## 1-1 Comparison of running times

For each function f(n) and time t in the following table, determine the largest size n of a problem that can be solved in time t, assuming that the algorithm to solve the problem takes f(n) microseconds.

## Answer

Considering the linear case where f(n) = n and  $1\mu = 10^{-6}$ :

```
1 second = 1.00 \times 10^{6} \mu second

1 minute = 6.00 \times 10^{7} \mu second

1 hour = 3.60 \times 10^{9} \mu second

1 day = 8.64 \times 10^{10} \mu second

1 month = 2.59 \times 10^{12} \mu second

1 year = 3.15 \times 10^{13} \mu second

1 century = 3.15 \times 10^{15} \mu second
```

So, given that T is the time take in microseconds we just need to solve the equation for each given time t.

$$\begin{split} f(n) &= \lg n \implies n = 2^T \\ f(n) &= \sqrt{n} \implies n = T^2 \\ f(n) &= n \implies n = T \\ f(n) &= n \lg n \implies n = \lfloor e^{W(T)} \rfloor \text{ (Lambert W function)} \\ f(n) &= n^2 \implies n = \lfloor \sqrt{T} \rfloor \\ f(n) &= n^3 \implies n = \lfloor \sqrt[3]{T} \rfloor \\ f(n) &= 2^n \implies n = \lfloor \lg T \rfloor \\ f(n) &= n! \implies \text{iterating } n \text{ until } n! \leq T \text{, another solution is } \lfloor \Gamma(n+1) = T \rfloor^{-1} \end{split}$$

So, two functions are hard to find the largest value of n which are  $e^{W(T)}$  and n!. The first one you can use Wolfram Alpha<sup>2</sup> with the following expression:

solve  $n : n \lg n = T$  (replace T with desired value).

The n! I just implemented and tested for some values of n.

	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	$\operatorname{second}$	$\operatorname{minute}$	hour	day	$\operatorname{month}$	year	century
$\frac{1}{\log n}$	$2^{10^6}$	$2^{6.00 \times 10^7}$	$2^{3.60 \times 10^9}$	$2^{8.64 \times 10^{10}}$	$2^{2.59 \times 10^{12}}$	$2^{3.15 \times 10^{13}}$	$2^{3.15 \times 10^{15}}$
$\sqrt{n}$	$1.00\times10^{12}$	$3.60\times10^{15}$	$1.30\times10^{19}$	$7.46\times10^{21}$	$6.72 \times 10^{24}$	$9.95\times10^{26}$	$9.95 \times 10^{30}$
n	$1.00 \times 10^{6}$	$6.00 \times 10^{7}$	$3.60 \times 10^{9}$	$8.64 \times 10^{10}$	$2.59 \times 10^{12}$	$3.15\times10^{13}$	$3.15\times10^{15}$
$n \lg n$	$6.27 \times 10^4$	$2.80\times10^6$	$1.33 \times 10^{8}$	$2.76\times10^{9}$	$7.18 \times 10^{10}$	$7.97\times10^{11}$	$6.85\times10^{13}$
$n^2$	$1.00 \times 10^{3}$	$7.75 \times 10^3$	$6.00 \times 10^{4}$	$2.94 \times 10^{5}$	$1.61 \times 10^{6}$	$5.62 \times 10^{6}$	$5.62 \times 10^{7}$
$n^3$	$1.00 \times 10^{2}$	$3.91 \times 10^{2}$	$1.53 \times 10^3$	$4.42 \times 10^3$	$1.37 \times 10^{4}$	$3.16 \times 10^{4}$	$1.47 \times 10^{5}$
$2^n$	19	25	31	36	41	44	51
n!	9	11	12	13	15	16	17

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>gamma function

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>http://www.wolframalpha.com/