

Phone Number

Time Limit: 1 Second
Memory Limit: 2048 MB

John Pork has an infinite number of phones. However, not all phones are usable since they need phone numbers. John Pork knows that Tim Cheese has a secret list of available phone numbers. In his search for Tim Cheese's list, John Pork has secretly found a long N digit number, S . John Pork knows that all phone numbers must be a number equal to $a \bmod p$, where p is prime. He thinks that S might be a list of phone numbers concatenated together without spaces, but he isn't sure. Help John Pork determine whether this is a valid list of phone numbers, and if so, find a possible splitting.

Input

On the first line, we have a single integer N ($1 \leq N \leq 10^5$), representing the number of digits in Tim Cheese's list of phone numbers.

On the next line, we have two integers a, p ($0 \leq a < p \leq 10^9$), meaning every phone number must be a number equal to $a \bmod p$.

On the next line, we have a string S of length N , representing Tim Cheese's list of phone numbers. It is guaranteed that each character of S is between '0' and '9'.

Output

If it is a valid list of phone numbers, output "YES" on the first line.

Then, on the second line, output k , the number of phone numbers you found.

Then, on each of the next k lines, output a phone number in the order of the original string S .

Otherwise, if it is not a valid list of phone numbers, output "NO".

If there are multiple solutions, output any of them.

Sample Inputs

8
2 7
16986393

Sample Outputs

YES
4
16
9
863
93

Sample Inputs

7
2 11
6251637

Sample Outputs

NO

Note

In the sample, you can split 16986393 into four disjoint segments, 16, 9, 863, 93. Each of these four numbers are $2 \bmod 7$. Another possible splitting is 16 and 986393.