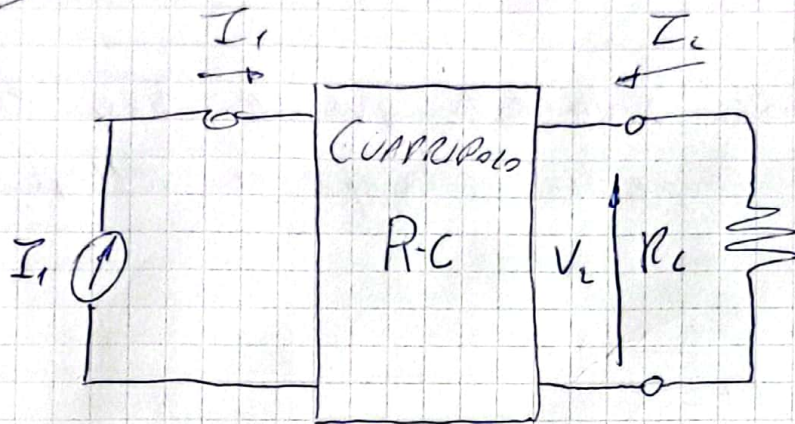


Clase

Interfaz de redes computar

T5 (3)

(1)



$$\frac{(-I_2)}{I_1} = H \frac{s^2 + 5s + 4}{s^2 + 8s + 12}$$

$$Z_{21} = 6.H$$

La relación entre V_2 e I_2 está dada por R_L

$$V_2 = (-I_2) R_L$$

de Debe comenzar en derivada con, si comienza en serie no participaría en la transferencia. (I_1).

$$\left. \frac{(-I_2)}{I_1} \right| = H \frac{s^2 + 5s + 4}{s^2 + 8s + 12} \quad V_2 = (-I_2) R_L$$

$$V_2 = Z_{21} I_1 + Z_{22} I_2$$

$$(-I_2) R = Z_{21} I_1 + Z_{22} I_2$$

$$(-I_2)(R + Z_{22}) = I_1 Z_{21}$$

$$\frac{(-I_2)}{I_1} = \frac{Z_{21}}{R + Z_{22}}$$

$\xrightarrow{\text{Función de transferencia}}$
 $\xrightarrow{\text{Función de excitación}}$

- Normalizamos asumiendo que no hay escalonamiento de nivel de impedancias. Luego se refleja a la cte.

$$\frac{(-I_2)}{I_1} = \frac{Z_{21}}{1 + Z_{22}}$$

- Reemplazando por los datos

$$(1 + Z_{22}) \left(\frac{-I_2}{I_1} \right) = Z_{21}$$

$T(s)$

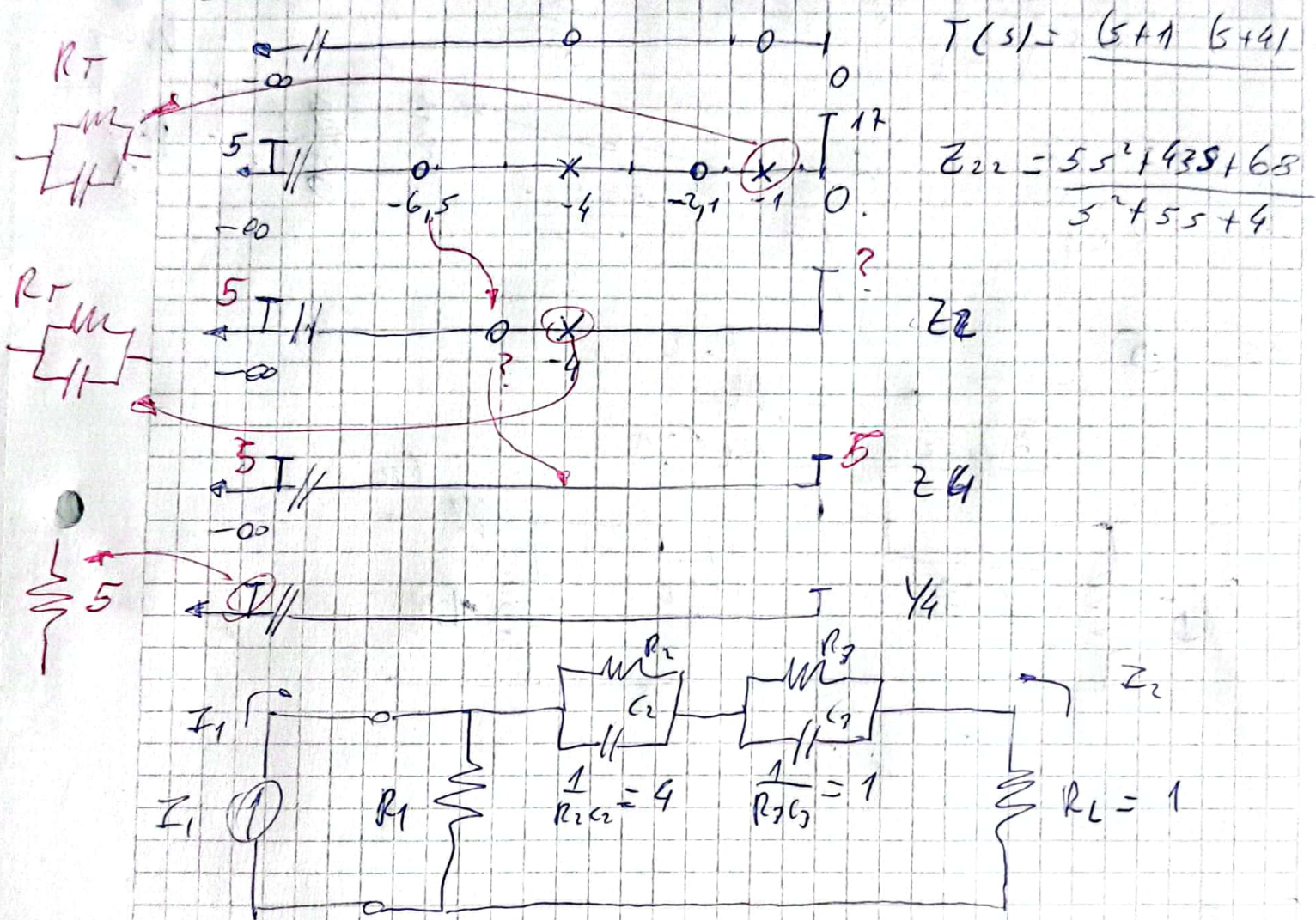
$$Z_{22} = Z_{21} \cdot \frac{1}{T(s)} - 1$$

$$Z_{22} = \frac{6H}{H} \frac{s^2 + 8s + 16}{s^2 + 5s + 4} - 1$$

$$Z_{22} = \frac{5s^2 + 43s + 68}{s^2 + 5s + 4} =$$

- La topología no puede ser serie sino $I_2 = I_1$, la transferencia es unitaria y no cumple con consigna

Remoción de la salida hacia la entrada:



Parte ANALÍTICA

1^{er} Remoción Total:

$$Z_2 = Z_{22} - \frac{K_1}{s+1}$$

$$K_1 = \lim_{s \rightarrow -1} Z_{22} \cdot (s+1) = \lim_{s \rightarrow -1} \frac{5s^2 + 43s + 68}{(s+1)(s+4)} (s+1) = 10$$

∴

$$Z_2 = \frac{5s^2 + 43s + 68}{(s+1)(s+4)} - \frac{10}{(s+1)} = \frac{5s^2 + 33s + 28}{(s+1)(s+4)}$$

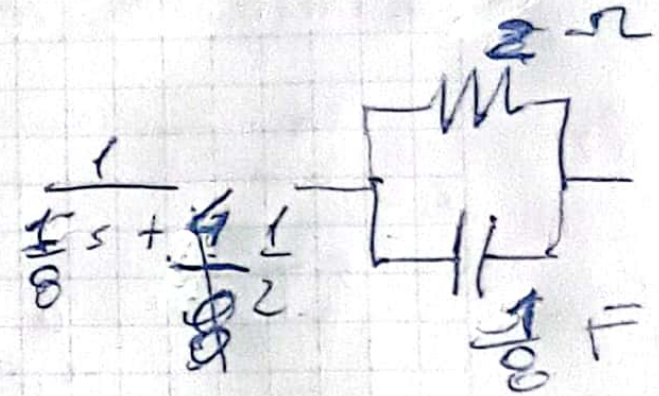
$$\frac{10}{s+1} \Rightarrow \text{Circuit diagram showing a parallel combination of a resistor and a capacitor, with } \frac{10}{s+1} \text{ written next to it.}$$

$$Z_2 = \frac{5(s+1)(s+\frac{28}{5})}{(s+1)(s+4)} = \frac{5(s+\frac{28}{5})}{s+4}$$

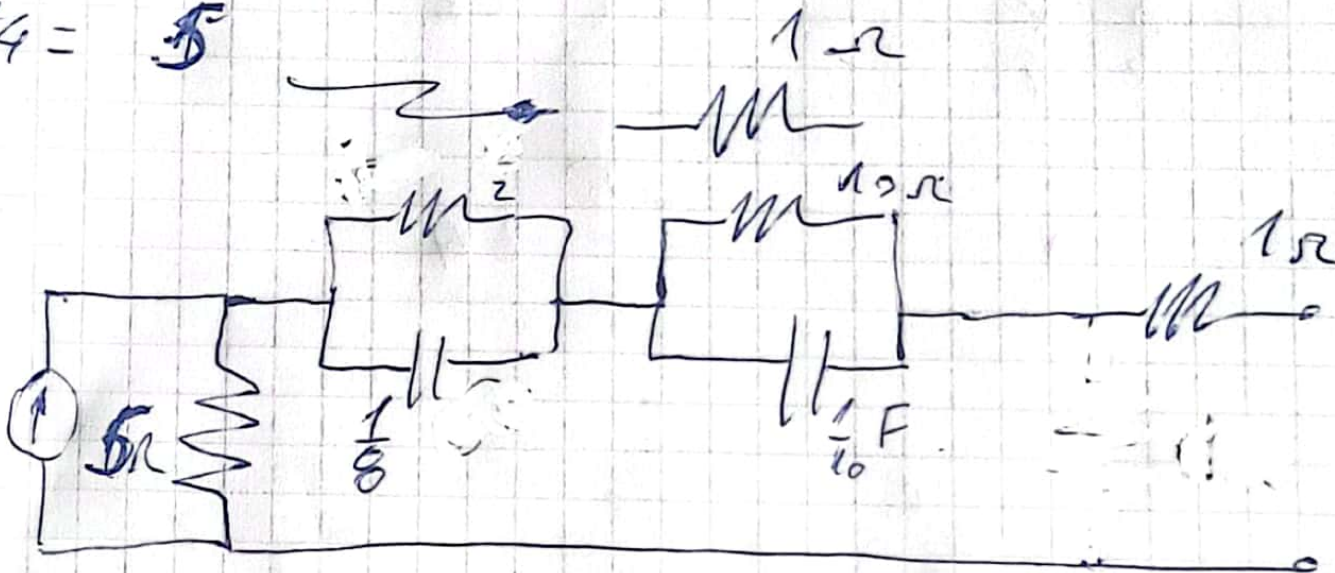
2nd Resonant Total

$$K_2 = \lim_{s \rightarrow -4} 5 \left(\frac{s + \frac{28}{5}}{(s+4)} \right) (s+4) = 8$$

$$Z_4 = \frac{5s + 28}{s+4} - \frac{8}{s+4} = \frac{5s + 20}{s+4}$$

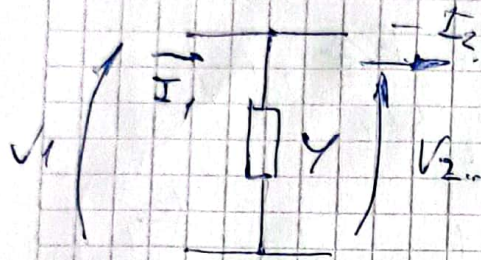


$$Z_4 = 5$$



TS 13

Verificación



$$\begin{cases} V_1 = AV_2 + B(-I_2) \\ I_1 = CV_2 + D(-I_2) \end{cases}$$

$$A = \left. \frac{V_1}{V_2} \right|_{-I_2=0} = 1$$

$$C = \left. \frac{I_1}{V_2} \right|_{-I_2=0} = Y$$

$$B = \left. \frac{V_1}{-I_2} \right|_{V_2=0} = 0$$

$$D = \left. \frac{I_1}{-I_2} \right|_{V_2=0} = 1$$



$$A = \left. \frac{V_1}{V_2} \right|_{-I_2=0} = 1$$

$$C = \left. \frac{I_1}{V_2} \right|_{-I_2=0} = 0$$

$$B = \left. \frac{V_1}{-I_2} \right|_{V_2=0} = Z$$

$$D = \left. \frac{I_1}{-I_2} \right|_{V_2=0} = 1$$

$$T_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{5} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$T_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{8}{5+4} \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$T_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{10}{5+1} \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$T_4 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

NOTA

$$T_T = T_1 T_2 T_3 T_4$$

$$T_{12} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{5} & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{8}{5+4} \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{8}{5+4} \\ \frac{1}{5} & \frac{8}{5} + 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$T_{34} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{10}{5+1} \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 + \frac{10}{5+1} \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$T_F = T_{12} T_{34} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{8}{5+4} \\ \frac{1}{5} & \frac{8}{5} + 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 + \frac{10}{5+1} \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$T_T = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 + \frac{10}{5+1} + \frac{8}{5+4} \\ \frac{1}{5} & \frac{1}{5} \left(1 + \frac{10}{5+1} \right) + \frac{8}{5} + 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{I_1}{-I_2} = 1 = \frac{1}{5} + \frac{2}{s+1} + \frac{8/5}{s+4} + 1$$

$$\frac{I_1}{-I_2} = \frac{(s+1)(s+4) + 10(s+4) + 8(s+1) + 5(s+1)(s+4)}{5(s+1)(s+4)}$$

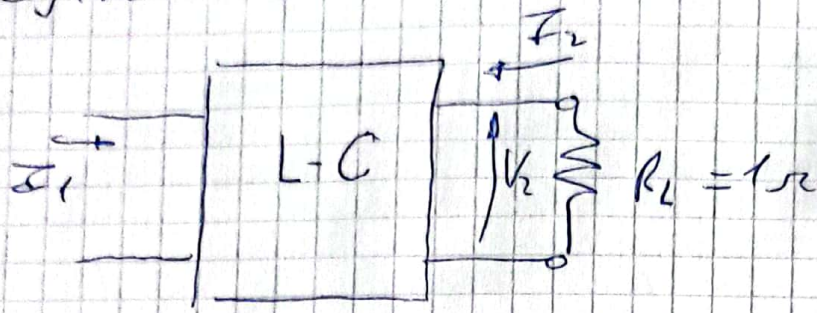
$$\frac{I_1}{-I_2} = \frac{1}{5} \frac{s^2 + 5s + 4 + 10s + 40 + 8s + 8 + 5s^2 + 25s + 20}{(s+1)(s+4)}$$

$$\frac{I_1}{-I_2} = \frac{1}{5} \frac{6s^2 + 48s + 72}{(s+1)(s+4)}$$

$$\frac{I_1}{-I_2} = \frac{6}{5} \frac{s^2 + 8s + 12}{s^2 + 5s + 4}$$

$$T(s) = \frac{I_2}{I_1} = \frac{5}{6} \frac{s^2 + 5s + 4}{s^2 + 8s + 12}$$

* Ejercicio 2



$$T(s) = \frac{V_2}{I_1} = \frac{s}{s^3 + 2s^2 + 2s + 1}$$

- Elegir función a sintetizar para Kapor y Ob

$$\frac{F_T}{1 + F_E}$$

Relacionar V_2 e I_1 para obtener los parámetros Z o Y

$$\frac{V_2}{(-I_2)} = R_L$$

Condición de IMPUESTA

Parámetros Z

$$\begin{cases} V_1 = I_1 \cdot Z_{11} + I_2 \cdot Z_{12} \\ V_2 = I_1 \cdot Z_{21} + I_2 \cdot Z_{22} \end{cases}$$

$$V_2 = I_1 \cdot Z_{21} + \frac{V_2}{R_L} \cdot Z_{22}$$

$$\left(V_2 + \frac{V_2}{R_L} Z_{22} \right) = I_1 \cdot Z_{21}$$

$$V_2 \left(1 + \frac{Z_{22}}{R_L} \right) = I_1 Z_{21}$$

$$\frac{V_2}{I_1} = \frac{Z_{21}}{1 + \frac{Z_{22}}{R_L}}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{V_2}{I_1} = \frac{Z_{21}}{1 + Z_{22}}}$$

$$\frac{Z_{21}}{1 + Z_{22}} = K \frac{s}{s^3 + 2s^2 + 2s + 1}$$

FC. parte por

$$\frac{V_2}{I_1} = K \frac{s}{(2s^2 + 1) \left(1 + \frac{s^3 + 2s}{2s^2 + 1} \right)}$$

$$\frac{V_2}{I_1} = K \cdot \underbrace{\frac{s}{2s^2 + 1}}_{Z_{21}} \cdot \underbrace{\frac{1}{1 + \frac{s^3 + 2s}{2s^2 + 1}}}_{Z_{22}}$$

1º I_1 ber I_1 :

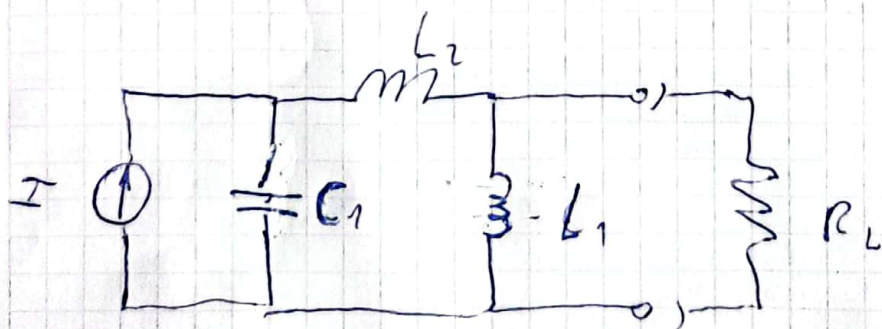
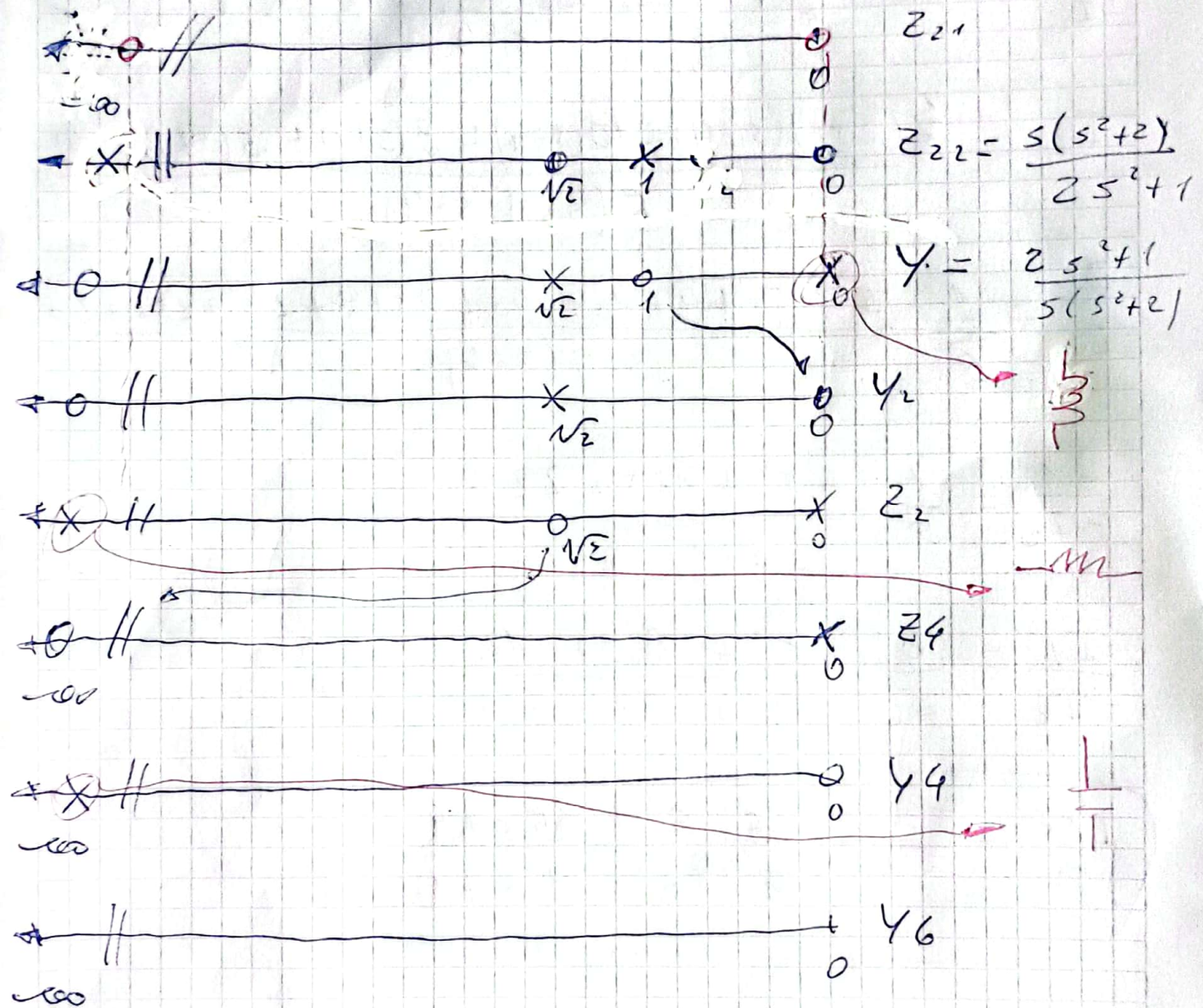
1º elemento: Derivación

Ultimo elemento en derivación

$$T(s) = \frac{V_2}{I_1} \Big|_{I_2=0} = \frac{1}{C}$$

Ultimo elemento en derivación

Método prático



Análisis

1^{ra} reacción total en 0 (Y)

$$Y_2 = Y - \frac{K_1}{s} \Rightarrow \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} Y_2 = 0$$

$$K_1 = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} Ys = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} \frac{2s^2 + 1}{s^2 + 2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{2s^2 + 1}{s(s^2 + 2)} - \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{s} = \frac{2s^2 + 1 - \frac{s^2}{2}}{s(s^2 + 2)} = \frac{3}{2} \frac{s^2}{s(s^2 + 2)}$$

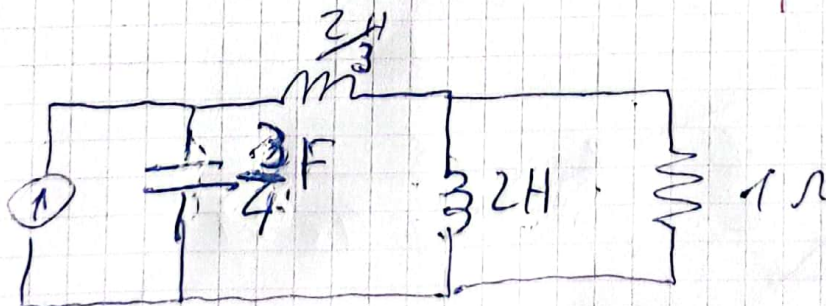
$$Y_2 = \frac{3}{2} \frac{s}{(s^2 + 2)} \quad \frac{2H}{3}$$

2^{da} reacción total en infinito (Z)

$$Z_2 = \lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} Z = \frac{2}{3} \frac{s^2 + 2}{s}$$

$$Z_2 = \frac{2s}{3} + \frac{4}{3s}$$

$$\frac{2H}{3} \quad \frac{4}{3} F$$



Nota: No hay nada
A NIVEL
DE
IMPEDANCIA

6) Verificación

Parámetros $T(ABCD)$

$$T(s) = \frac{V_2}{I_1} \Big|_{I_2=0} = \frac{1}{C}$$

$$T_{12} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{3.5}{4} & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{2.5}{3} \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{2.5}{3} \\ \frac{3.5}{4} & \left(\frac{5}{2} + 1\right) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$T_{34} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2.5} & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2.5} + 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$T_T = T_{12} T_{34} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{2.5}{3} \\ \frac{3.5}{4} & \left(\frac{5}{2} + 1\right) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2.5} + 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \dots & \dots \\ \frac{3.5}{4} + \left(\frac{5}{2} + 1\right) \left(\frac{1}{2.5} + 1\right) & \dots \end{pmatrix}$$

$$C = \frac{35}{4} + \left(\frac{s^2}{2} + 1 \right) \left(\frac{1}{2s} + 1 \right)$$

$$C = \frac{35}{4} + \frac{5}{4} + \frac{s^2}{2} + \frac{1}{2s} + 1 = 5 + \frac{s^2}{2} + \frac{1}{2s} + 1$$

$$C = \frac{2s^2 + 5s^3 + 1 + 2s}{2s}$$

$$\therefore T(s) = \frac{V_r}{I_1} \Big|_{I_2=0} = \frac{1}{C} = 2 \frac{5}{s^3 + 2s^2 + 2s + 1}$$

$$K=2$$