

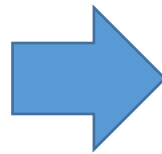
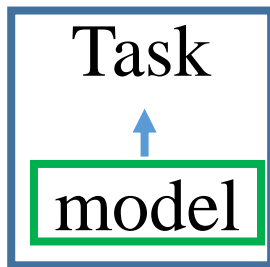
Random Forest

Liang Liang

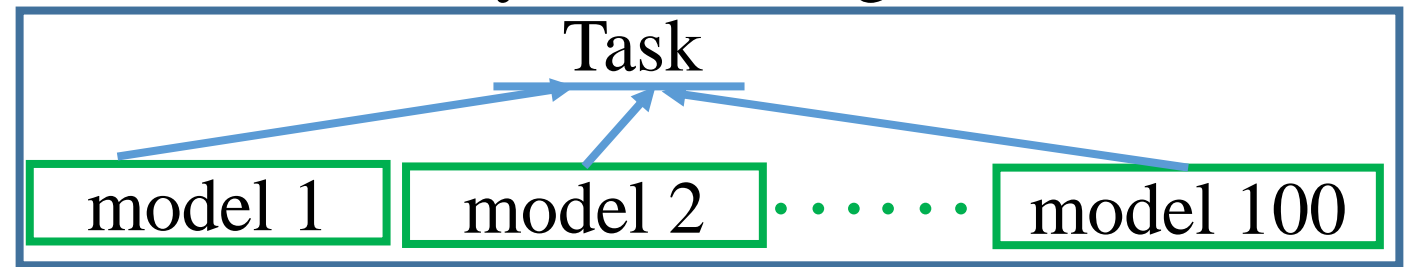
Combination of Models

- There is no algorithm/model that is always the most accurate
- We can build many models (e.g., simple classifiers or regressors) and combine them into a single "strong" model
- Different models may use different learning algorithms, hyper-parameters, training sets, model type/structure, etc

a single model

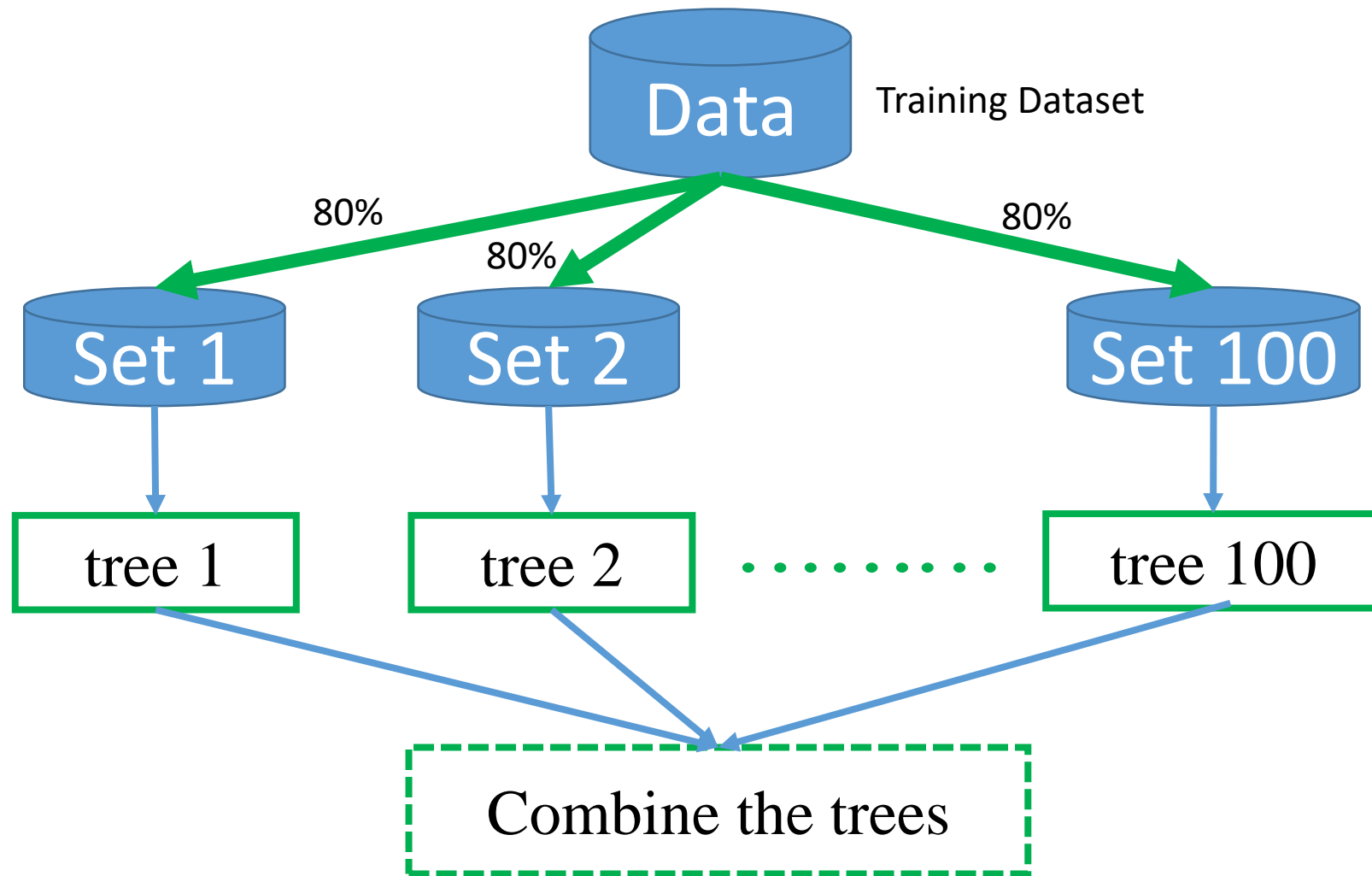


Ensemble (many models, e.g., 100)



Random Forest (a bag of trees)

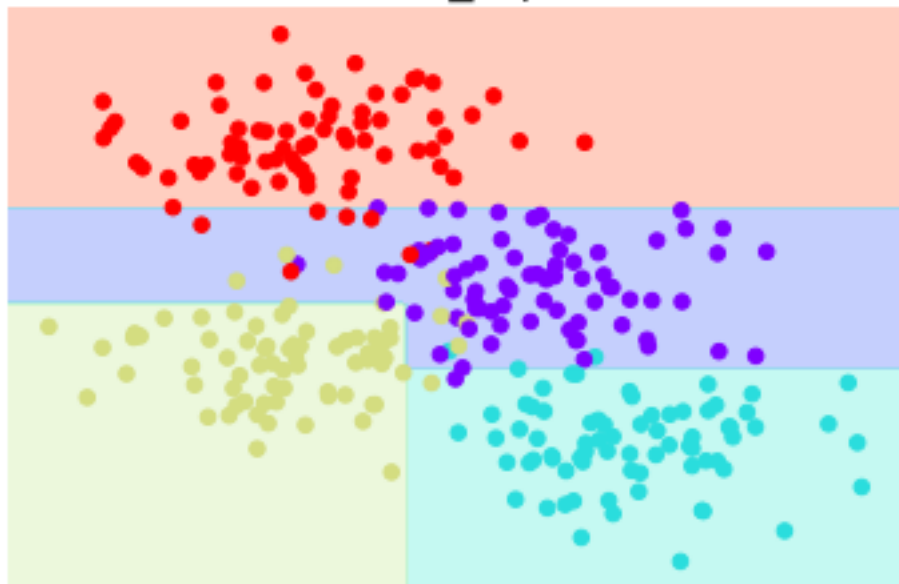
- A random forest (RF) is a combination of many decision trees.
- Each tree is trained on a randomly selected subset of the training data
- The output of a RF is average (regression) of the individual trees.
or majority vote (classification) of the individual trees.



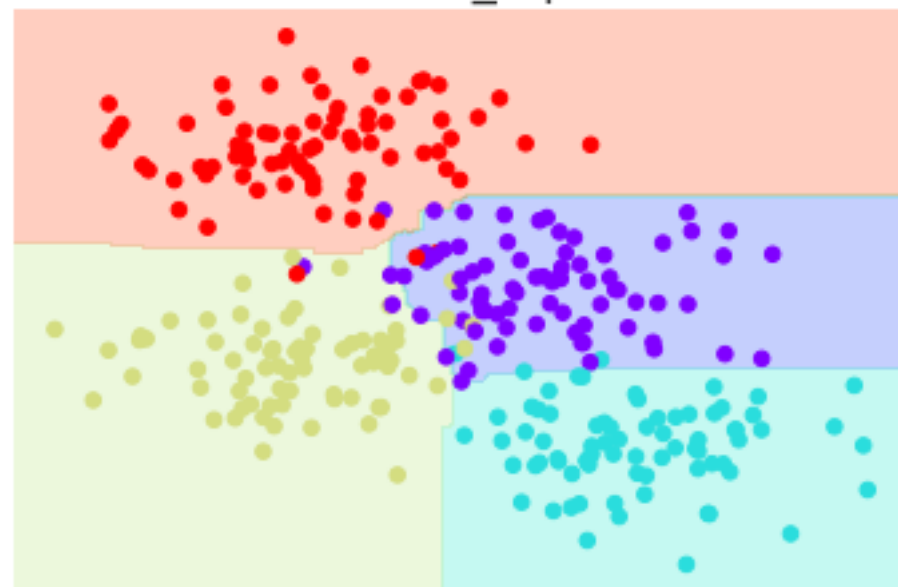
see the demo:

`Decision_Trees_and_Random_Forests_basics.ipynb`

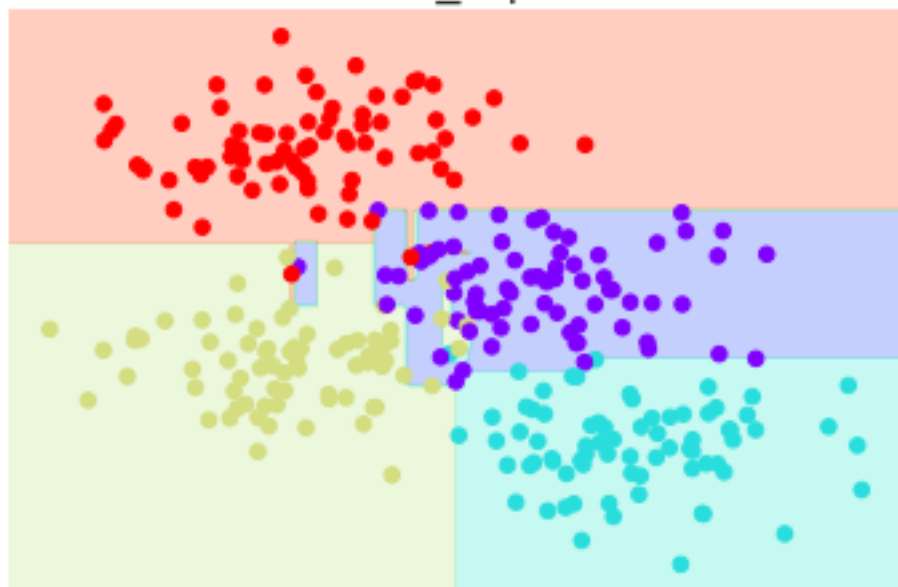
tree max_depth=3



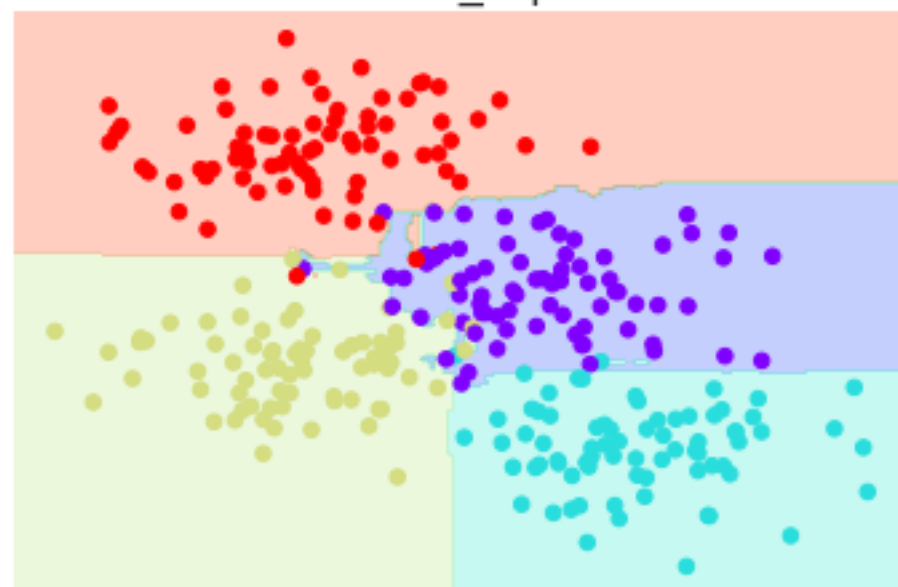
forest max_depth=3



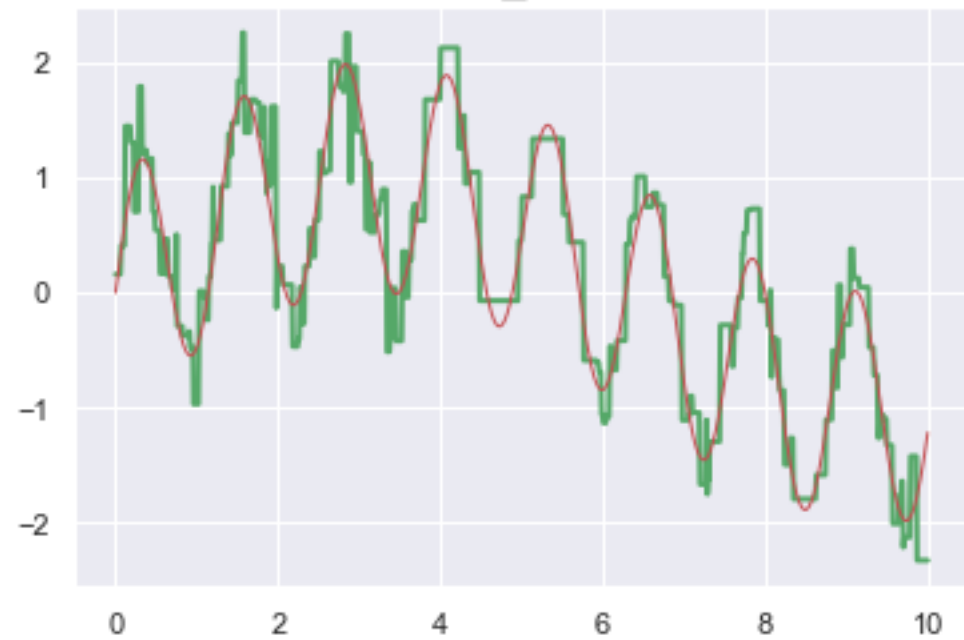
tree max_depth=10



forest max_depth=10



tree max_depth=10



forest max_depth=10

