1-1 Comparison of running times

For each function f(n) and time t in the following table, determine the largest size n of a problem that can be solved in time t, assuming that the algorithm to solve the problem takes f(n) microseconds.

Answer

Considering the linear case where f(n) = n and $1\mu = 10^{-6}$:

```
1 second = 1.00 \times 10^{6} \mu second

1 minute = 6.00 \times 10^{7} \mu second

1 hour = 3.60 \times 10^{9} \mu second

1 day = 8.64 \times 10^{10} \mu second

1 month = 2.59 \times 10^{12} \mu second

1 year = 3.15 \times 10^{13} \mu second

1 century = 3.15 \times 10^{15} \mu second
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So, given that T is the time take in microseconds we just need to solve the equation for each given time t.

$$f(n) = \lg n \implies n = 2^{T}$$

$$f(n) = \sqrt{n} \implies n = T^{2}$$

$$f(n) = n \implies n = T$$

$$f(n) = n \lg n \implies n = e^{W(T)} \text{ (Lambert W function)}$$

$$f(n) = n^{2} \implies n = \sqrt{T}$$

$$f(n) = n^{3} \implies n = \sqrt[3]{T}$$

$$f(n) = 2^{n} \implies n = \lg T$$

$$f(n) = n! \implies \text{iterating } n \text{ until } n! \leq T$$

So, two functions are hard to find the largest value of n which are $e^{W(T)}$ and n!. The first one you can use Wolfram Alpha¹ with the following expression:

solve $n: n \lg n = T$ (replace T with desired value).

The n! I just implemented and tested for some values of n.

	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	second	minute	hour	day	month	year	century
$\frac{1}{\log n}$	$2^{6.27 \times 10^4}$	$2^{2.80 \times 10^6}$	$2^{1.33\times10^8}$	$2^{2.76 \times 10^9}$	$2^{7.18 \times 10^{10}}$	$2^{7.97 \times 10^{11}}$	$2^{6.85 \times 10^{13}}$
\sqrt{n}	1.00×10^{12}	3.60×10^{15}	1.30×10^{19}	7.46×10^{21}	6.72×10^{24}	9.95×10^{26}	9.95×10^{30}
n	1.00×10^{6}	6.00×10^{7}	3.60×10^{9}	8.64×10^{10}	2.59×10^{12}	3.15×10^{13}	3.15×10^{15}
$n \lg n$	6.27×10^{4}	2.80×10^{6}	1.33×10^{8}	2.76×10^{9}	7.18×10^{10}	7.97×10^{11}	6.85×10^{13}
n^2	1.00×10^{3}	7.75×10^{3}	6.00×10^{4}	2.94×10^5	1.61×10^{6}	5.62×10^{6}	5.62×10^{7}
n^3	1.00×10^{2}	3.91×10^{2}	1.53×10^{3}	4.42×10^{3}	1.37×10^4	3.16×10^{4}	1.47×10^{5}
2^n	19.9	25.8	31.7	36.3	41.2	44.8	51.5
n!	9	10	12	12	15	16	17

¹http://www.wolframalpha.com/