test

April 9, 2020

Verify that the loss function defined in Eq. (5) has the gradient w.r.t. $z^{(3)}$ as below:

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial z^{(3)}}(\{x_{i},y_{i}\}_{i=1}^{N}) = \frac{1}{N}(\psi(z^{(3)}) - \Delta)$$

$$J = \frac{1}{N}\left[\sum_{i=1}^{N} -\log\psi(z_{yi})\right] = \frac{1}{N}\left[\sum_{i=1}^{N} -\log\frac{e^{z_{y_{i}}}}{\sum_{j}e^{z_{j}}}\right] = \frac{1}{N}\left[\sum_{i=1,j=k_{i}}^{N} -\log\frac{e^{z_{i,j}}}{\sum_{j}e^{z_{j}}}\right]$$

$$J = \frac{1}{N}\left[\sum_{i=1}^{N} -\log\psi(z_{yi})\right] = \frac{1}{N}\left[\sum_{i=1}^{N} -\log\frac{e^{z_{y_{i}}}}{\sum_{j}e^{z_{j}}}\right] = \frac{1}{N}\left[\sum_{i=1,j=k_{i}}^{N} -\log\frac{e^{z_{i,j}}}{\sum_{j}e^{z_{j}}}\right]$$

$$\psi(z_{yi}) = \frac{e^{z_{y_{i}}}}{\sum_{j}e^{z_{j}}} = \frac{e^{z_{ik_{i}}}}{\sum_{j}e^{z_{j}}}$$

$$\nabla_{J_{i',j'}} = \frac{\partial J}{\partial z_{i'j'}} = \frac{\partial}{\partial z_{i'j'}}\frac{1}{N}\left[\sum_{i=1}^{N} -\log\psi(z_{yi})\right] = -\frac{\partial}{\partial z_{i'j'}}\frac{1}{N}\left[\log\psi(z_{yi'})\right] = -\frac{1}{N}\frac{1}{\psi(z_{yi'})}\frac{\partial}{\partial z_{i'j'}}\psi(z_{yi'}) =$$

$$\nabla_{J_{i',j'}} = \frac{\partial J}{\partial z_{i'j'}} = \frac{\partial}{\partial z_{i'j'}}\frac{1}{N}\left[\sum_{i=1}^{N} -\log\psi(z_{yi})\right] = -\frac{\partial}{\partial z_{i'j'}}\frac{1}{N}\left[\log\psi(z_{yi'})\right] = -\frac{1}{N}\frac{1}{\psi(z_{yi'})}\frac{\partial}{\partial z_{i'j'}}\psi(z_{yi'}) =$$

$$-\frac{1}{N}\frac{1}{\psi(z_{yi'})}\frac{e^{z_{i'j'}} \cdot \delta(j',k_{i'})\sum_{j}e^{z_{i'j}} - e^{z_{i'k'_{i}}}e^{z_{i'j'}}}{(\sum_{j}e^{z_{i'j}})^{2}} =$$

$$-\frac{1}{N}\frac{\sum_{j}e^{z_{i'j'}}}{e^{z_{i'j'}}}\frac{e^{z_{i'j'}} \cdot \delta(j',k_{i'})\sum_{j}e^{z_{i'j}} - e^{z_{i'k'_{i}}}e^{z_{i'j'}}}{(\sum_{j}e^{z_{i'j}})^{2}} =$$

$$\frac{1}{N}\left[\frac{e^{z_{i'j'}}}}{\sum_{j}e^{z_{i'j}}} - \delta(j',k'_{i})\right]$$

1 Question 2c

We can repeatedly apply chain rule as discussed above to obtain the derivatives of the loss with respect to all the parameters of the model $\theta = (W^{(1)}, b^{(1)}, W^{(2)}, b^{(2)})$. Derive

the expressions for the derivatives of the regularized loss in Eq. (6) w.r.t. $W^{(1)}, b^{(1)}, b^{(2)}$ now.

We start deriving the loss J w.r.t $W^{(1)}$, by applying the chain rule. We'll had then the regularization term. Applying the chain rule we get for $W^{(1)}$ the following:

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial W^{(1)}} = \frac{\partial J}{\partial z^{(2)}} \cdot \frac{\partial z^{(2)}}{\partial W^{(1)}} \tag{1}$$

(2)

For $\frac{\partial J}{\partial z^{(2)}}$ we apply iteratively the chain rule obtaining:

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial z^{(2)}} = \frac{\partial J}{\partial a^{(2)}} \odot \frac{\partial a^{(2)}}{\partial z^{(2)}} \tag{3}$$

$$= \left(\frac{\partial J}{\partial z^{(3)}} \cdot \frac{\partial z^{(3)}}{\partial a^{(2)}}\right) \odot \frac{\partial a^{(2)}}{\partial z^{(2)}} \tag{4}$$

(5)

Where \odot inidicates the element-wise product (Hadamard product) and $\frac{\partial a^{(2)}}{\partial z^{(2)}} \in \mathbb{R}^{10 \times 5}$ is the the derivative of the ReLu activation w.r.t. $z^{(2)}$, which is also the heaviside step function:

$$\frac{\partial a_{ij}^{(2)}}{\partial z_{ij}^{(2)}} = \{cazzatina dentro$$