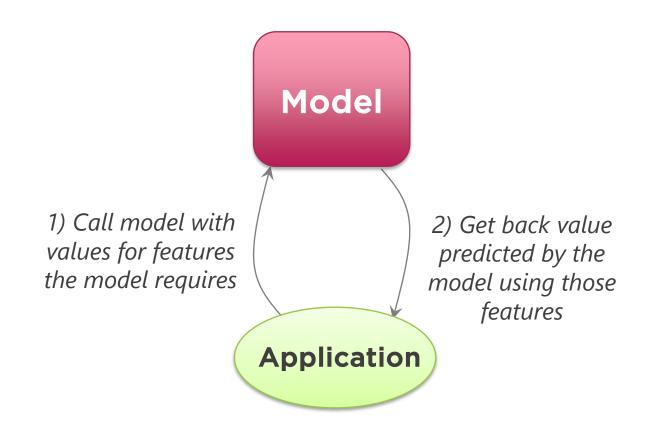
3) Compare target values generated from test data with actual target values



Improving a Model: Some Options



Using a Model



Summary



Machine learning has come of age

Machine learning isn't hard to understand

- Although it can be hard to do well

Machine learning can probably help your organization

