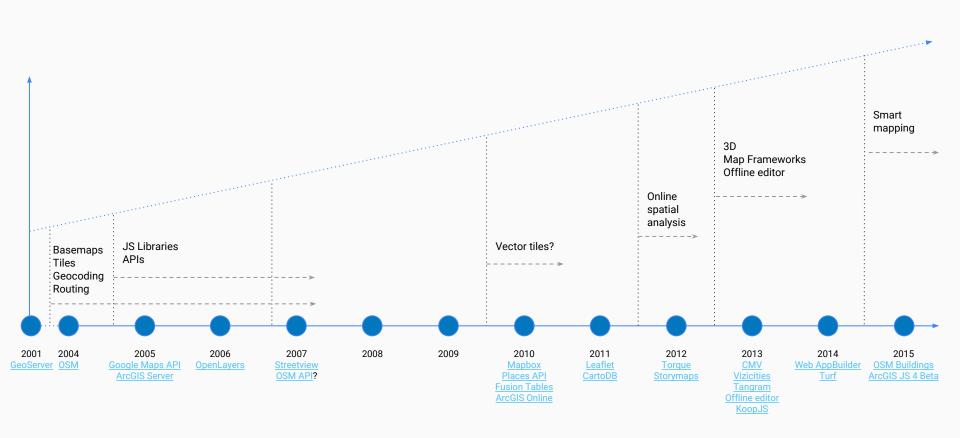
Current state of geoprocessing development on the web applications:

NODE.js, R in the server, ArcGIS server and Geoserver



Web mapping: The history



Why web mapping is so trendy

3.- Professionals

- Understand info & Take decisions
- Optimization: logistics, marketing, ...
- Share sensitive information
- + Advanced-user needs

Profiles: journalists, CMOs, CEOs, etc.

4.- GIS Professionals

- Generate & edit content: maps
- Make analysis
- + Professional needs

Profiles: environmental engineers, forest engineers, surveyors, cartographers, etc.

1.- End users:

- Consume information
- Search places
- Get directions

Profiles: anyone

2.- Advanced users

- Upload information
- Tell stories
- + End-user needs

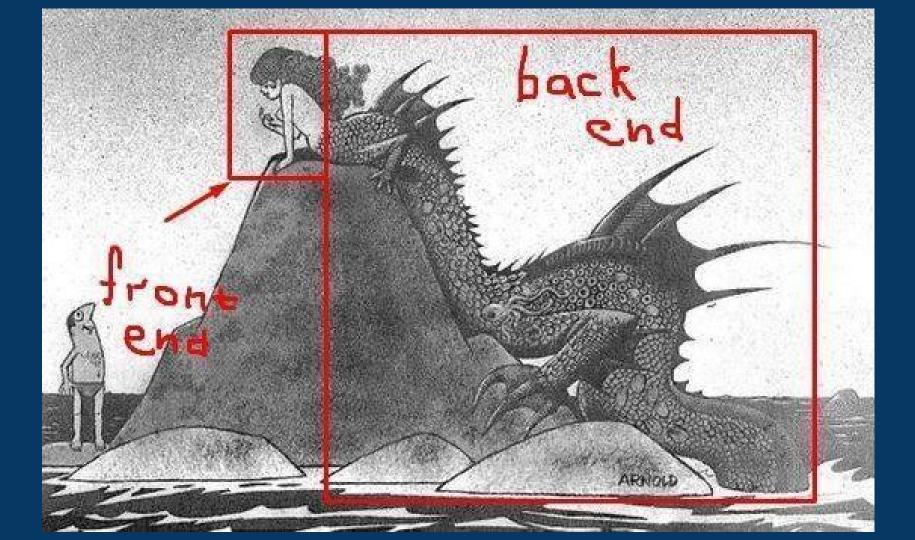
Profiles: millennials, geeks, ...

Geographic Knowledge

Many **NEEDS**

Many PROFESSIONAL PROFILES

Many **ROLES**



Open Source: Web mapping tools



Name

ST_Buffer — (T) Returns a geometry covering all points within a given distance from the input geometry.

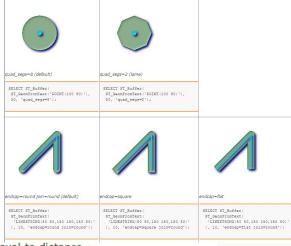
Synopsis

```
geometry ST_Buffer(geometry g1, float radius_of_buffer);
geometry ST_Buffer(geometry g1, float radius_of_buffer, integer num_seg_quarter_circle);
geometry ST_Buffer(geometry g1, float radius_of_buffer, text buffer_style_parameters);
geography ST_Buffer(geography g1, float radius_of_buffer_in_meters);
```

Description

Returns a geometry/geography that represents all points whose distance from this Geometry/geography is less than or equal to distance.

Geometry: Calculations are in the Spatial Reference System of the geometry. Introduced in 1.5 support for different end cap and mitre settings to control shape.



SQL PostGIS Special Spatial Functions

ArcGIS: Web mapping tools





ArcGIS: Web mapping tools



Product	Short description	
ArcGIS Online & Portal for ArcGIS	Online platform to manage and share: data, user, maps, etc.	
ArcGIS Web App Templates	Javascript configurable applications: viewer, editor, social	
Web AppBuilder for ArcGIS	GUI to create web app but it is also a framework to develop applications based on maps	
ArcGIS API for JavaScript	JavaScript Library for ArcGIS	
ArcGIS Online Content	Ready to use content available through APIs and GUI	
ArcGIS Open Data	Online platform to search and manage Open Data	
Коор	Koop extracts geographic data from third party providers, transforms it in various formats.	
ArcGIS Server	Server for creating and managing GIS Web Services, applications and data	
ArcGIS Online & ArcGIS Server REST APIs		

Free developer accounts

Open Source: **WPS** Web Processing Service



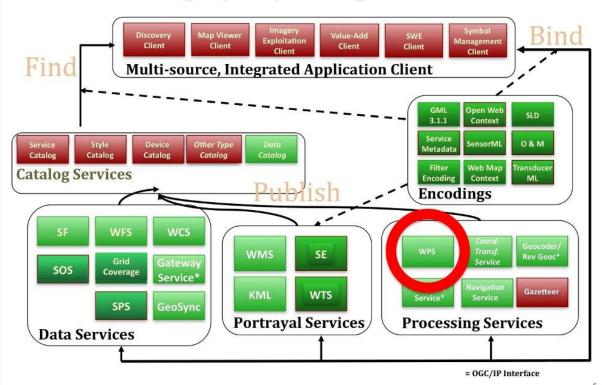
One powerful method of performing spatial processing is through the *Web Processing Service*, or **WPS**. This OGC-based protocol, analogous to other protocols such as Web Map Service (WMS) and Web Feature Service (WFS), allows for client-server interaction with server-hosted "processes". A server can provide WPS processes, which can then be executed by clients on data they supply or applied to existing server-side datasets.

Processes fall into three categories: vector, raster, and geometry, referring to the type of geospatial content used as the Process's input. These categories are broad, as processes can take multiple types of input.

Open Source: WPS Web Processing Service



The OGC® Web Processing Service Interface (WPS)
Standard provides standardized inputs and outputs for geospatial processing services.





1. Hard to implement

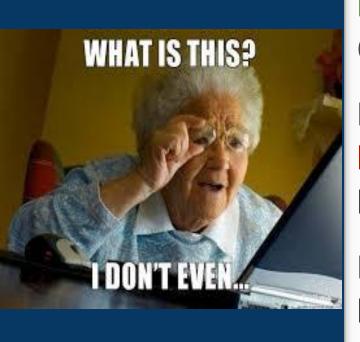
2. Slow

3. Difficult to combine



NODE.JS SERVICES





Node.js® is a JavaScript runtime built on Chrome's V8 JavaScript engine.

Node.js uses an event-driven, nonblocking I/O model that makes it lightweight and efficient.

Node.js' package ecosystem, npm, is the largest ecosystem of open source libraries in the world.

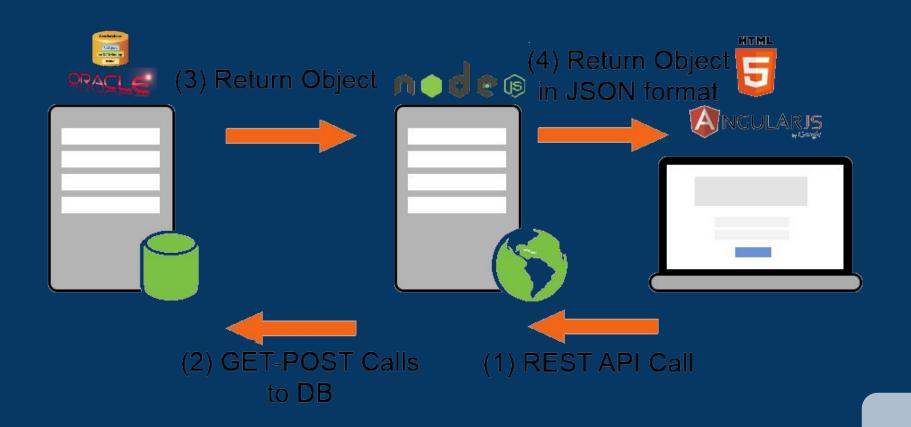
- 1. Web development in a dynamic language (JavaScript) on a VM that is incredibly fast (V8). It is much faster than Ruby, Python, or Perl. Ability to handle thousands of concurrent connections with minimal overhead on a single process.
- 2. **JavaScript is perfect for event loops** with first class function objects and closures. People already know how to use it this way having used it in the browser to respond to user initiated events. It is arguably **the most popular web programming language**.
- 3. Using JavaScript on a web server as well as the browser reduces the impedance mismatch between the two programming environments which can communicate data structures via JSON that work the same on both sides of the equation. Duplicate form validation code can be shared between server and client, etc.

JSON APIs

Building light-weight REST / JSON api's is something where node.js really shines. Its non-blocking I/O model combined with JavaScript make it a great choice for wrapping other data sources such as databases or web services and exposing them via a JSON interface.

Single page apps

If you are planning to write an AJAX heavy single page app (think gmail), node. js is a great fit as well. The ability to process many requests / seconds with low response times, as well as sharing things like validation code between the client and server make it a great choice for modern web applications that do lots of processing on the client.



WHY USE NODE.JS?

1 Faster web Apps: Asynchronous events & non-blocking I/O

2. NPM: Bigger open source libraries in the world

3. Javascript Frontend/Backend. JSON Apis.

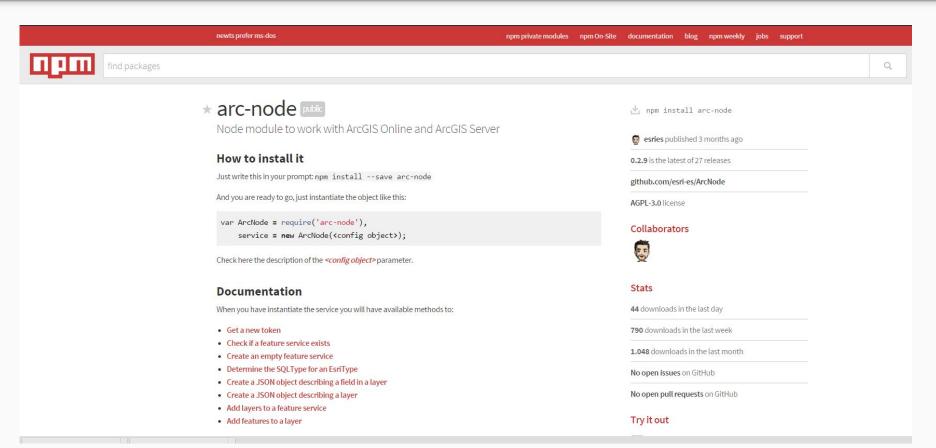
4. Really now is COOL.



http://codecondo.com/11-awesome-things-you-can-build-with-node-js/

NODE FOR ARCGIS



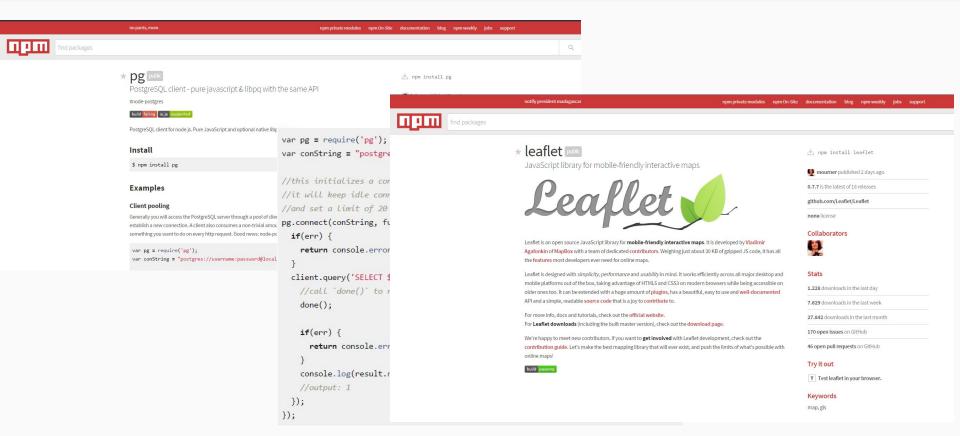


NODE FOR GIS OPENSOURCE









NODE FOR REALTIME APPS



naivete precedes misrepresentation

npm private modules npm On-Site documentation blog npm weekly jobs support





node.js realtime framework server

pm package 1.3.7 downloads 2M/month

How to use

The following example attaches socket.io to a plain Node.JS HTTP server listening on port 3000.

```
var server = require('http').createServer();
var io = require('socket.io')(server);
io.on('connection', function(socket){
  socket.on('event', function(data){});
  socket.on('disconnect', function(){});
server.listen(3000);
```

Standalone

```
var io = require('socket.io')();
io.on('connection', function(socket){});
io.listen(3000);
```

rauchg published a month ago

1.3.7 is the latest of 84 releases

github.com/Automattic/socket.io

none license

Collaborators



Stats

80.851 downloads in the last day

450.463 downloads in the last week

1.968.772 downloads in the last month

273 open issues on GitHub

46 open pull requests on GitHub

NODE FOR REALTIME APPS



socket.io

```
#SERVER:
var e = require('express');
var sio = require('socket.io');
var http = require('http');
var app = e();
var server = http.createServer( app );
var io = sio.listen(server);
io.sockets.on('connection', function(socket) {
    socket.on('ping', function(msg) {
        var x=35+Math.random();
       var y=-106+Math.random();
        socket.emit('pong', {"x":x,"y":y} );
   });
app.get('/', function(req, res) {
    res.sendFile('client.html',{root:'/Users/Me/LeafletWebsocket/pu
});
server.listen(3000);
```

```
#CLIENT:
    <html>
        <head>
            <title>Leaflet.js Socket.io</title>
            <link rel="stylesheet" href="http://cdn.leafletjs.com/leaflet-0.7.2/leaflet.css" />
            </style>
        </head>
        <body>
            <script src="http://cdn.leafletjs.com/leaflet-0.7.2/leaflet.js"></script>
            <script src="/socket.io/socket.io.js"></script>
            <div id="message"></div>
            <div id="map"></div>
            <script>
                var socket = io.connect('http://DomainName:3000');
                socket.on('connect', function() {
                    alert("Connected to WebSocket Server");
                socket.on('pong', function(msg) {
                    //document.getElementById("message").innerHTML=msg;
                    L.marker([msg.x,msg.y]).addTo(map).bindPopup("("+msg.x+","+msg.y+")").openPopup();
                var map = L.map('map', {
                    center: [35.10418, -106.62987],
                    zoom: 9
                L.tileLayer('http://{s}.tile.osm.org/{z}/{x}/{y}.png').addTo(map);
                map.on("click", function(){
                    socket.emit('ping', {msg: 'Hello'});
            </script>
        </body>
    </html>
```

USING R IN WEB SERVICES

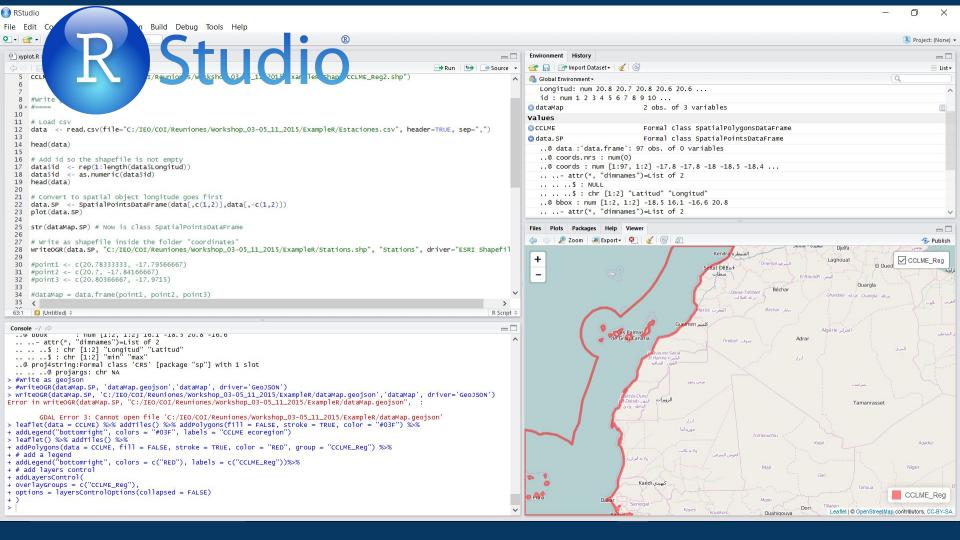


In oceanography and fisheries we have a lot of scripts developed with R

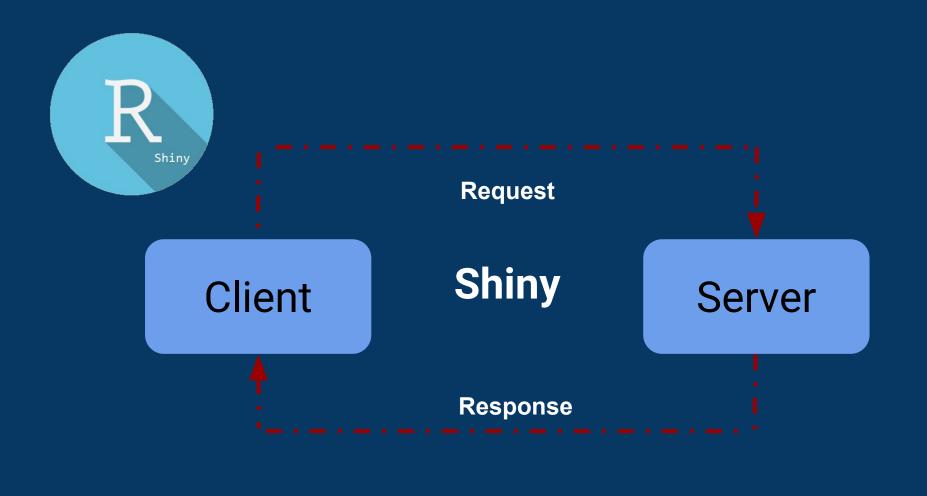


FLR-project

oceR









 Ubuntu 14.04 Droplet with 1 GB of RAM and 1 GB of swap space or 2 GB of RAM

The latest version of R installed

Shiny Server is useful not only for hosting Shiny applications, but also for hosting interactive R markdown documents.

By setting up Shiny Server, we are able to host Shiny applications and interactive R documents on the web in a way that is accessible to the public.



Gallery

This gallery contains useful examples to learn from. Visit the Shiny User Showcase to see an inspiring set of sophisticated apps.

Interactive visualizations

Shiny is designed for fully interactive visualization, using JavaScript libraries like d3, Leaflet, and Google Charts.



SuperZip example

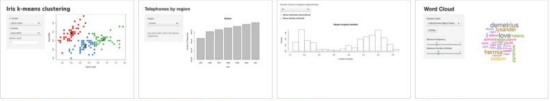
Bus dashboard

Movie explorer

Google Charts

Start simple

If you're new to Shiny, these simple but complete applications are designed for you to study.

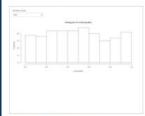


Kmeans example

Telephones by region

Faithful

Word cloud



Single-file shiny app



Shiny Server

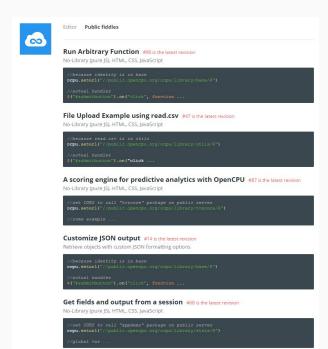
	Open Source Edition	Professional Edition
Overview	 Great for hosting lightweight public applications Does not support authentication or SSL Single R process per application 	 All of the features of open source; plus: Perfect for workgroups and enterprises Supports authentication and SSL Includes admin dashboard with both realtime and historical performance data Can use multiple R processes per app
Documentation	Getting Started with Shiny Server	Shiny Server Professional Admin Guide
Support	Community forums only	Priority Email Support& hour response during business hours (ET)
License	Open Source AGPL v3	RStudio License Agreement
Pricing	Free	 20 concurrent users: \$9,995/server/year Additional 20 concurrent users: \$4,995/server/year Additional 150 concurrent users: \$14,995/server/year* Academic and Small Business discounts available



SCIENTIFIC COMPUTING IN THE CLOUD

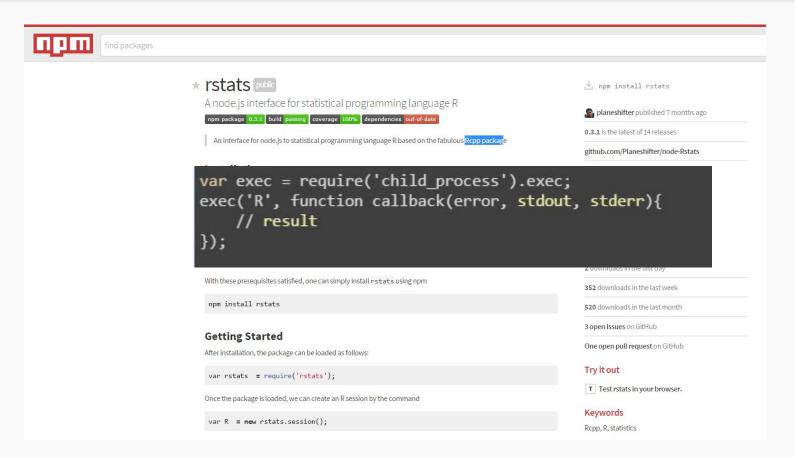


The OpenCPU JavaScript client library provides an integration of R and JavaScript. Is possible use RPC and data I/O through standard Ajax techniques.



NODE FOR R











United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization





Luis Miguel Agudo Bravo lmagudo@gmail.com



http://2carto.com/



es.linkedin.com/pub/luis-miguel-agudo-bravo/7b/630/8b2/