R web service clients for DSCTool

version 1.5

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The DSCTool was developed and implemented to make all the required knowledge for making different performance evaluations accessible from one place by guiding the user from providing input data (optimisation algorithm results) and selection of desired comparison to the final result of comparison. Further the implementation provides natural progress for all steps of performance evaluation, so no extra knowledge from the user is required.

1 REST web services

A web service is software that supports one or more open protocols and standards defined for exchanging data between applications or systems and makes itself available over the internet. Due to usage of open protocols and standards, software can be written in arbitrary programming language and run on various platforms. This makes web service widely interoperable and decoupled from implementations that uses their functionalities. The protocols most commonly used are the Simple Object Access Protocol (SOAP) and REpresentational State Transfer (REST). Due to its simplicity, flexibility, and lightweightedness, we have decided to use REST. Since REST is based on HTTP, we are able use basic HTTP methods, such as GET, PUT, POST, and DELETE. A REST web service access point is defined by Uniform Resource Identifier (URI), which is a string of characters that unambiguously identifies an individual resource. Data that is being transmitted can use different standard representations, such as XML or JSON.

The web services are accessible from following HTTPS URL https://ws.ijs.si:8443/dsc-1.5/service/ and are using JSON for input/output data representation. More details about the DSCTool web services are available at https://ws.ijs.si:8443/dsc-1.5/documentation.pdf.

2 R web services clients

We are going to present the DSCTool web service clients written in R programming language together with helper function that can be used to create the required input json for each web service.

The DSCTool services are free to use, however a registration is needed to use them.

All helper functions to create the input json files work with the output template that can be accessed at http://cs.ijs.si/dl/dsctool/input-data.csv.

Additionally two helper functions are also implemented in order to get the data from the template with respect to selected algorithm or benchmark problem.

2.1 Split per algorithm

 $split_per_algorithm(data_temp, algorithm, DIM)$

- data_temp data frame or data matrix that reads the data from the template.
- algorithm algorithm's name for which we want to obtain the data.
- DIM benchmark problem dimension.

The output is a *data frame*, which consists of the optimisation results (y and x_i , i = 1, ..., DIM) for a given algorithm.

2.2 Split per problem

 $split_per_problem(data_temp, problem)$

- data_temp data frame or data matrix that reads the data from the template.
- $\bullet\,$ problem benchmark problem name for which we want to obtain the data.

The output is a *data frame*, which consists of the data from the data_temp only reduced for a given benchmark problem.

2.3 Registration service

 $Registration_json(name, affiliation, email, username, password)$

- Helper function to create the registration json.
- name set your name.
- affiliation set your affiliation.
- email set your email.
- username set your username.
- password set your password.

The output is a json file that can be used as input for the manage/user service.

 $Registration_client(postfield)$

- R web service client for the manage/user web service.
- postfield input json for the rankings web service. It can be created using the Registration_json(name, affiliation, email, username, password) helper function.

The output is a message "Success!" if the registration is successful.

2.4 Ranking service

 $DSC_rank_service_parser(name,alpha,epsilon,monte_carlo_iterations,data_raw)$

- Helper function for the ranking web service.
- name can be "KS" or "AD", which is related to which statistical test is used for comparing distributions, "KS" means two-sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov test, while "AD" is the two-sample Anderson-Darling test.
- alpha significance level for hypothesis testing (e.g 0.05).
- *epsilon* parameter which should be set if we want to apply practical DSC (pDSC). When epsilon is 0, we have the original DSC.
- monte_carlo_iterations the number of Monte Carlo samples that should be used if we want to apply the Monte Carlo DSC ranking scheme for practical significance. For the original DSC, this number should be set at 0.
- data_raw data frame or data matrix that reads the data from the template.

The output is a json file that can be used as input for the ranking service (see http://cs.ijs.si/dl/dsctool/dsc.json).

 $DSC_client(username, password, postfield)$

- R web service client for the ranking web service.
- username username used in the registration phase.
- password password set in the registration phase.
- postfield input json for the rankings web service. It can be created using the DSC_rank_service_parser(name,alpha,epsilon,monte_carlo_iterations,data_raw) helper function.

The output is a json file, which consists of the ranked matrix and some other parameters including the recommended omnibus statistical tests that can be used for the analysis (see http://cs.ijs.si/dl/dsctool/dsc.result).

2.5 Multivariate service

 $eDSC_rank_service_parser(desired_distribution, alpha, data_raw)$

- Helper function for the multivariate web service.
- desired_distribution defines the preferred distribution of solutions, with 0 preferring clustered distribution and with 1 preferring sparse distributions.
- alpha significance level for hypothesis testing (e.g 0.05).

 data_raw - data frame or data matrix that reads the data from the template.

The output is a json file that can be used as input for the multivariate service (see http://cs.ijs.si/dl/dsctool/multivariate.json).

 $eDSC_client(username, password, postfield)$

- R web service client for the multivariate web service.
- username username used in the registration phase.
- password password set in the registration phase.
- postfield input json for the multivariate web service. It can be created using the eDSC_rank_service_parser(desired_distribution, alpha, data_raw) helper function.

The output is a json file, which consists of the ranked matrix and some other parameters including the recommended omnibus statistical tests that can be used for the analysis (see http://cs.ijs.si/dl/dsctool/multivariate.result).

2.6 Multiobjective service

To limit the influence of selection of quality indicator on statistical analysis a multiobjective service is used, so small (statistically insignificant) differences between approximation sets do not influence the final conclusion. Note: This is really time consuming service and can easily take more than 10 minutes to process so please set timeout appropriately.

URI multiobjective

HTTP method POST

The alpha key defines significance level used by statistical test for comparing distributions. The data key structure, inside the added approximationSets structure, is the same as the one found in multivariate service with the difference that array of array of double values describe one approximation set (objectives for each solution in a approximation set) and the preferenceData key is added to the structure and consists of calculated quality indicator value from approximation set.

Output JSON Output of this service is exactly the same as rank service.

2.7 Ensemble service

 $Ensemble_create_json(l,names,method)$

- Helper function for the support/create/ensemble service.
- l a list of results from the DSC rank service obtained for each quality indicator that is used.
- names a vector with quality indicators names.
- *method* ensemble method name, it can be "average", "hierarchical", or "data-driven".

The output is a json file that can be used as input for the support/create/ensemble (see http://cs.ijs.si/dl/dsctool/create-ensemble.json).

 $Ensemble_support_json_client(username, password, postfield)$

- R web service client for the support/create/ensemble web service. It creates input json for the ensemble web service.
- username username used in the registration phase.
- password password set in the registration phase.
- postfield input json for the support/create/ensemble web service. It can be created using the Ensemble_create_json(l,names,method) helper function.

The output is a json file that can be fruther used for the ensemble service (see http://cs.ijs.si/dl/dsctool/ensemble.json).

Ensemble_client(username, password, postfield)

• R web service client for the ensemble web service.

- username username used in the registration phase.
- \bullet password password set in the registration phase.
- postfield input json for the ensemble web service. It is used for multiobjective optimization.

The output is a json file, which consists of the ranked matrix and some other parameters including the recommended omnibus statistical tests that can be used for the analysis (see http://cs.ijs.si/dl/dsctool/ensemble.result).

2.8 Multi-objective optimization service

The input is a json file that can be fruther used for the moDSC service (see http://cs.ijs.si/dl/dsctool/multiobjective.json). It consists of the approximation sets obtained by each algorithm on each problem together with the quality indicator value that will be used as preferenceData if there is a difference between the distributions of approximation sets.

moDSC_client(username,password,postfield)

- R web service client for the moDSC web service.
- username username used in the registration phase.
- password password set in the registration phase.
- postfield input json for the ensemble web service. It is used for multiobjective optimization.

The output is a json file, which consists of the ranked matrix and some other parameters including the recommended omnibus statistical tests that can be used for the analysis (see http://cs.ijs.si/dl/dsctool/multiobjective.result).

2.9 Omnibus service

Omnibus_json(result,alpha,name,parametric_tests)

- Helper function for the omnibus web service.
- result output json from rank, multivariate, or ensemble web service. It is used to take the ranked matrix that should be further analyzed.
- alpha significance level for hypothesis testing (e.g 0.05).
- name name of a statistical test that is selected for the analysis. The appropriate statistical tests are listed in the result.
- parametric_tests it can be true or false. Also, this results is already set in the result parameter.

The output is a json file that can be used as input for the omnibus service (see http://cs.ijs.si/dl/dsctool/omnibus.json).

Omnibus_client(username, password, postfield)

- R web service client for the omnibus web service.
- username username used in the registration phase.
- password password set in the registration phase.
- postfield input json for the omnibus web service. It can be created using the Omnibus_json(result, alpha, name, parametric_tests) helper function.

The output is a json file, which consists of the results from the hypothesis testing (see http://cs.ijs.si/dl/dsctool/omnibus.result).

2.10 Post-hoc service

 $Posthoc_json(result,k,n,base_algorithm)$

- Helper function for the omnibus web service.
- result output json from the omnibus web service. It is used to take the algorithms means that should be further analyzed.
- \bullet k the number of compared algorithms.
- n the number of benchmark problems.
- base_algorithm the algorithm's name, which is selected as a control algorithm.

The output is a json file that can be used as input for the posthoc service (see http://cs.ijs.si/dl/dsctool/posthoc.json).

 $Posthoc_client(username, password, postfield)$

- R web service client for the posthoc web service.
- username username used in the registration phase.
- password password set in the registration phase.
- postfield input json for the posthoc web service. It can be created using the Posthoc_json(result,k,n,base_algorithm) helper function.

The output is a json file, which consists of the results of post-hoc service consists of a list of four results for each of the algorithms with respect to selected control algorithm. Z-value (ZValue) which is the result of selected statistic, unadjusted p-value (UnadjustedPValue) that is calculated from Z-value, and two adjusted p-values according to Holm and Hochberg procedures (see http://cs.ijs.si/dl/dsctool/posthoc.result).

2.11 Visualize service

perform Viz_json(result, method)

- Helper function for the visualize web service.
- result output json from rank, multivariate, or ensemble web service. It is used to take the ranked matrix that should be further visualized.
- *method* method used for visualization, currently only *performance2vec* is available.

The output is a json file that can be used as input for the visualize service.

 $perform\ Viz_client(username, passwrod, postfield,\ dest_file)$

- R web service client for the visualize web service.
- username username used in the registration phase.
- password password set in the registration phase.
- postfield input json for the visualize web service. It can be created using the perform Viz_json(result, method) helper function.
- dest_file name of the file into which the image will be saved.

The result of visualize service consist of the PNG image, which shows performViz type of visualization. Later on different visualizations will be be added.