BIDS project: Soil

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library('tidyverse')		
##	Attaching packages	

0.3.3

```
## v tibble 2.1.3 v dplyr 0.8.4
## v tidyr 1.0.2 v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr 1.3.1
                  v forcats 0.4.0
## -- Conflicts ------ tidyvers
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                  masks stats::lag()
library('cluster')
library('factoextra')
## Welcome! Want to learn more? See two factoextra-related books at https://goo.gl/ve3WBa
library('shiny')
library('ggloop')
library('ggpubr')
library('parsnip')
library('tidymodels')
## Registered S3 methods overwritten by 'lme4':
    method
##
                                 from
##
    cooks.distance.influence.merMod car
##
    influence.merMod
                                 car
##
    dfbeta.influence.merMod
                                 car
    dfbetas.influence.merMod
##
## -- Attaching packages ------ tid
## v broom
             0.5.4
                      v rsample 0.0.6
             0.0.6
## v dials
                       v tune
                                 0.1.0
## v infer
             0.5.1
                      v workflows 0.1.1
## v recipes 0.1.12
                      v yardstick 0.0.6
## -- Conflicts ------ tidymodel
## x scales::discard() masks purrr::discard()
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x recipes::fixed() masks stringr::fixed()
## x dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
## x dials::margin() masks ggplot2::margin()
## x yardstick::spec() masks readr::spec()
## x recipes::step()
                    masks stats::step()
library('broom')
library('yardstick')
library('knitr')
library("rmarkdown")
library('readxl')
theme_set(theme_bw())
```

1 Load the data set soil.csv and view it.

```
soil <- read_csv('soil.csv')

## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
## Clay1 = col_double(),
## Clay2 = col_double(),</pre>
```

```
## Clay5 = col_double(),
## CEC1 = col_double(),
## CEC2 = col_double(),
## OC1 = col_double(),
## OC2 = col_double(),
## OC5 = col_double()
```

2 Discuss the dataset based on str() and summary().

```
dim(soil)
## [1] 147
str(soil)
## Classes 'spec_tbl_df', 'tbl_df', 'tbl' and 'data.frame': 147 obs. of 9 variables:
    $ Clay1: num
                  72 71 61 55 47 49 63 59 46 62 ...
    $ Clay2: num
                  74 75 59 62 56 53 66 66 56 63 ...
    $ Clay5: num
                  78 80 66 61 53 57 70 72 70 62 ...
   $ CEC1 : num
                  13.6 12.6 21.7 11.6 14.9 18.2 14.9 14.6 7.9 14.9 ...
    $ CEC2 : num
                  10.1 8.2 10.2 8.4 9.2 11.6 7.4 7.1 5.7 6.8 ...
   $ CEC5 : num
                  7.1 7.4 6.6 8 8.5 6.2 5.4 7 4.5 6 ...
                  5.5 3.2 6.98 3.19 4.4 5.31 4.55 4.5 2.3 7.34 ...
    $ OC1
          : num
          : num 3.1 1.7 2.4 1.5 1.2 3.2 2.15 1.42 1.36 2.54 ...
##
    $ OC2
          : num 1.5 1 1.3 1.26 0.8 ...
    - attr(*, "spec")=
##
##
     .. cols(
##
          Clay1 = col_double(),
##
          Clay2 = col_double(),
##
     . .
          Clay5 = col_double(),
##
          CEC1 = col_double(),
##
          CEC2 = col_double(),
##
          CEC5 = col_double(),
##
          OC1 = col_double(),
     . .
          OC2 = col_double(),
##
     . .
##
     . .
          OC5 = col double()
##
     ..)
summary(soil)
##
                         Clay2
                                          Clay5
                                                           CEC1
                                                                           CEC<sub>2</sub>
        Clay1
##
    Min.
           :10.00
                            : 8.00
                                             :16.00
                                                              : 3.0
                                                                      Min.
                                                                             : 1.60
    1st Qu.:21.00
                    1st Qu.:27.00
                                     1st Qu.:36.50
                                                      1st Qu.: 7.5
                                                                      1st Qu.: 5.00
##
    Median :30.00
                    Median :36.00
                                     Median :44.00
                                                      Median:10.1
                                                                      Median: 7.00
##
    Mean
           :31.27
                    Mean
                            :36.75
                                             :44.68
                                                                      Mean
                                                                             : 7.41
                                     Mean
                                                      Mean
                                                             :11.2
    3rd Qu.:39.00
                     3rd Qu.:47.00
                                     3rd Qu.:54.00
                                                      3rd Qu.:13.1
                                                                      3rd Qu.: 9.40
           :72.00
                            :75.00
                                             :80.00
                                                              :29.0
##
    Max.
                    Max.
                                     Max.
                                                      Max.
                                                                      Max.
                                                                             :22.00
                                                             0C5
##
         CEC5
                           OC1
                                             0C2
                                               :0.300
                                                                :0.2000
##
   Min.
           : 1.000
                     Min.
                             : 1.040
                                       Min.
                                                        Min.
   1st Qu.: 5.000
                      1st Qu.: 1.975
                                       1st Qu.:0.850
                                                        1st Qu.:0.6000
                                       Median :1.300
  Median : 6.500
                      Median : 2.700
                                                        Median :0.8400
   Mean : 6.844
                             : 2.987
                     Mean
                                       Mean
                                              :1.386
                                                        Mean
                                                                :0.8103
   3rd Qu.: 8.900
                     3rd Qu.: 3.700
                                       3rd Qu.:1.700
                                                        3rd Qu.:1.0000
```

```
## Max.
            :14.000
                       Max.
                                :10.900
                                           Max.
                                                   :3.700
                                                             Max.
                                                                     :1.7000
colnames(soil)
## [1] "Clay1" "Clay2" "Clay5" "CEC1" "CEC2"
                                                     "CEC5"
                                                              "0C1"
                                                                        "0C2"
                                                                                 "0C5"
typeof(soil)
## [1] "list"
The head() and tail() functions default to 6 rows, but we can adjust the number of rows using the "n ="
argument
head(soil, n = 10)
## # A tibble: 10 x 9
##
      Clay1 Clay2 Clay5
                            CEC1
                                   CEC2
                                          CEC5
                                                  OC1
                                                         0C2
                                                                0C5
       <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
                                                             <dbl>
##
##
    1
          72
                 74
                        78
                            13.6
                                   10.1
                                           7.1
                                                5.5
                                                        3.1
                                                              1.5
    2
                                                3.2
##
          71
                 75
                       80
                            12.6
                                    8.2
                                           7.4
                                                        1.7
                                                              1
##
    3
                 59
                            21.7
                                   10.2
                                           6.6
                                                6.98
                                                       2.4
                                                              1.3
          61
                        66
##
    4
          55
                 62
                        61
                            11.6
                                    8.4
                                           8
                                                 3.19
                                                        1.5
                                                              1.26
##
    5
          47
                 56
                       53
                            14.9
                                    9.2
                                           8.5
                                                4.4
                                                        1.2
                                                              0.8
##
    6
          49
                 53
                       57
                            18.2
                                   11.6
                                           6.2
                                                5.31
                                                       3.2
                                                              1.08
                 66
    7
                       70
                            14.9
                                    7.4
                                                4.55
                                                       2.15
##
          63
                                           5.4
                                                              1.23
##
    8
          59
                 66
                       72
                            14.6
                                    7.1
                                           7
                                                 4.5
                                                        1.42
                                                              1.3
##
    9
          46
                 56
                       70
                             7.9
                                    5.7
                                           4.5
                                                2.3
                                                        1.36
                                                              0.9
## 10
          62
                 63
                        62
                            14.9
                                    6.8
                                           6
                                                 7.34
                                                       2.54
                                                              1.7
tail(soil, n = 10)
## # A tibble: 10 x 9
                            CEC1
                                   CEC2
                                          CEC5
                                                  OC1
                                                        0C2
                                                                0C5
##
      Clay1 Clay2 Clay5
##
                                  <dbl>
                                        <dbl>
                                               <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
       <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
                           <dbl>
##
                 41
                       47
                             8
                                    8
                                           9
                                                 1.7
                                                        0.9
                                                              0.8
    1
          21
##
    2
          42
                 60
                       66
                             9
                                    8
                                           8
                                                 2.3
                                                        1.2
                                                              1
    3
                 21
                        38
                            15
                                                 1.23
                                                       0.82
##
          19
                                   13
                                          11
                                                              0.74
##
    4
          33
                 36
                        40
                            13
                                                 2.5
                                                        2.2
                                   13
                                          10
                                                              1.3
##
    5
          45
                 50
                       57
                            10
                                    8.3
                                           8.3
                                                4.2
                                                        1.9
                                                              1.1
          36
                                           9
                                                 3.1
##
    6
                 46
                       47
                            13
                                   12
                                                        1.4
                                                              1
##
    7
          25
                 38
                       39
                             6
                                    5
                                           5
                                                 1.5
                                                        0.8
                                                              0.8
                             7
##
    8
          30
                 18
                       23
                                    6
                                           7
                                                 1.5
                                                        0.8
                                                              0.8
##
    9
          34
                 40
                       45
                            13.2
                                   12.2
                                                3.6
                                                        2
                                                              1
                                          11.7
## 10
          30
                 38
                        46
                             6.9
                                    4.7
                                           2.9
                                                2.7
                                                        1.6
                                                              0.75
While the first 6 functions are printed to the console, the View() function opens a table in another window
View(soil)
We can arrange the data to order it look for specific values
arrange(soil, desc(soil$CEC1)) # most fertile to least fertile top-soil
## # A tibble: 147 x 9
                                   CEC2
                                                        0C2
                                                                0C5
##
      Clay1 Clay2 Clay5
                            CEC1
                                         CEC5
                                                  OC1
##
       <dbl> <
                                                            <dbl>
##
    1
          53
                 54
                       57
                            29
                                   11.2
                                           5.9
                                                9.4
                                                        3.4
                                                              1.25
##
    2
          45
                 44
                       57
                            28.2
                                   11.2
                                           5.9
                                                4.2
                                                        3.7
                                                              1.2
##
    3
          46
                 38
                       44
                            28
                                    7
                                               10.9
                                                        1.5
                                                              0.9
                                           6
                            23.3
```

6

1.7

0.8

4 48

50

54

13.9

10.8

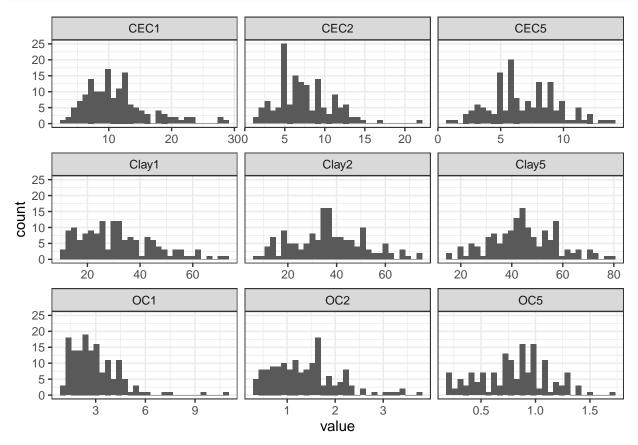
```
## 5
              35
                    45
                             22
                                   10
                                         1.64 1.11 0.83
        25
                        23
                        22.6 11.6
##
   6
        44
              50
                    54
                                   7.8 4.4
                                               2.6
                                                     1.1
                                         4.8
                                                     1.2
##
   7
        67
              70
                    73 22
                             13
                                   11
                                               2.1
##
                    66 21.7 10.2
                                    6.6
                                         6.98
                                              2.4
                                                     1.3
   8
        61
              59
##
   9
        53
              59
                    65
                        21
                             17
                                    3.7
                                         4.7
                                               3.4
                                                     1.4
## 10
        55
              58
                    60 20.6
                             9.4
                                    9.9
                                         4.4
                                               2.2
                                                    1.3
## # ... with 137 more rows
select(soil, c(1,4,7)) # top-soil samples
## # A tibble: 147 x 3
##
     Clay1 CEC1
##
     <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
        72 13.6 5.5
##
   1
   2
        71 12.6 3.2
##
##
   3
        61 21.7 6.98
        55 11.6 3.19
##
   4
##
  5
        47 14.9 4.4
##
   6
        49 18.2 5.31
  7
##
        63 14.9 4.55
##
   8
        59 14.6 4.5
            7.9 2.3
## 9
        46
## 10
        62 14.9 7.34
## # ... with 137 more rows
select(soil, c(2,5,8)) # deeper soil samples
## # A tibble: 147 x 3
##
     Clay2 CEC2
##
      <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
##
   1
        74 10.1 3.1
            8.2 1.7
##
   2
        75
##
   3
        59 10.2 2.4
## 4
            8.4 1.5
        62
## 5
            9.2 1.2
        56
## 6
        53 11.6 3.2
##
   7
        66
            7.4 2.15
            7.1 1.42
## 8
        66
## 9
        56 5.7 1.36
             6.8 2.54
## 10
        63
## # ... with 137 more rows
select(soil, c(3,6,9)) # deepest sub-soil samples
## # A tibble: 147 x 3
                   0C5
##
     Clay5 CEC5
     <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
##
             7.1 1.5
##
   1
        78
##
   2
        80
             7.4 1
             6.6 1.3
##
   3
        66
   4
             8
                  1.26
##
        61
##
  5
        53
            8.5 0.8
##
  6
        57
             6.2 1.08
##
   7
        70
            5.4 1.23
##
  8
        72
            7
                  1.3
## 9
        70
            4.5 0.9
```

```
## 10
                              62 6
## # ... with 137 more rows
filter(soil, soil$CEC1 > 25.0)
## # A tibble: 3 x 9
                Clay1 Clay2 Clay5 CEC1 CEC2 CEC5
                                                                                                                                                                          0C2
                                                                                                                                                     OC1
                 <dbl> 
## 1
                                                54
                                                                     57 29
                                                                                                        11.2
                                                                                                                                5.9
                                                                                                                                                     9.4
                                                                                                                                                                          3.4
                                                                                                                                                                                          1.25
## 2
                           45
                                                44
                                                                                   28.2 11.2
                                                                                                                                5.9
                                                                                                                                                     4.2
                                                                                                                                                                          3.7 1.2
## 3
                           46
                                                                                  28
                                                                                                           7
                                                                                                                                                  10.9
                                                                                                                                                                          1.5 0.9
                                                38
                                                                     44
                                                                                                                                6
CEC topsoil <- arrange(soil, desc(soil$CEC1))</pre>
filter(CEC_topsoil, CEC_topsoil$CEC1 > 25.0) # most fertile top-soil
## # A tibble: 3 x 9
##
                 Clay1 Clay2 Clay5 CEC1 CEC2 CEC5
                                                                                                                                                     OC1
                                                                                                                                                                          0C2
                                                                                                                                                                                               0C5
                 <dbl> <
## 1
                           53
                                                                                                                                5.9
                                                                                                                                                     9.4
                                                                                                                                                                          3.4 1.25
                                                54
                                                                     57
                                                                                  29
                                                                                                        11.2
## 2
                           45
                                                44
                                                                     57
                                                                                   28.2 11.2
                                                                                                                                5.9
                                                                                                                                                     4.2
                                                                                                                                                                          3.7 1.2
## 3
                           46
                                                38
                                                                     44
                                                                                  28
                                                                                                           7
                                                                                                                                6
                                                                                                                                                  10.9
                                                                                                                                                                          1.5 0.9
Clay_topsoil <- arrange(soil, desc(soil$Clay1))</pre>
filter(Clay_topsoil, Clay_topsoil$Clay1 > 60.0) # highest measured clay in top-soil
## # A tibble: 6 x 9
                 Clay1 Clay2 Clay5 CEC1 CEC2 CEC5
                                                                                                                                                     OC1
                                                                                                                                                                          0C2
                                                                                                                                                                                               0C5
##
##
                 <dbl> <
## 1
                           72
                                                74
                                                                     78 13.6 10.1
                                                                                                                                7.1 5.5
                                                                                                                                                                       3.1
                                                                                                                                                                                            1.5
## 2
                           71
                                                75
                                                                     80
                                                                                12.6
                                                                                                          8.2
                                                                                                                                7.4 3.2
                                                                                                                                                                       1.7
                                                                                                                                                  4.8
## 3
                           67
                                                70
                                                                     73
                                                                                  22
                                                                                                        13
                                                                                                                                                                       2.1
                                                                                                                             11
                                                                                                                                                                                            1.2
## 4
                           63
                                                66
                                                                     70
                                                                                   14.9
                                                                                                           7.4
                                                                                                                                5.4 4.55 2.15 1.23
## 5
                           62
                                                                                 14.9
                                                                                                                                                 7.34 2.54 1.7
                                                63
                                                                     62
                                                                                                           6.8
                                                                                                                                6
## 6
                           61
                                                59
                                                                     66
                                                                                  21.7 10.2
                                                                                                                                6.6 6.98 2.4
OC tosoil <- arrange(soil, desc(soil$0C1))</pre>
filter(OC_tosoil, OC_tosoil$OC1 > 6.0) # highest measured organic carbon in top-soil
## # A tibble: 4 x 9
                 Clay1 Clay2 Clay5 CEC1 CEC2 CEC5
                                                                                                                                                     OC1
                                                                                                                                                                          OC2
                                                                                                                                                                                               0C5
##
                 <dbl> 
## 1
                           46
                                                38
                                                                     44
                                                                                  28
                                                                                                           7
                                                                                                                                6
                                                                                                                                              10.9
                                                                                                                                                                       1.5
                                                                                                                                                                                            0.9
## 2
                           53
                                                54
                                                                     57
                                                                                   29
                                                                                                                                5.9 9.4
                                                                                                                                                                       3.4
                                                                                                        11.2
                                                                                                                                                                                            1.25
## 3
                           62
                                                63
                                                                     62
                                                                                 14.9
                                                                                                           6.8
                                                                                                                                6
                                                                                                                                                  7.34 2.54 1.7
## 4
                           61
                                                59
                                                                     66 21.7 10.2
                                                                                                                                6.6 6.98 2.4
                                                                                                                                                                                            1.3
Convert to tidyverse
soil_tibble <- as_tibble(soil)</pre>
View(soil_tibble)
typeof(soil_tibble)
## [1] "list"
is_tibble(soil_tibble)
```

[1] TRUE

Make plots for each row to get an overview

```
ggplot(gather(soil_tibble), aes(value)) +
geom_histogram(bins = 30) +
facet_wrap(~key, scales = 'free_x')
```



- Some of the data (CEC1, CEC2, Clay1, OC1, OC2) is left-skewed.
- Mostly in the first layer (1).
- The range of Clay on all three levels is between 8.0 and 80. The lower you dig the higher the clay percentage is.
- OC: The Range is between 1.6 and 29.0. The Soil in the first 10 cm is the most potent. The lower you dig the worsen the soil gets.
- CEC: The Range is between 0.2 and 10.9. The top-level soil has a higher mean than lower level.
- 3 Your goal is to use Clay and OC to predict CEC. Get a first impression on the predictive capabilities of your data by plotting all the Clay and OC variables against all CEC variables. Discuss your plots.

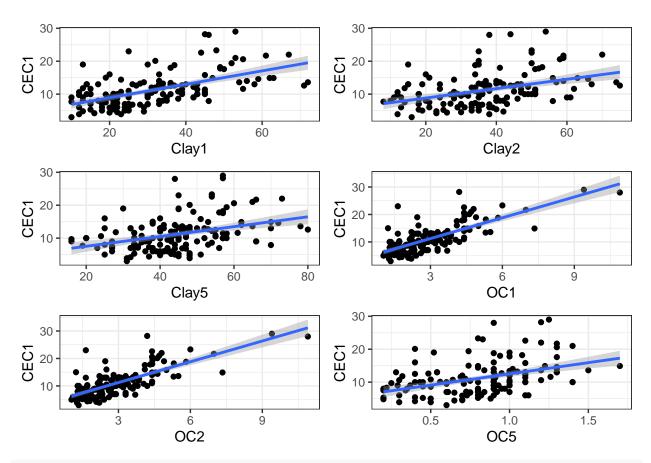
Plot every Clay and OC against every CEC (18 different combinations). This could have be done in two loops, but we didn't found out how...

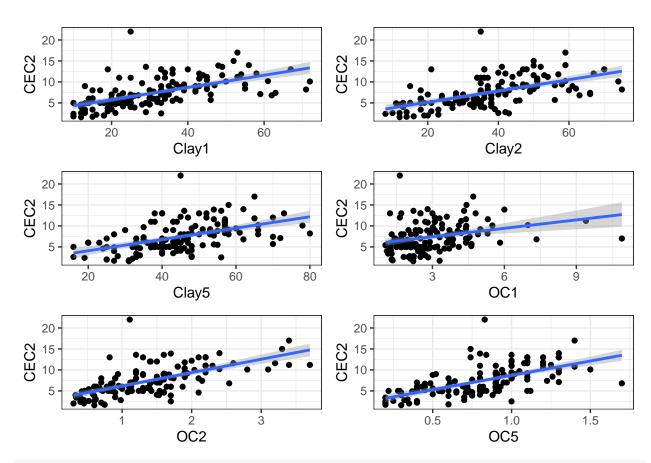
```
plots <- list()
plots$plot1 <- ggplot(data=soil_tibble, aes(x=soil_tibble$Clay1, y=soil_tibble$CEC1)) +</pre>
```

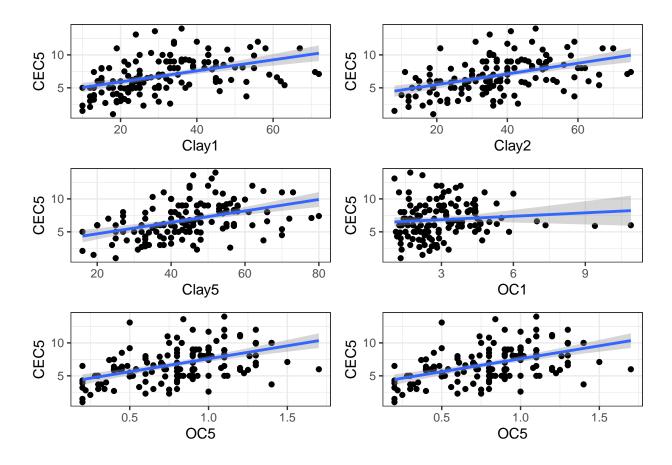
```
geom_point() + geom_smooth(method = 'lm') + xlab('Clay1') + ylab('CEC1')
plots$plot2 <- ggplot(data=soil_tibble, aes(x=soil_tibble$Clay2, y=soil_tibble$CEC1)) +</pre>
    geom_point() + geom_smooth(method = 'lm') + xlab('Clay2') + ylab('CEC1')
plots$plot3 <- ggplot(data=soil_tibble, aes(x=soil_tibble$Clay5, y=soil_tibble$CEC1)) +</pre>
    geom_point() + geom_smooth(method = 'lm') + xlab('Clay5') + ylab('CEC1')
plots$plot4 <- ggplot(data=soil_tibble, aes(x=soil_tibble$OC1, y=soil_tibble$CEC1)) +</pre>
    geom_point() + geom_smooth(method = 'lm') + xlab('OC1') + ylab('CEC1')
plots$plot5 <- ggplot(data=soil_tibble, aes(x=soil_tibble$OC1, y=soil_tibble$CEC1)) +
  geom_point() + geom_smooth(method = 'lm') + xlab('OC2') + ylab('CEC1')
plots$plot6 <- ggplot(data=soil_tibble, aes(x=soil_tibble$0C5, y=soil_tibble$CEC1)) +</pre>
  geom_point() + geom_smooth(method = 'lm') + xlab('OC5') + ylab('CEC1')
plots$plot7 <- ggplot(data=soil_tibble, aes(x=soil_tibble$Clay1, y=soil_tibble$CEC2)) +</pre>
  geom_point() + geom_smooth(method = 'lm') + xlab('Clay1') + ylab('CEC2')
plots$plot8 <- ggplot(data=soil_tibble, aes(x=soil_tibble$Clay2, y=soil_tibble$CEC2)) +
  geom_point() + geom_smooth(method = 'lm') + xlab('Clay2') + ylab('CEC2')
plots$plot9 <- ggplot(data=soil_tibble, aes(x=soil_tibble$Clay5, y=soil_tibble$CEC2)) +
  geom_point() + geom_smooth(method = 'lm') + xlab('Clay5') + ylab('CEC2')
plots$plot10 <- ggplot(data=soil_tibble, aes(x=soil_tibble$0C1, y=soil_tibble$CEC2)) +
  geom_point() + geom_smooth(method = 'lm') + xlab('OC1') + ylab('CEC2')
plots$plot11 <- ggplot(data=soil_tibble, aes(x=soil_tibble$0C2, y=soil_tibble$CEC2)) +</pre>
  geom_point() + geom_smooth(method = 'lm') + xlab('OC2') + ylab('CEC2')
plots$plot12 <- ggplot(data=soil_tibble, aes(x=soil_tibble$0C5, y=soil_tibble$CEC2)) +</pre>
  geom_point() + geom_smooth(method = 'lm') + xlab('OC5') + ylab('CEC2')
plots$plot13 <- ggplot(data=soil_tibble, aes(x=soil_tibble$Clay1, y=soil_tibble$CEC5)) +</pre>
  geom_point() + geom_smooth(method = 'lm') + xlab('Clay1') + ylab('CEC5')
plots$plot14 <- ggplot(data=soil_tibble, aes(x=soil_tibble$Clay2, y=soil_tibble$CEC5)) +</pre>
  geom_point() + geom_smooth(method = 'lm') + xlab('Clay2') + ylab('CEC5')
plots$plot15 <- ggplot(data=soil_tibble, aes(x=soil_tibble$Clay5, y=soil_tibble$CEC5)) +</pre>
  geom_point() + geom_smooth(method = 'lm') + xlab('Clay5') + ylab('CEC5')
plots$plot16 <- ggplot(data=soil_tibble, aes(x=soil_tibble$0C1, y=soil_tibble$CEC5)) +
  geom_point() + geom_smooth(method = 'lm') + xlab('OC1') + ylab('CEC5')
plots$plot17 <- ggplot(data=soil_tibble, aes(x=soil_tibble$0C2, y=soil_tibble$CEC5)) +
  geom_point() + geom_smooth(method = 'lm') + xlab('OC2') + ylab('CEC5')
plots$plot18 <- ggplot(data=soil_tibble, aes(x=soil_tibble$0C5, y=soil_tibble$CEC5)) +
  geom_point() + geom_smooth(method = 'lm') + xlab('OC5') + ylab('CEC5')
```

Put dependent variable on one single plot

```
figures <- list()
figures$figure1 <- ggarrange(plots$plot1, plots$plot2, plots$plot3, plots$plot4, plots$plot5, plots$plot
figures$figure1</pre>
```







- CEC1: We clearly can see that OC1 and OC2 have the biggest influence on CEC1.
- CEC1: Clay5 and OC5 have the mildest curve.
- CEC1: OC1 on CEC1 is very left-skewed.
- CEC2: OC2 is best for CEC2.
- CEC2: OC1 on CEC2 is left-skewed.
- CEC5: A middle dose of OC5 (between 1.0 and 1.5) is best for cec5. it has the steepest curve.
- CEC5: Clay1, Clay2 and Clay3 look good too
- CEC5: OC1 is very left-skewed data and looks it doesn't have a big effect.
- All in all it can be said that predictors from within the same layer have the biggest influence on CEC values.

4 Build simple linear regression models for all of the above variable pairs. Plot your results.

```
simple_linear_models <- list()
simple_linear_models$lm1 <- lm(CEC1 ~ Clay1, data = soil_tibble)
simple_linear_models$sum1 <- summary(simple_linear_models$lm1);
simple_linear_models$sum1

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = CEC1 ~ Clay1, data = soil_tibble)</pre>
```

```
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q Median
## -6.7065 -3.3512 -0.6446 2.2007 14.1962
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 4.82623
                           0.86195
                                     5.599 1.05e-07 ***
## Clay1
                0.20395
                           0.02519
                                     8.096 2.11e-13 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 4.242 on 145 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.3113, Adjusted R-squared: 0.3066
## F-statistic: 65.55 on 1 and 145 DF, p-value: 2.107e-13
simple_linear_models$lm2 <- lm(CEC1 ~ Clay2, data = soil_tibble)</pre>
simple_linear_models$sum2 <- summary(simple_linear_models$lm2);</pre>
simple_linear_models$sum2
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = CEC1 ~ Clay2, data = soil_tibble)
## Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
## -7.4825 -3.5900 -0.5548 1.9026 16.6175
##
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 5.96482
                           1.04324
                                     5.718 5.95e-08 ***
## Clay2
               0.14257
                           0.02639
                                     5.403 2.63e-07 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 4.664 on 145 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1676, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1618
## F-statistic: 29.19 on 1 and 145 DF, p-value: 2.629e-07
simple_linear_models$lm3 <- lm(CEC1 ~ Clay5, data = soil_tibble)</pre>
simple_linear_models$sum3 <- summary(simple_linear_models$lm3);</pre>
simple_linear_models$sum3
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = CEC1 ~ Clay5, data = soil_tibble)
##
## Residuals:
      Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
## -7.7993 -3.1993 -0.9093 2.4773 16.8974
##
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 4.53939
                           1.41561
                                     3.207 0.00165 **
                           0.03045
                                     4.898 2.55e-06 ***
## Clay5
                0.14916
```

```
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 4.735 on 145 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.142, Adjusted R-squared: 0.136
## F-statistic: 23.99 on 1 and 145 DF, p-value: 2.554e-06
simple_linear_models$lm4 <- lm(CEC1 ~ OC1, data = soil_tibble)</pre>
simple linear models$sum4 <- summary(simple linear models$lm4);</pre>
simple_linear_models$sum4
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = CEC1 ~ OC1, data = soil_tibble)
##
## Residuals:
      Min
                10 Median
## -7.2809 -2.2469 -0.2099 1.5770 15.1936
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                3.6706
                           0.6304 5.823 3.57e-08 ***
## OC1
                 2.5218
                            0.1887 13.365 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 3.421 on 145 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.552, Adjusted R-squared: 0.5489
## F-statistic: 178.6 on 1 and 145 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
simple_linear_models$lm5 <- lm(CEC1 ~ OC2, data = soil_tibble)</pre>
simple_linear_models$sum5 <- summary(simple_linear_models$lm5);</pre>
simple_linear_models$sum5
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = CEC1 ~ OC2, data = soil_tibble)
##
## Residuals:
              1Q Median
                            3Q
## -6.838 -2.794 -0.745 1.944 16.294
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
                5.1255
                            0.7552 6.787 2.72e-10 ***
## OC2
                 4.3872
                            0.4875
                                   8.999 1.17e-15 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 4.094 on 145 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.3584, Adjusted R-squared: 0.3539
## F-statistic: 80.98 on 1 and 145 DF, p-value: 1.167e-15
simple_linear_models$lm6 <- lm(CEC1 ~ OC5, data = soil_tibble)</pre>
simple_linear_models$sum6 <- summary(simple_linear_models$lm6);</pre>
simple_linear_models$sum6
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = CEC1 ~ OC5, data = soil_tibble)
## Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
## -7.3188 -3.2873 -0.4848 1.5734 16.1834
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                  5.671
                             1.040
                                     5.454 2.07e-07 ***
## OC5
                  6.828
                             1.194
                                     5.719 5.91e-08 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 4.617 on 145 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.184, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1784
## F-statistic: 32.71 on 1 and 145 DF, p-value: 5.91e-08
simple_linear_models$lm7 <- lm(CEC2 ~ Clay1, data = soil_tibble)</pre>
simple_linear_models$sum7 <- summary(simple_linear_models$lm7);</pre>
simple_linear_models$sum7
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = CEC2 ~ Clay1, data = soil_tibble)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
## -5.1620 -1.8148 -0.3505 1.0694 15.5038
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept) 2.85314
                           0.57068
                                     5.000 1.63e-06 ***
## Clay1
                0.14572
                           0.01668
                                     8.737 5.35e-15 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 2.808 on 145 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.3449, Adjusted R-squared: 0.3404
## F-statistic: 76.34 on 1 and 145 DF, p-value: 5.347e-15
simple_linear_models$lm8 <- lm(CEC2 ~ Clay2, data = soil_tibble)
simple_linear_models$sum8 <- summary(simple_linear_models$lm8);</pre>
simple_linear_models$sum8
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = CEC2 ~ Clay2, data = soil_tibble)
## Residuals:
      Min
                1Q Median
                                30
## -5.7494 -1.8413 -0.3098 1.1066 14.8245
## Coefficients:
```

```
Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                          0.63895
                                    3.877 0.00016 ***
## (Intercept) 2.47707
                                    8.306 6.4e-14 ***
## Clay2
               0.13424
                          0.01616
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 2.856 on 145 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.3224, Adjusted R-squared: 0.3177
## F-statistic: 68.99 on 1 and 145 DF, p-value: 6.401e-14
simple_linear_models$1m9 <- lm(CEC2 ~ Clay5, data = soil_tibble)</pre>
simple_linear_models$sum9 <- summary(simple_linear_models$lm9);</pre>
simple_linear_models$sum9
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = CEC2 ~ Clay5, data = soil_tibble)
## Residuals:
               1Q Median
      Min
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -6.4376 -1.9311 -0.3184 1.6877 14.5467
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                1.3814
                           0.8972
                                    1.540
                           0.0193
                                    6.991 9.23e-11 ***
## Clay5
                0.1349
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 3.001 on 145 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2521, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2469
## F-statistic: 48.87 on 1 and 145 DF, p-value: 9.232e-11
simple linear models $1m10 <- lm(CEC2 ~ OC1, data = soil tibble)
simple_linear_models$sum10 <- summary(simple_linear_models$lm10);</pre>
simple linear models$sum10
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = CEC2 ~ OC1, data = soil_tibble)
## Residuals:
##
               1Q Median
      Min
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -5.9194 -2.3052 -0.5001 1.7147 15.4911
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 5.4118
                           0.6117 8.847 2.84e-15 ***
                           0.1831 3.653 0.000361 ***
## OC1
                0.6690
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 3.32 on 145 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.08429, Adjusted R-squared: 0.07797
## F-statistic: 13.35 on 1 and 145 DF, p-value: 0.000361
```

```
simple_linear_models$lm11 <- lm(CEC2 ~ OC2, data = soil_tibble)</pre>
simple_linear_models$sum11 <- summary(simple_linear_models$lm11);</pre>
simple_linear_models$sum11
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = CEC2 ~ OC2, data = soil_tibble)
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q Median
                                30
## -5.9103 -1.7105 -0.2103 1.0162 15.4660
## Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
                            0.4922
                 3.0039
                                     6.104 9.01e-09 ***
## (Intercept)
## OC2
                 3.1802
                            0.3177 10.010 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 2.668 on 145 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.4086, Adjusted R-squared: 0.4045
## F-statistic: 100.2 on 1 and 145 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
simple_linear_models$1m12 <- lm(CEC2 ~ OC5, data = soil_tibble)</pre>
simple_linear_models$sum12 <- summary(simple_linear_models$lm12);</pre>
simple_linear_models$sum12
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = CEC2 ~ OC5, data = soil_tibble)
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
## -6.6883 -1.7022 -0.5061 1.2003 14.4553
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                 1.8745
                            0.6054
                                     3.096 0.00235 **
                                     9.827 < 2e-16 ***
## OC5
                 6.8316
                            0.6952
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 2.688 on 145 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.3998, Adjusted R-squared: 0.3956
## F-statistic: 96.57 on 1 and 145 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
simple_linear_models$lm13 <- lm(CEC5 ~ Clay1, data = soil_tibble)</pre>
simple_linear_models$sum13 <- summary(simple_linear_models$lm13);</pre>
simple_linear_models$sum13
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = CEC5 ~ Clay1, data = soil_tibble)
##
## Residuals:
```

```
1Q Median
                                3Q
## -4.9636 -1.7247 -0.0377 1.5123 6.9460
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                           0.47705
                                     8.858 2.66e-15 ***
## (Intercept) 4.22563
                                     6.006 1.46e-08 ***
## Clay1
                0.08374
                           0.01394
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 2.348 on 145 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1992, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1937
## F-statistic: 36.07 on 1 and 145 DF, p-value: 1.46e-08
simple_linear_models$lm14 <- lm(CEC5 ~ Clay2, data = soil_tibble)</pre>
simple_linear_models$sum14 <- summary(simple_linear_models$lm14);</pre>
simple_linear_models$sum14
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = CEC5 ~ Clay2, data = soil_tibble)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
## -4.9573 -1.7018 0.0686 1.4242 6.4094
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                                     7.370 1.19e-11 ***
## (Intercept) 3.84999
                           0.52236
                0.08148
                           0.01321
                                     6.167 6.58e-09 ***
## Clay2
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 2.335 on 145 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2078, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2023
## F-statistic: 38.03 on 1 and 145 DF, p-value: 6.578e-09
simple_linear_models$lm15 <- lm(CEC5 ~ Clay5, data = soil_tibble)</pre>
simple_linear_models$sum15 <- summary(simple_linear_models$lm15);</pre>
simple_linear_models$sum15
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = CEC5 ~ Clay5, data = soil_tibble)
##
## Residuals:
                1Q Median
                                ЗQ
      Min
                                       Max
## -5.2271 -1.8720 -0.1354 1.5622 6.6412
##
## Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept) 2.96458
                           0.70915
                                     4.180 5.01e-05 ***
                           0.01526
                                     5.692 6.73e-08 ***
## Clay5
               0.08683
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
##
## Residual standard error: 2.372 on 145 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1826, Adjusted R-squared: 0.177
## F-statistic: 32.4 on 1 and 145 DF, p-value: 6.734e-08
simple_linear_models$lm16 <- lm(CEC5 ~ OC1, data = soil_tibble)</pre>
simple_linear_models$sum16 <- summary(simple_linear_models$lm16);</pre>
simple_linear_models$sum16
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = CEC5 ~ OC1, data = soil_tibble)
## Residuals:
      Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
##
                                       Max
## -5.5514 -1.7293 -0.4957 1.9292 7.3792
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                 6.3258
                            0.4809 13.153
                                             <2e-16 ***
## OC1
                 0.1735
                            0.1440
                                   1.205
                                               0.23
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 2.61 on 145 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.009921, Adjusted R-squared: 0.003093
## F-statistic: 1.453 on 1 and 145 DF, p-value: 0.23
simple_linear_models$lm17 <- lm(CEC5 ~ OC2, data = soil_tibble)</pre>
simple linear models$sum17 <- summary(simple linear models$lm17);</pre>
simple_linear_models$sum17
## Call:
## lm(formula = CEC5 ~ OC2, data = soil_tibble)
## Residuals:
     Min
              1Q Median
                            3Q
                                  Max
## -5.368 -1.844 -0.242 1.755 7.250
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                           0.4626 11.489 < 2e-16 ***
                5.3147
## (Intercept)
                                   3.697 0.000309 ***
## OC2
                 1.1040
                            0.2986
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 2.508 on 145 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.08613,
                                   Adjusted R-squared: 0.07983
## F-statistic: 13.67 on 1 and 145 DF, p-value: 0.0003089
simple linear models $1m18 <- lm(CEC5 ~ OC5, data = soil tibble)
simple_linear_models$sum18 <- summary(simple_linear_models$lm18);</pre>
simple_linear_models$sum18
```

##

```
## Call:
## lm(formula = CEC5 ~ OC5, data = soil_tibble)
## Residuals:
##
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                     Max
## -5.4645 -1.7873 0.2194 1.4094 7.4768
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                3.6559
                          0.5178 7.061 6.35e-11 ***
                3.9347
                           0.5946
                                   6.618 6.58e-10 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 2.299 on 145 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.232, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2267
## F-statistic: 43.8 on 1 and 145 DF, p-value: 6.579e-10
```

5 Based on the R-squared value, what is the best predictor for top-soil CEC (CEC1), mid-soil CEC (CEC2) and sub-soil CEC (CEC5), respectively?

```
rsq_values <- list(
  simple_linear_models$sum1$r.squared,
  simple_linear_models$sum2$r.squared,
  simple_linear_models$sum3$r.squared,
  simple_linear_models$sum4$r.squared,
  simple_linear_models$sum5$r.squared,
  simple_linear_models$sum6$r.squared,
  simple linear models$sum7$r.squared,
  simple_linear_models$sum8$r.squared,
  simple_linear_models$sum9$r.squared,
  simple_linear_models$sum10$r.squared,
  simple linear models$sum11$r.squared,
  simple_linear_models$sum12$r.squared,
  simple_linear_models$sum13$r.squared,
  simple_linear_models$sum14$r.squared,
  simple_linear_models$sum15$r.squared,
  simple_linear_models$sum16$r.squared,
  simple_linear_models$sum17$r.squared,
  simple_linear_models$sum18$r.squared
```

Take rsq values list and convert to tibble

```
rsq_values <- as.data.frame(rsq_values)
rsq_values <- t(rsq_values)
rsq_values <- as.data.frame(rsq_values)
rsq_values_tibble <- as_tibble(rsq_values)</pre>
```

Rename column

```
rsq_values_tibble <- rsq_values_tibble %>% rename(r_squared = V1)
Add name column
rsq_values_tibble <- rsq_values_tibble %>% add_column(name = 1:18)
Reorder data.frame / tibble
rsq_values_tibble <- rsq_values_tibble[c('name', 'r_squared')]</pre>
Order tibble by descending R<sup>2</sup> value
rsq_values_tibble %>% arrange(desc(r_squared))
## # A tibble: 18 x 2
##
       name r_squared
##
       <int>
                 <dbl>
               0.552
##
    1
           4
    2
               0.409
##
          11
##
    3
          12
               0.400
##
    4
           5
               0.358
##
    5
           7
               0.345
    6
               0.322
##
           8
##
    7
               0.311
           1
               0.252
##
    8
           9
##
    9
          18
               0.232
## 10
          14
               0.208
##
  11
          13
               0.199
##
   12
           6
               0.184
##
  13
          15
               0.183
## 14
           2
               0.168
## 15
           3
               0.142
## 16
          17
               0.0861
## 17
          10
               0.0843
```

16

18

- Best: Model 4 (CEC1 ~ OC1)
- Second: model 11 (CEC2 ~ OC2)

0.00992

- Third: model 12 (CEC2 ~ OC5)
- Fourth: model 5 (CEC1 ~ OC2)
- Best for CEC5 is on rank 9: model 18 (CEC5 \sim OC5)
- Interpretation: In general OC levels are much more important than clay levels
- This means there is a stronger positive correlation between CEC and OC levels than between CEC and Clay levels
- The most important OC level is the one from the same depth of the CEC / soil itself
- The second most important is the one that is beneath
- This suggests that organic carbon is able to move upwards in soil

Question: If we compare p-values, do these values correspond to the R²-values?

Function to extract the overall ANOVA p-value out of a linear model object summary

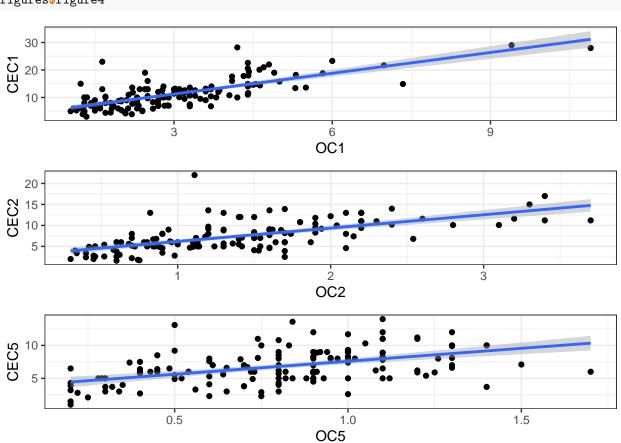
```
lmp <- function(model_summary) {
   if (class(model_summary) != "summary.lm") stop("Not an object of class 'lm' ")
   f <- model_summary$fstatistic</pre>
```

```
p <- pf(f[1],f[2],f[3],lower.tail=F)</pre>
  attributes(p) <- NULL
  return(p)
p_values <- list(</pre>
  lmp(simple_linear_models$sum1),
  lmp(simple_linear_models$sum2),
  lmp(simple_linear_models$sum3),
  lmp(simple_linear_models$sum4),
  lmp(simple_linear_models$sum5),
  lmp(simple_linear_models$sum6),
  lmp(simple_linear_models$sum7),
  lmp(simple_linear_models$sum8),
  lmp(simple_linear_models$sum9),
  lmp(simple_linear_models$sum10),
  lmp(simple_linear_models$sum11),
  lmp(simple linear models$sum12),
  lmp(simple_linear_models$sum13),
  lmp(simple linear models$sum14),
  lmp(simple_linear_models$sum15),
  lmp(simple_linear_models$sum16),
  lmp(simple_linear_models$sum17),
  lmp(simple_linear_models$sum18)
)
Take p values list and convert to tibble
p_values <- as.data.frame(p_values)</pre>
p_values <- t(p_values)</pre>
p_values <- as.data.frame(p_values)</pre>
p_values_tibble <- as_tibble(p_values)</pre>
Rename column
names(p_values_tibble)[1] <- 'p_value'</pre>
Add name column
p_values_tibble <- p_values_tibble %>% add_column(name = 1:18)
Reorder data.frame / tibble
p_values_tibble <- p_values_tibble[c('name', 'p_value')]</pre>
Order tibble by ascending p-value
p_values_tibble %>% arrange(p_value)
## # A tibble: 18 x 2
##
       name p_value
##
      <int>
               <dbl>
         4 4.65e-27
## 1
## 2
         11 2.96e-18
## 3 12 8.79e-18
## 4
         5 1.17e-15
## 5
         7 5.35e-15
## 6
          8 6.40e-14
```

```
1 2.11e-13
##
          9 9.23e-11
##
    8
         18 6.58e-10
         14 6.58e- 9
## 10
##
         13 1.46e- 8
## 12
          6 5.91e- 8
## 13
         15 6.73e- 8
          2 2.63e- 7
## 14
## 15
          3 2.55e- 6
## 16
         17 3.09e- 4
## 17
         10 3.61e- 4
         16 2.30e- 1
## 18
```

5.2 Remarks

- We get the exact same sequence of models like when we order the models by descending R^2-value
- Why? Specifically for a single explanatory variable (Y = a + bX + e), there is a mathematical relationship between these two values



5.3 Remarks

• By looking at the best three plots we can see, that there is a small confidence interval

Based on the R-squared value, what is the best predictor for the sub-soil CEC value, given top-soil samples of Clay, OC and CEC? Did you expect this outcome? What is the straight-line equation of this predictor?

```
CEC5 ~ Clay1: Model 13

simple_linear_models$sum13$r.squared

## [1] 0.1992178

CEC5 ~ OC1: Model 16

simple_linear_models$sum16$r.squared

## [1] 0.009920686

CEC5 ~ CEC1: New Model (model 19)

simple_linear_models$lm19 <- lm(CEC5 ~ CEC1, data = soil_tibble)

simple_linear_models$sum19 <- summary(simple_linear_models$lm19);

simple_linear_models$sum19$r.squared

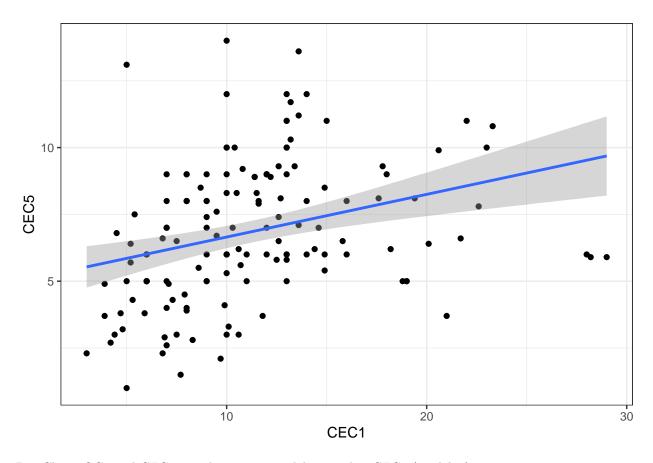
## [1] 0.09678499
```

6.1 Remarks

- When we compare these three R^2 values, we can observe that Clay1 has the biggest effect on CEC5 levels
- OC1 has the lowest effect on CEC5 levels
- This could suggest that organic carbon particles rather move upwards than downward
- Or clay rather moves downward compared to organic carbon

Plot model 19

```
plots$plot19 <- ggplot(data=soil_tibble, aes(x=soil_tibble$CEC1, y=soil_tibble$CEC5)) +
  geom_point() + geom_smooth(method = 'lm') + xlab('CEC1') + ylab('CEC5')
plots$plot19</pre>
```



Put Clay1, OC1 and CEC1 together in one model to predict CEC5 (model20)

```
simple_linear_models$lm20 <- lm(CEC5 ~ Clay1 + CEC1 + OC1, data = soil_tibble)
simple_linear_models$sum20 <- summary(simple_linear_models$lm20);
simple_linear_models$sum20$r.squared</pre>
```

[1] 0.3091561

6.2 Remarks

- Model 20 (CEC5 \sim Clay1, CEC1, OC1) has an R 2 value of 0.309
- Why? Because if the top layers in a soil contain a high amount of positive ions, usually lower layers contain high amounts too
- Additionally in soils ions can move downward ("washed out"). But they can also move toward lower levels. Or even upward

Straight-line equation for predictor CEC5 = a + b * Clay1 + c * CEC1 + d * OC1

```
simple linear models$sum20
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = CEC5 ~ Clay1 + CEC1 + OC1, data = soil_tibble)
##
## Residuals:
## Min 1Q Median 3Q Max
## -5.7688 -1.3957 -0.1917 1.4533 6.5020
##
```

```
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept) 4.11729 0.49268 8.357 5.14e-14 ***
                          0.01665 5.997 1.56e-08 ***
               0.09982
## Clay1
## CEC1
               0.20223
                          0.05454
                                   3.708 0.000298 ***
## OC1
              -0.89063
                          0.19164 -4.647 7.56e-06 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 2.196 on 143 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.3092, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2947
## F-statistic: 21.33 on 3 and 143 DF, p-value: 1.775e-11
CEC5 = 4.12 + 0.10 * Clay1 + 0.20 * CEC1 - 0.89 * OC1
```

7 Do a residual plot for this predictor and interpret it.

```
We use model 13 (CEC5 \sim Clay1) for this exercise Save predicted and residual values for model 13
```

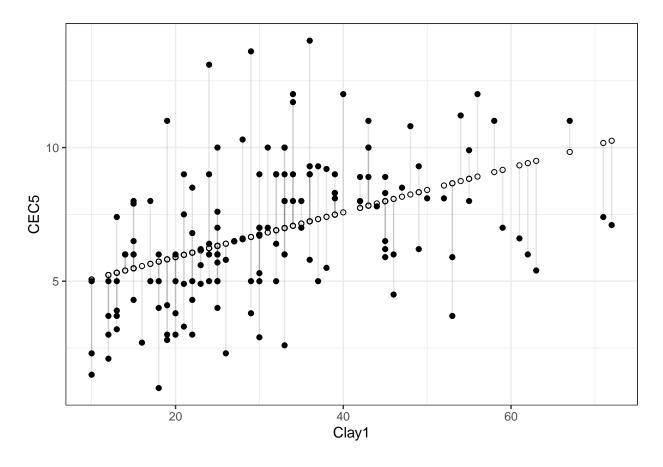
```
residuals <- list(
  predict(simple_linear_models$lm13),
  residuals(simple_linear_models$lm13)
)</pre>
```

Convert to tibble and rename

```
residuals <- as.data.frame(residuals)
residuals_tibble <- as_tibble(residuals)
names(residuals_tibble)[1] <- 'predicted'
names(residuals_tibble)[2] <- 'residuals'</pre>
```

Create residuals vs. fitted plot

```
plots$residual_plot <- ggplot(data=soil_tibble, aes(x=soil_tibble$Clay1, y=soil_tibble$CEC5)) +
    geom_point() +
    geom_point(data=residuals_tibble, aes(y = predicted), shape = 1) +
    geom_segment(aes(xend = soil_tibble$Clay1, yend = residuals_tibble$predicted), alpha = .1) +
    xlab('Clay1') + ylab('CEC5') +
    theme_bw()
plots$residual_plot</pre>
```



- There is a slightly non-linear relationship between the residuals and the fitted values
- It may be better to create a model which includes quadratic predictors too
- 8 Using the above predictor, what is the sub-soil CEC value predicted for a soil with no topsoil clay? What is the sub-soil CEC value predicted for soil with 70 weight-% of topsoil clay? Plot and interpret your result.

Create list with coefficient values

Predict CEC5 with model 13 when there is no top soil clay (Clay1 = 0)

```
predict$Intercept + 0 * predict$Clay1
```

[1] 4.22563

Predict CEC5 with model 13 when there is 70% top soil clay (Clay1 = 70.0)

```
predict$Intercept + 70.0 * predict$Clay1
```

[1] 10.08712

Make a plot to visualize predictions with confidence interval

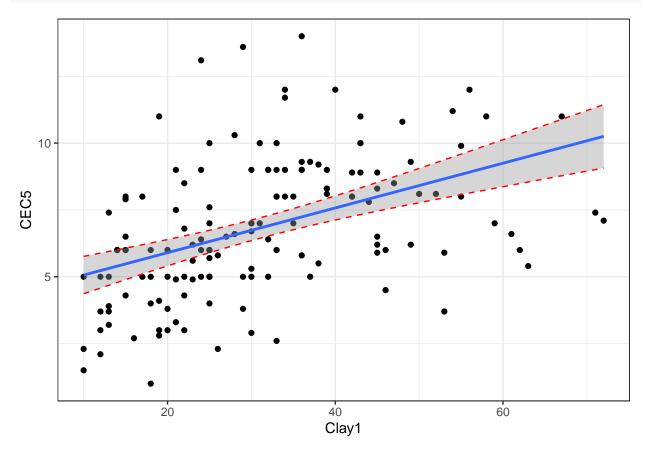
```
predict$predict <- predict(simple_linear_models$lm13, soil_tibble, interval = 'confidence')
predict$data <- cbind(soil_tibble, predict$predict)</pre>
```

Regression line + confidence intervals

```
plots$prediction <- ggplot(data=predict$data, aes(x=soil_tibble$Clay1, y=soil_tibble$CEC5)) +
   geom_point() + geom_smooth(method = 'lm') + xlab('Clay1') + ylab('CEC5')</pre>
```

Add prediction intervals

```
plots$prediction + geom_line(aes(y = lwr), color = "red", linetype = "dashed") +
   geom_line(aes(y = upr), color = "red", linetype = "dashed")
```



8.1 Remarks

- So we can see by our eyes that for a Clay1 value of 0 there is about 5 $c*mol_c/kg$ of CEC5
- And for an input value of 70 of Clay1 there is about 10 $c * mol_c/kg$ of CEC5

9 What other business-relevant insight could you possibly get from that data set? Try out something, and interpret the results (even if it does not work out!)

Another question to answer: Is organic carbon rather moving upwards or rather moving downwards? to elaborate on this we create two different models:

```
Model21: OC5 \sim OC1 + OC2
simple_linear_models$lm21 <- lm(OC5 ~ OC1 + OC2, data = soil_tibble)
simple_linear_models$sum21 <- summary(simple_linear_models$lm21)</pre>
Model22: OC1 \sim OC2 + OC5
simple_linear_models$lm22 <- lm(OC1 ~ OC2 + OC5, data = soil_tibble)</pre>
simple_linear_models$sum22 <- summary(simple_linear_models$lm22)</pre>
Examine models 21 and 22
simple_linear_models$sum21
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = OC5 ~ OC1 + OC2, data = soil_tibble)
## Residuals:
       Min
                  1Q
                      Median
                                    3Q
## -0.77060 -0.12709 0.01481 0.12313 0.50040
## Coefficients:
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.321945
                           0.040297
                                    7.989 3.97e-13 ***
                           0.014002 -0.676
## OC1
               -0.009459
                                                 0.5
## OC2
                0.372868
                           0.030233 12.333 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.2003 on 144 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.6136, Adjusted R-squared: 0.6082
## F-statistic: 114.3 on 2 and 144 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
simple_linear_models$sum22
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = OC1 ~ OC2 + OC5, data = soil_tibble)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
## -2.0141 -0.7181 -0.2130 0.4581 7.7770
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
               1.2529
                            0.2680
                                   4.674 6.71e-06 ***
## OC2
                            0.2276
                                     6.357 2.55e-09 ***
                 1.4471
## OC5
                -0.3340
                            0.4944 - 0.676
                                                0.5
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 1.19 on 144 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.3796, Adjusted R-squared: 0.371
## F-statistic: 44.05 on 2 and 144 DF, p-value: 1.185e-15
```

- We can see that model 21 has a much higher R^2 value (and also a slightly lower p-value)
- We would argue that organic carbon is rather moving downwards than upwards
- We would thus recommend to keep OC1 levels high
- This is relevant to businesses, as this has a direct impact on fertility
- Not only does this lead to consistently high levels of CEC1
- But ultimately also to higher levels of OC2 and OC5 (and therefor also higher levels of CEC2 and CEC5)

3D Scatterplot

