

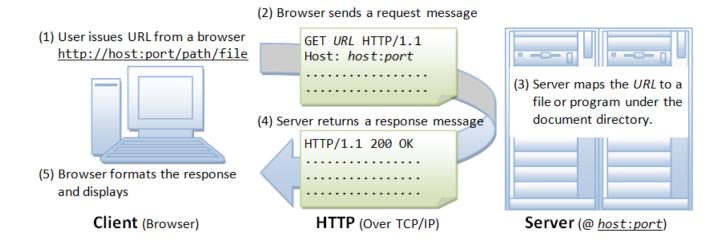
## WORKSHOP PEMROGRAMAN JARINGAN MODUL 11 (PROGRAMMING HTTP)

Mochammad Zen Samsono Hadi, ST. MSc. Ph.D

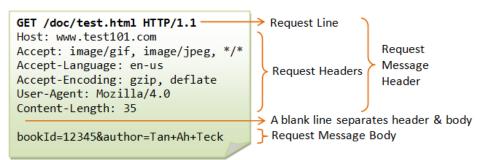
## TOPIK PEMBAHASAN

- Download data dari HTTP Server
- Melayani permintaan akses HTTP
- Submit web form

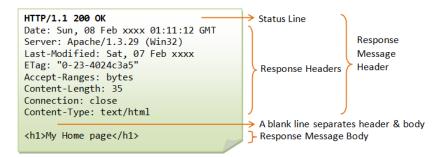
## HTTP Server



#### **HTTP Request Message**



#### **HTTP Response Message**



## Download data dari HTTP Server

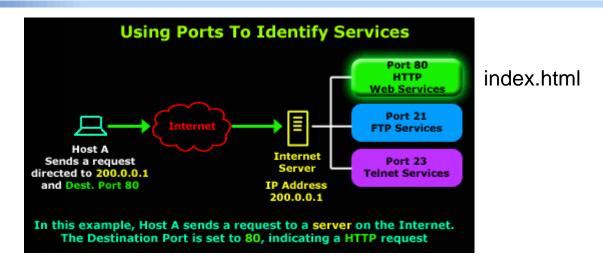
- Menggunakan HTTP protokol: request dan response
- Instalasi paket:
  - # pip2 install urllib atau pip3 install urllib3
- Hasil listing 4.1

```
python 4_1_download_data.py --host=http://www.python.org
<!doctype html>
<!--[if lt IE 7]>
                    <html class="no-js ie6 lt-ie7 lt-ie8 lt-ie9">
<![endif]-->
                    <html class="no-js ie7 lt-ie8 lt-ie9">
<!--[if IE 7]>
<![endif]-->
<!--[if IE 8]>
                    <html class="no-js ie8 lt-ie9">
<![endif]-->
<!--[if gt IE 8]><!--><html class="no-js" lang="en" dir="ltr"> <!--
<![endif]-->
<head>
    <meta charset="utf-8">
    <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
    <link rel="prefetch" href="//ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/</pre>
                                jquery/1.8.2/jquery.min.js">
    <meta name="application-name" content="Python.org">
```

# Program

```
import urllib.request
class HTTPClient:
    def init (self, host):
        self.host = host
                                          HTTP Request message
    def fetch (self).
        response = urllib.request.urlopen(self.host)
        # Comment out the above line and uncomment the below for
          Python 2.7.x.
        #response = urllib2.urlopen(self.host)
                                       HTTP Response message
        data = response.read()
        text = data.decode('utf-8')
        return text
if name == " main ":
    parser = argparse.ArgumentParser(description='HTTP Client Example')
    parser.add argument('--host', action="store",
    dest="host", default=REMOTE_SERVER_HOST)
    given_args = parser.parse_args()
    host = given_args.host
    client = HTTPClient(host)
    print (client.fetch())
```

## Membuat layanan HTTP Server

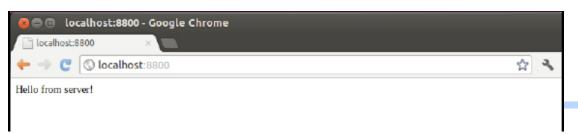


- Sistem komunikasi client-server pada http
- Menggunakan CustomHTTPServer class utk aplikasi server
- Hasil listing 4.2

### Server

```
$ python 4_2_simple_http_server.py --port=8800
Custom HTTP server started on port: 8800
localhost - - [18/Apr/2013 13:39:33] "GET / HTTP/1.1" 200 -
localhost - - [18/Apr/2013 13:39:33] "GET /favicon.ico HTTP/1.1" 200
```

#### Client

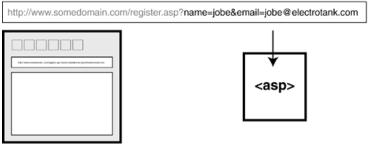


# Program

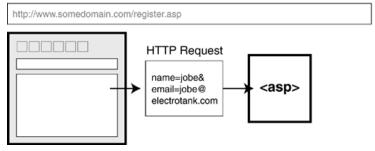
```
class RequestHandler(BaseHTTPRequestHandler):
        custom request nandier
    def do_GET(self):
        """ Handler for the GET requests """
        self.send_response(200)
        self.send header('Content-type', 'text/html')
        self.end headers()
        # Send the message to browser
                                                    Error, harus di-encode dulu:
        self.wfile.write("Hello from server!")
        return
                                                    self.wfile.write("Hello from
class CustomHTTPServer(HTTPServer):
                                                    server!".encode())
     "A custom HTTP server"
     def __init__(self, host, port):
         server_address = (host, port)
         HTTPServer. init (self, server address, RequestHandler)
 def run_server(port):
     try:
         server = CustomHTTPServer(DEFAULT HOST, port)
         print ("Custom HTTP server started on port: %s" % port)
         server.serve forever()
     except Exception as err:
         print ("Error:%s" %err)
     except KeyboardInterrupt:
         print ("Server interrupted and is shutting down...")
         server.socket.close()
```

## Submit web forms

### **Using GET**



### **Using POST**



- Untuk mengirim data ke sisi server
- Menggunakan: GET dan POST
- Silahkan dicoba listing 4.4

# Program

submit form()

```
Response to GET request: <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
                                              <error>This method requires a POST.</error>
                                             <request>/account/create</request>
ID USERNAME = 'signup-user-name'
                                            </hash>
ID EMAIL = 'signup-user-email'
                                        Headers from a POST request response: {'status': '200 OK', 'content-
ID_PASSWORD = 'signup-user-password'
                                        length': '21064', 'set-cookie': '_twitter_sess=BAh7CD--
                                         d2865d40d1365eeb2175559dc5e6b99f64ea39ff; domain=.twitter.com;
USERNAME = 'username'
                                        path=/; HttpOnly', 'expires': 'Tue, 31 Mar 1981 05:00:00 GMT',
EMAIL = 'you@email.com'
                                         'vary': 'Accept-Encoding', 'last-modified': 'Sun, 05 May 2013
PASSWORD = 'yourpassword'
                                        15:59:27 GMT', 'pragma': 'no-cache', 'date': 'Sun, 05 May 2013
SIGNUP URL = 'https://twitter.com/account/create'
def submit form():
    """Submit a form"""
    payload = {ID USERNAME : USERNAME,
                 ID EMAIL : EMAIL,
                 ID PASSWORD : PASSWORD, }
    # make a get request
    resp = requests.get (SIGNUP_URL)
    print ("Response to GET request: %s" %resp.content)
    # send POST request
    resp = requests.post(SIGNUP URL, payload)
    print ("Headers from a POST request response: %s" %resp.headers)
if __name__ == '__main__':
```

Hasil

\$ python 4 4 submit web form.py

### Percobaan

- Cobalah listing 4.1 untuk download data dari server
- Cobalah listing 4.2 untuk membangun http server
- Cobalah listing 4.4 untuk mengirim data ke server
- Buatlah analisa, kesimpulan dari semua percobaan dan tugas