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Dear PYTHA customer,

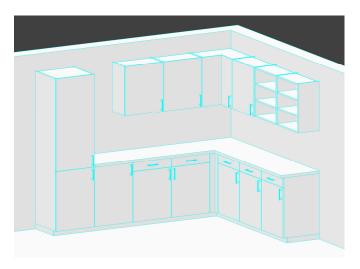
Welcome to the community of PYTHA users!

Your 3D CAD software PYTHA is one of the most powerful drawing and design systems in the market.

- Planning
- Presentation
- Production

PYTHA is the tool of your choice, easy to learn and highly efficient.

This manual is giving an introduction in the PYTHA Plug In 'Kitchen Wizard'.



Sample kitchen layout



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Introduction

This presentation will give you a guide to understanding and developing PYTHA plugins.

You will learn about the scope of the plugin architecture.

You will have the possibility to study several samples in detail.

And you will receive some relevant information around PYTHA plugins and version 25.

To use and develop plugins yourself, you need an installation and a license of PYTHA V25.

There is ample documentation available (see later).

If you have further questions, don't hesitate to contact us.

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The Programming Language Lua

Why is PYTHA using Lua for its Plugins?

- Easy-to-learn programming language
- Friendly / familiar syntax (if, for, while, etc.)
- Documentation / tutorials / books readily available
- Powerful language and quite performant

To get started, see, e.g.

- https://www.lua.org/pil/contents.html
- https://www.amazon.com/exec/obidos/ASIN/8590379817/lua-pilcontents-20





Where can I find a manual?

There is a github repository for the pytha lua api: https://github.com/daniel-flassig/pytha-lua-api

It contains

- Sample Plugins
- A full reference documentation in the wiki https://github.com/daniel-flassig/pytha-lua-api/wiki

The documentation is constantly being updated for new functionality and improved with tutorials / samples, etc.



PYTHA Plugin Technology

What can the plugins do (already)?

- Custom buttons / functions for
 - Custom part types
 - Custom generators
 - Custom tools functions
 - Custom dialogs for existing functionality
- Custom edit functionality (e.g. for generator-created parts)
- Custom part filters in the part selection
- Custom attributes
 - Custom data field per part
 - Custom calculation for the parts list / reporting

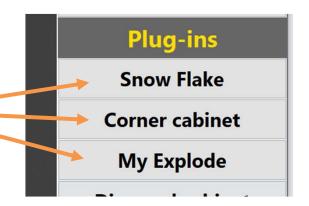




Build new generators / custom part types / custom tools

Represented by a button in the user interface

- May display a dialog (later)
- Interactive
- Create standard parts
- Create parts from facets (arbitrary geometry)
- Modify parts
- Change attributes
- Create groups / ngos
- Import library pyos (with parametrics)





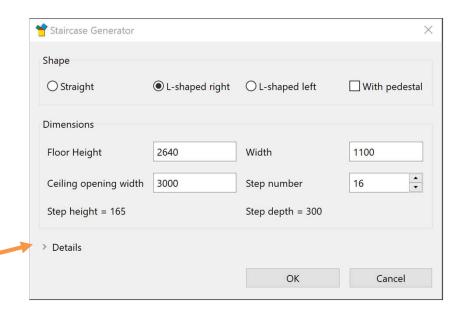


Custom Buttons: Function Extensions

Design User Interface / Dialogs

Easy to create in Lua code

- Familiar user-interface elements
- Automatic layout(!)
- Interactive response
- Group boxes that can unfold
- Easy to translate / localize



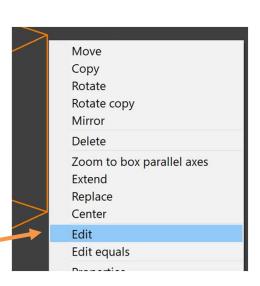




Provide Edit capabilities with your plugin generators

Allow the user to right-click and press Edit for a plugincreated part

- Parts and Groups can remember the input that was used to create them (history)
- Arbitrary information can be stored
- The standard "Edit" function works
- The same plugin user interface can be invoked again







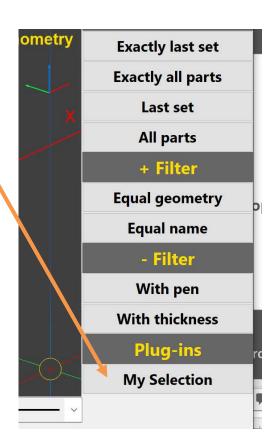
Part Filters: Part Selector Extension

Implement custom part filters

The custom filters are displayed in the selection menu for all functions that use parts

- e.g. tools, parts list, cam output

- Use all part attributes
- Filter by multiple criteria
- Display dialogs to adjust the filters





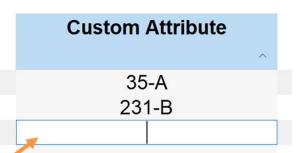


Attach new data fields to elements

Previously only 6 user-attributes available. Collisions possible with import!

Now: unlimited custom attributes for parts, groups and ngos.

- Displayed and editable in the parts list
- Will be displayed in the attributes dialog (not yet)
- Automatically saved and loaded with the pyo
- No problem during import of foreign pyo
- As many new attributes as you can think of!
- Long texts are not a problem



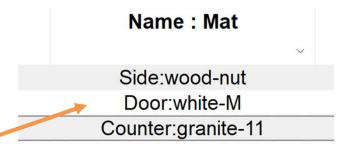




Additional Info: Attribute Extensions

Evaluate new quantities in the parts list

- Can use all built-in attributes
- Can use plugin attributes as well
- Concatenate text (e.g. Name : Material)
- Evaluate complex logics





What is the PYTHA Kitchen Wizard?

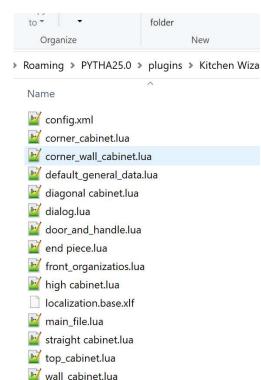
- Intuitive and easy wizard/generator for configuring complete kitchens
- Extendable architecture to host wardrobe/workspace/bathroom solutions
- Cabinets are automatically arranged, different settings can either affect all cabinets (e.g. board thickness) or individual cabinets (e.g. width)
- Front styles can be exchanged
- Appliances will be added
- Library elements can be included
- Cooking islands?





Central files

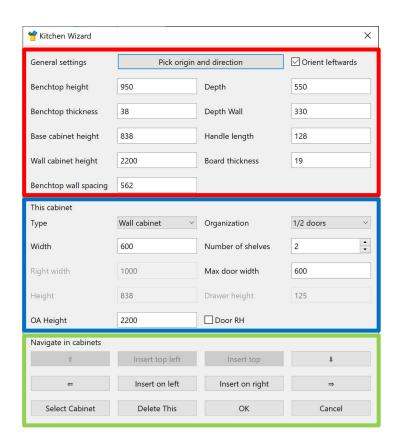
- main_file.lua: Main function, edit function, cabinet positioning logic
- dialog.lua: Dialog creation and navigation handling, neighborship bookkeeping
- default_general_data.lua: Default values and sorting of cabinets
- straight_cabinet.lua: Well commented, simple cabinet as basis for custom cabinets
- config.xml: Definition of entry point, buttons in menu and edit function. Use own GUID!
- *localization.base.xliff*: Be international translate!
- front_organizations.lua: Examples for different fronts
- door_and_handle.lua: Basic handles and doors





The Wizard Dialog

- Consists of 3 sections
 - General kitchen settings
 - Cabinet specific settings
 - Navigation and Insertion
- Cabinet specific settings can be modified and disabled depending on cabinet and front requirements
- General settings can be customized for application requirements





dialog.lua

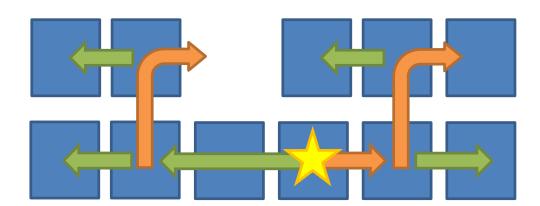
- Function wizard dialog(dialog, data): initialize dialog
- Soft update: mostly used to enable Door RH check
- Unicode characters ("\u{21D1}") can be used as arrows
- controls contains all controls that need to be accessed during runtime
- Rows: 0x1 base (first bit), 0x2 top (second bit), 0x3 high (both bits)

Top row has right_top and left_top elements, base has right and left and high can have all of them



main_file.lua

- function main and function edit wizard
- create_geometry_for_element callssubgroup = spec_type_info.geometry_function
- recreate_geometry iterates over all cabinets
- Iteration order: orange first, green afterwards





default_general_data.lua

- general_default_data and initialize_cabinet_values: modify to typical values!
- cabinet sorting for combobox: defines the order in the type drop list
- init_typecombolist: sorts the cabinet_typelist into order and type
- assign_cabinet_type: puts values from cabinet_typelist[type] to specific_data



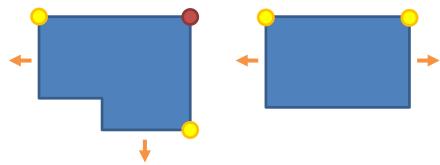
straight_cabinet.lua

- Lines 1..115 create dialog for straight cabinet, can be omitted
- recreate straight: Do the geometry, group all parts
 - Return the handle to the group!
 - specific_data.elem_handle_for_top used for benchtop
 - Cutouts possible!
 - Kickboard handles L/R will be booled, others put in general_data.kickboards (check diagonal_cabinet)
- organization_style_list[specific_data.front_style]. geometry_function
 - Creates fronts depending on selected type
- Geometry only needs 100-200 lines of code



straight_cabinet.lua

- ui_update_straight: Activate necessary controls, deactive by default
- Only activate upon soft update==false to reduce flickering
- placement_straight: Define connection points (like reference points)
 - right_connection_point, left_connection_point
 - right_direction, left_direction (check corner_cabinet)
 - [origin_point] optional for corner cabinets
 - They define the relative positioning of connecting cabinets





straight_cabinet.lua

- Essential part: cabinet_typelist.straight = {...}
- Automatically inserts the cabinet into list
- For sorting: put the key ("straight") into
 cabinet_sorting_for_combobox in position
- The front styles for this cabinet can be defined (in order) in organization_styles
 - Key for organization_style_list

```
--here we register the cabinet to the typelist
-- this part needs to be at the end of the file, otherwise the geometry and
if cabinet_typelist == nil then
                                       --might still be undefined here
    cabinet typelist = {}
cabinet_typelist.straight =
                                                --used to reference the cal
    name = pyloc "Straight cabinet",
                                               --displayed in drop List ar
                                                -- 0x1 base, 0x2 wall, 0x3 h
    default data = {width = 600,},
                                                --default data that is set
    geometry function = recreate straight,
                                               -- function to create geomet
   placement function = placement straight,
                                               --function to calculate the
    ui_update_function = ui_update_straight,
                                               --function to set values ar
    organization styles = {"straight intelli doors and drawer",
                            "straight intelli doors",
                            "straight intelli doors and drawer",
                            "straight_intelli_doors_and_intelli_drawers",
                            "straight no front", },
```



front_organizations.lua and door_and_handle.lua

Different front and organization styles can be assigned to one cabinet.

- organization style list: Contains all styles
 - Each cabinet will filter its possible styles
- Each front needs a ui_update_function
 - Can enable drawer box height etc
- geometry_function with varying arguments
 - Width, height of door section
 - Space for shelves, pullouts, carousels
 - Created elements need to be grouped outside.
 - Either table as argument or return a table
- Logic for door handles

```
clocal function ui_update_straight_open_front(general_data, soft_update)
    controls.label6:enable_control()
end

controls.shelf_count:enable_control()
end

clocal function create_straight_open_front(general_data, specific_data, width, he
    local loc_origin = {origin[1], origin[2], origin[3]}

for i = 1, specific_data.shelf_count, 1 do
    loc_origin[2] = general_data.shelkenss
    loc_origin[2] = general_data.stback_shelves
    loc_origin[3] = origin[3] + i * (height - general_data.thickness) / (spe
    local_new_elem = pytha.create_block(width - 2 * general_data.thickness, table.insert(cur_elements, new_elem)
end
end

corganization_style_list.straight_no_front = {
    name = "Open_shelf",
    geometry_function = create_straight_open_front,
    ui_update_function = ui_update_straight_open_front,
}
```

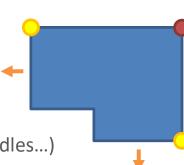


Adding new geometries

- **Library items**: 3 or 4 ref points for placement
- pyux.select_pyo and pytha.import_pyo
- Not yet all elements in folder as a table (for drop list of handles...)



- Extractor hood





Appendix

Some useful Definitions

Application programming interface – here: functions that a plugin can invoke
Configuration file that describes the identity and functionality of a plugin
A single capability inside PYTHA that is provided by a plugin
An online platform where you can find the documentation for the plugin api
Simple, yet powerful scripting language used to develop PYTHA plugins
Package to customize PYTHA which may contain one or more extensions
A standard localization file format used to translate the plugins



Notes



Have fun and success with the PYTHA Kitchen Wizard!

