

Integrated Value Flows

IVF6ILV

12 March 2025

Agenda

- Organizational issues
- complete with Integrated order-to-cash cycle (Create Invoice for Customer)
- Material Management (MM) Procurement
- Production Planning (PP)

Organizational issues



Sessions

Session	In class/VC/EL	Topic
03.03.2025 09:00 - 12:30	In class	Introduction, course overview, self-conception, introduction to SAP S/4HANA, introduction logistics case study
03.03.2025 14:00 - 17:30	In class	Master – organizational – transaction data, Introduction sales SD
04.03.2025 18:00 - 19:45	E-learning – Tasks in MS Teams – no course	SCOR – SAP Activate – After Class
05.03.2025 09:00 - 12:30	In class - Customizing	Review of the content from Session 1 and continuation with the SAP Sales Process + Custom Fields
11.03.2025 09:00 - 12:30	In class	Introduction MM & MRP
11.03.2025 14:00 - 17:30	In class	Introduction MM & MRP
12.03.2025 09:00 - 13:15	In class	PP & MM Challenge - Time for preparation
12.03.2025 14:00 - 17:30	In class	Intermediate Exam – Short individual presentation & time for Logistic Case Study
26.03.2024 23:59 -00:00	only submission/no course	Deadline submission documentation – only submission/no course

Material Management (MM)

MM Organizational Structure (Materials Mgmt.)

Client

An independent environment in the system

Company Code

Smallest org unit for which you can maintain a legal set of books

Plant

- Operating area or branch within a company
 - Manufacturing, distribution, purchasing or maintenance facility

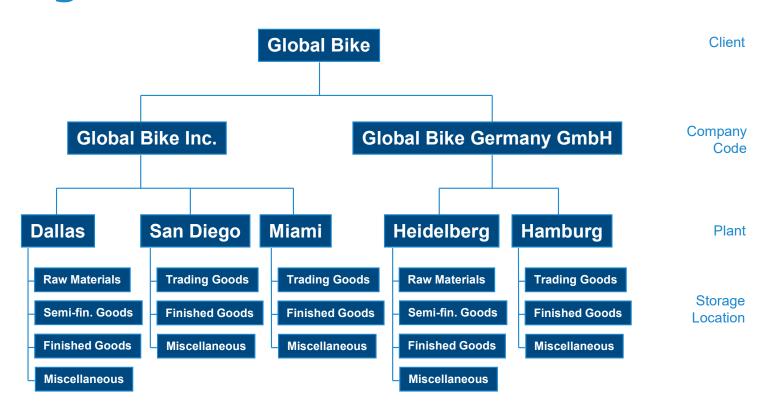
Storage Location

 An organizational unit allowing differentiation between the various stocks of a material in a plant

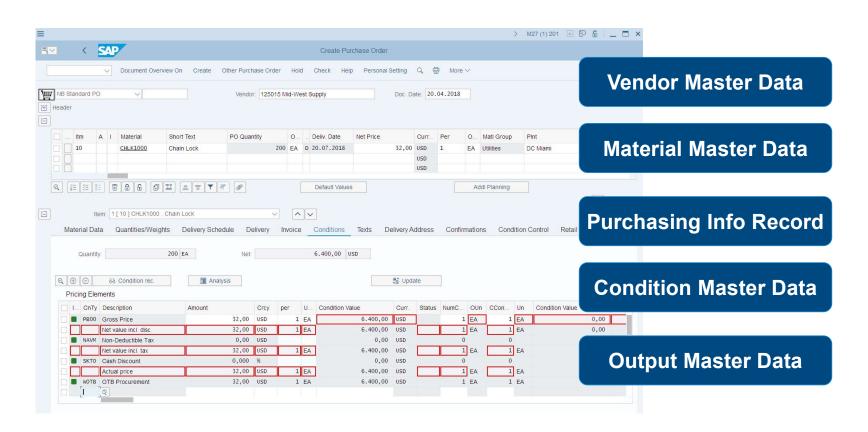
MM Organizational Structure (Purchasing)

- Purchasing Organization
 - The buying activity for a plant takes place at the purchasing organization
 - Organization unit responsible for procuring services and materials
 - Negotiates conditions of the purchase with the vendors
- Purchasing Group
 - Key that represents the buyer or group of buyers who are responsible for certain purchasing activities
 - Channel of communication for vendors

Global Bike Structure for Materials Management

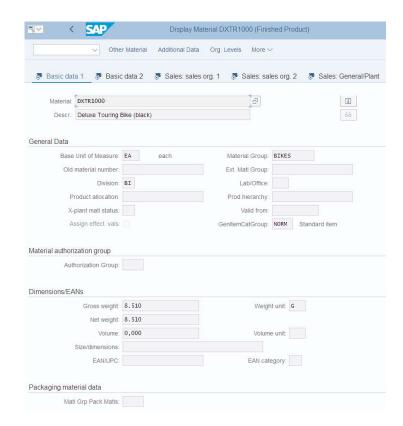


MM Master Data

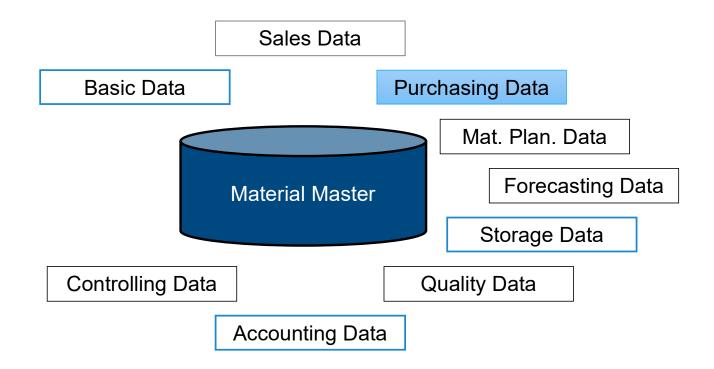


Material Master Data

- Material Master
 - Contains all the information a company needs to manage about a material
 - It is used by most components within the SAP system
 - Sales and Distribution
 - Materials Management
 - Production
 - Plant Maintenance
 - Accounting/Controlling
 - Quality Management
 - Material master data is stored in functional segments called Views



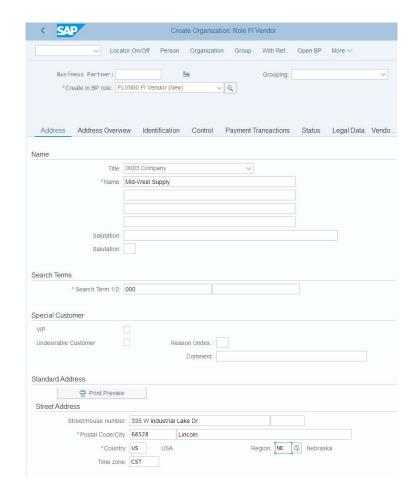
Material Master Views



Vendor Master Data

Vendor Master

- Contains all the necessary information needed to business with an external supplier
- Used and maintained primarily by the Purchasing and Accounting Departments
- Every vendor MUST have a master record



Vendor Master Views

- Client Level
 - Address
 - Vendor Number
 - Preferred Communication
- Company Code Data
 - Reconciliation Account
 - Terms of Payment
 - Bank Account
- Purchase Org Data
 - Purchasing Currency
 - Salesman's Name
 - Vendor Partners

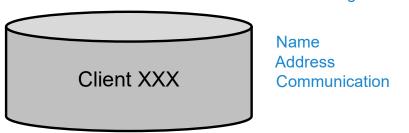
General Data

Company Code Data Financial Accounting (FI)

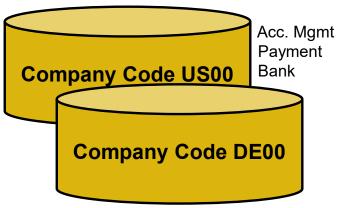
Purchasing Data
Materials Mgmt (MM)

Vendor Master

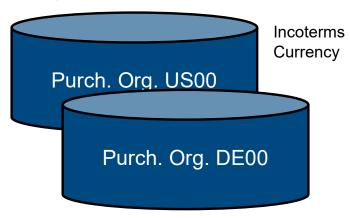
General Information relevant for the entire organization:



Company Code specific information:



Purch. Organization specific information:



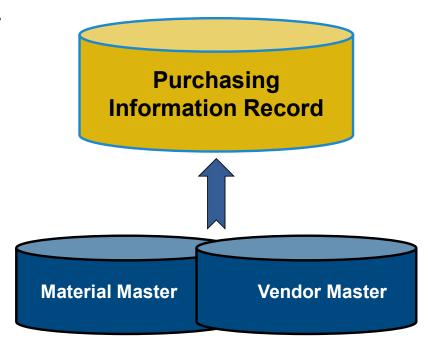
Create Vendor Master

- Name 1: Mid-West Supply S25 ###
- Search Term 1: ###
- Roles:
 - FLVN00
 - FLVN01
- Company Code:
 - US00
 - Reconciliation Account: 3300000
- Purchasing Organisation
 - US00



Purchasing Information Record

- Framework for Purchase Order
 - Contains the relationship between a vendor and a material
- Can be created:
 - Manually
 - Automatically Quotations
 - Automatically Purch. Orders
- Reporting
 - Vendor Evaluation



Purchasing Information Record

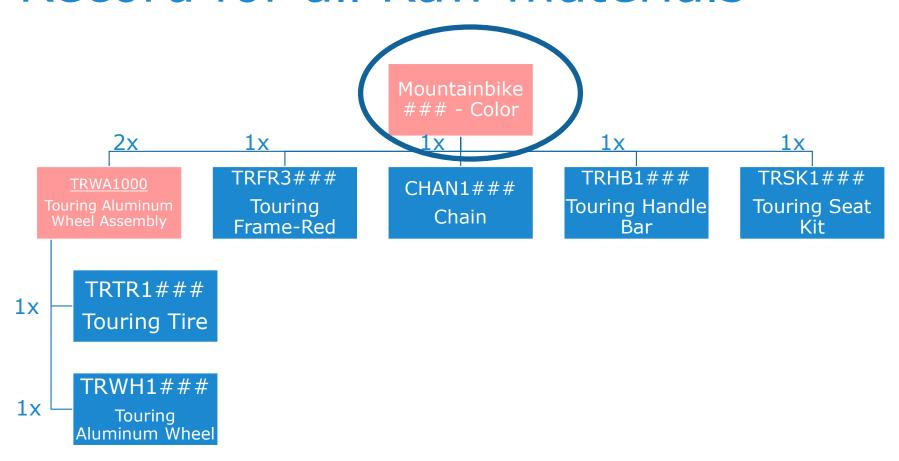
- Allows buyers to quickly determine:
 - Which vendors have offered or supplied specific materials
- Info Records contain:
 - Data on pricing and conditions
 - Last purchase order
 - Tolerance limits for deliveries
 - Specific lead times
 - Availability periods
 - Vendor Evaluation data
- Serves as default information for Purchase Orders

Create Purchasing Information Record

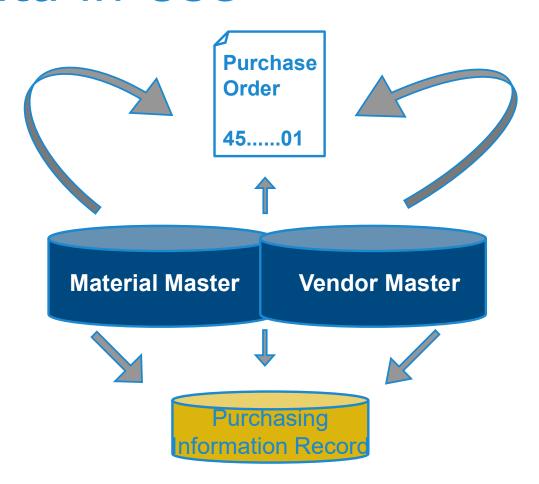
- Business Partner (Supplier): Mid-West Supply S25_###
- Material: TRTR1000
- Purchasing Organisation
 - US00
- Delivery Time in Days: 10
- Standard Order Quantity: 5

Manage Purchasing Info Records

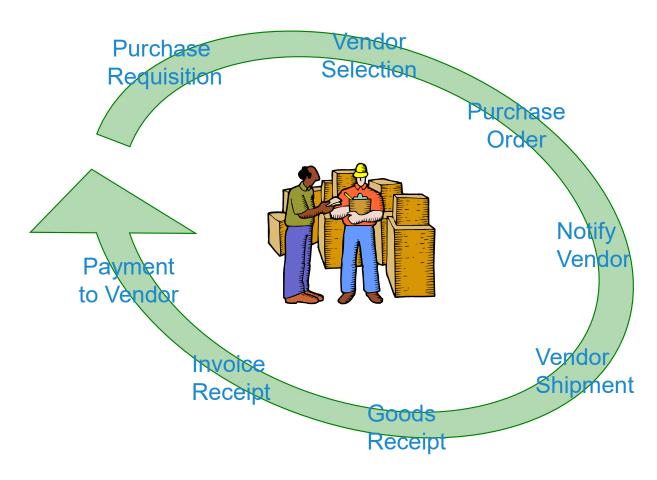
Create Purchasing Information Record for all Raw materials



Master Data in Use



Procure-To-Pay Process

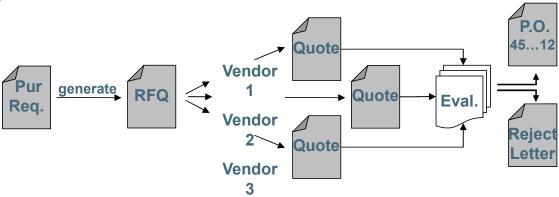


Purchase Requisition

- Internal Document instructing the purchasing department to request a specific good or service for a specified time
- Requisitions can be created two ways:
 - Directly Manually
 - person creating determines: what, how much, and when
 - Indirectly Automatically
 - MRP
 - Production Orders
 - Maintenance Orders
 - Sales Orders

Request for Quotation

- If nothing exist in the system we may need to submit a request for quotation to our vendors. An RFQ is an invitation to a vendor by a Purchasing Organization to submit a bid for the supply of materials or services
 - The accepted quotations will generate Purchasing Information Records
 - Perform Quotation Price Comparisons
 - Finally Select a Quotation



Quotation from Vendor

- The quotation received by your company is a legally binding offer, should decide to do business with the vendor, containing price's and conditions for the materials specified in the RFQ for a predefined period of time.
 - In SAP the RFQ and the Quotation will be become a single document, you will enter the vendor's response in the RFQ you created.

Vendor Evaluation once Identified

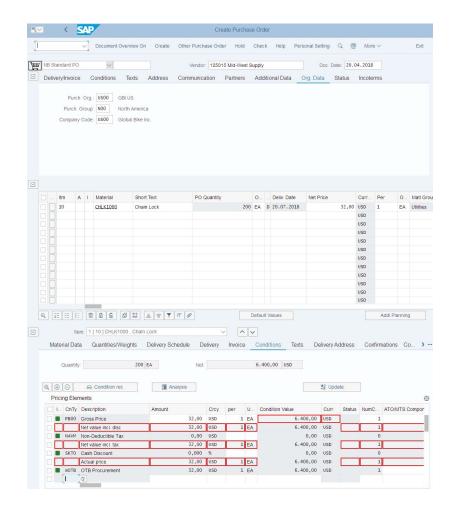
- Vendor evaluation helps purchasing evaluate vendors for sourcing while also enabling the company to monitor vendor relationships through performance scores and criteria you put in place.
 - Supports a maximum of 99 main criteria and 20 sub criteria for each main:
 - Price
- Price Level
- Price History
- Quality
- Goods Receipt
- Quality Audit
- Complaints/Rejection level
- Delivery
 - On-time delivery performance
 - Quantity reliability
 - Compliance with shipping instructions
 - Confirmation Date
- You then must establish a scoring range (1 -100) and determine the weight factors of scores for each.

Purchase Order

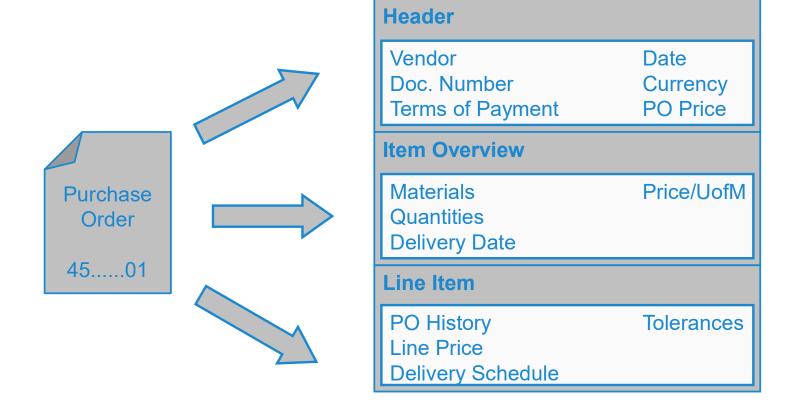
- A purchase order is a formal request to a vendor for a specific material or service under the stated conditions
- Purchase Orders can be created manually
 - Reference a Purchase Order
 - Reference a Purchase Requisition
 - Reference a RFQ/Quotation
 - Without Reference
- Purchase Orders can be create automatically

Purchase Order

- A purchase order can be used for a variety of purposes, the item category (procurement type) defined in the PO will dictate the use of the order and the process that the order will follow:
 - Standard
 - Stock or Consumption
 - Services
 - Subcontracting
 - Third-Party
 - Consignment



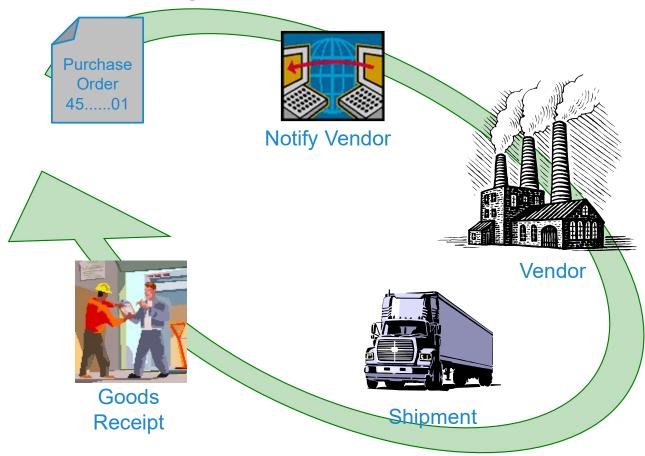
Purchase Order Structure



Purchase Order Output

- Once a Purchase Order has been created the vendor needs to be notified
 - Printed
 - E-mail
 - EDI
 - Fax
 - XML
- There are a variety of forms that aid in the purchasing process and are generated from the Purchase Order
 - Purchase Order Output
 - Order Acknowledgement Forms
 - Reminders
 - Schedule Agreements

Goods Receipt



Goods Receipt

- Goods movement in which we accept goods into our system
- If materials are delivered against a Purchase Order we will reference that Order
 - Determine if we got what we ordered
 - System can purpose data for us from the PO
 - Material, quantity
 - Purchase Order History is update with the receipt
 - Updates Physical Inventory
 - Updates Inventory G/L Account

Material Movements

- When a goods movement takes place it is represented by a Movement Type
 - Movement types are three-digit keys used to represent a movement of goods
 - 101 goods receipt into warehouse
 - 103 goods receipt into GR blocked stock
 - 122 return delivery to vendor
 - 231 consumption for a sales order
 - 561 initial entry of stock
- Destinations for Receipt of Goods
 - Warehouse Unrestricted, Quality, Blocked
 - Quality
 - Goods Receipt Blocked Stock

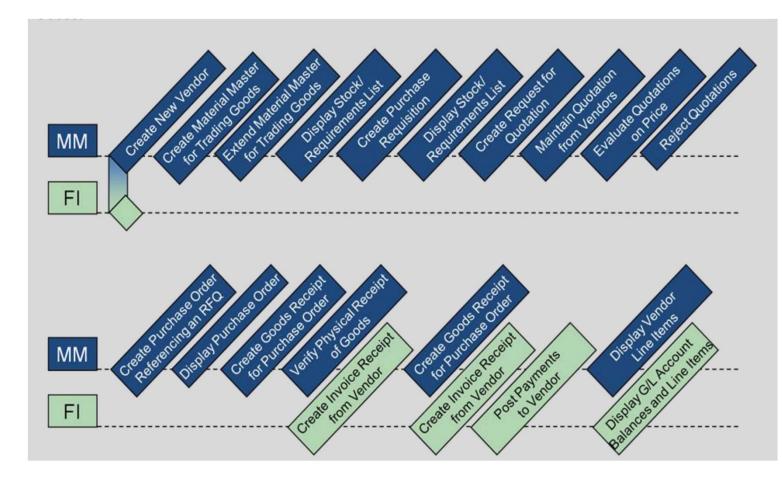
Effects of a Goods Receipt

- When a Goods Movement for the receipt of goods takes place a series of events occur
 - Material Document is Created
 - Accounting Document is Created
 - Stock Quantities are Updated
 - Stock Values are Updated
 - Purchase Order is Updated
 - Output can be generated (GR slip / pallet label)

Integrated procurement process



To process a complete procurement process, you will assume various roles within Global Bike Inc., for example: Purchaser, Warehouse Worker, Accounting Clerk. In general, you will work in the Materials Management (MM) and Financial Accounting (FI) departments.



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MM Challenge

the exercise on your

Scenario

To produce the Repair Kit for the PP Challenge, you need the materials TRTR1##, BOLT1###, and TRWH1###. in stock. Generate purchase requisitions from the demand using the MRP run. Your purchasing department has identified a new cost-effective supplier (Max Accessories). TRTR1### = 20\$, BOLT1### = 25\$, and TRWH1### = 23\$. Create this business partner and set up the purchasing info record for all three materials. Convert purchase requisitions into a purchase order and order all materials from this supplier. Then, post the goods receipt to the warehouse location MI00.

Note: After the MM Challenge, you can proceed with the PP Challenge.

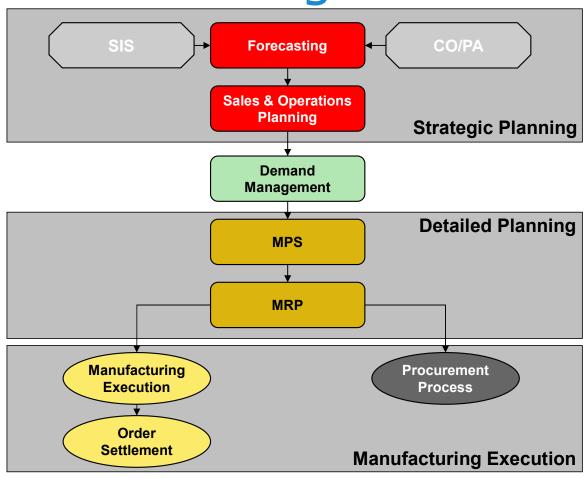
Task Information Perform a complete procurement-process

Production Planning (PP)

PP Processes

- Production Planning & Execution
 - Forecasting
 - Sales and Operations Planning (SOP)
 - Demand Management
 - Master Production Scheduling (MPS)
 - Material Requirement Planning (MRP)
- Production Order

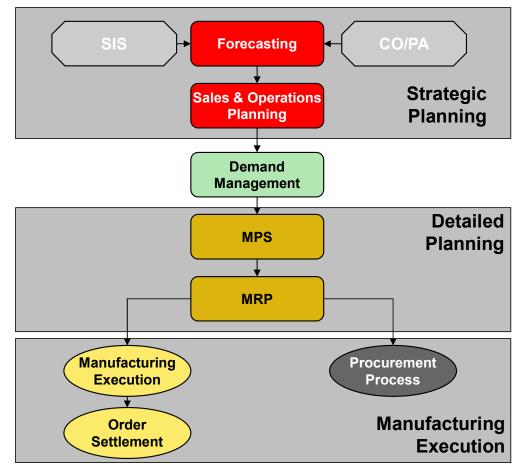
Production Planning & Execution



Production Planning & Execution

Players in the Game

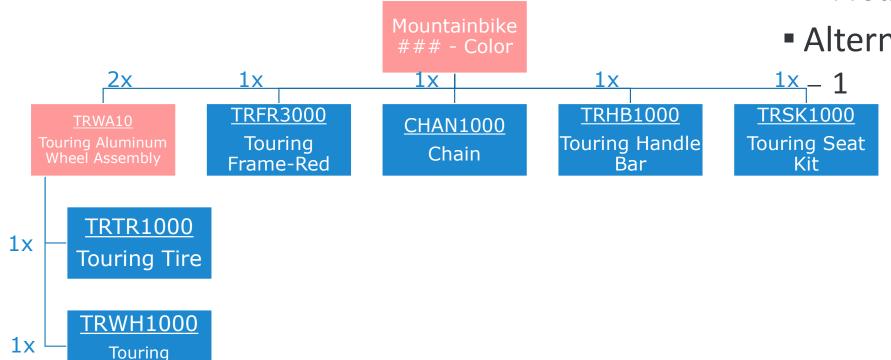
- Strategic Planning
 - CEO, COO, CIO, CFO, Controller, Marketing Director
- Detailed Planning
 - Line Managers, Production Scheduler, MRP Controller, Capacity Planners
- Execution
 - Line Workers, Shop Floor Supervisors



TASK: Create BOM

Aluminum Wheel

- Plant:
 - MI00 DC Miami
- BOM Usage
 - Production (1)
- Alternative BOM



TASK: Create Work center

- Plant:
 - MI00 DC Miami
- Work center
 - A25_###
- Work Center Category
 - 0003 Labor

- Plant:
 - MI00 DC Miami
- Work center
 - Q25_###
- Work Center Category
 - 0003 Labor

TASK: Create Routing

Assembly

- Setup 5 min
- Labor 20 min
- WC: A25_###

Quality Check

- Labor 5 min
- WC: Q25_###

- Plant:
 - MI00 DC Miami
- Usage
 - Production (1)
- Overall Status
 - 4 released

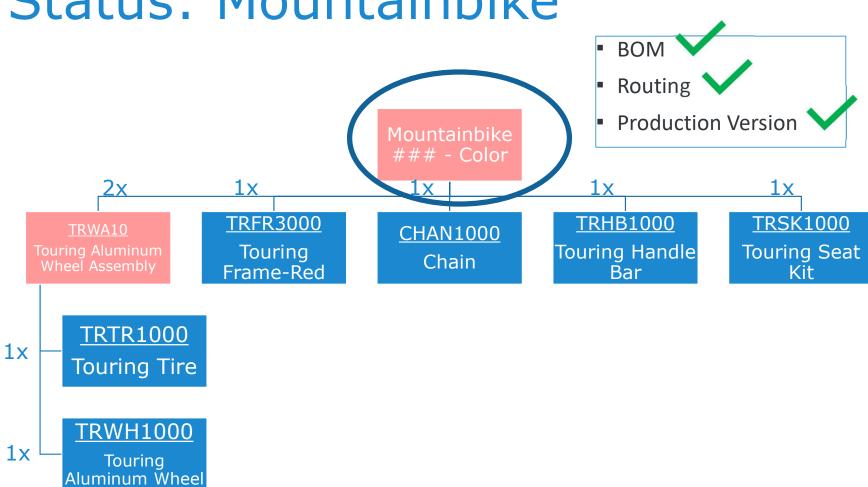
TASK: Create Production Version

Production
Version
(Mountainbike
- Color)

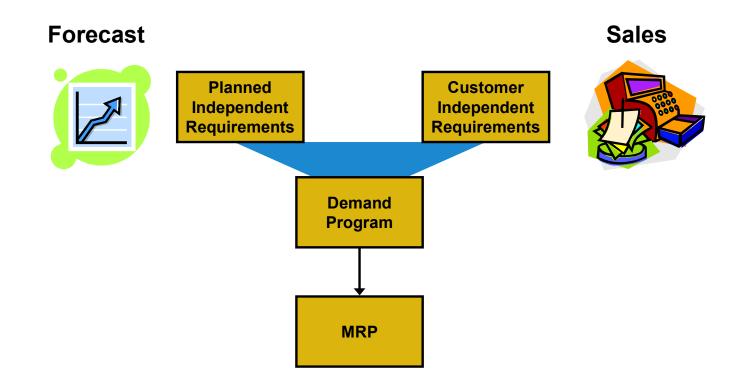
BOM Mountainbike ### - Color Routing Mountainbike ### - Color

- Version:
 - V###
- Prodn Version Text
 - Standard Production
- Material
 - Mountainbike ###
- Plant
 - MI00

Status: Mountainbike



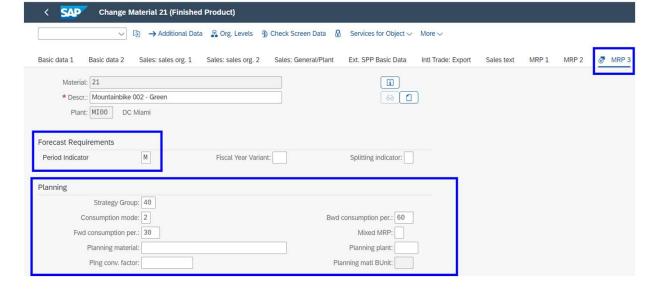
Demand Management



Planned Independent Requirements

 The PIR serves as a placeholder for the actual demand that you expect in

the future.



MRP (Material Requirements Planning)

- helps organizations manage their inventory and production planning
- MRP ensures that a company has the right materials available at the right time to meet its production needs.

Planning Material Needs: MRP helps when and how much raw materials, components, or finished products need for production processes.

Automatic Scheduling: It automatically schedules and calculates the required quantities based on production orders, sales orders, and existing inventory levels.

Preventing Shortages and Surpluses: MRP aims to prevent shortages by ensuring that there's enough stock available to meet demand. At the same time, it helps avoid excess inventory, which can be costly.

Optimizing Production: MRP optimizes production schedules, ensuring efficiency in manufacturing processes by aligning material availability with production requirements.

Integration with SAP Modules: MRP is closely integrated with other SAP modules, such as Materials Management (MM) and Production Planning (PP), creating a streamlined and interconnected business process.

MRP - Result

External Procurement

Internal Procurement (In-house manufactured)

Planning

Purchase Requisition

Planned Order

Execution

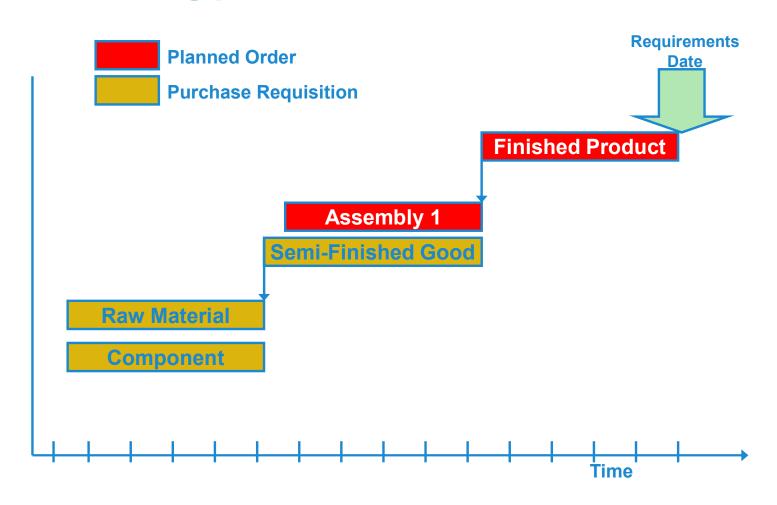
Purchase Order

Production Order

Orders, orders, orders

- Planned Order (planning)
 - A request created in the planning run for a material in the future (converts to either a production or purchase order)
- Production Order (execution)
 - A request or instruction internally to produce a specific product at a specific time
- Purchase Order (execution)
 - A request or instruction to a vendor for a material or service at a specific time

MRP (Material Requirements Planning)



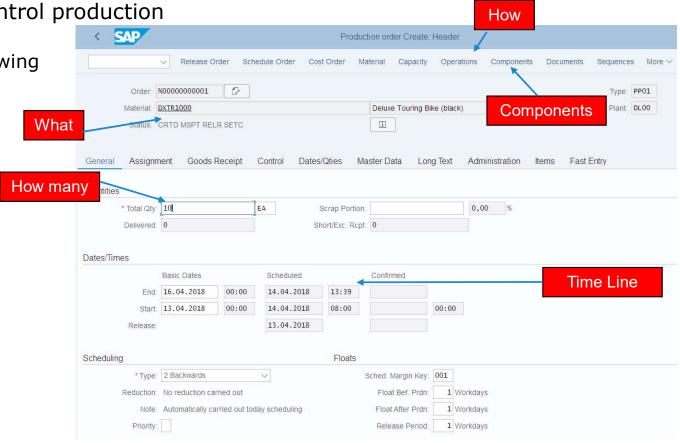
Production Order

Production orders are used to control production operations and associated costs
 Production Orders define the following

Production Orders define the folic

Material produced

- Quantity
- Location
- Time line
- Work involved
- Resources used
- How to costs are settled



PP Challenge

own! on

Scenario Your sales team has identified the demand for a new product. Due to high inflation, many customers prefer to repair their bicycles themselves. Therefore, repair kits (new Material RKSS###) will now be offered for sale. These kits consist of the existing products TRTR10000, BOLT1000, and TRWH1000.

To enable the sale of this repair kit, a new sellable material and all production (PP) master data are required.

For the production of the repair kit, a new work center (R24-###) is required (with one person). The assembly process requires 5 minutes, along with an additional 2 minutes for quality inspection. The sales team anticipates sales of 20 units in March and potentially 30 units in April. Please create planned independent requirements and initiate production accordingly.

Note PIR need settings in material master data (MRP 3)

Task Information Perform a complete production-process