# Bash quick reference

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```
Variables

Create a variable:

VAR1="value" # global
local VAR2="other_value" # local

Arrays:
```

```
MYLIST[0]="value1" # on the fly
${MYLIST[i]} # access element i
${MYLIST[*]} # access whole list
${#MYLIST[*]} # size of the list
$MYLIST+="value" # add an element
unset $MYLIST[i] # remove element i
```

#### **Arithmetic**

Simple arithmetic with let (output is on a variable):

```
let a=2+2
let a++
```

Arithmetic with expr (output is on stdout):

```
expr 2 + 2
expr 2 \setminus * 2 \# note the escape char!
VAR2=<math>\$(expr 2 - \$VAR1) \# assignment
```

#### Test command for conditions

Logic comparison:

```
[ CONDITION1 —a CONDITION2 ] # and [ CONDITION1 —o CONDITION2 ] # or [ ! CONDITION ] # not
```

String comparison:

Integer comparison:

```
[ INTEGER1 -eq INTEGER2 ] # equal

[ INTEGER1 -ne INTEGER2 ] # not equal

[ INTEGER1 -ge INTEGER2 ] # greater/equal

[ INTEGER1 -gt INTEGER2 ] # greater than

[ INTEGER1 -le INTEGER2 ] # less/equal

[ INTEGER1 -lt INTEGER2 ] # less than
```

File comparison:

```
[ -f FILE ] # file exists and is a regular file [ -d FILE ] # file exists and is a directory
```

• For more type man test.

## Conditions

If-then-else:

```
if CONDITION;
    then ...;
    elif CONDITION; then ...;
    else ...;
fi
```

Switch case construct:

```
case EXPRESSION in
VALUE1 )
...;
VALUE2 )
...;
...
esac
```

```
Loops
```

```
For loop:
```

```
for VARIABLE in RANGE; do ...; done
```

While loop:

```
while CONDITION; do ...; done
```

Until loop:

```
 \textbf{until} \ \ \mathsf{CONDITION} \ ; \ \ \textbf{do} \ \ \ldots \ \ ; \ \ \textbf{done}
```

#### **Functions**

```
Declare a function:
```

```
functionName () { ...; }
```

Invoke a function:

```
functionName ARG1 ARG2 ...
```

Arguments:

```
$0  # function name

$#  # number of arguments provided

$* / $@  # list of all the arguments provided

"$@"  # as above, with separated items
```

## Ranges

Two ways:

```
{START..END}
seq START INCREMENT END
```

Examples with for loop:

```
for I in \{1..3\}; do echo \$I; done for I in \$(seq 0 1 10); do echo \$I; done
```

## Subshell

Assign the output of a command to a variable:

```
VAR1=$ (command)
VAR2='command'
```

### Resources

```
$ man bash
```