

Pfizer_scrape

February 10, 2021

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[1]: credentials = {'CONSUMER_KEY': '',
                   'CONSUMER_SECRET': '',
                   'bearer': '',
                   'ACCESS_TOKEN': '',
                   'ACCESS_TOKEN_SECRET': ''}
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[2]: import tweepy
      from datetime import datetime
      import pandas as pd
      import time
      import os
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[3]: # Authenticate to Twitter
      # https://www.linkedin.com/pulse/
      ↪tweepy-tutorial-how-scrape-data-from-twitter-using-python-revanth/

      auth = tweepy.OAuthHandler(credentials["CONSUMER_KEY"],
      ↪credentials["CONSUMER_SECRET"])
      auth.set_access_token(credentials["ACCESS_TOKEN"],
      ↪credentials["ACCESS_TOKEN_SECRET"])

      api = tweepy.API(auth)

      try:
          api.verify_credentials()
          print("Authentication OK")

      except:
          print("Error during authentication")
```

Authentication OK

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[12]: def scraptweets(search_words, date_since, numTweets, numRuns, since_id):

      # Define a for-loop to generate tweets at regular intervals
      # We cannot make large API call in one go. Hence, let's try T times
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# Define a pandas dataframe to store the date:
db_tweets = pd.DataFrame(columns = ['username', 'acctdesc', 'location',
↳ 'following',
                                'followers', 'totaltweets',
↳ 'usercreatedts', 'tweetcreatedts',
                                'retweetcount', 'favoritecount',
↳ 'text', 'hashtags', 'id']
)
program_start = time.time()
for i in range(0, numRuns):
    # We will time how long it takes to scrape tweets for each run:
    start_run = time.time()

    # Collect tweets using the Cursor object
    # .Cursor() returns an object that you can iterate or loop over to
↳ access the data collected.
    # Each item in the iterator has various attributes that you can access
↳ to get information about each tweet
    tweets = tweepy.Cursor(api.search, q=search_words, lang="en",
↳ since_id=since_id, since=date_since,
↳ max_id=since_id+int(10e14), tweet_mode='extended').items(numTweets)
    # Store these tweets into a python list
    tweet_list = [tweet for tweet in tweets]
    # Obtain the following info (methods to call them out):
    # user.screen_name - twitter handle
    # user.description - description of account
    # user.location - where is he tweeting from
    # user.friends_count - no. of other users that user is following
↳ (following)
    # user.followers_count - no. of other users who are following this user
↳ (followers)
    # user.statuses_count - total tweets by user
    # user.created_at - when the user account was created
    # created_at - when the tweet was created
    # retweet_count - no. of retweets
    # (deprecated) user.favourites_count - probably total no. of tweets
↳ that is favoured by user
    # retweeted_status.full_text - full text of the tweet
    # tweet.entities['hashtags'] - hashtags in the tweet
    # Begin scraping the tweets individually:
    noTweets = 0
    for tweet in tweet_list:
        # Pull the values
        username = tweet.user.screen_name
        acctdesc = tweet.user.description
        location = tweet.user.location

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        following = tweet.user.friends_count
        followers = tweet.user.followers_count
        totaltweets = tweet.user.statuses_count
        usercreatedts = tweet.user.created_at
        tweetcreatedts = tweet.created_at
        retweetcount = tweet.retweet_count
        favoritecount = tweet.favorite_count
        hashtags = tweet.entities['hashtags']
        idx = tweet.id
    try:
        text = tweet.retweeted_status.full_text
    except AttributeError: # Not a Retweet
        text = tweet.full_text
    # Add the 11 variables to the empty list - ith_tweet:
    ith_tweet = [username, acctdesc, location, following, followers,
→totaltweets,
        usercreatedts, tweetcreatedts, retweetcount,
→favoritecount, text, hashtags, idx]
    # Append to dataframe - db_tweets
    db_tweets.loc[len(db_tweets)] = ith_tweet
    # increase counter - noTweets
    noTweets += 1

# Run ended:
since_id = db_tweets['id'].max()
end_run = time.time()
duration_run = round((end_run-start_run)/60, 2)

print('no. of tweets scraped for run {} is {}'.format(i + 1, noTweets))
print('time take for {} run to complete is {} mins'.format(i+1,
→duration_run))

time.sleep(920) #15 minute sleep time

# Once all runs have completed, save them to a single csv file:
# Obtain timestamp in a readable format
to_csv_timestamp = datetime.today().strftime('%Y%m%d_%H%M%S')
# Define working path and filename
path = os.getcwd()
filename = path + '/vaccine_tweets.csv'
# Store dataframe in csv with creation date timestamp
db_tweets.to_csv(filename, index = False)

program_end = time.time()
print('Scraping has completed!')
print('Total time taken to scrap is {} minutes.'.format(round(program_end -
→program_start)/60, 2))

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return db_tweets
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[11]: # Initialise these variables:
search_words = "#pfizer OR #biontech OR #pfizerbiontech OR #pfizervaccin_
↳-filter:retweets"
date_since = "2021-01-30"
numTweets = 2500
numRuns = 12
# Call the function scryptweets
df = scryptweets(search_words, date_since, numTweets, numRuns,
↳1358789204231278596)
df.head()
# 1355592162940997634
# 1358463997998206979
# 1358789204231278596
```

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no. of tweets scraped for run 1 is 577
time take for 1 run to complete is 0.36 mins
no. of tweets scraped for run 2 is 1106
time take for 2 run to complete is 0.64 mins
no. of tweets scraped for run 3 is 971
time take for 3 run to complete is 0.62 mins
no. of tweets scraped for run 4 is 106
time take for 4 run to complete is 0.09 mins
no. of tweets scraped for run 5 is 3
time take for 5 run to complete is 0.02 mins
no. of tweets scraped for run 6 is 5
time take for 6 run to complete is 0.01 mins
no. of tweets scraped for run 7 is 5
time take for 7 run to complete is 0.01 mins
no. of tweets scraped for run 8 is 5
time take for 8 run to complete is 0.01 mins
no. of tweets scraped for run 9 is 4
time take for 9 run to complete is 0.01 mins
no. of tweets scraped for run 10 is 9
time take for 10 run to complete is 0.01 mins
no. of tweets scraped for run 11 is 5
time take for 11 run to complete is 0.02 mins
no. of tweets scraped for run 12 is 3
time take for 12 run to complete is 0.02 mins
Scraping has completed!
Total time taken to scrap is 185.85 minutes.
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[11]:      username      acctdesc \
0      BrazilSFE  Brazil SFE®| We are passionate about improving...
1  _Indiaupdates  India Updates is an independent news & Informa...
2      TMReserve      Join the real conversation
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3 DrFariyaBukhari Reality bites & so does my Blog. Dare to indul...
4 TheUltraAliens Intuipreneur

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      location following followers totaltweets      usercreatedts \
0 São Paulo, Brasil      1240      94      48337 2015-01-02 14:13:17
1 New Delhi, India      102      232      10937 2019-02-26 16:12:39
2 Malaysia      189      7352      73126 2011-05-05 16:27:46
3 Pakistan      254      597      53084 2014-04-20 14:54:05
4 Via Lactea      3141      722      7497 2014-11-01 08:39:00

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      tweetcreatedts retweetcount favoritecount \
0 2021-02-02 13:15:27      0      1
1 2021-02-02 13:15:00      0      0
2 2021-02-02 13:07:13      2      1
3 2021-02-02 13:05:28      1      1
4 2021-02-02 13:00:35      0      1

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      text \
0 Dê Like! https://t.co/wGCPT8qVpc\nGlobal Pharm...
1 Pfizer-BioNTech to produce 2 bn doses of Covid...
2 Pfizer forecasts $15b in Covid-19 vaccine sale...
3 Valid point. Only PCR negative & Non-react...
4 "7 die at Spanish care home after getting #Pfi...

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      hashtags      id
0 [{'text': 'Top10', 'indices': [113, 119]}, {'t... 1356592067955339267
1 [{'text': 'Pfizervaccine', 'indices': [97, 111... 1356591952376987649
2 [{'text': 'Pfizer', 'indices': [59, 66]}, {'te... 1356589995620884481
3 [{'text': 'Pfizer', 'indices': [159, 166]}, {''... 1356589555126788096
4 [{'text': 'Pfizer', 'indices': [42, 49]}, {'te... 1356588324098572288

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[14]: a = df['id'].max()
      a

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[14]: 1358789204231278596

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