# **Autoscaling How-To**

This How-To expects that you have Terraform set-up successfully with a non-local state and kubectl connected with a Kubernetes Cluster.

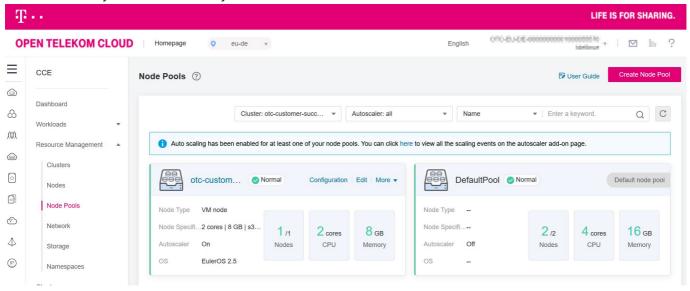
In this example we begin with a CCE instance with one default node pool that has 2 nodes.

## **Create Autoscaling Node pool with Terraform**

```
resource "opentelekomcloud_cce_node_pool_v3" "node_pool_autoscale" {
 cluster_id = var.cluster_id
                  = "${var.cluster_name}-node-pool-autoscale"
 name
                  = var.node_flavor
 flavor
 initial_node_count = 1
 availability_zone = var.availability_zone
 key_pair = var.key_pair_id
                 = "EulerOS 2.5"
 scale_enable
                       = true
 min_node_count
                       = 1
 max_node_count
 scale_down_cooldown_time = 30 # minutes
 priority
                        = 1
 root_volume {
   size = 100
   volumetype = "SATA"
 data_volumes {
   size = 100
   volumetype = "SATA"
 }
}
```

Apply this script with Terraform. Make sure that the availability zone, cluster\_id and key\_pair\_id match the settings of your CCE. The node flavor can differ from the nodes in your default node pool and should be chosen with the specific workloads in mind.

After Terraform yields success, verify success in Web Console:



#### **Create Cluster Autoscaler Addon with Terraform**

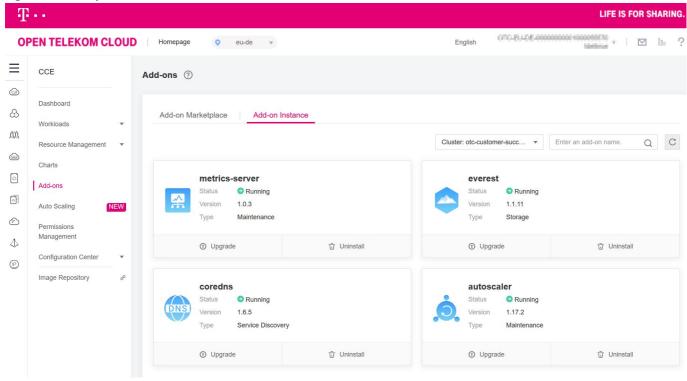
```
resource "opentelekomcloud_cce_addon_v3" "autoscaler" {
 template_name = "autoscaler"
 template_version = "1.17.2"
 cluster_id
              = var.cluster_id
 values {
   basic = {
      "cceEndpoint": "https://cce.eu-de.otc.t-systems.com",
      "ecsEndpoint": "https://ecs.eu-de.otc.t-systems.com",
      "euleros_version": "2.2.5",
      "region": "eu-de",
      "swr addr": "100.125.7.25:20202",
      "swr_user": "hwofficial"
   }
   custom = {
      "cluster_id": var.cluster_id,
      "tenant_id": var.project_id,
      # Max scaled up cores.
      "coresTotal": 32000,
      # Maximum number of empty nodes that can be deleted at the same time.
      "maxEmptyBulkDeleteFlag": 10,
      # Max scaled up nodes.
      "maxNodesTotal": 1000,
     # Max scaled up memory(GB).
      "memoryTotal": 128000,
      # The time after scale-up that the scale-down evaluation will resume.
      "scaleDownDelayAfterAdd": 10, # minutes
      # The time after node deletion that the scale-down evaluation will resume.
      "scaleDownDelayAfterDelete": 10, # minutes
      # The time after a scale-down failure that the scale-down evaluation will
resume.
      "scaleDownDelayAfterFailure": 3, # minutes
      "scaleDownEnabled": true,
```

```
# The time of node is not used, default 10min.
   "scaleDownUnneededTime": 10,
   # The percent resource of node used to scale down.
   "scaleDownUtilizationThreshold": 0.25,
   "scaleUpCpuUtilizationThreshold": 0.8,
   "scaleUpMemUtilizationThreshold": 0.8,
   # Scale up when a pod cannot be scheduled because of missing resources
   "scaleUpUnscheduledPodEnabled": true,
   # Scale up when the utilization thresholds above are exceeded.
   "scaleUpUtilizationEnabled": true,
   # The timeout before autoscaler checks again the node that could not be
previously removed.
   "unremovableNodeRecheckTimeout": 5 # minutes
}
}
}
```

## A few things to check:

- The tenant\_id to give to the autoscaler addon must be the Project ID that you can find in the Web Console under "IAM" and "Projects"
- You can enable scale-up and scale-down independently
- If your loads are fluctuating frequently, you should be careful about not scale down too soon.

Again, we verify the success in the Web Console:



### **Testing Scaling up and down**

We first test the scaling up by adding a test deployment:

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: autoscale-test-deployment
  labels:
    app: autoscale-test
spec:
  replicas: 1
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: autoscale-test
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: autoscale-test
    spec:
      containers:
        - name: hello-world
          image: nginx
          ports:
            - containerPort: 80
          resources:
            requests:
              memory: "64Mi"
              cpu: "250m"
```

We can scale the deployment and see how the cluster responds:

```
> kubectl scale deployment/autoscale-test-deployment --replicas=40
```

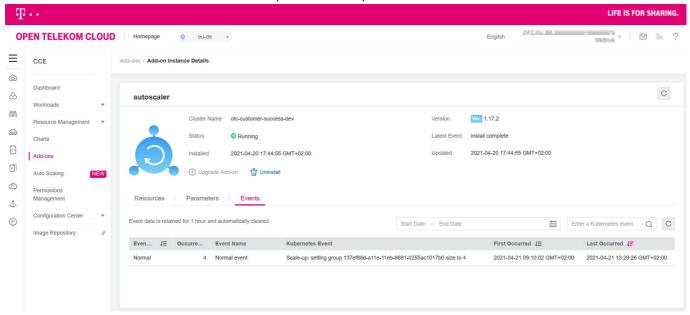
Since the 40 replicas utilize 10 CPUs, these do not fit on the nodes in the default node pool. Therefore the autoscaler will kick in and create an additional node.

```
> kubectl get pods
NAME
                                             READY
                                                     STATUS
                                                                       RESTARTS
AGE
autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-4x248
                                            0/2
                                                     Pending
13s
autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-5kdcn
                                            0/2
                                                     PodInitializing
14s
autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-6pcmv
                                            0/2
                                                     Pending
                                                                       0
autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-8ftc8
                                            1/2
                                                     Running
autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-9kxvt
                                            0/2
                                                     Pending
14s
autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-9scj5
                                            0/2
                                                     Pending
                                                                       0
13s
```

<pre>autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-d7btf 13s</pre>	0/2	Pending	0
autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-dsrvs	0/2	PodInitializing	0
<pre>14s autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-dxf58</pre>	0/2	Pending	0
<pre>14s autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-gdjvx</pre>	0/2	PodInitializing	0
14s			
<pre>autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-grwsl 14s</pre>	0/2	PodInitializing	0
<pre>autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-gxbr9 13s</pre>	0/2	Pending	0
autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-h27z2	0/2	Init:0/1	0
14s autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-h89vw	0/2	Pending	0
13s		_	
<pre>autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-hltfb 13s</pre>	0/2	Pending	0
<pre>autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-hs5q8 13s</pre>	0/2	Pending	0
autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-m5zn9	0/2	PodInitializing	0
<pre>14s autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-m6fxx</pre>	0/2	Pending	0
14s	0./2	Douding	0
<pre>autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-mmtz2 14s</pre>	0/2	Pending	0
<pre>autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-mrpjt 14s</pre>	0/2	Pending	0
autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-mzkrn 26h	2/2	Running	0
autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-n6hrq	1/2	Running	0
14s autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-p2p9v	0/2	PodInitializing	0
<pre>14s autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-pt4vj</pre>	0/2	Pending	0
13s		G	0
<pre>autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-q2ksm 14s</pre>	0/2	Pending	0
autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-q7p7t	0/2	Pending	0
14s autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-qfbqq	0/2	Pending	0
13s autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-qs949	0/2	Pending	0
13s autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-qszsx	0/2	PodInitializing	0
14s autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-rm6c9	0/2	Pending	0
14s	0/2	_	J
<pre>autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-rnfzn 14s</pre>	0/2	PodInitializing	0
autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-rsgh6 14s	0/2	Pending	0
autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-sgzhb	0/2	Pending	0
13s			

autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-v8qvm 13s	0/2	Pending	0
autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-w57gp	0/2	Pending	0
14s autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-wfp5p	0/2	Pending	0
<pre>14s autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-xh5sm</pre>	0/2	Pending	0
13s	0/2	Pending	0
autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-xrnrz 13s	0/2	Penaing	0
<pre>autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-z72sp 13s</pre>	0/2	Pending	0
autoscale-test-deployment-6f9ff6448-zdgkp 14s	0/2	PodInitializing	0

In the Web Console, we see that the Scale Up event takes place:



And then we also see the started nodes, 2 in the default node pool and 4 in the autoscale node pool:

```
> kubectl get nodes -L cce.cloud.com/cce-nodepool
                  STATUS
NAME
                           ROLES
                                    AGE
                                            VERSION
CCE-NODEPOOL
                  Ready
192.168.13.187
                                    6m23s
                                            v1.17.9-r0-CCE20.7.1.B003-17.36.3
                           <none>
otc-customer-success-dev-node-pool-autoscale
192.168.161.247
                  Ready
                           <none>
                                    4h15m
                                            v1.17.9-r0-CCE20.7.1.B003-17.36.3
otc-customer-success-dev-node-pool-autoscale
                                            v1.17.9-r0-CCE20.7.1.B003-17.36.3
192.168.182.115
                  Ready
                           <none>
                                    39d
192.168.186.181
                  Ready
                                            v1.17.9-r0-CCE20.7.1.B003-17.36.3
                           <none>
                                    6m23s
otc-customer-success-dev-node-pool-autoscale
192.168.42.133
                  Ready
                           <none>
                                    39d
                                            v1.17.9-r0-CCE20.7.1.B003-17.36.3
192.168.83.154
                  Ready
                           <none>
                                    6m17s
                                            v1.17.9-r0-CCE20.7.1.B003-17.36.3
otc-customer-success-dev-node-pool-autoscale
```

Scaling down again...

> kubectl scale deployment/autoscale-test-deployment --replicas=1

yields removed nodes in the Web Console.

