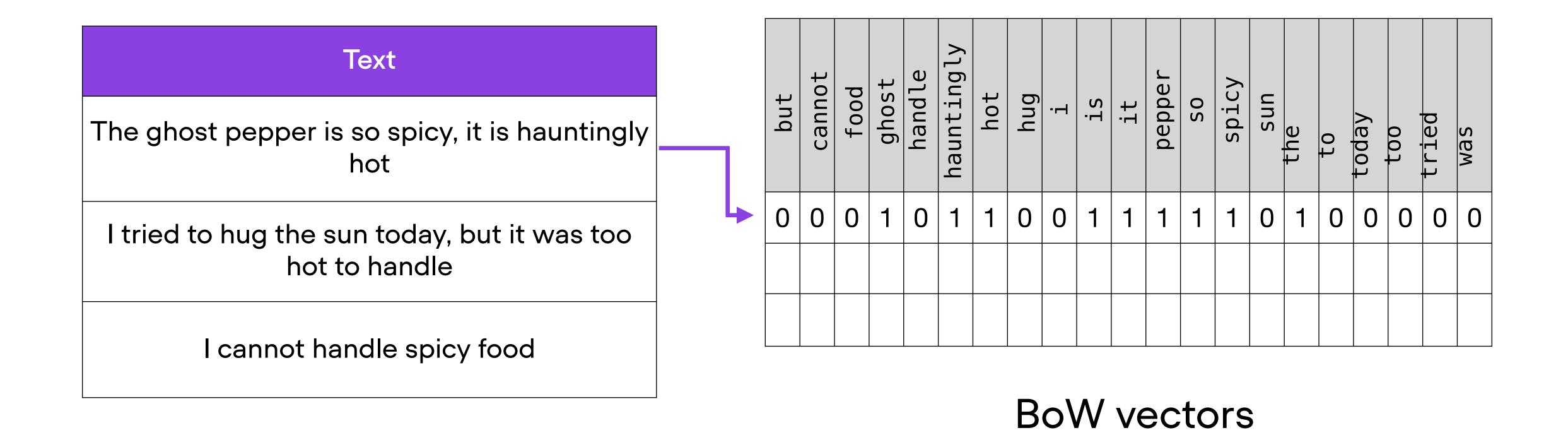
8.3

Introduction to Recurrent Neural Networks

Part 1: Modeling Sequence Data

Sebastian Raschka and the Lightning Al Team

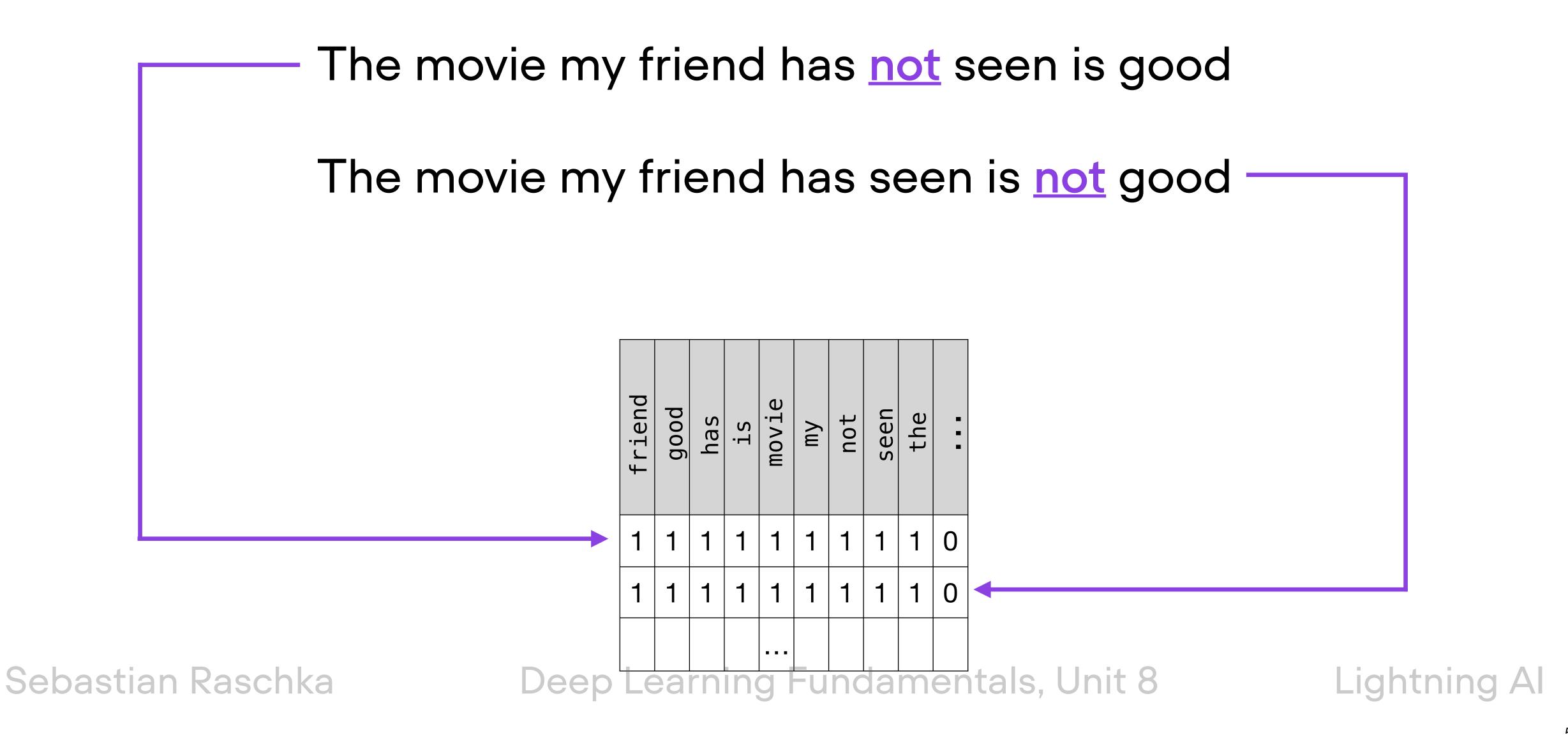
A big limitation of Bag-of-Words model: the word sequence order is lost

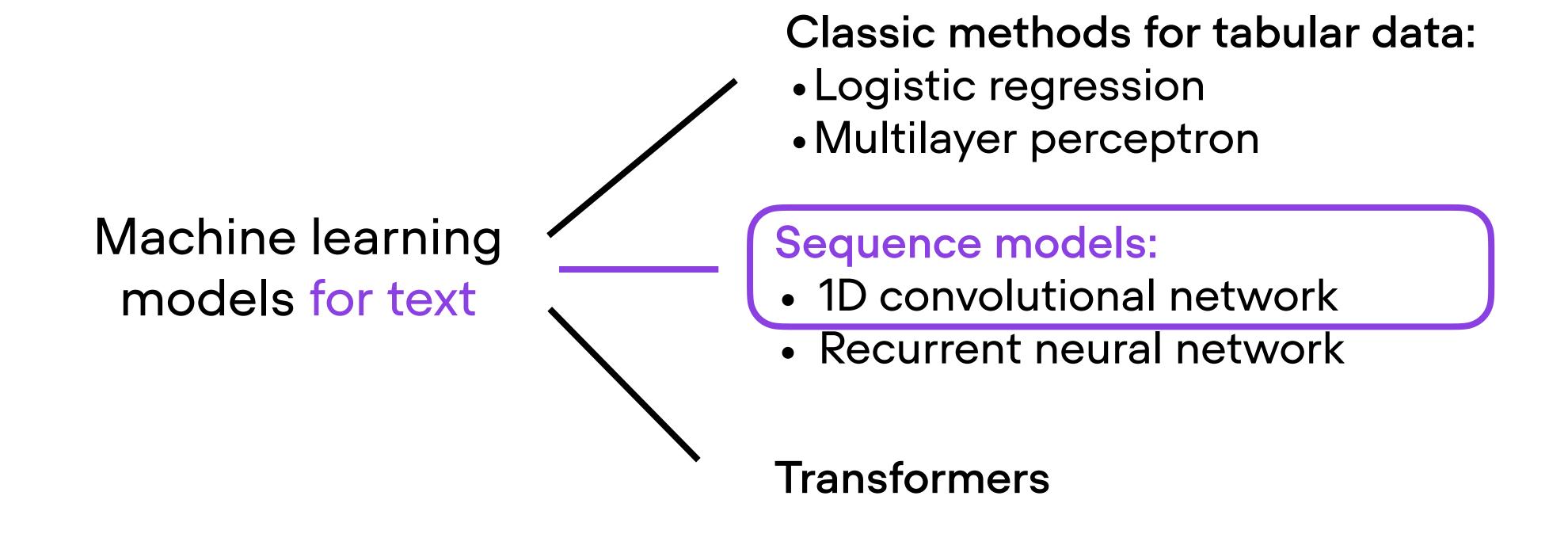


The movie my friend has not seen is good

The movie my friend has seen is not good

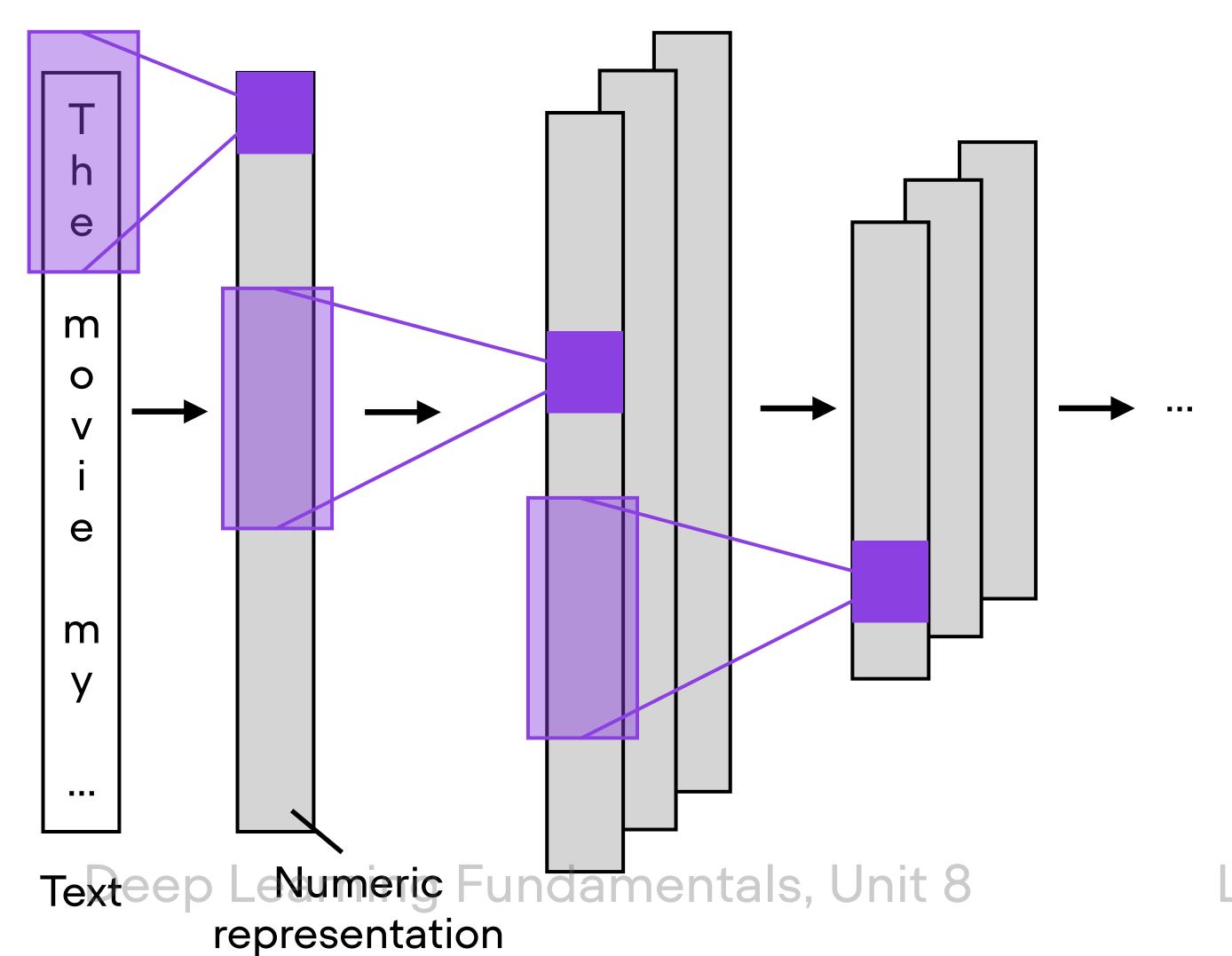
BoW maps these sentences to identical vectors





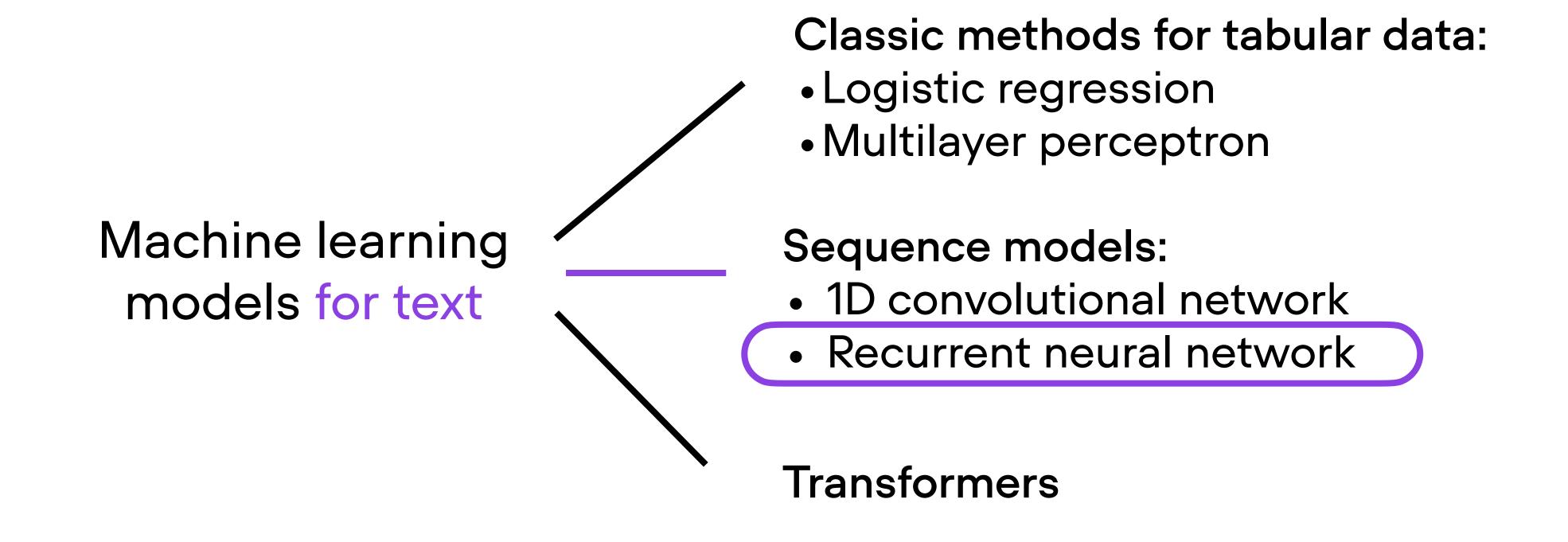
A 1D convolutional network for text

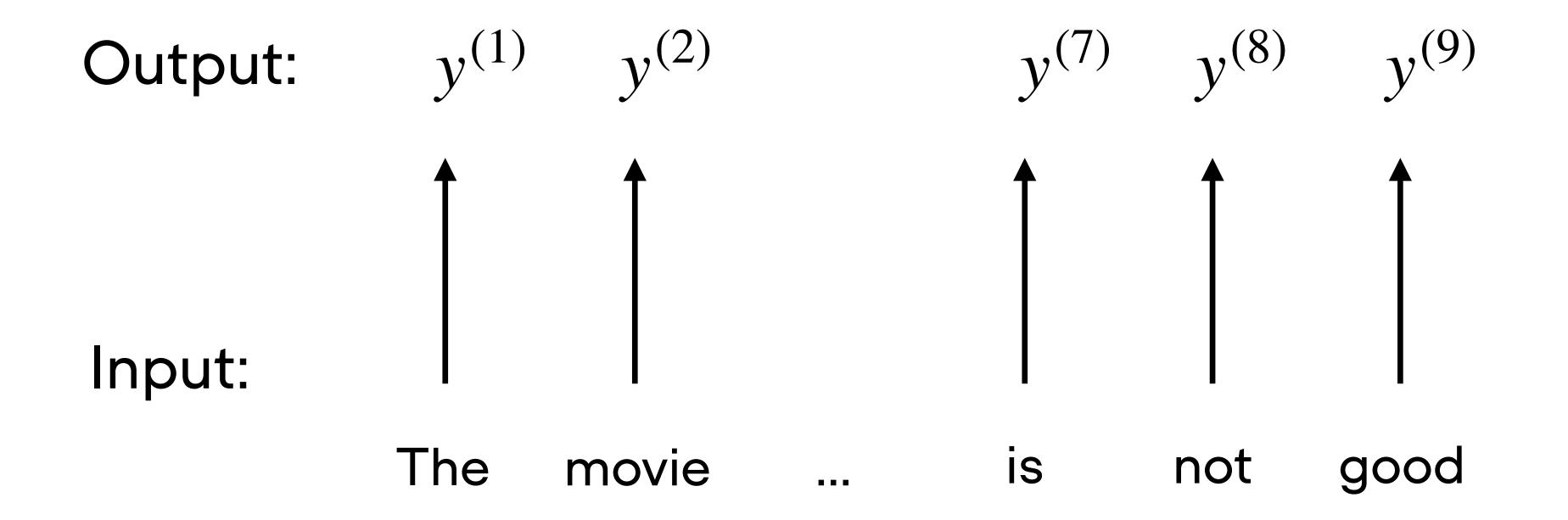
Analogous to image inputs but 1D instead of 2D

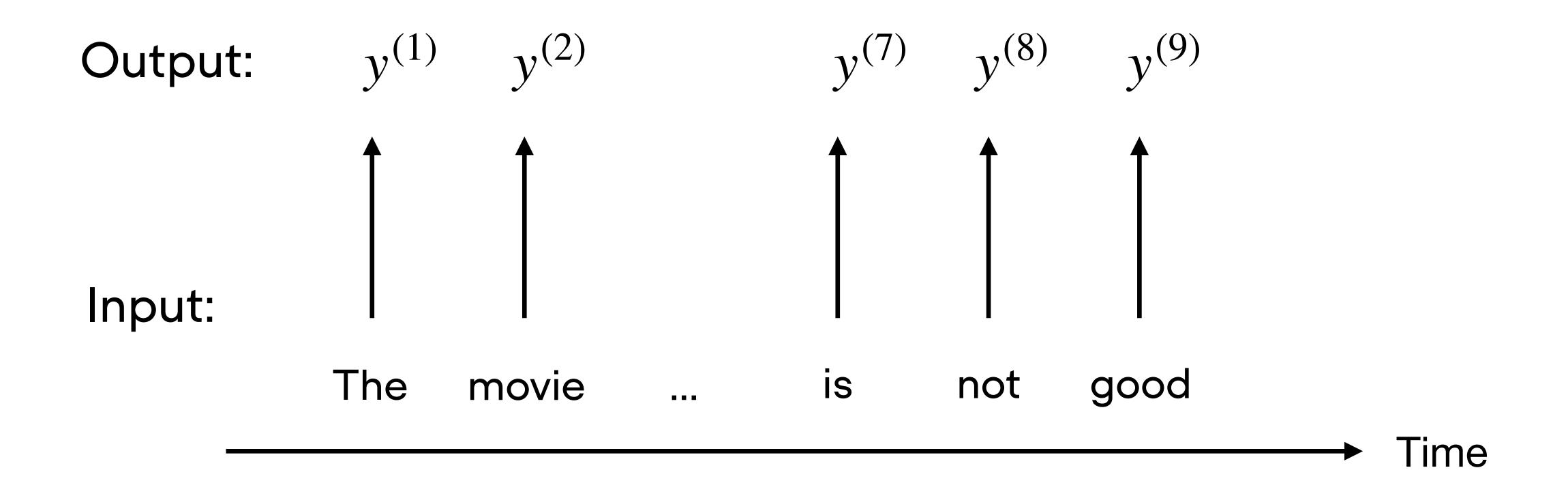


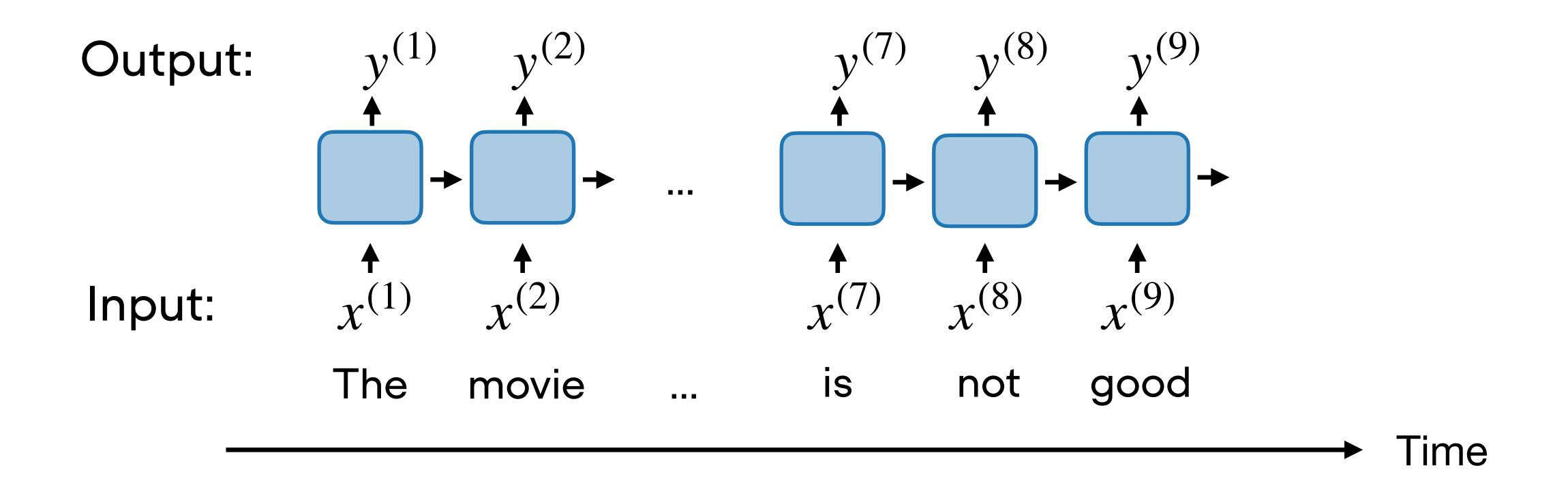
Sebastian Raschka

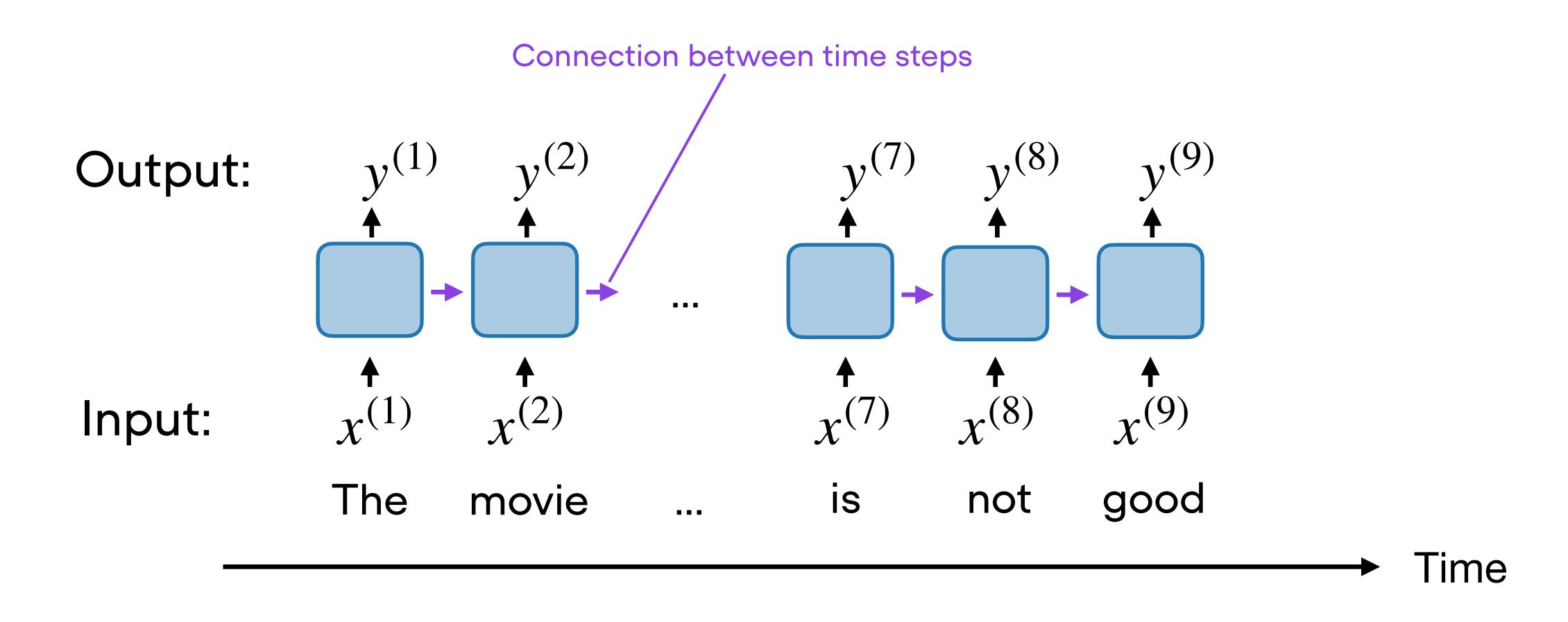
Lightning Al





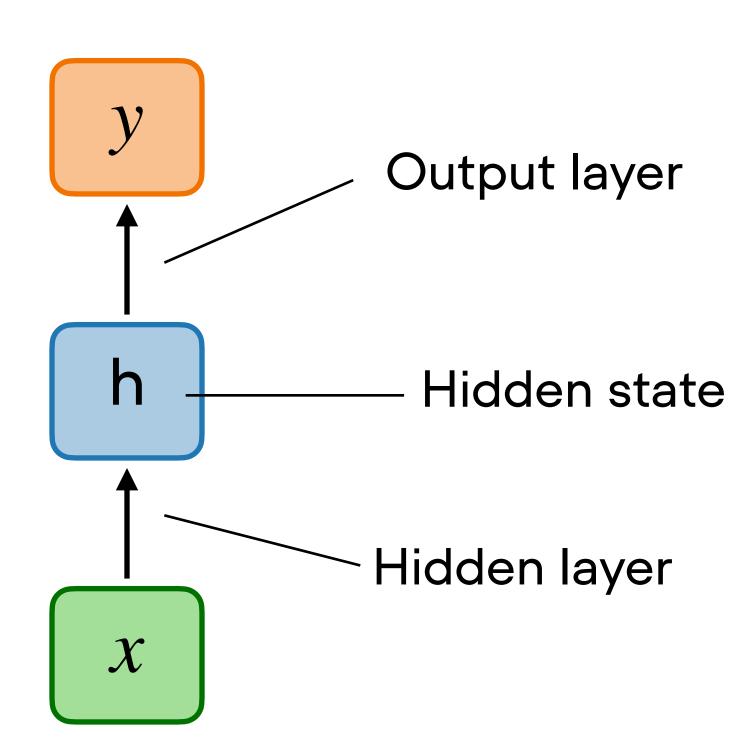


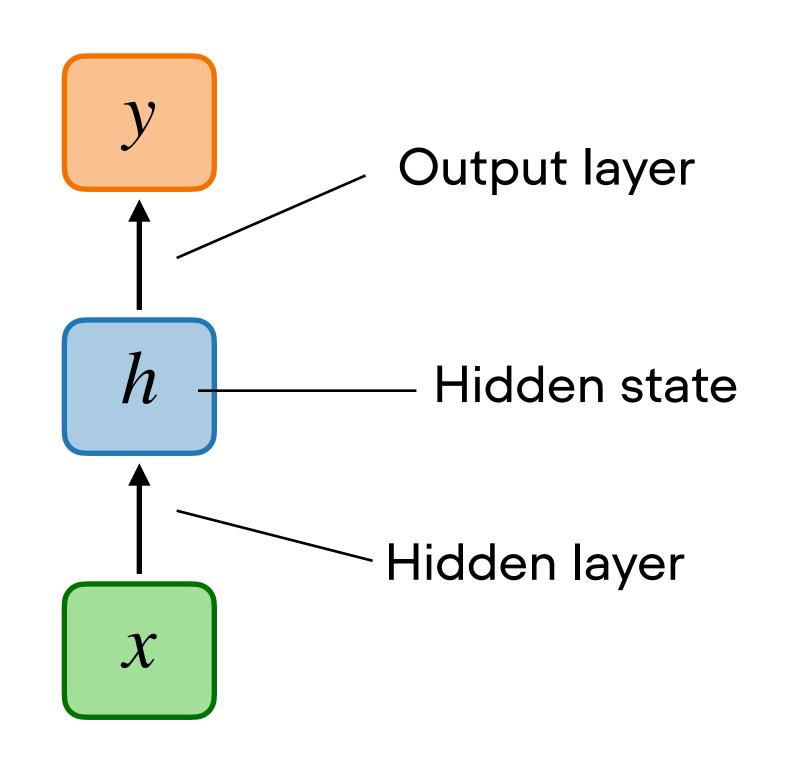


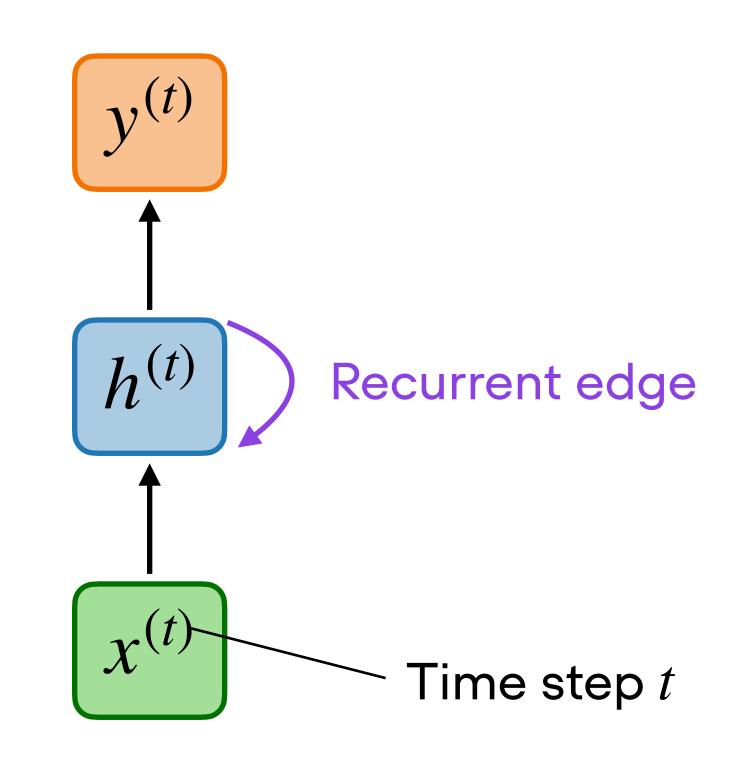


RNNs vs MLPS

Multilayer perceptron (unit 4)



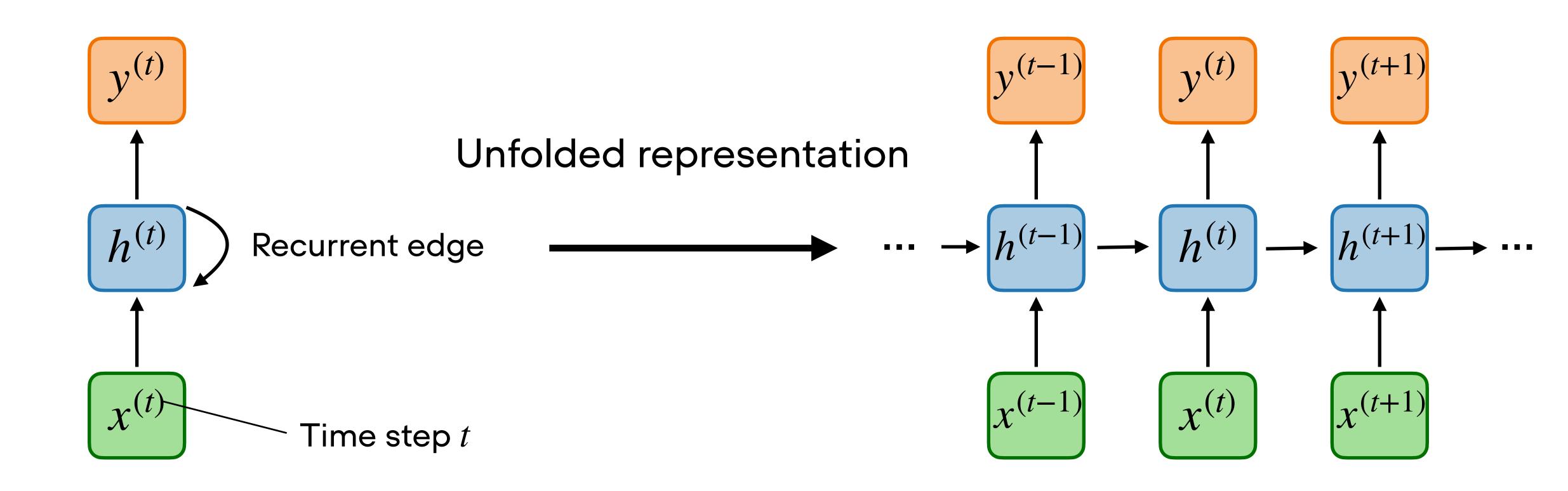




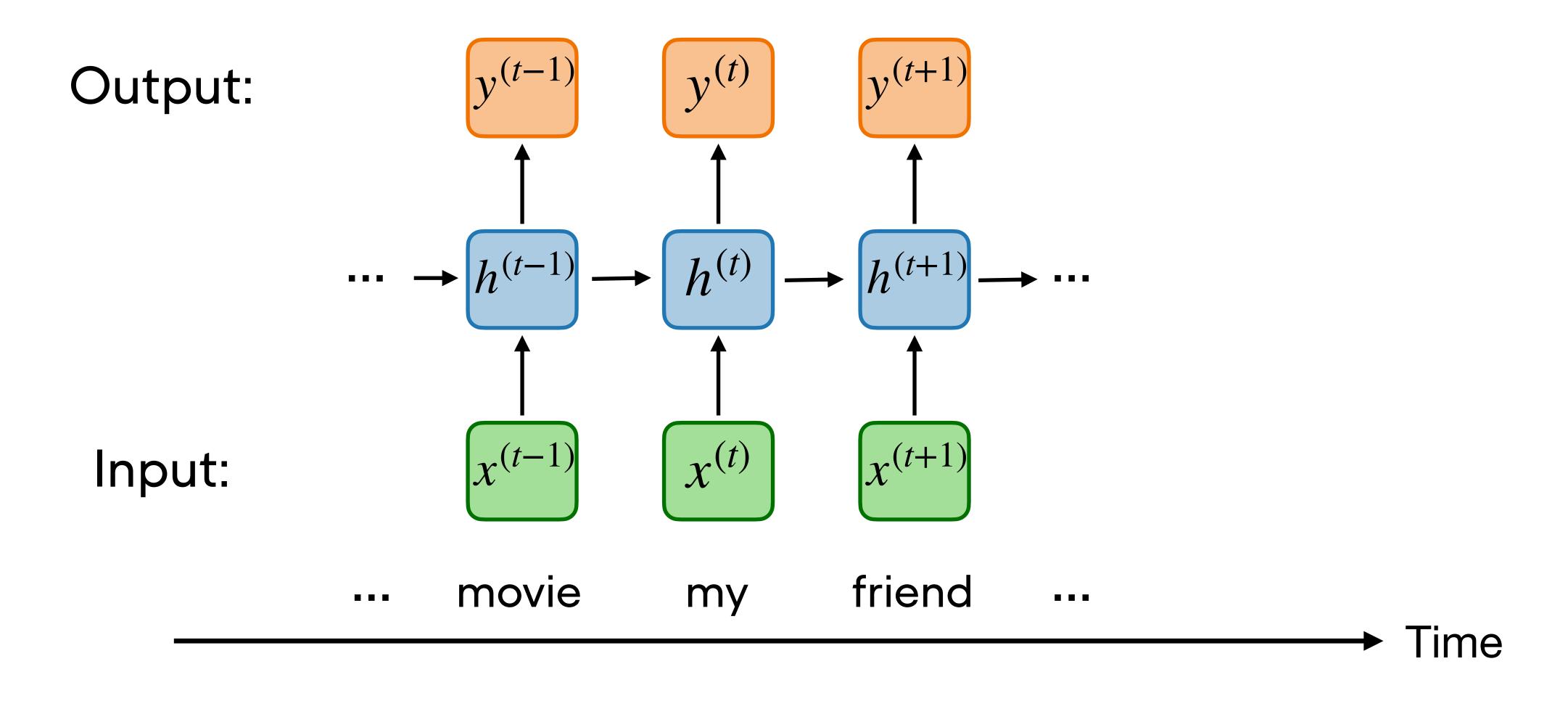
Multilayer perceptron (unit 4)
Sebastian Raschka

Recurrent neural network
Deep Learning Fundamentals, Unit 8

Lightning Al



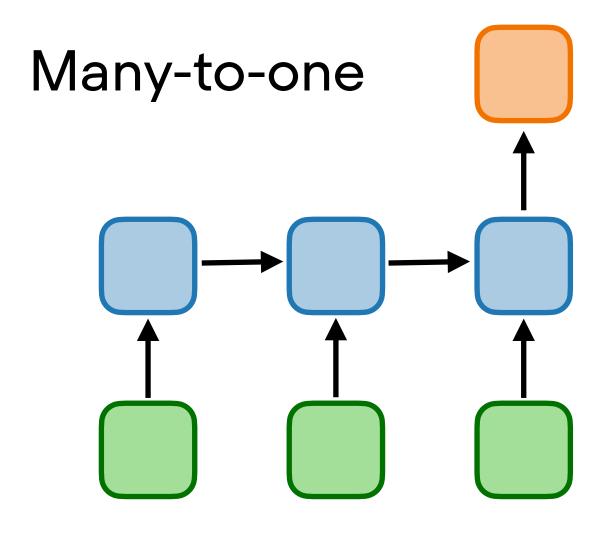
Recurrent neural network (RNN) Deep Learning Fundamentals, Urlike same RNN Lightning Al

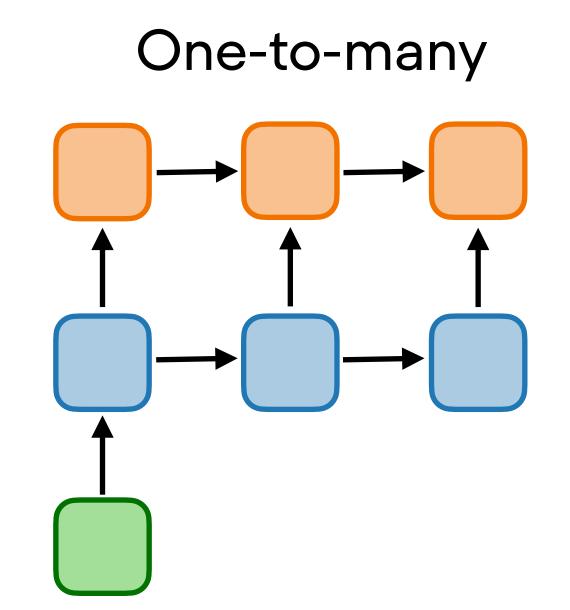


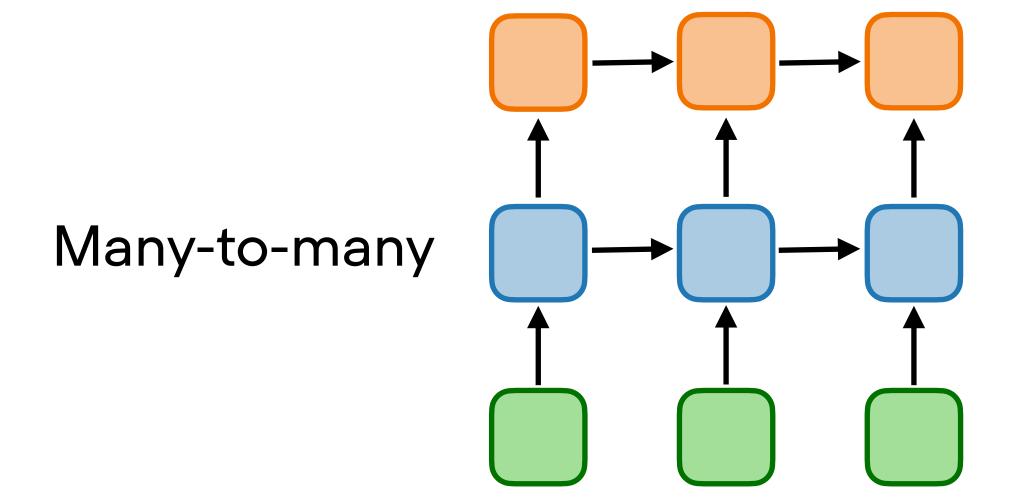
Sebastian Raschka

Deep Learning Fundamentals, Unit 8

Lightning Al







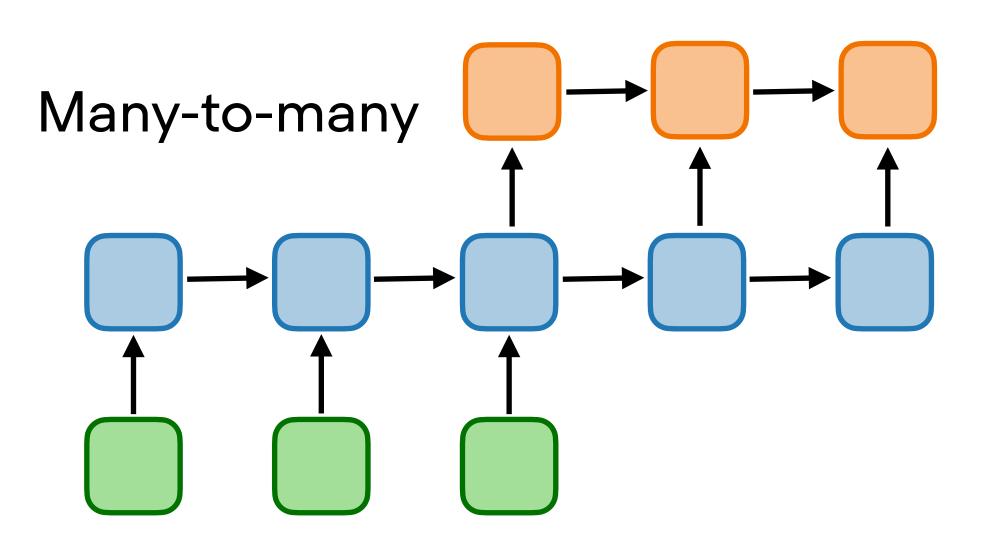


Figure inspired by
The Unreasonable Effectiveness of Recurrent Neural Networks by Andrej Karpathy (http://karpathy.github.io/2015/05/21/rnn-effectiveness/)

Next:

The different modeling tasks