

# Age Distribution Analysis

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🌐 localhost:4746

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## Data Loading

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### ► Show Code

```
age_years  annual_income_usd      gender location_city
0          36                 45978.35  Femenino    Madrid
1          29                 44882.96  Masculino  Barcelona
2          56                 39832.79  Masculino  Sevilla
3          41                 40938.62  Femenino  Valencia
4          15                 50221.32     Otro      Madrid
```

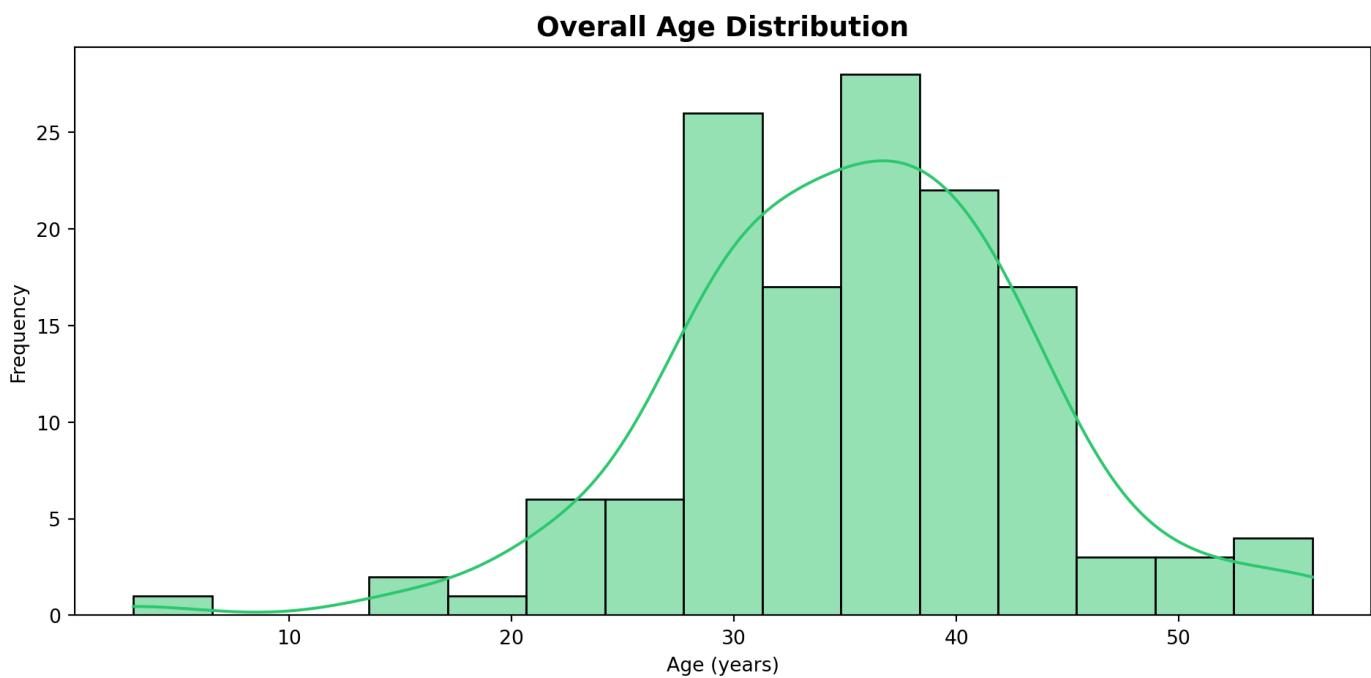
## Overall Age Distribution

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First, we visualize the **complete dataset** without gender segmentation to understand the general age pattern.

### ▼ Show Code

```
# Overall distribution
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
sns.histplot(data=data, x="age_years", kde=True, bins=15, color="#2ecc71")
plt.title("Overall Age Distribution", fontsize=14, fontweight='bold')
plt.xlabel("Age (years)")
plt.ylabel("Frequency")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



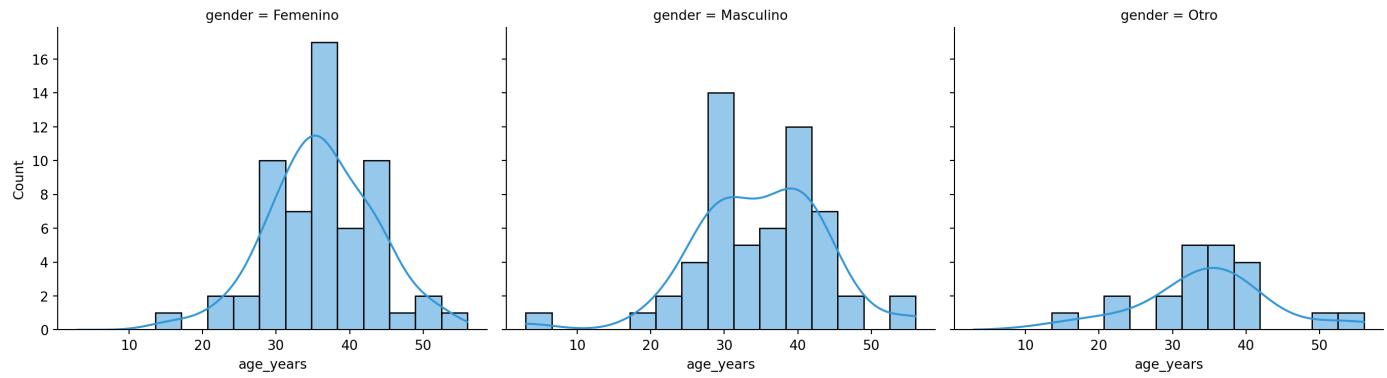
## Age Distribution by Gender

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Now we compare distributions across three gender categories using **faceted histograms**.

▼ Show Code

```
# Distribution by gender
sns.displot(
    data=data,
    x="age_years",
    col="gender",
    kde=True,
    bins=15,
    height=4,
    aspect=1.2,
    color="#3498db"
)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



## Key Findings

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**Female:** Unimodal Gaussian distribution centered at 30-40 years with low variability.

**Male:** Bimodal pattern with peaks at 30-35 and 40-45 years, suggesting two distinct age cohorts.

**Other:** Platykurtic distribution with higher dispersion and no clear central peak.

*Built with pandas, seaborn & matplotlib*