

UNIVERSITÉ DE GENÈVE

IMAGERIE NUMÉRIQUE  
13X004

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## TP 1: Titre

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### Exercise 1

(a)  $100 \times 100 = 10'000$  pixels  $256 = 2^8 = 8$  bits/pixel finaly=  $80'000$  bits or  $10'000$  bytes

(b)  $100 \times 100 = 10'000$  pixels  $4 = 2^2 = 2$  bits/pixel finaly=  $20'000$  bits or  $2'500$  bytes

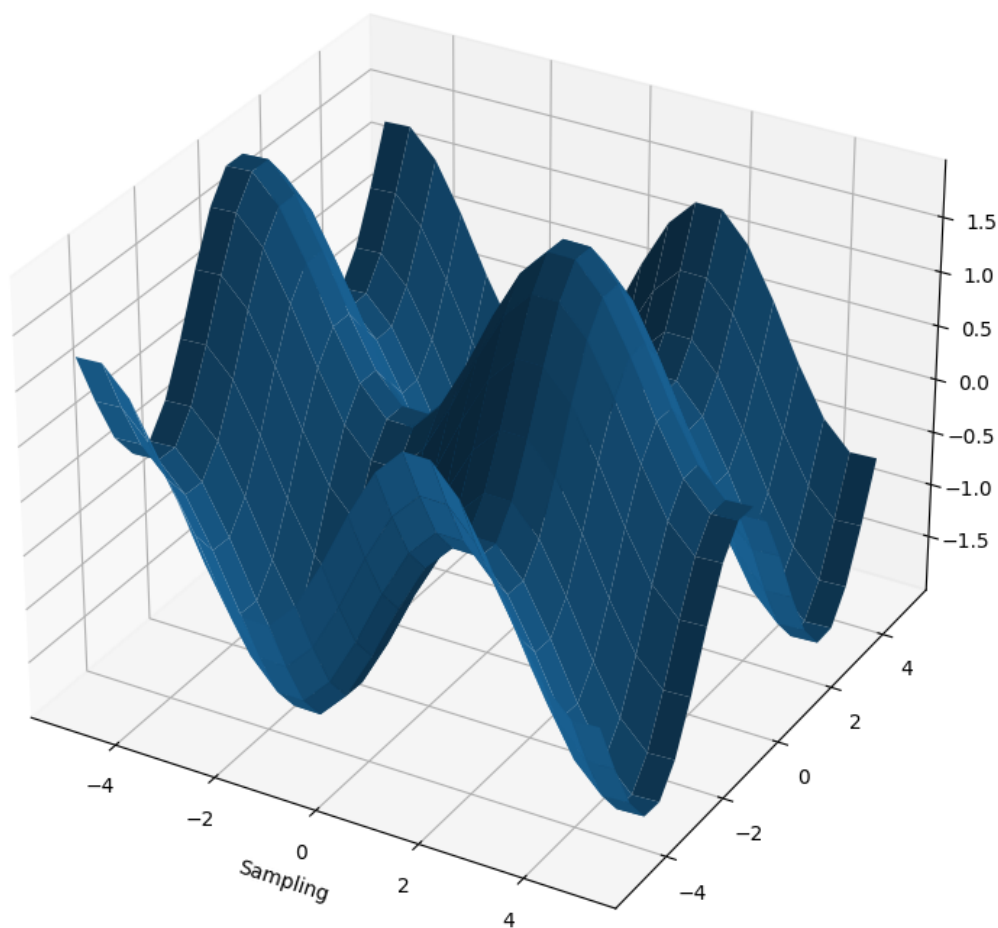
So a is four times bigger than b

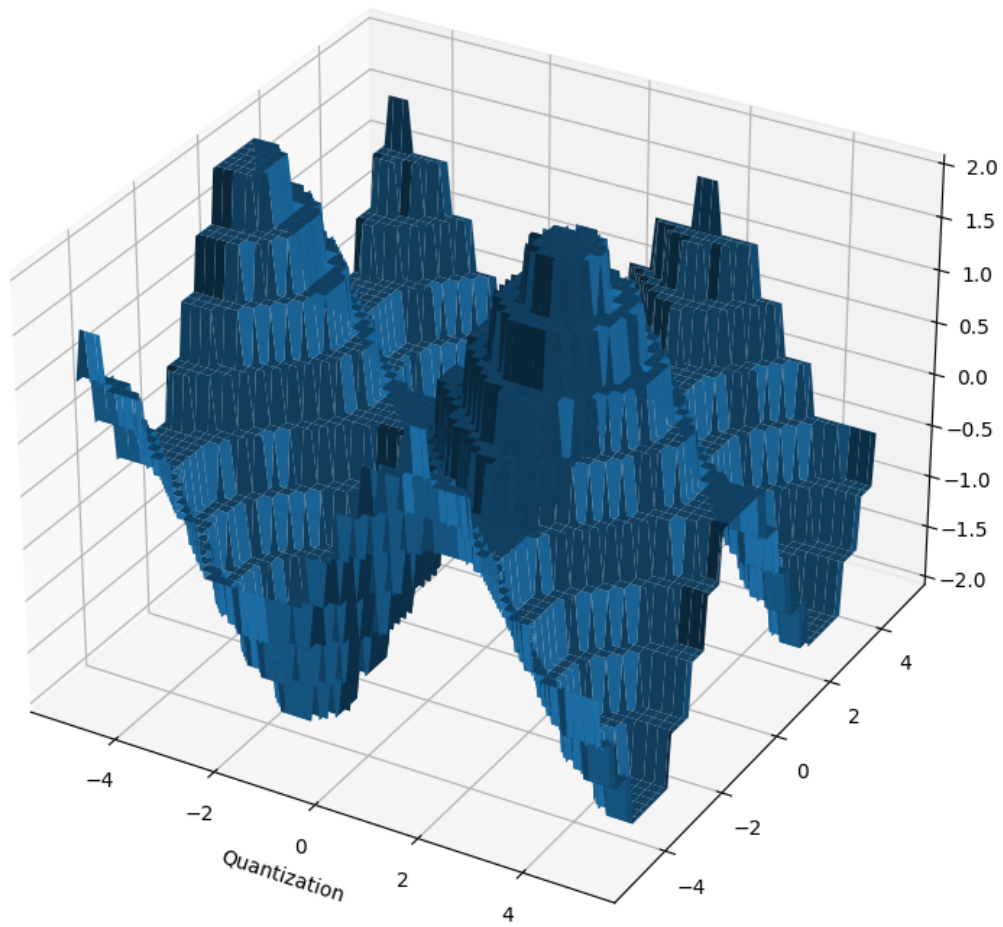
### Exercise 2

Sampling and quantization are two methode of reducing the size of a (non)continuous function with a discret (co)domain. Sampling: Cut distance by a (ir)regular step (define a discret domain) Quantization: Cut by amplitude by (in)regular step (define a smaller codomain)

### Exercise 3

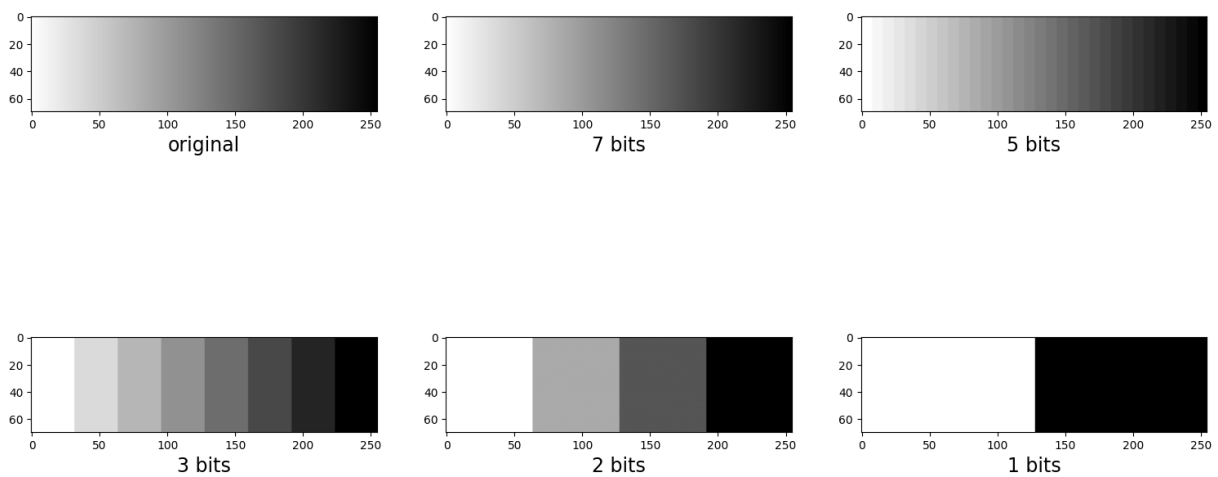
I have made a function that sample a given function ( $f(x,y)$ ) with a given step. I have also made a function that make a quantization of a given function ( $f(x,y)$ ) with a given step. The images are below.

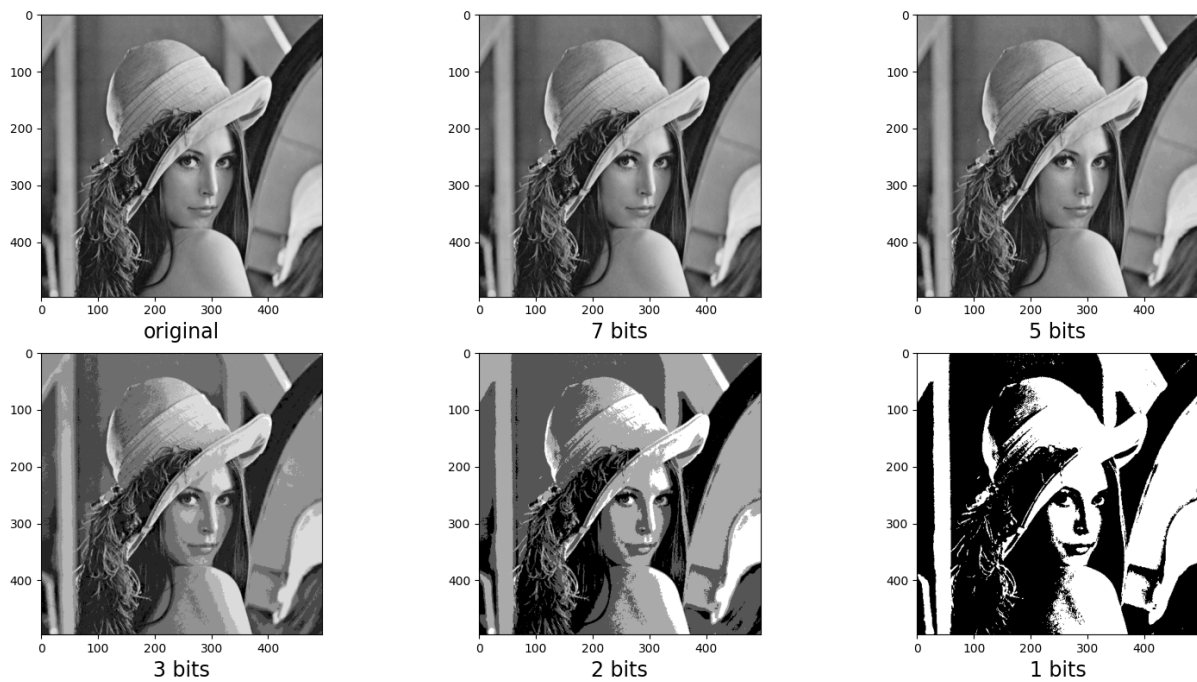




## Exercise 4

I made a function that encode a given image with the amount of bit given in the parameters. I plotted the encoding of 7, 5, 3, 2, 1 bit(s) for the grayscale gradient and lena.png (original + 5 images= 6 images)





## Exercise 5

- I have made 10 copy of lena.png with a gaussian noise (zero-mean et sigma 25). I used for that the `numpy.random.normal` function (encapsulated in `gaussian blur`). I also made an array of them for further usage.
- For eache noisy image of lena.png, I made a PSNR with the original. Finally, I made the mean of all those PSNR and I found:

`psnr mean:` 11.497030549901748

- To do the frame averageing, I simply made a sum of all the noisy image (pixel per pixel) and I divided the result by 10.

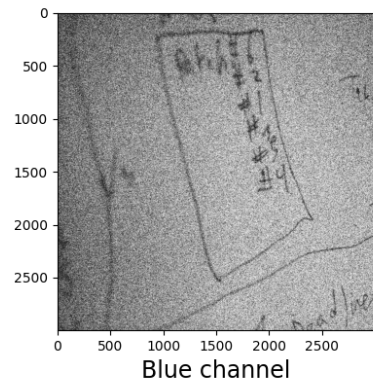
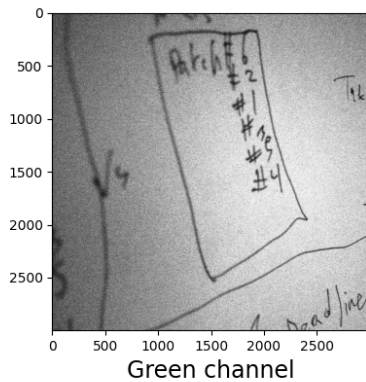
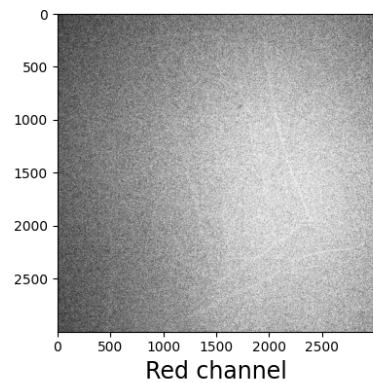
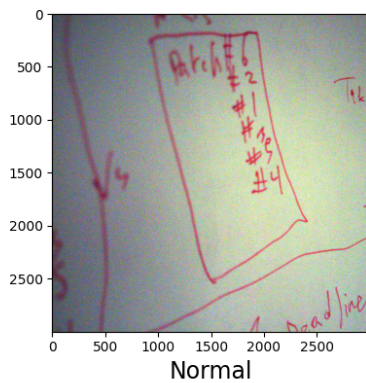
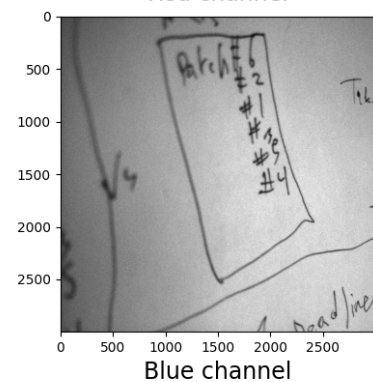
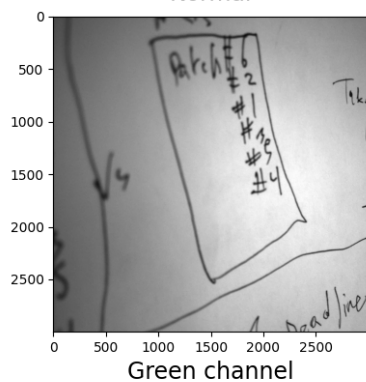
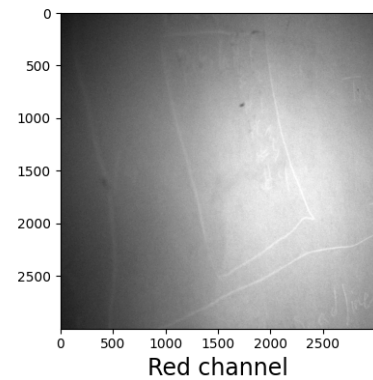
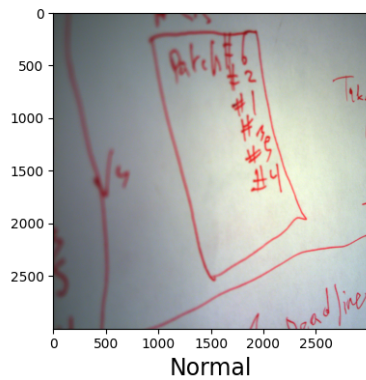
(d)

`psnrAverage:` 11.645832619939648

The frame averaging works when the noise is not so big.

## Exercise 6

(a) I opened reference.bpm and noisy.bpm I plotted each image with his own (RGB) channels



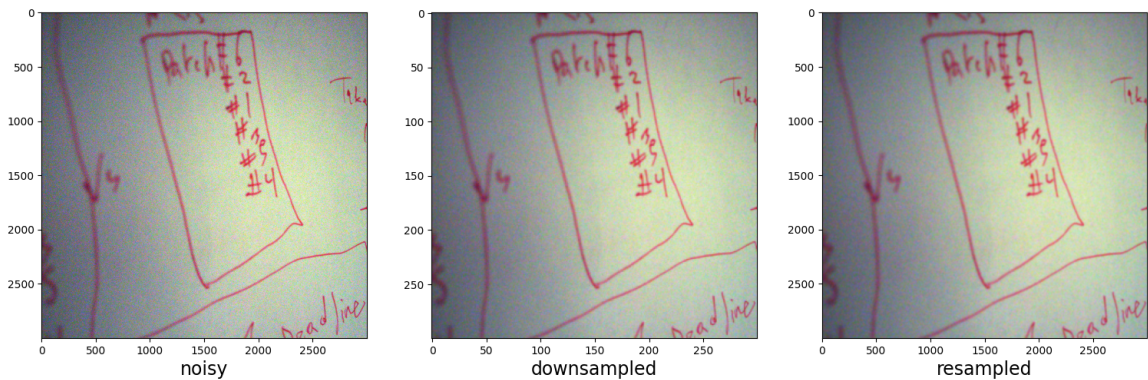
I made a PSNR with each channel and see the total:

psnr red channel: 13.278653649294078

psnr green channel: 15.935008236845567

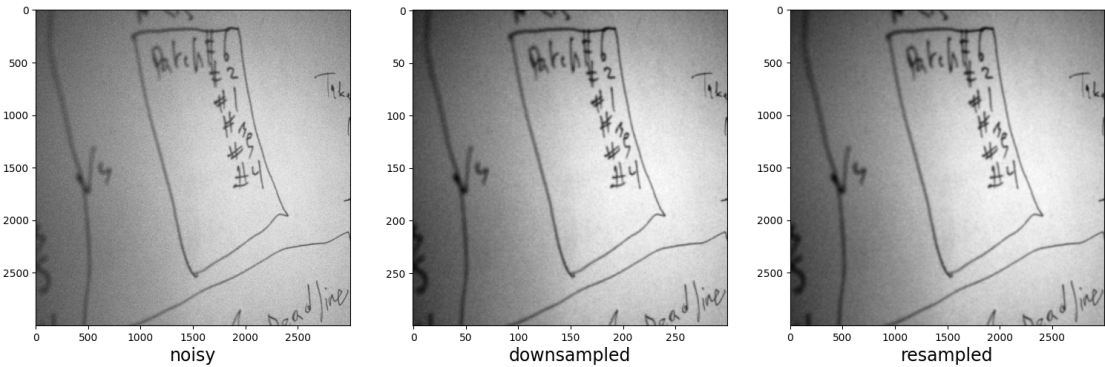
psnr blue channel: 10.261868583985914  
psnr total: 12.553158959644847

(b) I downsampled and resampled back to obtain thoses results (image and PSNR)



tal color: 22.877167728588645

(c) I downsampled and resampled back to obtain thoses results (image and PSNR)



total gray: 29.228188485155208

(d) We can denoise images with the combination of mean and quantization.