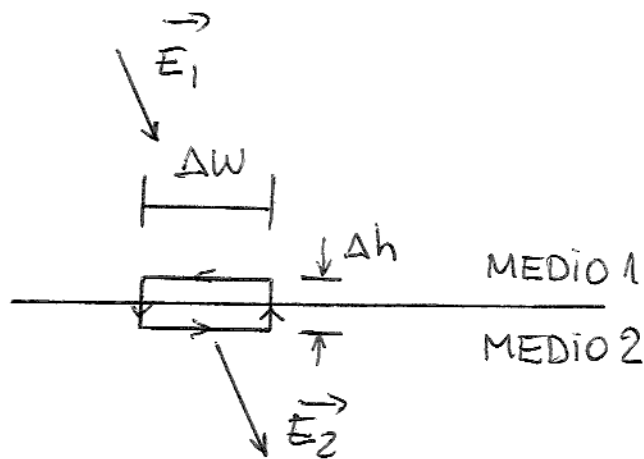


## CONDICIONES DE BORDE :

DIELECTRICO PERFECTO - COND. PERFECTO.

EJEMPLO : AIRE - METAL.



$$\oint_C \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{l} = 0$$

← ELECTROESTATICA.  
T/ STOKES  $\nabla \times \vec{E} = 0$ .

Si  $\Delta h \rightarrow 0$  SOLO CONTRIBUYE A LA INTEGRAL  $\Delta w$ .

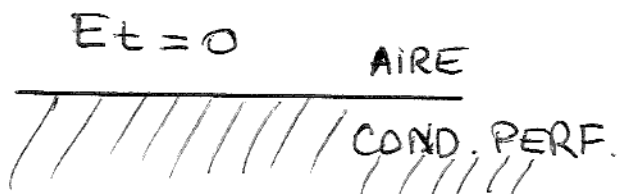
$$\vec{E}_1 \cdot \Delta \vec{w} + \vec{E}_2 \cdot (-\Delta \vec{w}) = 0$$

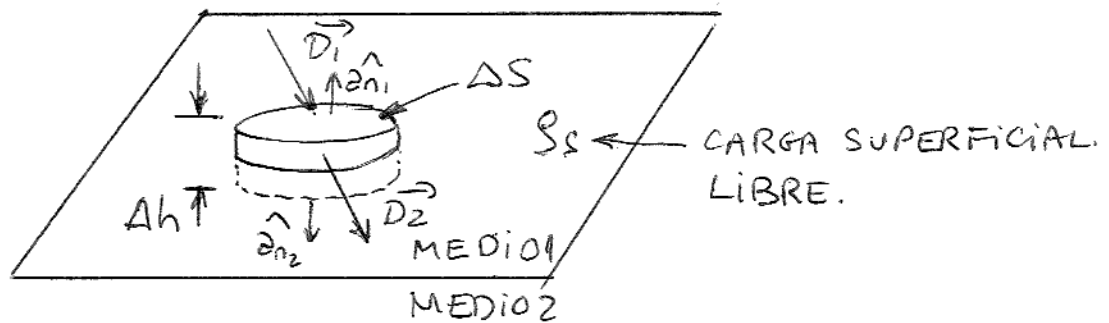
$$E_{t1} \Delta w - E_{t2} \Delta w = 0.$$

$$\boxed{E_{t1} = E_{t2}}$$

SI ES UN CONDUCTOR PERFECTO EL MEDIO 2

$$E_{t2} = 0 \Rightarrow E_{t1} = 0$$





LEY DE GAUSS

$$\oint_S \vec{D} \cdot d\vec{S} = Q$$

Si  $\Delta h \rightarrow 0$  CONTRIBUYE SOLO  $\Delta S$

$$\oint \vec{D} \cdot d\vec{S} = (\vec{D}_1 \cdot \hat{n}_1 + \vec{D}_2 \cdot \hat{n}_2) \Delta S$$

Como  $\hat{n}_2 = -\hat{n}_1$

$$(\vec{D}_1 - \vec{D}_2) \cdot \hat{n}_1 \Delta S$$

$$Q = \rho_s \Delta S$$

$$(\vec{D}_1 - \vec{D}_2) \cdot \hat{n}_1 \Delta S = \rho_s \Delta S$$

$$\boxed{D_{n1} - D_{n2} = \rho_s}$$

Si EL MEDIO 2 ES COND. PERF.  $D_{n2} = 0$   
 $D_{n2} = 0$

$$D_{n1} = \rho_s \Rightarrow \boxed{E_{n1} \epsilon_1 = \rho_s}$$

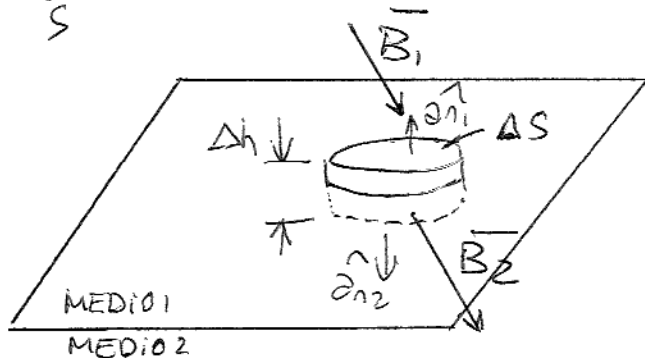


$$\nabla \cdot \vec{B} = 0 \quad \text{MAGNETOESTÁTICA}$$

$$\int_V \nabla \cdot \vec{B} \, dv = 0.$$

T. DE DIVERGENCIA

$$\oint_S \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{S} = 0$$



$$\Delta h \rightarrow 0.$$

$$(\vec{B}_1 \cdot \hat{n}_1 + \vec{B}_2 \cdot \hat{n}_2) \Delta S = 0.$$

$$\hat{n}_2 = -\hat{n}_1$$

$$(\hat{B}_{m1} - \hat{B}_{m2}) \cdot \hat{n}_1 \Delta S = 0.$$

$$\boxed{B_{m1} = B_{m2}}$$

Si MEDIO 2 COND.PERF.  $B_{n2} = 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{B_{m1} = 0}$

$$\nabla \times \vec{H} = \vec{J} \quad \text{MAGNETOESTÁTICA.}$$

$$\int_S (\nabla \times \vec{H}) \cdot d\vec{S} = \int_S \vec{J} \cdot d\vec{S} = I.$$

↓ T. STOKES

$$\oint_C \vec{H} \cdot d\vec{l} = I$$

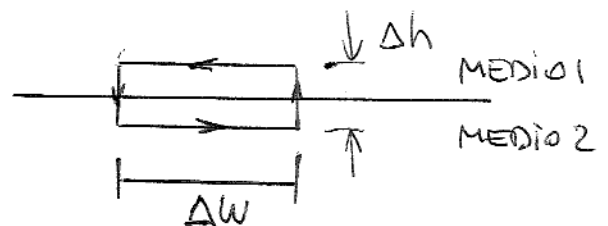
$$\vec{H}_1 \cdot \Delta \vec{w} + \vec{H}_2 \cdot (-\Delta \vec{w}) = J_s \cdot \Delta w$$

$$(H_{t1} - H_{t2}) \Delta w = J_s \Delta w.$$

$$\boxed{H_{t1} - H_{t2} = J_s}$$

Si MEDIO 2 COND. PERF.  $H_{t2} = 0$   
 $H_{m2} = 0$

$$\boxed{H_{t1} = J_s}$$



$J_s$ : CORRIENTE EN LA INTERFAZ.

# RESUMEN CONDICIONES DE BORDE

## CASO AIRE - METAL

$$E_{t1} = 0$$

$$D_{m1} = \rho_s$$

$$B_{m1} = 0$$

$$H_{t1} = J_s$$

$$E_{t1} = 0$$

$$E_{m1} = \rho_s / \epsilon_1$$

$$H_{m1} = 0$$

$$H_{t1} = J_s$$

